"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day and to-morrow; moderate winds, mostly northeast.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,228. * * * NEW YORK, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1910.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

ROOSEVELT DEFINES NEW NATIONALISM

It's Old-Time Moralities Applied to Present Conditions, He Says at the Suffolk County Fair.

HIS CLUB FOR THE BOSSES

A Millionaire Living for Selfish Pleasure and a Hobo Fundamentally Alike—Calls on Gaynor.

ROOSEVELT'S DEFINITION OF THE NEW NATIONALISM.

All that the new Nationalism means is the application of certain old-time moralities to the changed conditions of the day. I wish to see greater Governmental efficiency because we have to deal with greater business efficiency. Simple laws are all that are necessary in small communities where there is no big business, and each man works for himself. When you get masses of wealth gathered together and great corporations developing, conditions then become so changed that there must be an increase in Governmental activity to control the wealth for business efficiency. I would not do wrong to the great corporation, but I don't intend to rely only on the big corporation's good nature to see that the corporation doesn't do harm against us. I want to see such control of the wealth now gathered for business uses as to favor the honest man who uses the wealth genuinely for the service of the public and to make the dishonest man feel that he has to do what is right; and if he doesn't feel it, we shall see to it that he does. That is my whole creed.

—Col. Roosevelt at Riverhead.

Special to The New York Times.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., Sept. 15.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt motored down here from Sagamore Hill to-day and addressed 15,000 people at the Suffolk County Fair. It was the largest gathering in the history of the fair, and Secretary Hill said to-day's returns would make up for what the fair had lost in other years.

It was a typical farmer audience, and Col. Roosevelt made the most of it. He spoke for an hour and a half, and during that time made no mention whatever of State politics. The nearest he came to it was to reiterate what he had often declared on his Western trip—that he was out to fight the bosses.

He did not mention any names, but as he is to go to the Republican State Convention as a delegate from this and Nassau Counties, his declaration was taken to mean that he had a rod in pickle for the Barnes-Sherman-Woodruff combine.

About the only new feature of the Colonel's speech was a definition he gave of the "new nationalism," as contained in his Osawatomie (Kan.) speech. He declared it was nothing more nor less than certain old-time moralities applied to new and changed conditions.

On his way down to the fair the Colonel passed through St. James and rode up to Mayor Gaynor's house to pay his respects. The Mayor, however, had gone out for a walk in the woods, not knowing his illustrious neighbor intended to call, and didn't see him. Col. Roosevelt stopped long enough to pay his respects to Mrs. Gaynor and congratulate her upon the recovery of her husband.

The Colonel rode over from Sagamore Hill in Father York's automobile. Having been late in leaving Oyster Bay the chauffeur put on extra speed. Passing through Huntington a vigilant bicycle policeman gave chase, and called a halt. On learning that the auto was speeding Col. Roosevelt to Riverhead, the policeman allowed the party to proceed.

Father York lives in Huntington, and is an old friend of Col. Roosevelt. He introduced him to the fair crowd. While at Riverhead the Colonel took luncheon with Father Riley of St. John's Catholic Church. As soon as he got to the fair grounds he drove through the crowd to a large stand that had been erected for his benefit opposite the grand stand, which was thronged. He was cheered every foot of the way.

The Colonel had to speak from four sides of the platform in order to let all the gathering have a chance to hear what he was saying. Throughout the long address he stuck closely to his Western speeches.

He was introduced by Father York as "The most distinguished man in the world to-day."

Encourages Farmers.

The Colonel referred to the fact that Suffolk County was growing steadily in population and importance and he was glad that the farming lands hereabouts were being properly developed. On the growth of the farms, he said, depended the future of the Nation. He said he was glad always to see the cities grow but not at the expense of the country.

He gave homely advice on the up-bringing of children, which the mothers and fathers expressed their delight over, and got an ovation when he said that some farmers' children think they rise in the world when they become third rate clerks instead of first rate farmers.

Col. Roosevelt explained his attitude regarding corporations as follows:

"If the fortune of the railroad magnate represents real work in his dealings with railroads and he has gained it by doing service to the farmers, shippers and wage earners, I'll say well done to him and be glad to see him have ample reward. But if he gets his fortune not by building railroads but by wrecking them, and by gambling in stocks, then that man deserves punishment instead of reward.

"If it is possible to punish him, I hope it will be done; if not, then I hope the laws will be so changed as to give the people through their representatives the power to see that no such evil is repeated.

"The millionaire living for his own selfish pleasure and the hobo are fundamentally alike. There exists no more despicable creature than either. I think every citizen of this Republic ought to distrust the public man whose deeds do not square with his words. There are two sides to this feature: the politician who makes promises that he does not or will not keep, and the newspapers that publish what they know is not true.

"There are two prime difficulties in getting good government in this country;

Continued on Page 2.

BELIEVES GAYNOR WON'T RUN

Won't Be and Can't Be a Candidate for Governor in Col. Bacon's Opinion.

Col. Alexander S. Bacon, speaking last night in Brooklyn at a meeting called to boom Congressman Sulzer for Governor, expressed the opinion that Mayor Gaynor would not and could not be a candidate for Governor; that his attitude toward the Mayoralty and his physical condition would positively prevent his acceptance of the nomination. Col. Bacon spoke so authoritatively that his words evidently carried conviction to the 300 Sulzer enthusiasts, who seemed almost lost in the big auditorium of Prospect Hall, at Sixteenth Street and Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn.

"I spent four hours with Judge Gaynor at Deepwells on Tuesday," said Col. Bacon. "But the visit was wholly friendly and was unannounced. I did not suggest politics or business, even indirectly. Indeed, no one is permitted to talk politics to him, and the doctors permit him to talk but little.

"I know how anxious the public is to learn of the Mayor's condition, however, and I will say that while he is very weak and can speak in a low tone of voice only, his condition at the end of five weeks is marvelous. His recovery seems certain, but complete recovery will be slow.

"He spoke beautifully of his sensations during the first few moments following the shooting, when he thought he was dying. His description of both his physical and mental sensations was a psychological study.

"He inquired very kindly for Mr. Sulzer, and his boom for Governor, and spoke very nicely of Mr. Murphy, and his recent call, which was wholly friendly, no politics being suggested by anybody. He said nothing about running for Governor himself. He has seen no newspapers and knew nothing about the Maine victory till I told him about it.

"I consulted him before taking the Chairmanship of Mr. Sulzer's committee. He then told me that he would not be a candidate, but would sit at his desk in the City Hall and accomplish the reforms that were nearest his heart, and for which he had prepared himself by long years of study and training.

"Judge Gaynor's important duty is to get well; he owes it to himself, his family, the State, and the Nation. We cannot spare him. To subject him to the worries of a political campaign in this crisis would be little short of brutal. From numerous conversations with the Mayor before the tragedy, and from what I know of his present physical condition, Judge Gaynor will not be and cannot be a candidate for Governor."

Besides Col. Bacon, who presided, those who spoke were Charles A. Towne, former Senator from Minnesota; the Rev. Dr. Madison C. Peters, and Mr. Sulzer. Though few came to the meeting, those few were highly enthusiastic.

$10,000 IN GEMS SEIZED.

Mr. Morganthau, Who Didn't Declare Them, Calls It "Overefficiency."

Jewelry to the estimated amount of $10,000 was seized by Customs officers from Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Morganthau, who arrived last evening on the Cunard liner Mauretania. The jewelry was brought to light as a result of a search of Mr. Morganthau and his wife. In addition to this find undeclared goods to the value of $2,100 were found in the Morganthau baggage.

Mr. and Mrs. Morgenthau were accompanied by their two daughters, Agnes and Louise. Mr. Morganthau made the declaration for the family. He declared $700 worth of foreign purchases. When questioned Mr. and Mrs. Morganthau held a conference and then admitted they had undeclared goods to the amount of $2,100. Their trunks then were ordered to Public Stores and the family were searched.

On Mrs. Morganthau were found two pearl necklaces, a rope of pearls with a diamond pendant, and on Mr. Morganthau, two gold watches and a third pearl necklace.

Mr. Morganthau is President of the Mirror Candy Company. He is also President and Director in several other corporations. Over the telephone last night, at his home, 58 West Seventy-third Street, he said:

"I do not want to say anything about it. Anyway, it will be all straightened in the morning. We had declared pretty nearly everything. It was just a case of overefficiency."

ELDERLY WOOER'S REVENGE.

Seeks Foreclosure of Mortgage He Holds on Property of Girl's Father.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Sept. 15.—John F. Buckhout, an aged real estate dealer of Springdale, a suburb of Stamford, who was convicted and fined here last June for an assault on Herbert Van Sciver and his seventeen-year-old daughter, Gladys Van Sciver, this afternoon filed papers in an action to foreclose mortgages for $1,700 given by Henrietta Van Sciver, the wife of Herbert Van Sciver, which are held by Buckhout on the property the Van Sciver occupy.

At the time of Buckhout's conviction it was said that he was paying attention to Gladys, and that the Van Sciver did not welcome them. His interest in the young girl culminated in the trouble which led to the prosecution of the aged man, who vehemently denied anything more than a fatherly friendship for her.

The papers in the suit reveal that Mrs. Van Sciver gave Buckhout a mortgage for $1,200 on Nov. 23, 1909, and that Silas E. Hoyt, Buckhout's son-in-law, gave another $500 on the same date. The first note was to be paid on demand; the smaller in ten payments of $50 each every six months. They also show that Hoyt transferred the $500 mortgage to his father-in-law on Sept. 13.

Mr. Buckhout when asked about the foreclosure said he wanted his money and meant to get it.

"I couldn't consistently have any money dealings with people who treated me as the Van Sciver's have," he declared.

Buckhout lives in Springdale with his wife, about a quarter of a mile from the Van Sciver's bungalow.

LIKELY TO ADMIT OUR MEAT.

Austria Appoints Commission to Examine Sample Consignments.

VIENNA, Sept. 15.—American Ambassador Kerens and American Consul General Denby started for Trieste to-night, in company with the Government commission delegated to examine sample consignments of meats from the United States and the Argentine Republic.

The general opinion is that, in spite of the Agrarian opposition, the Government will be compelled to accede to the popular demand for the admission of meat from North and South America.

Ambassador Kerens recently conferred with the Foreign Office, urging the admission of meat from the United States, and he has received assurances that the prospects are now very favorable. The price of meat here has risen enormously of late.

To-morrow, All the World's Athletes. These, with Glenn Curtiss, the birdman, and Annie Oakley, the famous woman rifle shot, at Press Club Athletic Games, American League Park, to-morrow at 2:30. Admission 50c.—Adv.

WOMEN CRY IN FRIGHT AS YACHT HITS ROCK

None Hurt, Though, When C. Ledyard Blair's Diana Goes Aground in East River.

WAS DRIVEN FROM COURSE

Some of Her Passengers Transfer to a Tug, but Many Remain with Owner Till Steamer Is Got ff.

When the ocean-going steam yacht Diana, owned by C. Ledyard Blair, Vice Commodore of the New York Yacht Club, was returning with a party of guests last evening down the East River from the club's races for the Autumn cups at Glen Cove, L. I., she was forced out of her course by a chain of tugboats and scows that hugged the Astoria shore near Hell Gate, and was forced to put over toward Ward Island. The tide, which was about three-quarters flood, carried her too close, and sudenly the yacht's nose struck with a grating sound, just off Nigger Rock, about 50 feet from the island.

Cries of fright rose from the thirty or forty guests aboard, a number of whom were women, as the yacht, immediately after the shock, swayed violently and then came slowly to rest, listing heavily to port. A moment later loud whistles of distress were sounded, bringing tugs and small river craft from all sides to the aid of the disabled yacht. Large crowds gathered on Ward's Island and on the Astoria shore to watch the rescue, fearful every moment that the yacht, owing to its heavy list, would capsize.

The yacht Norman, the steamship Henry Winter of the Metropolitan Line, and two tugboats of the Goodwin Sand Company, bound upstream with sand scows, quickly started to the Diana's aid.

Already, however, a tugboat of the Daily Towing Company was making over toward her, and a few minutes later the crowd saw it draw alongside. A gangplank was lowered from the yacht and fourteen guests, many of them women, were taken by Capt. William Houghton aboard the tug. Among them, it seemed to the watchers, was one woman, carried by several men, who seemed either to be hysterical or possibly injured by the shock of the collision. The tug headed down stream, and landed them at the Twenty-third Street pier of the New York Yacht Club.

Four other tugs raced up to the distressed yacht and, casting hawsers over her stern, tried to swing the Diana free into the stream. For all their tugging, however, the nose of the yacht stuck firmly on Nigger Rock. Police Boat No. 1 of the Harbor Squad also hurried to the scene of the accident and reached the yacht simultaneously with a rowboat containing Dr. Mabon, Superintendent of the Manhattan State Hospital on Ward's Island. Both Dr. Mabon and the police, however, were told that they could give no assistance as no one aboard the yacht had been injured. The United States dispatch boat Dolphin, which was bound upstream, also sent over a lifeboat, but those who managed it were thanked and told there was no danger and nothing to do. The Dolphin then continued upstream.

Half an hour after the accident the incoming tide helped loosen the fast hold of the yacht's prow, and she began to list less dangerously. Then her propeller was started, and again the tugs strained at their hawsers. The crowd ashore could hear a wrenching, grating sound as the yacht slowly scraped her way out of the land's clutch into the stream. It was not until 7:10 o'clock, however, two hours after the accident, that the Diana was pulled quite clear of the rock. Then she was towed out into deep water at high tide, and proceeded under her own steam down the river to the pier of the New York Yacht Club. There it was said last night that the yacht practically was undamaged, despite the jagged rock against which she struck, and that none aboard her had suffered more than a momentary scare.

The yacht struck in about eighteen feet of water. She has a draft of twenty feet. The Diana, which is almost as large as J. Pierpont Morgan's yacht Corsair, is 240 feet long and has a tonnage of 534 net. She was formerly the Delaware, owned by Frederick G. Bourne of the New York Yacht Club. She was built by Napier, Shanks & Bell, at Glasgow, Scotland, in 1896. Last July the Diana collided with a coal barge in the Hudson River, but then, as now, escaped without serious injury.

C. Ledyard Blair, the owner of the yacht, is head of the banking house of Blair & Co., at 24 Broad Street. He is a member of the Metropolitan, Union, University, City, Midday, New York Yacht, Jekyl Island, Golf, Racquet, and Tennis, Princeton, Somerset, Coaching, and other clubs, and lives at Peapack, N. J.

CASH THAT CROKER FORGOT.

$899.98 Turns Up In the Corn Exchange Bank—Son Says He'll Claim It.

Richard Croker, once of New York and now of Wantage, England, has to his credit in the Union Square Branch of the Corn Exchange Bank $899.98 which has lain there unclaimed by him since 1890. His name is included in a list of fifty depositors of the bank who have so much money or such poor memories that they have lost track of the cash they had lying in the Corn Exchange Bank and have put the bank to the trouble of advertising their names under the requirements of the State banking law. The amount to the credit of Mr. Croker is the largest in the list.

The chances are, however, that this money will soon be reposing with the rest of Mr. Croker's cash, for since the list was advertised one of the sons of the former Tammany Chieftain has notified the bank that he will arrange to have his father make claim for this money. When it was deposited the Union Square Bank, now a branch of the Corn Exchange Bank, was an independent institution. It was within easy reach of Tammany Hall and was a convenient place for part of the Chieftain's ready cash.

Asked how it came to be necessary for the bank to advertise the names of people of known addresses and people as widely known as Mr. Croker, an officer of the Corn Exchange Bank said last night:

"Some people have more money than they know what to do with, and thus forget, I presume, some of their money. We sent all of them notices, including Mr. Croker, but no attention was paid to the notices. The time came for advertising the list, and his name went in along with the rest. The publication of the list has led to notices from several of these depositors or from their agents that they will claim the amount due them."

DEWEY'S "BRUT-CUVEE" CHAMPAGNE
The Wine for those who Know Wine.
H.T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 188 Fulton St., N.Y.
—Adv.

TWO QUESTIONS.

When Theodore Roosevelt began his Western trip two questions vitally affecting the political situation throughout the country remained unanswered. The first was, Does he retain his hold upon the people? The second, What will he do with it?

If you are interested in the answers to these questions as shown by events that took place on this trip, read

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

CALEB POWERS WINS A SEAT IN CONGRESS

Man Convicted of Share In Killing Goebel Nominated In Safe Republican District in Kentucky.

LEADS OPPONENT BY 7,000

Made His Fight Squarely as a Martyr to the Party, and Was Entitled to a Vindication at Its Hands.

Special to The New York Times.

LONDON, Ky., Sept. 15.—After one of the bitterest and most vituperative campaigns ever held in Kentucky Caleb Powers, who was tried four times for complicity in the murder of Gov. William Goebel on the street in Frankfort Jan. 29, 1900, was to-day nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Eleventh Congressional District by a majority estimated at more than 7,000 over Don C. Edwards, the incumbent. As the district is strongly Republican Edwards's majority at the last election was over 20,000, the nomination is equivalent to election.

While disorder was expected in many of the mountain precincts, only one killing took place on election day. The lone fatality occurred at Grape Vine, near Hazard, Perry County, a wild mountain region. Squire Colwell shot and killed John Holmes in an argument over the casting of ballots.

Returns from all parts of the district show that Powers carried all but four of the nineteen counties. In Laurel, Edwards's own county, Powers was beaten by only a few votes, estimated late tonight at less than 100. The latest returns show Powers's majorities as follows: Knox, 790; Leslie, 469; Whitley, 1,272; Wayne, 700; Cumberland, 512; Adair, 927; Russell, 926; Munroe, 1,200; Clinton, 1,023; Owsley, 615; Jackson, 700. Edwards carried Pulaski County by 700 votes. Powers carried Bell County by a small majority.

The landslide for Powers was a complete surprise to the Edwards forces and was not entirely expected by the Powers men.

Money was spent freely on both sides, it is said. Powers made his fight in the rôle of a martyr. From the time of his arrest for complicity in the Goebel murder, the Republicans of his district have regarded him as a persecuted man, and when he was pardoned he received many assurance of their confidence.

Practically every voter in the Eleventh District took sides in the fight and more than one personal encounter has characterized the campaigning.

Mr. Edwards, who is serving his third term, was a firm supporter of Speaker Cannon. The fact that he was a regular was not, however, made an issue in the campaign. The Edwards forces met Powers on his own issue at every political meeting. He was held up to the voters by their orators as a "murderer," "feudist," and "steeped in crime."

Powers was tried four times for complicity in the murder of William Goebel, who was shot down as he walked in front of the Capitol building at Frankfort, on Jan. 30, 1900. Thrice found guilty and twice sentenced to die, he was pardoned on June 18, 1908, by Gov. Willson, after a bitter legal and factional fight that exhausted his resources and wearied his State.

"There is very little hope of ever having a jury trial of this case in Kentucky without political questions uppermost in the minds of the court, the counsel, and the jury," said Gov. Wilson, in explaining his pardon. "Because of this, and the unequal struggle of the defendant, with no means, (except those given him,) against the whole power of the Commonwealth, I feel it a plain duty to end this futile struggle, the anxiety, distress, and waste of time, money and care, and to take away from both parties the bone of contention and do all I can to restore peace to the State."

The shooting of Goebel, who was Democratic candidate for Governor, followed a bitter political fight, continued even after his opponent, William S. Taylor, the Republican candidate, was seated. Powers was Secretary of State on the Taylor ticket. Goebel contested the election, and after he was shot the Legislature voted that he be sworn in, a deathbed recognition that gave the Governorship to Beckham, the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor.

Goebel's friends charged that he had been shot by some one who fired from a window in the office of Secretary of State Powers, but Powers was not in Frankfort. There was much talk of an ugly conspiracy, but in his trials and in magazine articles Powers steadfastly denied that he knew of any plot to kill Goebel.

Chief witness for the prosecution was Youtsey, private secretary to Taylor, who confessed to having played the conspirator, and swore that Powers had given him the key to the office from which the shooting was done. This confession implicated James B. Howard as the one who did the shooting.

Powers stayed in Frankfort throughout those stormy days, which reached their climax when Goebel was named as Governor just at the hour of his death. Then, trying to leave by stealth, he displayed a pardon from Taylor, a document not honored by the court. Howard was convicted and sentenced to a life term. He and Powers were pardoned two years ago, and Taylor, who had fled the State, was told at the same time that he might return.

Throughout his eight years' fight Powers has studied law exhaustively, and shown himself a fighter. His legal battles have gone as high as the Supreme Court of the United States. When the pardon came, and people pressed about him, he said:

"Don't mention politics to me."

A ripple of interest ran across the country last Spring, when word came from the mountain regions of Kentucky where Powers is active politically, that he would contest the seat held by Don C. Edwards as Representative of the Eleventh Congressional district. His martyrdom for his party in its efforts to hold Kentucky was his platform, and this was expressed in a letter to Republicans of the district, written by Taylor.

"As long as civilization lasts, those who make sacrifices for liberty will be gratefully remembered," reads the document.

MAURETANIA CLIPS TEN MINUTES MORE

Cunarder Makes World's Record Run of 4 Days 10 Hours and 41 Minutes.

LONG PASSENGER LIST

Steerage Two Short of the List and Immigrants Kept Aboard for a Recount To-day.

The Cunard liner Mauretania slowed down off the Ambrose Channel Lightship at 3:49 P. M. yesterday after a passage across the Atlantic of 4 days 10 hours and 41 minutes, ten minutes ahead of her best and the world's record across the short course of 2,780 knots. She threaded her way up the channel, and arrived at Quarantine at 4:40 P. M. On board were 928 cabin passengers and 1,122 steerage passengers.

But for an odd mix-up there she would have landed her passengers in daylight. As it was she did not get away until 5:48 o'clock, and it was long after sunset before she glided alongside her pier, and her passengers began to come ashore.

This is the first trip of Capt. Dow in command of the big liner. He was favored by excellent weather from Daunt's Rock to Sandy Hook, and he took advantage of it to crowd the Mauretania along, making his first voyage on her a record one.

Capt. Dow is regularly in command of the Caronia. That vessel reached Fishguard just as the Mauretania was under way from Liverpool to Queenstown last Saturday. Capt. Turner, her regular commander, is ill with a severe cold, and it was thought advisable that he remain ashore. The arrangements for Capt. Dow were cut so fine that he had to go out to her in a speedy vessel from Fishguard to Queenstown.

As soon as the Caronia reached Fishguard Capt. Dow turned her over to his first officer and started for Queenstown to catch the Mauretania. The Marine Superintendent of the Cunard Line, Capt. George H. Dodd, took the Mauretania to Queenstown. She was at anchor there Sunday morning when Capt. Dow arrived. He at once took command and headed out on the Atlantic track.

The vessel passed Daunts Rock at 10:08 A. M. Up to noon that day she had covered sixty-one knots. Her day's runs from noon to noon were: Monday, 661 knots; Tuesday, 644; Wednesday, 655; Thursday, 658, and from noon until the Ambrose Channel was reached, 103 knots.

The weather was good from the time she straightened out on her course until she slowed down at the channel on this side. The wind was from the southeast most of the time, and the giant liner was breasting few rough seas. Though she broke her own record her average speed was 26.06 knots, the same as on her other best voyage. There were no bursts of speed, and for this reason she did not exceed her best previous day's run and the record one of 678 knots.

What has become of two of the 1,122 steerage passengers on the Mauretania is a question which not only delayed the vessel at Quarantine, but resulted in the detention on board the liner all night of every steerage traveler. In the mix-up resulting in this failure to verify the count of the liner's passengers the health officers came near ordering her back to Quarantine.

The medical examination was a thorough one, and one of the passengers was taken from the vessel because of scarlet fever. The steerage passengers rounded up by the stewards, passed in a line before the health officials. Each one was checked off in passing. When the last one had gone past there were two less than the official number.

While this count was going on the pilot on the bridge, in his eagerness to bring the vessel to her pier, kept edging away from the Quarantine station, with the result that when the Health Officers got through their count the vessel was nearing the Statue of Liberty. It was then decided not to send her back to Quarantine, as the Health Officers first said they would. Instead they left the vessel, giving orders that every steerage passenger be kept on board until this morning, when there can be a recount.

"The number of steerage passengers is not correct," said Dr. Doty last night. "While the examination was going on the pilot took the Mauretania to New York instead of remaining at Quarantine, but I am going to count the passengers before they are allowed to land."

The detention of the Mauretania down the bay occasioned general dissatisfaction. The cabin passengers, who had been confidently figuring on going ashore in daylight, chafed at the delay, the reason for which they could not understand.

In the steerage were 400 American citizens, entitled to go ashore at the pier upon proof of citizenship. There was a general chorus of protests when they learned that in spite of citizenship papers they had to remain on board over night for the Health Officer's count.

The officials of the line were inclined to resent the action of Dr. Doty. They made it plain to passengers that it was done by direction of the Health Officer and not the Cunard Line.

The Mauretania on her last outward trip from New York rescued Capt. Pinkham and some of the crew of the British steamship West Point, which burned at sea. The passengers on the Mauretania subscribed $350 for the shipwrecked men. The Captain's cat was sold for $100.

EX-JUDGE GARY HOME.

Thinks Foreign Money Will Soon Seek American Securities.

Judge E. H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, and Mrs. Gary, who went abroad on July 29, returned last night on the Cunard liner, Mauretania. At Etampes they made an ascent in a Blériot aeroplane. He said the flight was one of the exciting experiences of his visit to the other side.

"It was an agreeable sensation as we left the ground," said Judge Gary. "I could feel the sweep of the air, and I began to get interested watching the trees. Then as we got above the trees I found myself watching with interest the movements of the aviator."

He was up twenty minutes attaining a height of 300 feet. Mrs. Gary made a much shorter flight.

"Business conditions abroad," said Judge Gary, "are satisfactory. There is a great deal of foreign money which will go into American securities as soon as political affairs here are more settled. This is so particularly in France.

"One of the greatest faults in this country is extravagance. Here it prevails in all classes and is appalling. The question of high living is agitating the people

Continued on Page 2.

W. G. McADOO IN HOSPITAL.

Head of the Hudson Tunnels Operated On for Appendicitis a Week Ago.

William G. McAdoo, whose proposal as President of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad for the construction of a new west side subway was made public by the Public Service Commission yesterday, is in St. Vincent's Hospital, where he was operated on a week ago for appendicitis.

His letter to the commission embodying his company's proposal to build a subway from Broadway and Thirty-third Street through Broadway, University Place, Wooster, and Church Streets to the Hudson Terminal at Cortlandt Street, was dated Sept. 12, only four days after he underwent the operation from which he is now recovering. The news that he was ill came out only after the commission had made public his latest subway proposal.

So rapid has been Mr. McAdoo's recovery that at the hospital last night it was said he was entirely out of danger. The company's plans in connection with the new subway were all worked out before Mr. McAdoo went to the hospital, but the finishing touches were not put to them until several days after he had undergone the operation.

CLEVELAND'S COUNT 560,663.

Ohio City Stays Ahead of Pittsburg and Beats Cincinnati Nearly 200,000.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—The population of Cleveland, Ohio, according to the new census, is 560,663, an increase of 178,895, or 46.9 per cent. as compared with the figure for 1900, which was 381,763.

Cleveland thus maintains its lead over Pittsburg, the population of which has just been reported as 533,905, and outruns Cincinnati, which in 1890 contained about 35,000 more people than Cleveland, and now falls below Cleveland by almost 200,000. Cincinnati's population by the new census is 364,463.

The population of Joliet, Ill., according to the new census, is 34,670, an increase of 5,317, or 18.1 per cent., as compared with 29,353 in 1900.

WANTS COWBOY HUSBAND.

Brooklyn Girl Thinks Deputy Sheriff Hewins of San Bernardino Will Do.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 15.—Seeking a nice young cowboy of the wild and woolly west variety, who wears leather chaps and who is able to ride anything or shoot up a town, Miss Mabel Clark of Brooklyn has written Deputy Sheriff George Hewins of San Bernardino. She says she wants to marry the Deputy Sheriff.

Miss Clark gets her idea of having a cowboy husband from reading the newspapers, she says. She saw the story of Willie Boy published a number of months ago. Deputy Sheriff Hewins was one of the men who led the hunt for that notorious murderer, and Miss Clark asks him to send her his picture.

BORN POOR, LEAVES RICHES.

Theodore Clements Heitmeyer Made a Fortune In the Leather Business.

The will of Theodore Clements Heitmeyer, who began his business career as an apprentice in a leather factory and built up a leather goods enterprise in Hoboken into an international business, with establishments in Germany and the United States, was probated yesterday in Hudson County, N. J. The will shows that Heitmeyer, one of whose daughters married Count Taveggi, a German nobleman, left great wealth.

Heitmeyer died at Kripp, on the Rhine, where he had his principal German factory, on June 22 last. He left orders that his body be cremated. To his widow he left $200,000 cash and a life interest in $200,000 worth of the stock of R. Neuman & Co., leather goods manufacturers of Hoboken. To his daughter, the Countess Elfrieda Anna Joachim Taveggi, he left the Kripp Leder Fabrik, his German leather manufacturering corporation.

His daughter, Mrs. Elizabeth Augusta Fagan, wife of John Fagan, son of ex-Mayor Lawrence Fagan of Hoboken, receives $100,000 cash and the Heitmeyer estate at Elka Park, N. Y. The son, Robert Heitmeyer, is the principal heir of his father's American business interests. Numerous other relatives are remembered in the will.

NIGHT RIDERS OUT AGAIN.

Fifty Masked Men Burn Two Tobacco Barns In Kentucky.

Special to The New York Times.

AUGUSTA, Ky., Sept. 15.—The first outbreak of the Night Riders this year took place last night, when a band of fifty masked men burned two tobacco barns in Bracken County, one belonging to W. O. Bradford, living at Willow, and the other owned by George W. Kinney at Brooksville.

About fifty masked men appeared at the Bradford home at about 11 o'clock, some riding horseback and others in buggies, the animals also being masked. The men first fired the large tobacco barn and then set fire to the stable and corn crib. The raiders watched the blaze until it was well under way, and then started east toward Brooksville, which point was reached shortly afterward.

The Night Riders rode direct to the grocery store of June Staton, asking him for coal oil. Staton refused to get up, and the men then went to the store of Allen Moorehead, who lives in rooms above his grocery, and compelled him to get up and get the oil.

After obtaining the oil the Night Riders repaired to the home of Mr. Kinney, removed a horse and some buggies belonging to his sons, and set the building on fire.

Mr. Kinney is an uncle of Lewis Kinney, who was taken from his home three years ago by Night Riders and severely beaten.

BALLINGER IS INDORSED.

Wyoming Republicans Also Praise Tariff Law and Taft Administration.

RAWLINS, Wyo., Sept. 15.—President Taft's Administration, Secretary Ballinger's conduct in office, and the Payne-Aldrich Tariff bill were indorsed by the Republican State Convention to-night.

United States Senator Francis E. Warren was Chairman of the convention.

Delightful Saturday Afternoon Outing to West Point on steamer "Mary Powell," returning on steamer "Albany" in the moonlight.—Adv.

TAFT WILLING TO STEP ASIDE

Thinks Chances Poor for Any Republican Candidate in 1912, "Save Possibly One."

ROOSEVELT'S ACTS VEX HIM

Victories of Progressives and Democratic Sweep in Maine Disappoint Him.

PATRONAGE FOR INSURGENTS

President Lets It Be Known He Has Reversed His Attitude Toward Their Recommendations for Office.

Special to The New York Times.

BEVERLY, Mass., Sept. 15.—"I am not thinking of 1912; in fact, I don't know that I care for a renomination. From the way things are drifting it may be that no Republican can be elected, save possibly one."

From a trustworthy source THE TIMES correspondent learns that this was the statement President Taft made several weeks ago to a friend with whom he was discussing the political outlook for 1912. From an entirely different source the correspondent is informed that President Taft made substantially the same remark to another friend. These statements have been repeated among the intimate associates of the President until they are almost common property, and for this reason additional weight is given to a dispatch sent out from here to-day by the United Press, a news agency which serves a chain of afternoon newspapers. This dispatch said:

President William H. Taft has reached the conclusion that Theodore Roosevelt is laying his plans to be the next President of the United States. He is determined that so far as the present incumbent of the White House is concerned, Col. Roosevelt will have a clear field. Mr. Taft does not want another term.

While the above is not an authorized statement from President Taft, it comes from a source close enough to the President to have a distinct news value. The present attitude of President Taft has been made apparent during the past few days by the efforts of his friends to stir him to activity against the present movements of Col. Roosevelt.

It can be stated authoritatively that President Taft will make no public statement or no offensive move against Col. Roosevelt and the latter's projects, no matter what tactics may be adopted by the latter. Dignified silence sums up both the defensive and offensive measures that will be employed by the President.

Much Interest in Taft's Plans.

A pretty positive statement that the President would not be a candidate for another term was current in Beverly today. It had no official foundation, but aroused much interest, because of political conditions at the present time. The subject is in the minds of many prominent Republicans, and friends of the President are understood to believe that his course is bound to be a matter for frequent speculation from now on.

The President has thus far demonstrated little interest in his political future beyond March 4, 1913. His chief idea has been to fulfill the party pledges during his present term. He is well aware that if the Democrats win the Congressional elections in November there will be a great clamor for some other candidate.

Probably the call for Col. Roosevelt to accept another term would be stronger than ever, and it would be almost a certainty that the President could not be nominated for a second term without opposition.

The subject has been in the President's mind, as was shown a couple of weeks ago, when he was laying the cornerstone of the Y. M. C. A. Building at Beverly. He told the people he expected to be a Summer resident on the north shore for two years more, adding, with a tone of voice that did not escape the notice of his hearers, "at any rate."

There has been a studied silence about political topics on the President's part for some time. It is hardly a secret, however, that he is much discouraged. Ex-President Roosevelt's course has annoyed him. The triumph of insurgents in State primaries, the refusal of certain Republican State conventions to indorse his Administration, and the great overturn in Maine have caused him vexation. He has been told by practically all the leaders that the next House will be Democratic.

Not Eager for Nomination.

These party disappointments, coming in swift succession, have not been of a character to encourage the President to look forward to another term, or even to another nomination. His frame of mind on the subject is said to resemble his attitude about the Presidency when the matter of his candidacy was first discussed. He is not aggressive about it now any more than he was a little less than four years ago.

The rumor has reached the President that Col. Roosevelt is determined to oppose any indorsement of Taft's renomination in the New York State Convention, which he or his friends control, although he is willing to have the usual perfunctory indorsement of the Republican Administration inserted in the platform. Of course, Mr. Taft's friends are not in a position to confirm this report, but it has all the earmarks of truth.

In the meantime President Taft has decided to reverse his attitude on the insurgents, in so far as the bestowal of patronage is concerned. The loaves and fishes for which insurgent Senators and Representatives have been clamoring ever since midwinter are to be bestowed. A letter to an inquirer—name not mentioned—which Secretary Norton signed, but which President Taft is supposed to have dictated, was made the vehicle for con-

veying this information to-day. The President is understood to have contemplated a restoration of patronage to the insurgents some months ago, but gradually dismissed the subject and then very recently considered it anew.

Surprise at Some Expressions.

There was no little surprise at Beverly over certain statements which the letter contains. It has been no secret that the President had withheld patronage from Senators Dolliver, Cummins, Bristow, and La Follette, and from quite a coterie of insurgent representatives, but until the letter appeared to-day there had been no official acknowledgment that "the President felt it to be his duty to the party and to the country to withhold patronage from certain Senators and Congressmen who seemed to be in opposition to the Administration's effort to carry out the promises of the party platform."

The letter further makes it plain that his attitude in that regard "ended with the primary elections and nominating conventions, which have now been held and in which the voters have had opportunity to declare themselves." After appealing for the elimination of factional differences, the President declares "it is his duty now to treat all Republican Congressmen and Senators alike without any distinction."

One result of this announcement has been to involve the Summer capital in contention as to whether the President is to enter the insurgent camp or whether he is trying to rally his party to a forlorn hope of holding the next House of Representatives. It is said in his behalf that he is following out a plan he has long had in mind and that he justifies his refusal to bestow patronage by the success he had in legislative enactments. Some emphasis was put upon the phrasing that "it is his duty now" to treat all Republican Congressman alike, in which connection the question was raised whether that would be his consistent policy for the remainder of his term.

Connected with Maine Overturn.

There is a disposition at Beverly to connect this action with the semi-official announcement of yesterday that the President believes a reciprocity treaty with Canada is now a matter of only a few weeks, and also to recall that the Administration's activity in trying to placate the Western insurgents with patronage and the Eastern Republicans with the hope of Canadian reciprocity comes on the heels of the Republican disaster in Maine.

It could not be ascertained here whether the President had been advised by political leaders to issue the letter about patronage for insurgents. He has been strongly advised, however, to allow the insurgent Senators and Representatives to have the small Federal offices, generally regarded as belonging to them. The information was brought to the President's office from many quarters that the withholding of these favors had enraged insurgent communities and that men like Senators La Follette and Bristow had made a great deal of capital out of the fact that they could not persuade the President to honor their political indorsements.

It was argued at Beverly during the day that the President is swinging more and more to the insurgents, and also that the letter is a step further in the efforts for harmony which he dwelt upon in his campaign-book letter. The timeliness of this effort was questioned. It is known that some of the President's best friends believe the letter should have been written, if at all, long ago. The claim is made that at this period the letter will submit him to the criticism of trying to coax insurgents with offices, and that this very aspect of the case may make it more difficult for some Congressional candidates of the insurgent faction to come out strongly for the Administration during the campaign.

The letter is supposed to have been written to a Republican in Iowa, where great efforts have been under way to persuade Senator Dolliver and other prominent insurgents to come back into line and help hold the State for the Republicans. The text of the letter, as given out at the Executive offices, was as follows:

Beverly, Mass., Sept. 15, 1910.

Your letters of the 9th are at hand, and I have delayed replying until after the primary elections. The President directs me to express to you and to your friends his deep appreciation of the work which you have done and the powerful assistance which you have extended to the Administration from the beginning—an assistance that has contributed much to the legislative and other successes which have been achieved. The President recognizes that your efforts have been wholly disinterested, that you have fought sturdily and generously for what you believed to be his interest and the welfare and success of the party.

While Republican legislation pending in Congress was opposed by certain Republicans, the President felt it to be his duty to the party and to the country to withhold Federal patronage from certain Senators and Congressmen, who seemed to be in opposition to the Administration's efforts to carry out the promises of the party platform.

That attitude, however, ended with the primary elections and nominating conventions which have now been held, and in which the voters have had opportunity to declare themselves. The people have spoken as the party faces the Fall elections; the question must be settled by Republicans of every shade of opinion, whether the differences of the last session shall be perpetuated or shall be forgotten.

He recognizes the danger that in certain cases expressions of feeling were so intense as to make it difficult in some instances for factions to come together and work loyally for the party, but, as he stated in his letter to the Republican Congressional Committee, he believes it can be done and should be done. The President is confident that you will yourselves meet your local and State situation in this spirit, and that you will write to your friends and ask them to do likewise.

The President feels that the value of Federal patronage has been greatly exaggerated, and that the refusal to grant it has probably been more useful to the men affected than the appointments would have been. In the preliminary skirmishes in certain States like Wisconsin and Iowa and elsewhere, he was willing in the interest of what the leaders believed would lead to party success to make certain discriminations; but the President has concluded that it is his duty now to treat all Republican Congressmen and Senators alike, without any distinction. He will now follow the usual rule in Republican Congressional Districts and States and follow the recommendations made by Republican Congressmen and Senators, of whatever shade of political opinion, only requiring that the men recommended shall be good men, the most competent and the best fitted for the particular office.

Sincerely yours,

CHARLES D. NORTON,
Secretary to the President.

SAYS TAFT SHOWED HATRED.

J. C. Welliver Tells of Bitter Denunciations of Insurgents by Him.

Assertions that President Taft was even more bitter than Speaker Cannon in denunciation of the Republican insurgents—whom he has now set out to placate—are made in the leading article in the forthcooming October number of Hampton's Magazine. It is by Judson C. Welliver, who writes under the title "The Collapse of the Taft Administration." After telling of the practical rewriting of the Administration railroad bill by the Democrats and insurgents Mr. Welliver says:

> Not only did the President early discover his fatal incapacity for loyalty to old friendship, but he developed likewise, behind the mask of the "Taft smile," a violence of temper, an utter incapacity to brook disagreement or opposition, and an arrogance of opinion that brought many sad shocks to men who least realized these new traits and were least entitled to be discomfited because of them. The stories of his violent outbursts of temper, of his bitter denunciations of men whom for some fancied grievance he has come to regard as his enemies, and of his willingness, almost eagerness, to be prejudiced against men once his devoted friends, are so remarkable as to be well-nigh unbelievable, but so circumstantial that they cannot be rejected.
>
> Mr. Taft has for a year been peculiarly bitter in his expressions of contempt, even hatred, for the insurgents in Congress. He has talked so freely and indulged his animosities so unstintedly that he could hardly have expected that his expressions would not be carried back to the men concerned. To be the friend of La Follette, or Cummins, or Dolliver was to be the Administration's foe. To be an enemy of these men was full certification of character at the White House.
>
> Outside of Washington comparatively little has been known of the President's intense hostility toward the men who made insurgency a power. Everybody has learned of extreme statements by Speaker Cannon; how devoutly he hated every man-jack of the insurgent crew, and how he was wont to brand them as demagogues and traitors. But few people seem to have learned that Mr. Cannon's hatred was no whit more acrid, and his expressions hardly more extreme, than those of President Taft.
>
> Mr. Welliver undertakes to tell of active measures taken by Mr. Taft against the insurgents. Here are some of his instances:
>
> Take the case of Senator La Follette of Wisconsin. He was opposed to the Administration on the tariff and the railroad bill. President Taft has taken all Wisconsin patronage out of his hands. His enemies have been given complete control of all Federal favor. When the anti-La Follette Republicans of Wisconsin set about months ago to organize for his defeat they found sympathetic hearing at the White House. E. A. Edmonds, an anti-La Follette Chairman of the Republican State Committee, became a frequent visitor at the White House. The National Administration was one of the earliest parties to the plot to destroy La Follette.
>
> In Indiana they tell you that Hemenway and Watson are the chief spokesmen of the National Administration's efforts to defeat Beveridge! The story is circulated and believed that President Taft months ago said to some of these Indiana political agents that "as between a decent Democrat like John Kern and Beveridge, he would rather have Kern elected to the Senate!"
>
> Months before the Iowa primary of June, 1910, leaders of the oldtime railroad-standpat machine, which Cummins several years ago smashed, began to travel between Washington and Iowa for conference with the President and his political representatives. The plan was to organize a league of "Taft Republican clubs," pledged to indorsing the National Administration and repudiating the Iowa Senators. From some mysterious sources, understood to be the McKinley Congressional Committee, funds were poured into the State to carry the primaries.

Mr. Welliver believes the Republicans will be defeated in the coming Congressional elections, but that the victory will not be really a Democratic triumph and will lead either to the domination of the Republican Party by the insurgents or the formation of a new party.

LINDBERGH FLAYS HITCHCOCK.

Says His Misuse of Patronage Is One Cause of Factions.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., Sept. 15.—In a speech before the St. Cloud District League of Postmasters, Congressman C. A. Lindbergh made a strong attack last night on the present organization of the Postal Service. He declared that Postmaster General Hitchcock frequently used his office for political purposes and that the Post Office Department has used its power to influence legislation in Congress.

"Postmasters should be reasonably sure of their positions as long as their services are satisfactory," said Congressman Lindbergh, "and a rule to that effect was adopted, but the Post Office Department has frequently violated it for political purposes, removing efficient men from their positions for political reasons solely.

"A proposition was made to me while Congress was in session that if I saw my way clear to vote for certain legislation I should have absolute power to appoint or remove Postmasters in my district. If this is to be a Government by the people, nothing is so important as that legislation should be totally free from outside influence.

"One of the reasons that there are two factions to-day in the Republican Party is to be found in some of the practices that have prevailed in the Post Office Department. A Congressman and every other legislator must be left entirely free from this interference, and the fact that these offers of patronage, which sometimes amount to actual bribes or definite attempts to buy his influence, must be cut out of our politics."

About fifty Postmasters are attending the convention here.

INSURGENTS NOT MOLLIFIED.

Des Moines News Says Taft Has Confessed He Is Beaten.

Special to The New York Times.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Sept. 15.—Indications are that if President Taft intended his announcement regarding patronage for insurgents as a peace offering, its mission will fail. Insurgent leaders declared to-night that there can be no compromise between progressives and regulars based upon a distribution of Federal patronage. The Des Moines News, which is Senator Cummins's personal organ, says editorially:

"President Taft has been led to believe that all there is in the progressive movement in Iowa and elsewhere is the matter of a few offices. He is mistaken. Iowa progressives do not care a rap for offices. The significance in the whole thing is that Mr. Taft confesses he is beaten. The confession is interesting as showing what maner of man he is for President, but it is of little value otherwise."

There is much guessing here as to who wrote the letter to President Taft to which Secretary Norton's is an answer, and the guesses cover a wide range from former Gov. Frank D. Jackson to George D. Perkins. Jackson is President of the Iowa Taft Club and Perkins is a strong supporter of the Administration.

The letter has had the effect of a wet blanket upon the Taft following here, and is sure greatly to complicate the campaign, which is already causing much worry to both Republican factions.

LEADERS HERE RETICENT.

But Do Not Regard Norton Letter as Favoring Insurgency.

Republican leaders in New York City were not disposed to make public comment last night on the letter of Secretary Norton regarding patronage for insurgents. At the Republican State eHadquarters it was said that the letter should not be regarded as giving any comfort to the insurgents, but rather as an indicarion that President Taft would not use Federal patronage or power of removal as a means of attaining political ends, either for himself or for others. Congressman William S. Bennett said:

"President Taft, Col. Roosevelt, and Gov. Hughes now stand on the same platform as far as the use of patronage is concerned. I do not believe in hyphenated Republicanism. All men nominated and elected on a Republican ticket are entitled to recognition. Patronage should have nothing to do with the relations between the President of the United States and members of Congress. I had three Federal places taken away from myself. Roosevelt took two and President Taft one, and I have never been an insurgent."

SHAFROTH SLATE WINS.

Colorado Democrats Nominate All Candidates but One.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 15.—Adherents of Gov. John F. Shafroth, who last night was nominated for re-election by the Democratic State Convention by 27 votes, to-day finished their work by bringing about the nomination of the entire Shafroth slate.

The Denver delegation, with 284 votes out of 1,100, was unable to stem the Shafroth tide except late to-night, when it assisted in selecting Alex Davidson of Salina County as candidate for State Railway Commissioner. Every other candidate supported by the Denver men was defeated.

CONVENTION AGAINST GAYNOR

Plan to Instruct Delegates for Him in Dutchess Is Abandoned.

Special to The New York Times.

MATTEAWAN, N. Y., Sept. 15.—The Democratic convention for the first assembly district of Dutchess County was held here to-day. It had been expected that an attempt would be made to instruct the delegates to the State convention for Gaynor, but so strong was the sentiment against this course that the resolution was not even presented. Samuel Beekin, Richard B. Kain and E. Lyman Brown were elected delegates.

This is the district in which Maurice M. Minton established headquarters some time ago to boom Gaynor throughout the State.

BOUTELL DEFEATED IN ILLINOIS PRIMARY

Close Friend and Lieutenant of Speaker Cannon—Foss Is Also in Danger.

LEE O'NEIL BROWNE WINS

Several Others Under Indictment Renominated—Cannon Carries Every County in His District.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—Among the striking results of the primaries held throughout the State of Illinois to-day are the defeat of Congressman Henry S. Boutell, the hard contest, not yet decided, between Congressman George E. Foss and G. P. Englehard, the renomination of Speaker Cannon over H. P. Downs, and the victory of E. G. Shurtleff, Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives, and of Lee O'Neil Browne, Democratic leader in the lower house of the Legislature, following his recent acquittal of a charge of having bribed a State Representative to vote for William Lorimer for United States Senator.

Alleged corruption in the Illinois Legislature revealed in the Browne trial, "jackpot politics," and a plea for "vindication" on the part of men whose names were brought into the scandal were among the issues in the primary election. In most of the Congressional districts insurgency was an issue, and in several districts there were bitter fights.

The primary was the first under the State's third direct primary law. It was expected to give a demonstration of the workings of the cumulative system that was not looked for when the bill was framed. With a view to making the law constitutional, a section was inserted allowing voters to pick one, two, or three candidates. The candidates instructed their supporters to cast all three votes for them.

Congressman Mann, Chairman of the Committee of Inter-State and Foreign Commerce, a staunch supporter of Speaker Cannon, had two adversaries, both running on insurgent platforms. So had Henry S. Boutell. Congressman Foss, also aligned with the regulars, had a contest on against an insurgent candidate.

The most notable defeat was that of Representative Henry S. Boutell by F. P. Gansbergen, an insurgent, in the Ninth District, which is in Chicago. Boutell is one of the closest friends and supporters of Speaker Cannon in the House. He was chosen to nominate Mr. Cannon for the Presidency in the Republican National Convention of 1908. The Republican organization refused to indorse Boutell on the grounds that his record as a "standpatter" would insure Democratic success if he were nominated. Gansbergen ran about 7,000 ahead of him. As indicating the sentiment of the district, Arthur West, also a progressive, but running almost alone, polled more than 1,000 votes, which goes to swell the progressive list.

Representative George E. Foss, Republican, is running a close race with G. P. Englehard, insurgent, in the Tenth District, which is partly in Chicago. Mr. Foss is a brother of Eugene N. Foss, who was an insurgent Republican in Massachusetts for years until he turned Democrat. Eugene N. Foss's notable victory in the Fourteenth District of Massachusetts, where he overcame a normal Republican plurality of 14,000, caused much comment among his brother's constituents here, and doubtless had some effect on to-day's result.

The closeness of the fight was a surprise to most students of the campaign. While Foss, who is Chairman of the Committee on Naval Affairs, has always voted with the regulars at Washington, he stated in his campaign speeches that several months ago he had informed Mr. Cannon that he felt free to reserve his judgment as to how he should vote in the next Speakership contest. Englehard campaigned on an unmistakably progressive platform, and attacked the present Congressman on his record on the tariff and as a supporter of Cannon. Forty-three precincts out 147 in the district gave Englehard 1,092 votes against 1,041 for Foss.

Speaker Cannon's plurality over his opponent, H. P. Downs, will probably exceed 6,700. In no county are the returns complete, but it seems certain that the Speaker has carried every county in the district. His plurality in Vermillion County, as shown by returns up to midnight, will be about 2,500. In the election two years ago he carried this county against the Democratic candidate by 5,668. Kankakee County, if the present ratio keeps up, will give him 700 plurality; Iroquois, 700; Edgar, 1,000; Clark, 1,400; Cumberland, 4,000. The vote throughout the entire district was heavy.

In the First District Representative Martin B. Madden got the Republican nomination over his opponent, Frank Hall Childs, progressive.

In the Second District Representative James R. Mann, the independent regular, is running well ahead of J. R. Burres, insurgent.

The returns also indicate the nomination of Ira G. Copley by the Republicans of the Eleventh Congressional District over George W. Conn, Jr. This, however, is not conceded by friends of Conn, who claim the district by about 300 as against Copley's claim of 1,000 plurality. The fight in this district has been one of the fiercest in the State. Conn is said to have been backed by the standpatters, while his opponent declared himself a progressive.

John C. McKenzie was nominated by the Republicans in the Thirteenth District. The withdrawal of Congressman Frank O. Lowden from the contest left two Republicans, both calling themselves progressives, to fight it out. They are McKenzie and Reuben R. Tiffany.

For State Superintendent of Public Instruction Francis G. Blair, Republican incumbent, had no opposition, and was nominated, while the Democrats named Conrad M. Bardwell for the office.

Alpheus K. Hartley was nominated for State Treasurer by the Democrats. There were two Republican candidates for the position.

The statement published in connection with the Illinois primaries that Representative Henry A. Shephard is under indictment in connection with alleged legislative bribery was erroneous. Representative Shephard, according to a statement made by State's Attorney Wayman to-night, gave valuable testimony before the Grand Jury, but was not himself indicted. He testified to being present in St. Louis at the time the so-called "jackpot" was distributed, but declared that he received no money.

The so-called Lorimer Democrats in the Legislature won in large numbers. Three of the four lawmakers now under indictment on charges connected with the election of Senator Lorimer were chosen by their districts to contend for a return to Springfield next Winter. Representatives of the reform forces declared to-night that the outlook was not so dismal from their viewpoint as might at first appear. They said that enough seats had been won to indicate that the next House would be under different control from that which elected Lorimer.

Among those nominated besides Lee O'Neil Browne are Senator John Broderick of Chicago, indicted on a charge of bribery at Springfield; and Robert E. Wilson of Chicago, charged with perjury in connection with the alleged St. Louis "jack pot." Joseph Clark, another of the Representatives indicted at the State capital, apparently was defeated.

ROOSEVELT DEFINES NEW NATIONALISM

Continued from Page 1.

one arises from dishonest politicians and dishonest public servants and the other from the man who deliberately utters a falsehood about an honest man. The corrupt and unfaithful public servant is no greater an enemy.

"In our own interests we need to insist upon public men scrupulously safeguarding the interests of the big corporations so as to deprive the corporations of the excuse to say that in order to get their rights they must bribe legislators. See that the people get their rights, and, as one necessary incident thereto, see that the people do nothing to any one else.

"The strength of the boss lies more in his allegiance to special privilege than anything else. Do away with special privileges and you do away with the chief cause for the existence of bosses. That is one great reason why there are bosses in the State and Nation. But in doing away with special privileges, remember always that you cannot afford for one moment to separate on class lines or attack a man because he belongs to one special class more than another.

"I am the foe of the poor crook as well as the rich crook. That's good American doctrine, isn't it?"

"You bet it is," came back from the crowd.

New Nationalism Defined.

This was the Colonel's reference to the "New Nationalism":

"I have noticed a good deal of comment on my speech on New Nationalism. All that the New Nationalism means is the application of certain old-time moralities to the changed conditions of the day. I wish to see greater Governmental efficiency, because we have to deal with greater business efficiency. Simple laws are all that are necessary in small communities where there is no big business and each man works for himself. When you get masses of wealth gathered together and great corporations developing, conditions then become so changed that there must be an increase in Governmental activity to control the wealth for business efficiency.

"I would not do any wrong to the great corporation, but I don't intend to rely only on the big corporation's good nature to see that the corporation doesn't do harm against us. I want to see such control of the wealth now gathered for business uses as to favor the honest man who uses the wealth genuinely for the service of the public, and to make the dishonest man feel that he has to do what is right, and if he doesn't feel it we shall see to it that he does.

"That is my whole creed. That is all there is in it. There is no revolution in it. There is no appeal to mob rule. On the contrary, I recognize mob violence as an enemy of the public good just as much as lawless wealth. I am against the poor man who is guilty of the crime of lawless violence, and, when it is in my power, I shall try to punish him for his misdeeds just as whenever I have the power, I will join with those that see to it that the corrupt man of wealth is good—not because he likes it, but because he has to be."

Col. Roosevelt said this with even more than customary earnestness, shaking his clenched fists in the air as he stood on the platform opposite the crowded grandstand. His words were received with cheers.

The Colonel had to fight his way through the crowd to his automobile, as everyone wanted to shake his hand. His reception, however, was not so enthusiastic as many he got on his Western trip. He will go to Syracuse on Saturday to speak at the State Fair there.

On his way back to Sagamore Hill Col. Roosevelt left his automobile long enough to make a short tour of inspection of the Institute for Defective and Blind Children at Huntington. He talked for a few moments with the 200 inmates, and in a short address to the nurses spoke of the sympathy "we all must feel for those upon whom the hand of the Lord rests heavily."

The visit to the institute was made in company with Father York and Father Reilly. Col. Roosevelt expressed himself as pleased with what he saw, and took time to praise the nurses for their work.

MAURETANIA CLIPS TEN MINUTES MORE

Continued from Page 1.

abroad just as it is here. This is being felt by the middle classes, for the proportion of increase there is the same as here. I asked clerks, hotelkeepers, and others what was the cause of high prices. The increased cost of living is attributed to the increased wages of the working people."

THE GASOLINE DREADNOUGHT.

Charles R. Flint Says It Will Drive the Steam Battleship Off the Seas.

Charles R. Flint, the merchant, banker, and steamship line projector, who has acted at various times as confidential agent of the American, Japanese, Turkish, and Russian Governments in the purchase of war and transport vessels, returned yesterday on the Mauretania.

Mr. Flint brought with him from abroad patent rights for internal combustion engines and arrangements for the use of plans for the construction of war and merchant vessels using this type of engine, which he plans to exploit on a large scale. While abroad Mr. Flint visited the principal shipbuilding plants of England, Germany, and France where this type of vessel is being constructed.

"Speaking in language which a man without a technical education can understand," said Mr. Flint, "the internal combustion engine means to the large vessel what the substitution of gasoline power for steam power meant to the launch. I saw a merchant vessel of this type being constructed in Germany. But the principal value of this change will be in war vessels.

"The lighter weight of the power plant means that more weight can be devoted to ordnance and armor, more weight to fuel, and consequently a larger steaming radius and greater speed. Guns can be placed in positions now taken up by smokestacks, and the gasoline Dreadnought will drive the steam Dreadnought from the seas."

SENATOR SCOTT RETURNS.

Says Europe Will Need American Food Stuffs This Year.

Nathan B. Scott, United States Senator from West Virginia, who has been abroad three months, arrived yesterday on the Cunard liner Mauretania.

"There will be a great demand for American foodstuffs in Europe this Fall and Winter," said Senator Scott. He toured France, Switzerland, and part of Germany in a motor car. The crops are bad in all European countries because of lack of rain. They are particularly poor in France, where the devastation of the drought is particularly felt. This will mean an increase in the price of bread in this country."

Senator Scott, who is a Republican, declined to express himself on the political situation in the United States. He said he couldn't guess why Maine had gone Democratic. He said he had not followed Col. Roosevelt's speeches in the West and had no opinions about him for publication.

"I guess I'm what you call a standpatter," was his final shot.

ENGLISH PRISON MEN HERE.

Commission Will Attend the International Conference in Washington.

Sir Evelyn Ruggles-Brise, K. C. B., Chairman of the English Prison Commission; Major Rogers, Surveyor of Prisons in England and Wales, and James Gibbons, C. B., Chairman of the Irish Prison Board, who came here to attend the International Prison Conference at Washington, arrived last night on the Cunard liner Mauretania.

Sir Evelyn, who has visited this country before, said that prison reforms in England are going forward. He said that while it was always possible to improve by observation, it must be remembered that the English prison system is entirely different from that in this country.

"This is a large country," he said. "The system there is under a central control, while those here are controlled by States."

The English delegates will travel with their fellow-delegates through the country before the meeting in Washington.

TAFT HAS A BIRTHDAY.

King George Congratulates Him—President Is Now 53.

Special to The New York Times.

BEVERLY, Mass., Sept. 15.—King George V. scored a point of international courtesy over his royal brethren of the world to-day when he cabled a birthday message to President Taft. Kaiser Wilhelm and other monarchs of the continent apparently were ignorant of the fact that the President was passing his fifty-third milestone.

The King's message and the President's reply were as follows:

Balmoral, Sept. 15, 1910.

To the President of the United States, Washington:

I wish to offer you my heartiest congratulations on the anniversary of your birthday.

GEORGE R. I.

To His Majesty, King George, Balmoral, England.

I thank your Majesty sincerely for your cordial message of to-day.

WILLIAM H. TAFT.

Mr. Taft passed his birthday, the second since he became President, without special observance. Mrs. Taft was not at home, having gone to New York with Charlie Taft, who is to resume school at Watertown, Conn. The President played golf in the morning, worked at his desk for a while in the afternoon, and in the evening attended a dinner given in his honor at Eagle Head, Manchester, by Mrs. McMillin, widow of Senator McMillan of Michigan. Many messages of good will in commemoration of the day were received by mail and telegraph.

If *you* must live in the city let *your boy* study and play in the open country, near home

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is located near the end of the Broadway Subway. 14 acres among the Riverdale estates, overlooking Van Cortlandt Park. Sunny, cheerful classrooms. Unusual facilities for outdoor sports. Preparation from primary to college entrance.

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Last Two Days of The Aeolian Company's Fall Sale of Exchanged Pianos

Closing 6:00 p. m., Saturday, September 17th

If you have not attended this sale and secured a piano of distinguished make, at a price so reasonable as to almost halve the original cost, you should not hesitate another minute.

This is a sale of hundreds of magnificent pianos, bearing the names of America's most famous makers. They were taken in exchange for Pianola Pianos. The Aeolian Company's staff of piano experts has restored each piano to perfect condition—such perfect condition that a guarantee of satisfaction is a part of each sale. The Piano you buy must give absolute satisfaction. Such is the policy on which this Company's success has been built.

If you have longed for a Steinway, a Weber, a Knabe, a Chickering, a Mason and Hamlin, or any other standard piano, this sale affords you the opportunity to possess it.

Prices are so low as to be out of all proportion to actual value. And no matter which may be your choice, you are assured an instrument of intrinsic worth far in excess of what you will pay.

So far as your preference is concerned, there remains a wide range from which to choose. Some of the most striking piano bargains of the sale are still at Aeolian Hall awaiting your selection.

Sale of a Limited Number of Recently Exchanged Pianola Pianos

Occasionally an original purchaser of a Pianola Piano desires to exchange for a more expensive model or one embodying the very latest improvements.

This courtesy The Aeolian Company is always glad to extend to all owners of its instruments. It is thus that a few Pianola Pianos are included in this sale.

Each has been inspected and put into such splendid condition that it is sold with full Guarantee—exactly the same as if new.

Payment may be made, if preferred, in monthly installments to suit your convenience.

A Saving in Aeolian Orchestrelles

The Aeolian Orchestrelle—that instrument of many tones—is built in several models. Naturally, the larger models have greater volume of tone and are more expensive. So it often happens that the owner of one of the smaller types exchanges it for a larger instrument. Thus, it is now possible to offer a few Orchestrelles — all fully guaranteed—at reductions amounting, in some instances, to less than half the first cost.

Rare Opportunities In Used Pianolas Prices $125 and $150

These Pianolas are in perfect condition. Each has been thoroughly inspected and is guaranteed to satisfy you in every respect.

The price of the Pianola, when new, is from $250 upwards. At this sale's reductions you are saved almost one half. Convenient terms—$10 down and $6 a month.

It is important to remember that The Aeolian Company's guarantee of satisfaction accompanies the piano to your home. Ordinarily, dealers do not guarantee pianos that have been used.

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Up the Hudson by Daylight

From New York to the Capitol on the Hill.

If you have seen the rivers of Continental Europe—the Rhine, the Rhone, the Danube—sail up the broad Hudson, and see how little they can compare in grandeur and beauty with our noble River here at home.

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Easy, comfortable, restful. 150 miles of typical American scenery, filled with historic interest and charm. Take one of the magnificent steamers,

HENDRICK HUDSON, ROBERT FULTON, ALBANY or MARY POWELL

With their spacious promenade decks, excellent dining-rooms and courteous service.

Every day (except Sundays) during the Autumn.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE,
Desbrosses Street Pier.

See newspaper time tables for sailing hours.

WILSON NAMED FOR GOVERNOR IN JERSEY

Democrats Choose President of Princeton to Lead Their Fight on First Ballot.

HE STIRS THE CONVENTION

Declares for Economy, Equal Taxation, and Control of Corporations—Confident of Being Elected.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 15.—President Woodrow Wilson of Princeton University is the standard-bearer of the New Jersey Democrats in this Fall's race for Governor. He was nominated on the first ballot late to-day by the State Democratic Convention here after a stormy session lasting from early morning until nearly night.

Dr. Wilson was playing golf on the Princeton links, twelve miles away, when the Chairman announced at 4:55 o'clock that he had received 749½ votes out of a possible 1,412, or forty-two and one-half votes more than necessary for nomination. In less than twenty minutes, thanks to a big touring car put at his disposal, he was in the convention hall in this city, arousing the delegates to a high pitch of enthusiasm by telling them that he accepted the nomination and had not the slightest doubt about his election.

Four other names were put before the convention. They were Frank S. Katzenbach of this city, who received on the first and only ballot taken 372 votes; ex-Mayor Hinchliffe of Paterson, 1 vote; Sheriff Harrigan of Essex, 6 votes; Mayor Wittpenn of Jersey City, 76½ votes, and State Senator George Silzer, 210 votes.

Before the formal announcement of the vote the Middlesex delegation, which had voted first solidly for Mr. Silzer, shifted their 62 votes to Dr. Wilson, making his total 811½ votes. The nomination was thereupon made unanimous, while the delegates stood in their seats and shouted until they were hoarse.

Planks in the Platform.

The most important features of the convention were the platform on which Dr. Wilson is to ask the support of the voters on election day and his own address of acceptance. The platform comes out squarely for economy in State Government, for the equalization of taxation, for the preservation intact of the school fund and its systematic distribution throughout the State, for the conservation of the State's natural wealth and water rights, for the establishment of a Public Service Commission, with full power to control all public service corporations; for a just and ample liability law, for election reform, and for the proper control of all corporations doing business in the State by legislation forbidding practices destructive to business and free competition.

Dr. Wilson's address was a surprise to his friends. There was absolutely nothing of the teacher—nothing that was didactic about it. It was dignified, but it was enthusiastic, and had the effect apparently of stirring his hearers to hope and confidence in the outcome of his candidacy which obliterated all delegation lines which had hitherto divided the ...dy.

...e believed this the year and this the ...ticular era when large successes were ...tore for the Democratic Party—a time ...n the country, having pinned its faith ...he Republican Party, had found its ...promises empty pretenses and utterly worthless.

The enthusiasm at Dr. Wilson's repeated declarations of his confidence in being able to win knew almost no bounds. The delegates to a man stood on their chairs, cheered again and again, all the while waving their hats and handkerchiefs.

At an early hour the Taylor Opera House, where the convention was held, was packed. Delegates from Hudson and Essex Counties came in special trains, marching behind bands from the Pennsylvania Station to the convention hall. "Bob" Davis of Jersey City and ex-United States Senator James Smith, Jr., of Essex County, led their respective delegations. Both were cheered from the streets and were repeatedly the objects of familiar comments and calls.

A temporary organization was affected in the morning with John R. Hardin, of Newark, as chairman, and the usual committees on credentials, rules and resolutions were appointed.

Hardin's speech on taking the chair was long, but those who listened found in it a severe and exhaustive arraignment of the Republican Party, a party of unkept promises, as he saw it, and the sponsor for an iniquitous tariff measure. However, there was only one real cheer during its delivery. That was when Ex-Senator Smith came slowly down the aisle of the theatre to a front seat as the head of the Essex delegation.

Convention Hall Crowded.

Plentiful action was reserved, however, for the afternoon session, called to order at 2:30 o'clock, when Mr. Hardin was made permanent chairman. The opera house at this hour was filled to its last foot space, with thousands outside unable to reach even the doors. No one was allowed in the house except delegates, a few Trenton officials, and personal friends and advisers of the prospective candidates. Most of these outsiders were crowded into the boxes, their number including Editor George Harvey, the man credited here to-day as having first put forward Dr. Wilson as a gubernatorial possibility. Col. Harvey was in close touch with Dr. Wilson all during the day. It was he who conveyed to the nominee a copy of the proposed platform as drafted by the Committee on Resolutions, and brought back Dr. Wilson's expression of complete accord with it. He also had the pleasure of informing Dr. Wilson of his nomination, and awaited him at the stage entrance to the theatre.

Cole Names Wilson.

Dr. Wilson was the first as well as the successful nominee. In the roll of counties of the State Atlantic leads, and as that county had pledged forty delegates to Dr. Wilson's support, Clarence L. Cole of that delegation had been selected to present the university President's name. Mr. Cole was long but laudatory; too long coming to a mention of the name all seemed eager to hear and cheer, some of the delegates seemed to think; they frankly told him so.

He replied that he would have his say through, and he did. The demonstration which followed the first mention of Dr. Wilson lasted one minute and a half, and showed plainly what many had already suspected that the total delegation was nearly equally divided, with Dr. Wilson's supporters matched against all the rest.

Delegates in a Row.

At the close of Mr. Cole's nominating speech ex-Judge John J. Crandall of Atlantic County, 75 years old, but very vigorous and almost a giant, jumped up in his seat on the front row and started to say that not all of Atlantic County was for Dr. Wilson; that he and a lot of others were for Mr. Katzenbach. Before he had said half a dozen words another Atlantic delegate, A. Cerben of Egg Harbor, tried to push the elderly delegate back into his seat.

With that ex-Judge Crandall swung his stick around his head several times and brought it down on Cerben's half-bald head with a force that splintered the cane, sending a part of it some feet on the other side of Cerben.

John A. Montgomery of this city nominated Mr. Katzenbach, Peter F. Daly of New Brunswick presented Senator Silzer's name, and delegates from their respective counties nominated Mr. Hinchliffe, Mayor Wittpenn, and Sheriff Harrigan.

Before Warren County was even reached in the roll call it was seen by nearly all in the room that Dr. Wilson had won out. It was then 4:55 o'clock, and the delegates thought it was time to go home.

"Wait a few moments," said Chairman Hardin, after some one had whispered to him, "and you will hear what Dr. Wilson has to say about it."

The band played and some one tried to speak, and then Dr. Wilson was ushered through a mass of shouting people. He said:

Dr. Wilson's Speech.

"You have conferred upon me a very great honor. I accept the nomination you have tendered me with the deepest gratification that you should have thought me worthy to lead the Democrats of New Jersey in this stirring time of opportunity. Even more than the great honor of your nomination I feel the deep responsibility it imposes upon me; for responsibility is proportioned to opportunity. This is one of the greatest opportunities the Democratic Party ever had.

"As you know, I did not seek this nomination. It has come to me absolutely unsolicited, with the consequence that I shall enter upon the duties of the office of Governor, if elected, with absolutely no pledges of any kind to prevent me from serving the people of the State with singleness of purpose. Not only have no pledges of any kind been given, but none have been proposed or desired. In accepting the nomination, therefore, I am pledging myself only to the service of the people and the party which intends to advance their interests. I cannot but regard these circumstances as marking the beginning of a new and more ideal era in our politics. Certainly they enhance very greatly the honor you have conferred upon me and enlarge the opportunity in equal degree. A day of unselfish purpose is always a day of confident hope.

"I feel confident that the people of the State will accept the promises you have made in your platform as made sincerely and with a definite purpose to render them effective service. That platform is sound, explicit, and businesslike. There can be no mistaking what it means; and the voters of the State will know at once that promises so definitely made are made to be kept, not to be evaded. Your declarations deserve and will win their confidence.

"But we shall keep it only by performance, by achievement, by proving our capacity to conduct the administration and reform the legislation of the State in the spirit of our declarations not only, but also with the sagacity and firmness of practical men, who not only purpose but do what is sensible and effective. It is toward this task of performance that my thoughts turn as I think of soliciting the suffrages of my fellow-citizens for the great office of Governor of the State.

The Three Great Issues.

"I shall do so with a very profound sense of the difficulty of solving new and complicated problems in the right way. I take the three great questions before us to be reorganization and economy in administration, the equalization of taxation, and the control of corporations. There are other very important questions that confront us, as they confront all the other States of the Union in this day of readjustment: The question of the proper liability of employers, for example, the question of corrupt practices in elections, the question of conservation; but the three I have named dominate all the rest. It is imperative that we should not only master them, but also act upon them, and act very definitely.

"It is first of all necessary that we should act in the right spirit. And the right spirit is not a spirit of hostility. We shall not act either justly or wisely if we attack established interests as public enemies. There has been too much indictment and too little successful prosecution for wrongs done; too much talk and too few practicable suggestions as to what is to be done. It is easy to condemn wrong and to fulminate against wrongdoers in effective rhetorical phrases, but that does not bring either reform or ease of mind.

"Reform will come only when we have done some careful thinking as to exactly what the things are that are being done in contravention of the public interest and as to the most simple, direct, and effective way of gettting at the men who do them. In a self-governed country there is one rule for everybody, and that is the common interest. Everything must be squared by that. We can square it only by knowing its exact shape and movement. Government is not a warfare of interests. We shall not gain our ends by heats and bitterness, which make it impossible to think either calmly or fairly.

What Government Is.

"Government is a matter of common counsel, and every one must come into the consultation with the purpose to yield to the general view, the view which seems most nearly to correspond with the common interest. If any decline frank conference, keep out, hold off, they must take the consequences and blame only themselves if they are in the end badly served. There must be implacable determination to see the right done, but strong purpose, which does not flinch because some must suffer, is perfectly compatible with fairness and justice and a clear view of the actual facts.

"This should be our spirit in the matter of reform, and this our method. And in this spirit we should do very definite things. It is obvious even to the casual observer that the administration of the State has been unnecessarily complicated and elaborated, too many separate commissions and boards set up, business methods neglected, money wasted, and a state of affairs brought about of which a successful business concern would be ashamed. No doubt the increase of State expenditures which has marked the last decade has been in part due to a necessary and desirable increase of function on the part of the State; but it is only too evident that no study of economy has been made, and that a careful reconsideration and reorganization of the administrative processes of the State would result in great savings and in enhanced responsibility on the part of those who are intrusted with the important work of government.

"Our system of taxation is all ill-digested as piecemeal, and as haphazard as our system of administration. It cannot be changed suddenly or too radically; but many changes should be inaugurated and the whole system by degrees reconsidered and altered so as to fit modern economic conditions more equitably. Above all the methods of assessment should be changed, in order that inequalities between the taxes of individuals and the taxes of corporations, for example, should be entirely eliminated.

For Equal Taxation.

"It is not necessary for the maintenance of our modern industrial enterprise that corporations should be indulged or favored in the matter of taxation and it is extremely demoralizing that they should be. Such inequalities should be effectually removed by law and by the action of the tax-assessing authorities of the State and of the localities. This is a matter which will require dispassionate study and action based, not upon hostility, but upon the common interest.

"The question of the control of corporations is a very difficult one, upon which no man can speak with confidence; but some things are plain. It is plain, so far as New Jersey is concerned, that we must have a Public Service Commission with the amplest powers to oversee and regulate the administration of public service corporations throughout the State. We have abundant experience elsewhere to guide us in this matter from the admirable commission so long in successful operation in Wisconsin to the latest legislation of sister States. We need have no doubt of our right course of action here.

"It is the State, not the Federal authorities, that create corporations. The regulation of corporations is the duty of the State much more directly than it is the duty of the Government of the United States. It is my strong hope that New Jersey may lead the way in reform by scrutinizing very carefully the enterprises she consents to incorporate; their make-up, their objects, the basis and method of their capitalization, their organization with respect to liability to control by the State, their conformity to State and Federal statutes. This can be done, and done effectually. I covet for New Jersey the honor of doing it.

His Appeal to Voters.

"And so also, gentlemen, with every other question we face. Let us face it in the spirit of service and with the careful, practical sense of men of affairs. We shall not ask the voters of the State to lend us their suffrages merely because we call ourselves Democrats, but because we mean to serve them like honest and public-spirited men, true Democrats because true lovers of the common interest, servants of no special group of men or of interests, students of the interest of the people and of the country.

"The future is not for parties 'playing politics,' but for measures conceived in the largest spirit, pushed by parties whose leaders are statesmen not demagogues, who love, not their offices but their duty and their opportunity for service. We are witnessing a renaissance of public spirit, a reawakening of sober public opinion, a revival of the power of the people, the beginning of an age of thoughtful reconstruction that makes our thought hark back to the great age in which democracy was set up in America. With the new age we shall show a new spirit. We shall serve justice and candor and all things that make for right. Is not our own ancient party the party disciplined and made ready for this great task? Shall we not forget ourselves in making it the instrument of righteousness for the State and for the Nation?"

Delegates crowded about Dr. Wilson when he had concluded promising their utmost loyalty and support both before and "after election."

PLATFORM FOR ECONOMY.

Republicans Blamed for High Cost of Living and Lower Tariff Demanded.

The platform had first been submitted to Dr. Wilson. He had heartily approved it and expressed his conviction that he could win with it before the people. With that information widespread among the delegates it was unanimously adopted. Here it is:

1. A thorough administrative reorganization, in order to make the administration of the State's business at once as economical and efficient as possible. This will involve the abolition of all unnecessary offices, boards, and commissions, a concentration of functions upon the model of the best business organizations, and a careful co-ordination of the several parts of the public service. The government of the State should be so systematized and simplified and such methods of public accounting should be established and enforced as would secure unmistakable individual responsibility on the part of every officer intrusted with authority or the handling of public funds. The increase in State expenditures from less than $2,000,000 under the last Democratic administration to more than $5,000,000 last year is grossly excessive. All appropriations of public moneys should be based upon as careful a consideration of the burden of taxation imposed upon the people as of the object sought to be served by the expenditure, economy being as essential to honest government as any consideration of efficiency, and equalize the burdens of taxation.

2. The equalization of taxation, both in law and in practice, particularly as between individuals and railway and other corporations, with regard to the valuation of property and the assessment of taxes upon it; the removal from the State's system of taxation of all elements of obscurity or injustice, and the adoption of such administrative changes as may prove to be necessary in order to make those reforms effective.

3. The preservation intact of the school fund and its prompt and systematic distribution for the purposes for which it was intended.

4. The careful conservation for the benefit of all the people of the State of all water rights and all natural resources still within the control of the State by provisions which will effectually prevent their control or exhaustion by private corporations.

5. The establishment of a public service commission with ample powers under explicit rules to regulate rates, secure an adequate and suitable service, inflict penalties, require the filing of all traffic agreements, and the submission to its examination of all tariff rates before they take effect, and to reject or adjust the same, if found to be unjust, giving, however, to capital a fair return.

6. The enactment of an employers' liability act which will satisfy the just demands of labor and secure safety and efficient sanitation in all manufacturing processes and employments.

7. The enactment of a law establishing eight hours as the limit of the working day in all public work.

8. The control of such corporations, combinations, or trusts as are not naturally to be regarded as public service corporations by legislation which will define and forbid those acts and practices on their part and those methods in their organization and control of business as have proved destructive of free competition and detrimental to the people's interest, and which will visit the penalties prescribed upon the individuals responsible for such acts or practices.

9. The enactment of an efficient act against corrupt practices at all elections, limiting expenditures by or on behalf of candidates and requiring the prompt publication thereof.

10. Such a simplification of the electoral machinery of the State as will make possible the effectual exercise of the right of direct nomination on the part of the voters and the enactment of laws which will secure them that right in the most effectual manner.

11. The extension of the principle and practice of civil service reform in all administrative departments of the State, county, and municipality.

12. The enactment of laws with regard to the use of automobiles within the State which will grant the same rights and privileges to the owners and drivers of machines from other States that are accorded the citizens of New Jersey in the States from which said owners and drivers hold their licenses, and which will tend to establish a proper reciprocity of responsibility as between the license granting authorities of the several States.

In regard to the administration of the Federal Government:

We charge that the Republican Party, through the unfair tariff laws devised not as a means of protection, but as a means of patronage, is largely responsible for the high cost of living now burdening our whole people, and we demand an intelligent revision, downward, of the present tariff in the interest of all the people.

We insist that there should be enacted a Federal corrupt practices act, as explicit and imperative as we have favored for the State, and that our citizens should be given an opportunity forthwith to pass upon a Constitutional amendment providing for the election of United States Senators by popular vote.

MURPHY STILL IN THE LEAD

But ex-Gov. Stokes Says He Will Get the Senatorship Indorsement.

Returns of last Tuesday's primaries in New Jersey continue to come in slowly, and it is still a question of doubt as to who is leading in the fight for the Republican nomination for United States Senator.

The friends of ex-Gov. Stokes contend that he will be the high man, with a total of between 35,000 or 40,000 votes, but the supporters of ex-Gov. Murphy are just as sanguine, and the votes so far counted give Murphy the lead. While Congressman Fowler is running ahead of Stokes, it is not thought that he can defeat him or Murphy.

The vote polled was much larger than anticipated, and probably will approximate 50 per cent. of the total Republican vote.

The known complete returns follow:

Counties.	Stokes.	Murphy.	Fowler.
Atlantic	1,171	4,107	800
Bergen	2,939	2,127	2,337
Burlington	3,515	603	404
Camden	1,884	200	500
Essex	2,251	17,423	13,324
Mercer	4,100	858	432
Passaic	2,919	2,079	2,537
Salem	883	57	57
Union	1,402	897	8,923
Total	20,764	27,041	24,314

The returns from Jersey City, Bayonne, Hoboken, and other municipalities in Hudson County have not reached the County Clerk for canvass, consequently nothing can be done toward giving the official figures of the votes polled there.

It is conceded by the regular Republicans that George L. Record, former Corporation Counsel of Jersey City and leader of the New Idea Party, will be named as the Congressional candidate in the Ninth District to oppose Congressman Eugene F. Kinkead, who has been renominated by the Democrats. Record gets about 119 delegates out of 220. George T. Vickers, the regular Republican candidate, will have probably 73 delegates, and there are 80 unpledged delegates controlled by Col. Samuel D. Dickinson, former Republican leader of Hudson County.

The regular Republicans will probably have control of the Hudson County Republican Committee.

Congressman Benjamin E. Howell was renominated for the ninth time at Perth Amboy yesterday afternoon by the Republican convention of the Third District, which comprises Monmouth, Middlesex, and Ocean Counties.

Congressman John J. Gardner was renominated by the regular Republicans for the tenth term at Cape May yesterday, and at Flemington Congressman Ira W. Wood of Trenton was unanimously renominated by the Republicans of the Fourth Congressional District, which includes Mercer, Hunterdon, and Somerset Counties.

Congressman Richard Wayne Parker was unanimously nominated for re-election at the convention of the Seventh Congressional District held last night in the Orange Armory. This was not accomplished, however, until the Progressives had made a stand on the floor of the convention to nominate Harold J. Howland of Montclair, Col. Roosevelt's friend. When the vote was taken Congressman Parker received 109 1-3 votes, while Mr. Howland got only 88 2-3.

A FREE CANDIDATE.

Wilson Unpledged, He Says—To Resign from Princeton if Elected.

PRINCETON, N. J., Sept. 15.—President Woodrow Wilson returned to Princeton immediately after finishing his speech of acceptance at Trenton. He said:

"You can rely that I am highly honored by this nomination, especially as it came absolutely without solicitation. No promise or pledge was given by me and I am a free candidate."

When Dr. Wilson was asked how his relations with Princeton would be affected, he said that of course he would resign if elected.

He said that he had reached no decision as to resigning or keeping the presidency of Princeton, between now and election.

DENBY FEARS PARTY DEFEAT.

Blames the Insurgents for Their Opposition to the Regulars.

DETROIT, Sept. 15.—Congressman Edwin Denby, a member of the Ballinger-Pinchot Investigating Committee of Congress gave a pessimistic interview to-day on Republican prospects.

"Why should we blink at the situation in the Republican Party?" he said. "Conditions are grave in the extreme. The party is divided within itself. Insurgent Republicans are publicly advocating the defeat of sitting Republicans, who are up for re-election, and the substitution of Republicans bearing a different banner. Insurgency is spreading rapidly, and the election of the 85 per cent. of the party in the House by the so-called 'regular' wing of the party is becoming increasingly doubtful and difficult.

"Some of the men already defeated are the best blood and brains of the party, and their places will be hard to fill. Others equally good will be defeated because they refuse to discard the name Republican, which has stood sixty years for the most progressive and enlightened legislation, and assume the name of 'insurgent,' which means nothing."

CURTISS IS BEATEN BY GRAHAME-WHITE

Briton Flies at Almost a Mile a Minute, Winning $3,000 Cup by Under 17 Seconds.

ROE HURT IN THIRD MISHAP

Johnstone Obtains First Prize in Bomb-Throwing, Beating the Englishman, Who Gains Second Place.

BOSTON, Sept. 15.—Driving his Blériot monoplane at approximately a mile a minute, Claude Grahame-White, the English aviator, brought to a successful close his first American engagement by defeating Glenn H. Curtiss, the American flier, and world's speed champion of the air, in a special match speed test at the Harvard aviation field at Atlantic to-day, by 16 4-5 seconds in a five-and-a-quarter-mile race over three laps. Grahame-White's time was 5 minutes 47 4-5 seconds, or by laps, 1:56 2-5, 3:50 3-5, 5:47 4-5. Curtiss's time was 2:04 1-5, 4:04 4-5, 6:04 3-5.

Grahame-White thereby won the $8,000 Harvard cup offered and again made a new speed mark by covering the course in 5 minutes 47 4-5 seconds. He also added the John Hays Hammond cup to his winnings, the second prize for a special bomb-throwing contest, Ralph Johnson, the Wright aviator, taking the first prize, the City of Boston cup.

This was the concluding day of the Harvard aviation meet, which had been so successful that it was extended two days over the original dates of Sept. 8 to 18. It was marred by the first noteworthy accident of nearly a fortnight's flying. A. V. Roe, an English flier, who has had bad luck with his two triplanes, wrecked his second machine to-day, and was painfully but not seriously injured. Rising ten feet in the air, he made a good flight the length of the field, but in attempting to turn a pylon the triplane plunged to the ground, the wreckage wounding Roe about the face and forehead and left hand. He was taken to the field hospital, where six stitches were taken in a face wound.

From an elevation of 1,800 feet neither Johnstone nor Grahame-White could hit 200 square feet of canvas on the ground, each throwing six eggs, but Johnstone's shots were better, and earned him the City of Boston Cup.

During the day Grahame-White carried as passengers on short flights William Carroll Hill and A. J. Philpot, Boston newspaper men; Lieut. G. L. P. Stone of the United States ship Chester, W. Starling Burgess of Marblehead, C. P. Curtis of Boston, Carl A. Sylvester of Waltham, and Sydney MacDonald of England. Ralph Johnstone took up J. V. Martin of Boston.

To-night the aviators and management of the aero meet were guests at a banquet at the City Club given by Mayor John F. Fitzgerald.

HUMPHREY STILL IN DANGER.

Primary Returns So Far Leave Him 100 Votes Short.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 15.—The result of the Republican primary in the First Congressional District is still in doubt, with the chances seemingly favoring William E. Humphrey, regular. He has a substantial plurality of the total vote so far reported, but the law provides that unless a candidate receives forty per cent. of the total vote second choice votes shall be counted.

At present Humphrey lacks nearly 100 of attaining forty per cent.

If the second choice provision becomes operative Humphrey will be overwhelmingly beaten.

Thomas P. Revelle, insurgent, claims the nomination, saying that the precincts yet to report will help him.

Our new double-gored coat is remarkably handsome in its lines

Occasionally we read of the plodding miner who "strikes it rich" by uncovering a new vein.

In this handsome double-gored coat for men, our designers have struck a new vein of great beauty in modelling.

It will most assuredly catch the fancy of the man who appreciates novelty when tempered with good taste.

The new coat produces an effect of shaping-in at the waist line and broadening the chest and shoulders without the use of the obsolete padding.

Suits made with this new coat are now presented in a pleasing variety of Fall colorings.

ATTENTION IS ALSO DIRECTED TO A FULL RANGE OF OUR OWN EXCLUSIVE MODELS IN

Suits & Top Coats for Men at $15 to $45
Ready for service.

Saks-Banister Shoes for Men, $6.50 & $7
Complete varieties of new Fall designs, embodying the latest ideas of America's foremost shoe designer.

Saks-Special Shoes for Men
at $3.50, $4 & $5
Economically priced, but in every way worthy of our standard for durability, style and quality.

Neckwear, Furnishings, Underwear, Shirts, Hosiery, Gloves
Handsome designs, attractive colorings and varieties that will gladden the heart of the man who likes to choose to suit his own personal taste.

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An Important Sale of
Shirts & Drawers for Men

Mauchauffee's French Balbriggan
Shirts with long or short sleeves, drawers in regular or stout models, all sizes; made of an exceptionally soft and elastic yarn. Usually sold for 65c the garment..... at 38c

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A sample lot from one of the most celebrated French manufacturers. We purchased the assortment at a remarkable price concession. Included are plain colors. Jacquard weaves in exclusive designs, stripes or clocks. Sizes 10 and 10½, value 75c a pair, at.... 35c

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Misses' and Girls' Fall Millinery

Special Paris Models, including newest brocade and tapestry effects; Ombre and Persian motifs, floral designs in fabrics; gold and silver cordings, and harmonious combinations of silk and fur.

All desirable materials, in colorings varying from pale shades to vivid hues. Large and small hats in fashionable shapes appropriate for all occasions.

Also, Trimmed and Tailored Hats in wide variety, at lowest prices.

Special attention is directed to the many exclusive designs, distinct from anything to be found elsewhere.

In addition, we are showing a beautiful assortment of

Children's and Infants' Millinery
in beautiful hand-worked effects, including Valenciennes, Venetian and Irish Laces; also hats of silk, shot velvet and other soft tissues.

Fur Bonnets in Seal, Astrakhan and Beaver, to match coats.

Prices consistently low for the values represented by the workmanship and materials.

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Going to move by Feb. 1st?
Want FREE RENT for five years?
Write and ask us "HOW?"
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PERFECT
Tooth Powder

Used by people of refinement in every part of the world where the use of the tooth-brush is known, for Almost Half a Century.

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(Made in France.)
UNDERWEAR

No cotton cloth,
no open meshes,
no linen underwear
can protect you against chill or Winter's sudden changes. *Dermophile will,* because it is made of *pure* wool—nature's protector.

Soft as satin—a delight to wear and *guaranteed unshrinkable* or money refunded.

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2 Seat Runabout, $2500
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ORDERS LOST WHEN YOUR LINE IS "BUSY" WOULD MORE THAN PAY FOR THE COST OF ANOTHER LINE OR TWO.
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The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

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Natural Alkaline Water
Ask your Physician
Not Genuine without the word CELESTINS

ROOSEVELT MEN INCREASED BY SEVEN

That Number Desert Woodruff and It Is Hinted That More Will Go Over.

HAS 40 NOW FROM KINGS

Poor Night for the Colonel on the Whole—His Friends Voted Down In Many Districts.

As a net result of the Assembly District Conventions held in Kings County last night for the purpose of electing delegates to the Republican State Convention, only seven delegates were added to the thirty-three who will go to Saratoga from Republican State Chairman Woodruff's bailiwick instructed to vote for Col. Theodore Roosevelt for Temporary Chairman in place of Vice President Sherman.

The forty rebels came from the Eleventh, Twelfth, Eighteenth, and Twenty-third Assembly Districts. On the night of the primaries Republican State Chairman Woodruff conceded the thirty-three delegates from the first four districts to his adversaries. That the seven delegates from the Twenty-third would also be friendly to Col. Roosevelt and the progressive cause was not known until yesterday, when the leader of that district, Reuben L. Haskell, came out and declared himself. His delegation was not instructed for the Colonel, but Mr. Haskell said, after the convention last night, that this would not be necessary, as all were progressives and Roosevelt men. Mr. Haskell is Borough Secretary in Brooklyn, and his flop led to a report that other office holders under the borough administration might desert Chairman Woodruff.

The result was somewhat of a surprise because earlier in the day there had been reports that there might be trouble in several districts and that as a result of the conventions, there would be a substantial addition to the strength of Col. Roosevelt in Mr. Woodruff's own political bailiwick. In no instance did the Woodruff leaders make any attempt to have their delegates instructed against Col. Roosevelt or for Vice President Sherman, and this, in the opinion of some, went far to avert trouble.

Roosevelt Men Voted Down.

In two or three districts Roosevelt resolutions and resolutions indorsing direct primaries were tabled or voted down by overwhelming majorities.

The liveliest fight occurred in the First Assembly District, where Col. "Mike" Dady is the real leader. Here Morris U. Ely, who was a contestant for the leadership at the primaries, introduced a Roosevelt resolution. It was defeated by a vote of 47 to 38, and an uninstructed delegation was elected.

In the Fifth District, where Deputy Commissioner of Public Works Thomas B. Limeburgh is the leader, a direct nominations resolution was overwhelmingly defeated. This was one of the districts which, reports had it, might produce a surprise by electing a Roosevelt delegation. The eight delegates from the Fifth will go uninstructed.

In the Fourteenth District Ernest Wagner, who was a contestant in the primaries for the leadership, offered a Roosevelt resolution. This was hissed down. George A. Owens, the Woodruff leader of the district, then made a rush for Wagner, tore the resolution from his hands amid a terrific uproar, tore it into small bits, which he scattered on the floor and trampled on. Then he introduced a Taft resolution, which was carried with a whoop.

In the Seventeenth District, where Woodruff's good friend former Deputy Superintendent of Elections L. M. Swazey holds the leadership, it was hinted that trouble might occur. John J. Walsh, a delegate to the convention and a Public School Principal, introduced a resolution favoring direct primaries with the intention of following it up with a Roosevelt resolution if it passed. It was defeated by a vote of 66 to 2, and then no attempt was made to have the delegates instructed for the Colonel. Leader Swazey was very nervous until the vote had been counted.

Forty Delegates for the Colonel.

It was a bad night for the Colonel. On the face of the convention returns the Roosevelt forces will only have forty delegates from Kings, while the indications are that Chairman Woodruff will control the remaining 102. The leaders who delivered their delegates to Col. Roosevelt were all men who have been known to be friendly to him, with the exception of Mr. Haskell in the Twenty-third. Congressman William L. Calder, Naval Officer Frederick J. H. Kracke, Postmaster E. W. Voorhies, and A. E. Vass have differences with Mr. Woodruff of long standing.

Last night leaders friendly to Col. Roosevelt still insisted that the uninstructed delegates from the Fifth, the Ninth, the Fifteenth, and the Nineteenth, when the proper time came, would enlist under the Roosevelt colors, and that the Colonel by the time the convention is held would have at least 72 out of Mr. Woodruff's 142 delegates to the State Convention.

FOR TAFT, NOT ROOSEVELT.

President's Stand with the Colonel Gives Him His Strength Here.

Should Col. Roosevelt fail to give his assent to an unqualified indorsement of the Taft Administration when the State Convention meets he is likely to find himself deserted by those who now are in the forefront of the battle for his election as temporary Chairman of the convention and for the rest of his programme.

It was made very clear yesterday that many of the leaders in the fight for Col. Roosevelt against the Old Guard are not in the contest for any love of the Colonel or his policies, but that they had taken their stand in deference to the wishes of President Taft, and in the firm belief that a change of leadership in the Republican organization is the only means by which their party can be restored to the confidence of the voters and the State be kept in the Republican column.

In case President Taft should take his hand from the progressives, it was said yesterday, Col. Roosevelt may find himself deserted by some of the men who today are among the warmest advocates of his election as temporary Chairman.

Lloyd C. Griscom, President of the Republican County Committee, said yesterday that he would insist on the most sweeping indorsement of President Taft.

"I am for an absolute indorsement of President Taft," said Mr. Griscom. "There is no division among Republicans in this State that I know of on the question of indorsing the present Federal Administration."

A friend of Col. Roosevelt said yesterday that he would offer no objection to the indorsement of President Taft, but that he might take occasion to speak his mind freely in regard to certain "dreadful reactionaries" in and out of this State who the Colonel believes have hampered the Administration in the carrying out of progressive policies and thereby have menaced the future success of their party.

Chairman Woodruff of the Republican State Committee made a statement yesterday, in which he declared that Vice President Sherman surely would be chosen Temporary Chairman of the State Convention.

"The Vice President was selected by a majority of the State Committee, and the vote was afterward made unanimous, although Mr. Griscom and Harry W. Mack, who soon will be an ex-member, failed to go on record. The men who voted for Mr. Sherman in the committee cannot consistently go back on their action any more than they could had the choice been made by the convention itself. That should be plain."

Mr. Woodruff added that he took no stock in the reports that President Taft indorsed Col. Roosevelt's plan of making trouble at the Republican State Convention.

"I have not heard that President Taft has confirmed the rumors connecting his name with the Roosevelt-Griscom attack on the party organization," said Mr. Woodruff.

When Mr. Griscom heard of the Woodruff statement, he made this reply:

"Mr. Woodruff forgets that the selection of Mr. Sherman by the State Committee was procured by misuse of the President's name. When the members voted a great number had been led to believe that President Taft knew of and approved of Mr. Sherman's candidacy.

"The truth was not known until the President exposed the whole matter in his letter to me on Aug. 20. Mr. Sherman's election was accomplished under circumstances which render it impossible for him with dignity to accept it, and I am sure all his true friends would feel in the same way about it if they were fully familiar with the circumstances that surrounded the meeting of the State Committee on Aug. 16."

METZ FOR CONGRESSMAN.

Ex-Controller Likely to Get the Democratic Nomination in the Sixth District

Ex-Controller Herman A. Metz is the choice of the Democratic leaders for the nomination in the Sixth Congressional District in Brooklyn, according to a generally credited report in political circles in the borough last night.

According to the political wiseacres the ex-Controller is regarded as the strongest candidate that could be selected for the difficult task of defeating Congressman William M. Calder, and it is asserted that his nomination at the convention on Oct. 4 has been practically decided upon.

It is practically certain that the present Democratic Representatives from Brooklyn, Congressmen Lindsay and Fitzgerald, from the Second and Seventh, respectively, both of whom are seeking renomination, will be named to succeed themselves.

The probable Democratic Congressional slate in Kings County is: Second District, George H. Lindsay; Third, James F. Maher; Fourth, Dr. Frank Wilson; Fifth, Charles H. Fuller; Sixth, Herman A. Metz, and Seventh, John J. Fitzgerald.

HOMESICK, JUMPS IN RIVER.

Immigrant Girl, Longing for Italy, Attempts to End Her Life.

Nuncia St. George, a young Italian girl, who has been only fifteen days in this country, complained constantly to her brother, Giovanni, with whom she lived at 327 East 112th Street, that she would never be able to learn English, nor to grow to like the country. Instead of going to where she worked as a seamstress yesterday morning, she wandered up and down the bank of the East River. In the afternoon, while the Recreation Pier at the foot of East 112th Street was crowded with babies and baby carriages, she was suddenly seen to throw up her hands with a cry and jump overboard.

A young man, whose name the police failed to learn, jumped after her, without even shedding his coat. He caught her almost as soon as she rose to the surface and, despite her struggles, succeeded in taking her safely ashore. Policeman Nekola of the East 104th Street Station called Dr. Fulton, who moved the girl to the Harlem Hospital, a prisoner, charged with attempted suicide. She had suffered only a little from submersion, and will leave the hospital to-day.

$5,000 FOR LAW INSTITUTE.

Modest Donor Thus Aids the Library Endowment Fund.

William H. Winters, librarian of the New York Law Institute, has received a gift of $5,000 for the institute. The donor requests that his name shall not be publicly mentioned. The Executive Committee will place the gift to the credit of the library endowment fund.

The new Treasurer, Robert Ludlow Fowler, recently transferred from the library surplus receipts nearly $6,500 to the fund. The market value of the entire library building investment fund is now about $42,000, from which the institute will receive an annual interest return of very nearly $1,900.

The New York Law Institute was organized in 1828. Its first President was Chancellor James Kent, who was succeeded by many eminent members of the bar—James T. Brady, Charles O'Conor, Joseph H. Choate, and others. Its present President is Justice Lacombe of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. The Chairman of the Executive Committee is Col. John J. McCook.

The library numbers 72,165 volumes, and the value of the library properties, books, paintings, &c., is about $200,000.

OVERBOARD TO SEEK BRIDE.

Navy Cook, Arrested for Unauthorized Absence, Tries to Swim Ashore.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 15.—Ship's Cook E. V. Bennett of the battleship Vermont, who had been absent without leave for thirty days, was arrested to-day by the Newport police and taken to the Naval Training Station. About noon Bennett was being taken on the Reina Mercedes to the station's brig, when he suddenly looked toward Newport, where his bride of a month is staying, and jumped overboard.

The officer of the deck ordered boats lowered and at the same time shut off the swimmer's path to Newport. Bennett was brought on board and is now under strong guard, awaiting court-martial.

Bennett had been here since leaving the Vermont last month, while the battleship was in Newport Harbor with the Atlantic fleet.

A Times Square Ticket Office.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company announces that, realizing the gradual shifting of the centre of New York City to the northward, it has leased the southeast corner of Broadway and Forty-third Street in the new Fitzgerald Building, for a new uptown ticket office. This site on Times Square, opposite the Times Building, is now practically the centre of the hotel and theatre district. Traffic, both day and night, is approximately greater at this point than at any other location in New York. The office will be ready for occupancy about Oct. 1.

RATE INQUIRY GOES TO WASHINGTON NEXT

All the Railroad Presidents to Testify There in Justification of the Increases.

TERMINAL COST IN QUESTION

C. S. White of the Baltimore & Ohio Admits It Was Not Proportioned Against Class-Rate Increases.

The railroads involved in the investigation which the Inter-State Commerce Commission is making into the rate increases on all the lines east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio and Potomac Rivers will put their Presidents on the stand to explain the financial aspects of their proposal before they close their case. This announcement was made yesterday by C. E. Butterfield, counsel for the New York Central. At the close of the session an adjournment was taken to enable the completion of the statistical information that the shippers have requested.

The hearings will be resumed in Washington for the evidence of the railroad Presidents, and it will be before the Inter-State Commerce Commission itself and not before an examiner, as in the case of the hearings here. The conclusion of the railroads' case from a traffic basis was ended yesterday with the evidence of C. S. White, General Traffic Manager of the Baltimore & Ohio, who is considered about the best technical expert that the railroads have on their side and is one of the two men now surviving who participated in the formation of the present classification for the Eastern territory in 1887.

Mr. White's direct evidence told of the general conditions which led the roads to believe that class rates ought to stand the burden of the rate increase, which was to cover the increased cost of the fast freight business, the increased terminal charges, and the increase of expenses due to the establishment of an inspection service to prevent false classification and underbilling on the part of shippers. These factors, of course, were additional to the increase in wage scales.

Unable to Divide Terminal Cost.

"When you fixed the increase for first-class traffic at 15 cents over the New York-Chicago rate did you have in mind what part the element of terminal cost played in the situation?" Mr. Brandeis asked. The witness said that he did not. Mr. Brandeis next asked whether in his experience of forty-five years in the railroad business he had ever formed an estimate of the proportion of the expense attributable to the cost of terminal service. Again Mr. White answered in the negative.

In response to other questions Mr. White stated that he was equally unable to segregate in the total cost of carrying freight the terminal charge in the long as contrasted with the short haul business in one class of traffic as contrasted with another and in the carload, as contrasted with the less than carload shipments. Mr. Brandeis wanted to know how otherwise it was possible to apportion an increase in rate intended to offset the increased terminal charges on the class shipments not felt on the commodity shipments, and on less than carload business where the increased terminal expense was not felt on carload business, but he did not get any further light from Mr. White.

Mr. Brandeis next took up the expense of $200,000 a year for the inspection service which the Trunk Line Association maintains to safeguard the classification and billing, asking whether the roads had ever brought a single case of violation to the attention of a United States District Attorney since it has become a crime to falsify the classification and the billing of freight. Mr. White replied:

Declines to Turn Informer.

"We don't want our employes to turn informers, nor do we want to turn informers, for we don't think our relations with our shippers would be bettered in that way. What we have done is to take violations up with the heads of the industries concerned on the theory that they were ignorant of the acts of the subordinates who actually committed the violations and we have accomplished substantial results by this method."

"Don't you think," demanded Mr. Brandeis, "that, considering that the burden of this inspection service falls on the honest shipper, it would be fairer to him to bring violations to the attention of the constituted authorities and let the resultant trial and publicity correct the evils, just as Collector Loeb has done with the abuse of under-valuations at this port?"

"I want to say frankly," the witness rejoined, "that I shall never turn informer against the shippers. If the Government comes to me for information in any case I will give it, but I shall not turn informer."

General Counsel Bond of the Baltimore & Ohio interrupted at this point.

"The railroads are not charged with the enforcement of the criminal statutes of the United States," said he. "Besides, this item of $200,000 additional expense for this inspection service distributed among all the railroads in the Trunk Line Association is insignificant."

"Here, however," said Mr. Brandeis, "we have one specific figure—$200,000—distributed among the roads in the Trunk Line Association, and it is in the interest of Mr. Bond as well as in that of the case that I demonstrate the infirmity of this item set up as justification for the rate increases."

Wage Increases Not Figured In.

Attorney Frank Lyon for the Inter-State Commerce Commission asked Mr. White whether he had before him when he worked out the rate increases the prospective wage increases on his system. The answer was in the negative. Mr. Lyon made the same inquiry as to the increase in net operating income of $3,500,000 in the Baltimore & Ohio road in 1910 over 1909. Mr. White said that he had that in mind only generally and was not familiar with the detailed figures.

"If that fact had been in your mind, would it have changed your views as to the necessity of these increases?" demanded Mr. Lyon.

"I can't say what would have changed my views," responded the witness.

Mr. White had referred to the rate increases from time to time as "equalising" the rates as between the classes and the commodities and as between the various classes. To Mr. Lyon he declared that the uniform advance of a given number of cents on all rates in a given class or group of classes in his opinion minimised the tendency of the increases to disturb business. Mr. Brandeis had some questions to ask on this point before the hearing was done.

Remarking that the railroads had done their "equalising" the way the trusts have uniformly done in an upward direction, Mr. Brandeis selected for an example the first class rate of 75 cents from New York, the rail and lake rate of 62 cents from New York, the first class rate of 67 cents from Baltimore and Philadelphia, and the rail and lake rate of 62 cents from Baltimore and Philadelphia, to Chicago in all cases, and applied the 15 cents increase to each, in accordance with the new schedules.

Mr. Brandeis figured out a percentage of increase of 20 per cent. in the New York first class all rail rate, a percentage of 24 per cent. in the New York rail and lake rates, a percentage of 23 per cent. in the Baltimore & Philadelphia first class all rail rate and a percentage of 27 per cent. in the Baltimore & Philadelphia rail and lake rate and asked the witness how he calculated on these facts that the increases maintained an equality between the various modes of shipment, and how he figured that such equality would avoid a disturbance to business. Mr. White replied that the method chosen by the railroads, in his opinion, reduced the disturbance to a minimum. That was as far as he would go.

THIEVES IN "DOCTORS' ROW."

Rob Three Bronx Physicians Whose Homes Adjoin, Getting $400 Loot.

Burglars visited "Doctors Row," on Washington Avenue, the Bronx, yesterday morning and got away with about $400 worth of loot. They turned the homes of two physicians topsy-turvey and were scared away from the neighborhood by the return of a doctor from an all night call.

About three o'clock the thieves entered the home of Dr. Edward P. Robinson, at 1586 Washington Avenue. The doctor's 12-year-old son, heard them in the basement and rang a bell that communicates with the upper apartments. The thieves heard the alarm, and thinking it was a burglar alarm, decamped.

Dr. I. N. Wernow lives next door, at 1588. His home was entered by the rear basement and the thieves went from cellar to garret, picking up everything of value they could lay their hands on. The doctor estimates his loss at about $200.

From Dr. Wernow's home the thieves went next door to the home of Dr. I. Frey, at 1590. They entered in the same way as in the other two places visited. Dr. Frey was out on a sick call. When he returned at 4 o'clock he heard the burglars going out of the rear door of the basement and immediately gave the alarm.

Dr. Frey said the thieves got away with about $200 worth of property from his home.

25 SOLDIERS POISONED.

Sick of Ptomaine Poisoning as Result of Gun Record Luncheon.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 15.—Twenty-five men of the Twenty-seventh Coast Artillery, stationed at the Presidio, are in the post hospital suffering severely of ptomaine poisoning.

The men partook yesterday of a luncheon given by their commander, Capt. H. R. Casey, in honor of a big gun record established by the company during target practice several days ago.

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

From the standpoint of value alone can you afford to pay Smith Gray prices and not get Smith Gray clothes?

Smith Gray Fall and Winter 1910-11 model suits and overcoats, the crowning masterpieces of the designer's art and tailoring skill, are priced as are the commonplace.

They represent to you the cumulative experience of the industry from its dawn until to-day, developed by master custom tailors in a custom shop, not a factory, to a point which renders them characteristic and individual.

They mean to you a greater value and better and more assuredly correct style and better service than is possible in any other ready-for-service clothes.

Smith Gray Fall and Winter 1910-11 models; suits and overcoats range in price from $18 to $50, with some very extreme special values at $15.50 and $18.50.

Smith Gray & Co.
Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Ave. Broadway at Bedford Ave.
Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 8th Ave., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

No, we are not seventy years old.

that's too old to be in the dry good business.
we just have seventy years of experience to temper and guide our youth.
but we have youthful enthusiasm.
you would think so to read these advertisements, wouldn't you?
it's true. we want to serve you.
and you will want us to one day.

An old customer praising our new Shoe Department says:
"You have so many models which combine style with comfort. You fitted my daughter with the year's most attractive novelty, but you had an equally graceful and pretty shoe for me on thoroughly conservative lines."
Come and see if she was right.

Le Boutillier Brothers
48 to 59 west 23d street

1887 BRILL CLOTHES—READY TO WEAR 1910

Do You Motor-Cycle?

We raked the market up and down for the right suit for you. It wasn't there. So we put our heads together with a number of representative motor-cyclists and evolved a Norfolk jacket and breeches suit in which every detail is worked out to a fine conclusion to meet every requirement of comfort and durability. It's hand-tailored, of hard, double-woven, cravenetted, shower-proof whipcord, in fawn and olive, with adjustable wind sleeves; will stand the roughest usage; and will clean readily. $10.

Khaki Motor-Cyclist's Suit, $5.

New-hat day yesterday! Stetson soft hats and derbies, $3.50 to $12; Crofut & Knapp Special soft hats, $3; Austrian velour hats, $5; English wool hats, $2; B. B. Special, $2.

Fall Suits for men and young men From $15 up to $45.

Brill Brothers
CLOTHIERS 4 CONVENIENT STORES
279 BROADWAY, nr. Chambers St. 47 CORTLANDT ST., nr. Greenwich.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., nr. B'way. 125TH STREET, cor. 3d Avenue.

Earl Grey's Canoe Ride
proved to him that the "Frozen North" no longer existed, but that this portion of Canada was full of rich prospects.

Two Questions About Roosevelt
Were solved by his western trip according to one who went with him. Has he still got power over the people? What will he do with it?

Cabal in English War Office
Serious condition of affairs that results in Lord Kitchener being without a command and other strange happenings in the Military Service.

The Chinese Naval Commission
Dr. Gilbert Reid, recently returned from China, tells about the distinguished visitors and their object in coming here.

Togo Tourists Visit Pittsburg
They invade the large brunette city in Western Penn., and watch the workers boil iron.

The Pictorial Section
Will contain these interesting events told in photographs.

The Opening of the Schools
Getting the Airship "America" Ready to Cross the Atlantic
Col. Roosevelt's Western Tour
Baby Parade at Asbury Park
With Boy Scouts at Long Beach
Return of the Rainey-Whitney Arctic Expedition.

And an unusually clever page of
Cartoons by Hy. Mayer

Be Sure to Order Early
Next Sunday's Times

HARMON TO FLY FOR TIMES PRIZE

Amateur Aviator Will Extend Flight for Rumson Club Trophy to Governors Island.

NOW IN INDIANAPOLIS

Will Return Immediately After the Elimination Trials for Balloon Championship, in Which He Is Entered.

Clifford B. Harmon, President of the National Council of the Aero Club of America, which includes in its membership practically all the aeronautical societies and associations throughout the United States, will compete for the trophy offered by the Rumson Country Club of Seabright, N. J., to the first amateur aviator to fly from the grounds of the club, remain in the air at least one-half hour, and alight on the same grounds. He sent his entry to H. S. Borden of the club yesterday.

The contest promises to be one of the most important held on the eastern seaboard, as Mr. Harmon will make an effort to win THE NEW YORK TIMES Cup for the first amateur aviator to leave the grounds of the Rumson Country Club and land at Governors Island.

Mr. Harmon distinguished himself at the Boston aviation meet by winning every event open to amateurs. His work there was considered remarkable by aeronautic experts. He carried off trophies valued at $7,500 and proved himself to be one of the most expert aviators in the country. In a flight from the aviation grounds at Mineola, L. I., to Greenwich, Conn., Mr. Harmon recently won the Town and Country Cup offered for the first aviator to cross the Sound in a heavier-than-air machine.

The competition at the Rumson Country Club is open to all amateur aviators, and Mr. Harmon is the first to enter the list. He is at present at Indianapolis, where he will take part in the elimination trials for the world's balloon championship, the final of which will be held at St. Louis Oct. 17. After the trials at Indianapolis Mr. Harmon will return to this city and take his machine to the Rumson Country Club polo field to compete for the cup.

While Mr. Harmon is particularly anxious to win the trophy offered by the Rumson Country Club, he is more ambitious to carry off the prize offered by THE NEW YORK TIMES, and feels certain that he will succeed in flying from the Rumon Country Club grounds to Governors Island.

The flight from the Rumson Country Club grounds to Governors Island will be one of the most hazardous ever attempted by an amateur. Two-thirds of the distance, which is about thirty miles, will be over water, and Mr. Harmon will equip his machine with pontoons, to protect himself in case of any accident.

SHRIVER IN BEST FLIGHT.

Takes a 20-Minute Trip at Hempstead —Harkness Has a Fall.

Special to The New York Times.

AVIATION GROUNDS, Hempstead Plains, L. I., Sept. 15.—Though weather conditions pointed to a day devoid of interest, Harry S. Harkness, by wrecking his Antoinette monoplane, and Tod Shriver, in the Howard Dietz biplane, by giving the best exhibition seen here since the flights of Charles K. Hamilton, made the day one of the most eventful since the fliers gathered here.

The stiff wind which had been blowing all day died down about 6 o'clock. Shriver brought out his biplane, and, keeping his elevating plane pointing upward from the very start, soon reached a height of 500 feet. He did not keep directly on the course or cut corners, as is usually the case, but flew far outside the flags.

As he approached the empty grand stand, going at a terrific rate, he was on a level with the top of the flagpole. It was getting late, and, as no flights were expected, not more than forty persons were on the field. The little crowd held its breath as the aeroplane skewed sideways on the curve and headed straight for the aero club flag fluttering at the top of the pole. With a quick turn of the wheel he slipped by the obstruction, however, although his right plane missed it by only an inch.

Shriver landed for more gasoline, and then shot up again to 400 feet. By this time the full moon was furnishing the only light to fly by. It struck glancing rays across the planes and silvered the steel wires as, riding higher and higher, the machine headed due east. It was estimated that when he reached the Meadow Brook Club Shriver was 700 feet in the air. Keeping steadily east, he was then lost to sight. Flying to the furthest outskirts of Westbury, he turned, heading back, but still maintaining the same altitude, and soon swooped over the field, past the grand stand, and over the sheds of the Aero Club. Circling over the telegraph wires of the Long Island Railroad track, Shriver made his turn. He landed gracefully a minute later in the field. He had been gone just twenty minutes.

George Russell made two short flights here this evening. Joe Seymour motored over from his home, in Huntington, L. I., in his racing car, to oversee the shipment of his plane to Oneonta, N. Y., where he will fly at the fair.

Harry Harkness reached an altitude of fifteen feet, his first real attempt to get off the ground, this morning. He made a perfect flight, but just as he was about to land his engine kicked. Harkness shut off the power, and the Antoinette came to the ground with a jar which drove the air tube clear through the knitting-needle-like body of the monoplane. The front skids and the propeller were damaged and the radiator tubes were broken and bent.

Harkness will transfer the present motor into another monoplane he has here.

HARMER OUT OF TIMES RACE.

Illness of Mother Calls Young English Amateur Flier Abroad.

Charles G. Harmer of Portsmouth, England, has withdrawn from THE NEW YORK TIMES-Chicago Evening Post air race from Chicago to New York. Mr. Harmer's withdrawal is due to the fact that his mother is dangerously ill, and he has been cabled to return to England immediately. He will leave on Saturday, and it will be impossible for him to return in time for the race.

Although the only amateur in the contest, Mr. Harmer was considered one of the most promising contestants in the flight. He had made a special trip over the route which he proposed following in an air craft, and at the time of receiving the cablegram was inspecting an alternative route, having reached Buffalo on the journey.

The withdrawal of Mr. Harmer from the contest leaves only professionals in the event. In his letter of withdrawal Mr. Harmer says:

"For the promoting of a race of the greatest importance, of the greatest endurance test, and for such magnanimous treatment of aviators THE NEW YORK TIMES and The Chicago Evening Post deserve the thanks and appreciation of every one interested in aeronautical science. I regret that I am compelled to abandon my trip of inspection from Cleveland to New York via Buffalo, and it is only my duty to my mother that compels my withdrawal. It is not without feelings of considerable remorse that I withdraw from the race, an event which I have looked forward to, especially as I had hoped to be the dark horse amateur who would accomplish the race."

Mr. Harmer is one of the most experienced aviators in England. Although still a young man he has been engaged in experimental aeronautic work for the last ten years, taking up the study when he was a student at the Royal Naval College at Greenwich near London. He brought to this country two Bleriot monoplanes which he had intended using in the race, and which were built especially for him. He will leave these machines here, and hopes to return in the near future to take part in other aviation contests.

ELY A TIMES RACE ENTRANT.

Aviator Wires from Rock Island That He Will Compete in Chicago Flight.

Eugene Ely, who for the last year has been flying a Curtiss machine, yesterday sent his formal entry in THE NEW YORK TIMES-Chicago Evening Post $25,000 aeroplane race from Chicago to New York, enrolling himself in the list of entrants, which includes J. C. Mars, Charles K. Hamilton, Charles F. Willard, J. A. D. McCurdy, Tod Schriver, Joe Seymour, Dr. William Greene, and others.

Ely's entry was telegraphed from Rock Island, Ill., where he is giving exhibitions this week. Although one of the youngest of the professional aviators, Ely is one of the most daring and successful in the country. His work in the Curtiss biplane throughout the larger cities of the United States has been such that he has taken his place in the front rank of American aviators. At the recent meet at Sheepshead Bay Ely established an endurance and altitude record for the meet.

Being an expert mechanic and racing automobile driver, Ely possesses all the natural requirements of an aviator. After a preliminary training Ely toured the Pacific Coast and then visited Japan, where he made a flight before the Emperor.

Recently Ely had a fall from several hundred feet in his aeroplane while making a cross-country flight from Winnipeg, Manitoba, to La Portage. His motor stopped while he was flying in a high wind, and, effecting a landing on rough ground, Ely was thrown from his seat and badly shaken and bruised, while the aeroplane was wrecked.

Ely captured the Manhattan Beach trophy at the Sheepshead aviation meet for the most daring flight by a bold dash across the water of Sheepshead Bay without pontoons to Manhattan Beach, where he landed on a small grass plot in front of the hotel. After taking lunch he flew back to the aviation field at Sheepshead Bay, which he circled at an altitude of more than 2,000 feet, before swooping down in a long high glide before landing.

DREXEL AND MOISSANT COMING.

Both Will Be Entered in International Tournament at Belmont Park.

The appearance of J. Armstrong Drexel and John B. Moissant at the international aviation tournament at Belmont Park, Oct. 22 to 30, was made certain last night when J. C. McCoy, Chairman of the Aviation Committee, cabled to Cortlandt Field Bishop in Paris that their applications as entrants were satisfactory, and to close contracts with them at once. Mr. Drexel and Mr. Moissant are two of America's foremost aviators, and have made international reputations by their flights in Europe in the last few months. They will enter the elimination trials for the selection of the American Trophy defending team, and also will take part in the general events of the tournament.

Announcement was made at the tournament headquarters yesterday that more than 50 per cent. of the boxes had been sold.

"The demand for boxes and seats has exceeded all expectations," said Allan A. Ryan, Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements. "Requests for boxes have come in by cable, and from all parts of the country. Even with the 500 additional boxes in the grand stand, it looks as though everything would be sold out within the next ten days."

Each day as preparations go forward for the tournament it becomes more apparent that one of the interesting features will be the fight for supremacy between the big monoplane concerns of France. The European manufacturers appreciate that, despite the patent infringement controversy, America is soon to be a profitable market for flying machines, and each of the leading builders of Europe is eager to make use of the international meeting as an opportunity for exploiting his type of machine. Louis Blériot probably will come to the tournament, not to compete for prizes, but to look after the business interests of his concern, and the Antoinette monoplane concern will be represented by Hubert Latham, a member of the French international team. Several of the newer types of monoplanes, such as the Illner, the Vendome, and the Etrich, also will be here to bid for the favor of American purchasers.

Concerning the chances of American aviators for holding the International Trophy this year and winning their share of the $50,000 against the big machines from the other side, G. J. C. Wood, a member of the Aero Club of America, recently back from abroad, said he was far more optimistic than many persons whom he had heard talking about the Boston meeting.

"We have the aviators," he said, "but have we the machines? That is the only question. Curtiss, the Wrights, and some of their men, and Hamilton are equal to any of the aviators of Europe. Give them high-power machines and they will equal anything done over there. Grahame-White is a good aviator, but his success at Boston has not been due to exceptional ability, but to his monoplane and his motor.

"It would not surprise me at all to see an American biplane win the International Trophy. I mean, of course, a biplane built for speed, and having a powerful motor. An American machine surprised the world at Rheims last year, and an American machine is likely to surprise the world at Belmont Park this year."

NINE BALLOONISTS TO START.

Elimination Trials for American Championship Begin To-morrow.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 15.—Pilots and balloons for the American championship and free-for-all races, which start at the Indianapolis Motor Speedway Saturday afternoon, are arriving at the speedway, and inflation will start to-morrow. Nine contestants have entered in the championship race, which will be run under the rules of the Aero Club of America.

Six balloons are entered in the free-for-all race for gas balloons of every capacity, which will be started after the entries in the championship contest have been sent into the air. This race is for distance, the winner to receive a diamond-studded cup.

In the championship race both endurance and distance will be taken into account. Balloonists from New York, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Dayton, Chicago, St. Louis, and Indianapolis will participate in the two races.

AIRSHIP TOURS NOW.

Glidden Plans Project on Lines Similar to Auto Tours He Originated.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 15.—Aeroplane tours, to be conducted on plans similar to those governing automobile tours, are the subject of a proposition announced to-day by Charles J. Glidden, originator of the Glidden tours for automobiles.

The project of air touring is a development of the Harvard-Boston aviation meet, which closed to-day, and to encourage it Mr. Glidden, who was Chairman of the meet, has offered a valuable trophy to the National Council of Affiliated Aero Clubs, to be competed for annually under such rules as the council may prescribe. It is planned that the initial air tour shall be started from the Harvard-Boston aviation field at Atlantic in 1911.

GRESSER WANTS MORE MONEY

Queens Budget for 1911 Runs Up to $2,400,000, an Increase of $1,100,000.

Borough President Gresser of Queens completed his estimate yesterday on the cost of the administration of his office for the coming year. It totals more than $2,400,000, an increase of more than $1,100,000 over the amount allowed him for this year.

Gresser explained that no salary increases are included in the estimate, and that the principal items of importance are $500,000 for the improvement of macadam roads and some $50,000 for the employment of engineers to map out sewer improvements to keep up with the increasing population of the borough.

WELLMAN'S AIM IN HIS OCEAN FLIGHT

Expects to Advance Universal Peace by Showing How Terrible War Can Be Made.

SPEAKS TO THE CLOVER CLUB

Aerialists, He Believes, Have Power to Destroy Navies and Armies, Cities and Their People.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 15.—Walter Wellman, head of the transatlantic aero expedition, was a guest of United States Senators Penrose and Oliver to-night when the famous Clover Club of Philadelphia dined outside of that city for the first time. Wellman addressed more than 300 prominent Pennsylvanians, and received an ovation. In his contemplated flight across the Atlantic in the balloon America, which is now being made ready, and which is equipped with wireless apparatus from which will be flashed news of the flight to THE NEW YORK TIMES, The London Daily Telegraph, and The Chicago Record-Herald, Mr. Wellman hopes to make a demonstration that will lead to universal peace by showing how destructive war can be made.

He said that it was the desire to prove the terrific destructive possibilities of airships as engines of war and by this demonstration to make war impossible that actuated himself and Engineer Vanaman in the enterprise, rather than confidence in the purely commercial value to which airships could be put in the near future.

The impending effort to cross the Atlantic might throw some light on the commercial possibilities, since they could be much better worked out by actual demonstration than by theory, he said, but his special purpose was to demonstrate the practicability of such ships as destroyers.

"We believe," he declared, "that the airship will do more than any other single agency to bring about universal peace. War is barbaric, and should be obsolete. The way to make war impossible is to make it so destructive that all the world will at once see that it is suicide and crime to go to war.

"Vaniman and I believe we know how to adapt airships to warfare in such a manner as to make armed conflict almost inconceivably terrible and ruinous. If we are right, a fleet of ten airships could not only destroy battleships, naval stations, fortresses, camps, bridges, arsenals, and strategic points, but could lay waste cities, strike terror to scores of millions of people, and overawe the most courageous and resourceful nation.

"When it comes to war in the air, when great aerial fleets may devastate not only the high seas but the land and the centres of population, paralyze industry and annihilate wealth, there will be no more wars. That is what we aim at in our trans-Atlantic effort, to demonstrate the value of the plans which we shall soon afterward be prepared to submit to the principal governments."

"We are not hoping to make money, but to achieve something for progress, and for the cause of universal peace. Even in their present experimental stage motor balloons and mechanical flight machines are doing much for peace. Mankind has always had and always will have a love of adventure. In the past this aspiration has found vent in exploration and war, chiefly the latter. Now it is turning chiefly the latter. Now it is turning toward the art of aerial navigation. The inventors and pioneers who love to build and plan and try, even at the risk of their lives, are ignoring war and throwing their energies and enthusiasm into the conquest of the air. We are strong in the belief that in the end, and that is not far distant, aerial navigation, though not perhaps commercially adopted, will remove from modern civilization that accursed heritage of the early and Middle Ages—killing and destroying on a large scale in the name of patriotism. If my friend, Andrew Carnegie, who has already done so much good in the world, wants to bring about universal peace let him endow with a million or two a plant for aerial development."

The preparation of the airship America for a long voyage proceeds rapidly. Everything is being carefully tested. Walter Wellman and Engineer Vanaman have always believed that the greatest danger in motor ballooning is that of fire.

All the gasoline is carried in strong steel tanks, from which it is pumped without the need of opening. The exhaust from the motors is carried out to the area of the propeller movement, where the powerful currents of the air sweep all products of combustion away from the gasoline tanks and the hydrogen reservoir. Fire extinguishers of the best type are installed upon the ship.

The electric light and speaking tube systems were tested to-day and found satisfactory.

Engineer Vanaman says he will have the America ready for a trial trip next week, and hopes to be ready to start for the long voyage in about a fortnight.

The Heritage of the Desert

By Zane Grey

Here is a new writer who is not afraid to say things in his own way—and the things are well worth the saying. He gives our West of a few years ago in a new setting and from a new point of view—but over all is the thrill of the perfect story-teller. Here is the tale of the taming of that wonderful horse Silvermane, and all through it runs the wonder of a strong man's love for a strong woman—all under the purple sky of the Desert. A story of wide spaces, to remember all of one's days.

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None of the Rugs in this Sale exchanged or credited—prices won't permit.

Transfers good as 5c. cash on a $1 purchase, 10c. on a $2 or greater purchase, will be handed you by our agent at Columbus Circle, making it the same as though

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Most Wonderful Values in high-grade Oriental Rugs ever offered in this country.

A Half Million Dollar Stock of Oriental Rugs

At the Lowest Prices Ever Known

We might well term this a "Get Acquainted" Sale. Our primal object in making such startlingly low prices was to induce those who knew it not to become acquainted with our Oriental Rug Department. How splendidly that has been done is a matter of History.

All the Rugs Are Our Own Direct Importation, and They Are Here Wonderfully Complete Variety of Large, Small and Medium Sizes in Persian, Turkish and India Makes at Prices Never Before Known in America

The Sale, which opened last Monday, will be continued to the end of the month. It will have new interest every day because every day new Bales of Rugs reach us from the Custom House. Don't fail to come and see the display; whether you buy or not is a question for you to settle. We not only SUGGEST, but we strongly and emphatically urge you to make careful comparisons with every other store's offerings. We are more than sure that we are underselling all others—we are absolutely positive. But—investigate.

$15, $18 & $20 Oriental Rugs at - $6.75
Averaging 3 feet by 4 feet.
Including Beloochistan and Carabaghs and Kazakjias.
All in good condition; excellent colors and designs. None C. O. D. or on approval and none sold to dealers. Only 5 of these to any one customer.

$18 to $22 Oriental Rugs at - - $7.75
These are larger than those in the $6.75 pile; good rugs; among them are some pieces about 3 feet square; there are about 150 pieces to select from. Lot consists mostly of Beloochistans and Kazakjias. Not more than 5 of these rugs to any one customer.

$20 to $30 Oriental Rugs at - - $8.75
Averaging 3 feet 6 inches by 5 feet.
This lot includes Shirvans, Kazakjias and Beloochistans. It is a good lot and well worth looking over. Only 5 of these to any one customer. Every rug is a great value.

$22 to $32 Oriental Rugs at - - $9.75
This is an excellent lot, consisting of Beloochistans, averaging 3x5 ft.; some Moussouls and very good Kazakjias are also included in this lot.

$30 to $40 Oriental Rugs at - - $10.50
This lot consists mostly of Daghestans and Shirvans and some very fine Beloochistans. They are 3 by 5 feet; soft and pleasing in color, and make excellent rugs for small rooms.

$40, $50 & $60 Oriental Rugs at - $15.75
This lot comprises an excellent assortment of Moussouls in sizes about 4 by 7 feet. There is also a fine lot of Guenjies, Kazaks, Fereghans, Irans, Cashmeres, and large Beloochistans, ranging in sizes from 3 to 4 feet 3 inches wide by 6 feet to 8 feet long; all marked for this sale at $15.75. None of these rugs will be credited or exchanged. Every rug sold from this pile must be an absolute sale.

$75 to $100 Persian Kermanshah and Saruk Rugs at $29.75
Averaging 3 feet 6 inches wide by 5 feet 6 inches long.
The Saruks are in stronger colors than the Kermanshahs and more suitable for library or sitting rooms. The Kermanshahs come in soft, delicate shades of old rose, Nile green and soft blues and gold and are especially suitable for use with the more delicate furniture of reception rooms and boudoirs.

$100 to $150 Royal Kermanshah and Saruk Rugs at $49.75
Averaging in size 4 feet 6 inches wide by 7 feet 6 inches long.
They are the same as the $29.75 lot, nearly twice as large. Most of our Kermanshah and Saruk rugs contain from 250 to 350 knots to the square inch. Kermanshah is the leader of Oriental rugs to-day, but we make no distinction of it in price.

Room Size Oriental Rugs
at astonishingly low prices, as follows:

Royal Kermanshah

$350 Kermanshah, 12.1x9.0	$168
$450 Kermanshah, 12.7x9.4	$195
$450 Kermanshah, 11.8x8.10	$195
$358 Kermanshah, 11.2x8.2	$168
$358 Kermanshah, 11.4x7.8	$168
$525 Kermanshah, 14.3x10.3	$288
$565 Kermanshah, 13.8x8.10	$295
$568 Kermanshah, 11.4x8.8	$248
$600 Kermanshah, 14.7x9.0	$295
$225 Kermanshah, 8.8x6.3	$138

Afghan Bokhara

$100 Afghan Bokhara, 8.4x6	$50
$100 Afghan Bokhara, 7.2x5.9	$50
$110 Afghan Bokhara, 8.3x5.7	$59
$110 Afghan Bokhara, 7.7x5.10	$59
$100 Afghan Bokhara, 8x6.1	$59
$110 Afghan Bokhara, 9.1x5.8	$59
$110 Afghan Bokhara, 8.4x6.4	$59
$100 Afghan Bokhara, 9.3x6.2	$50
$125 Afghan Bokhara, 9x6.1	$68
$135 Afghan Bokhara, 8.3x6.5	$69

Persian Mahal

$225 Persian Mahal, 11.2x8.6	$79
$200 Persian Mahal, 10.2x8.7	$79
$258 Persian Mahal, 10.9x8.7	$89
$250 Persian Mahal, 11.8x7.10	$89
$268 Persian Mahal, 12.0x8.7	$89
$325 Persian Mahal, 12.2x9.1	$97.50
$300 Persian Mahal, 12.6x8.4	$97.50
$300 Persian Mahal, 12.6x8.3	$97.50
$328 Persian Mahal, 12.3x9.0	$97.50
$328 Persian Mahal, 13.3x10.7	$100

Persian Serapi

$250 Persian Serapi, 12.6x10.2	$128
$255 Persian Serapi, 12.4x9.0	$128
$250 Persian Serapi, 12.4x9.8	$128
$250 Persian Serapi, 12.7x9.3	$128
$268 Persian Serapi, 12.2x8.7	$148
$268 Persian Serapi, 12.5x9.5	$148
$268 Persian Serapi, 12.6x9.8	$148
$300 Persian Serapi, 12.3x9.3	$195
$295 Persian Serapi, 14.1x10	$178
$300 Persian Serapi, 13.5x9.4	$188

Royal Meshed

$225 Royal Meshed, 10.6x6.4	$79
$285 Royal Meshed, 12.8x8.8	$95
$300 Royal Meshed, 11.5x7.2	$97.50
$300 Royal Meshed, 12.2x7.9	$97.50
$300 Royal Meshed, 12.4x7.9	$97.50
$325 Royal Meshed, 10.10x8.1	$100
$350 Royal Meshed, 12.3x8.0	$128
$338 Royal Meshed, 11.2x8.2	$115
$350 Royal Meshed, 12.2x9.10	$128
$358 Royal Meshed, 14.3x8.9	$128

Persian Hall Runners

$85 Moussoul, 3.4x13.6	$29.75
$74 Moussoul, 3.6x13.5	$24.75
$88 Fereghan, 2.9x14.1	$29.75
$86 Kazak, 3.10x16.4	$39.75
$90 Iran, 3.6x14.2	$29.75
$79 Moussoul, 3.8x12.2	$29.75
$78 Kazak, 3.7x13.2	$24.75
$85 Moussoul, 3.7x10.4	$24.75
$82 Camel's Hair, 3.6x11.6	$24.75
$78 Kazak, 3.8x12.4	$24.75
$85 Kazak, 3.11x11.10	$29.75
$75 Camel's Hair, 3.9x9.8	$29.75

Room Rugs at Prices Lower Than Those of Domestic Wilton Rugs

$190 India Rugs, 11.10x9.1	$49.50	$200 India Rugs, 11.11x10.8	$69.00
$225 India Rugs, 12.11x10	$65.00	$185 India Rugs, 12x9	$55.00
$178 India Rugs, 12x9	$49.50	$125 India Rugs, 10.2x7	$39.75
$110 India Rugs, 9.1x6	$29.75	$100 India Rugs, 9.3x6	$29.75
$100.25 India Rugs, 10x7	$39.75	$160 India Rugs, 11x8.2	$45.00
$210 India Rugs, 12x11.2	$85.00		

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The story of a young American who, through an act of kindness to a woman traveller, is drawn into the stream of political intrigue and plot in the land of the Czar. The narrative moves swiftly and dramatically to a climax of real power and fascination.

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BANKS WON'T YIELD TO ENGLISH DEMAND

Americans Positively Refuse to Give the Guarantees on Cotton Bills of Lading.

SITUATION AT A DEADLOCK

European Bankers Declare They Will Not Withdraw from Their Attitude—Their Arguments.

American bankers adhered to their decision yesterday not to give the guarantee of cotton bills of lading which has been demanded by the bankers of Europe represented by a central committee in London. After a protracted meeting of the sub-committees of the American Bankers' Association's committee this message was sent by cable to the London committee:

We deeply regret your decision, and cannot but feel that it was reached through misapprehension. We have accomplished much in securing the validation certificate, thus placing the business on a safe basis. Further consideration of bankers' guarantee is absolutely out of the question, being incompatible with correct banking principles. This is final. Situation could not be changed by our committee going to London, but, of course we would welcome your deputation in New York, where all data and information are obtainable, and where railway and cotton people also could be heard. We are confident this would lead to a better understanding with mutually satisfactory results.

This put the refusal of American bankers in as positive a form as the demand by foreign bankers was made, and the only ground now on which an agreement can be reached will be some departure by the European bankers from their position.

Yesterday's meeting of the Bill of Lading Committee, of which Vice President Frew of the Corn Exchange Bank is Chairman, was held at that bank and lasted from 4 o'clock until nearly 6. It was attended by several bankers other than the members of the committee, including Vice President John E. Gardin of the National City Bank and Vice President Max May of the Guaranty Trust Company, both in charge of the foreign departments of those institutions.

The refusal of our bankers to give the guarantee demanded gives formal expression to the belief on their part that the law would not permit it, and beyond this the bankers of Europe in demanding guarantees of American cotton bills are asking for something which they have repeatedly refused to give in respect to European bills of lading. The attitude of the American bankers is in entire accord with that which European bankers have held in respect to bills of lading originating in Europe.

The bankers did not decide upon the course which they adopted without giving due consideration to the additional burdens which a change in the method of financing the cotton crops might put upon banking facilities in this country, but the granting of the guarantee being regarded as legally impossible as well as opposed to conservative banking they concluded no other course was open to them.

While some bankers look with some apprehension upon the possible results of the misunderstanding, the more general view is that the American attitude is so sound and its advantage through the ownership of the cotton here so strong that no serious difficulty will be encountered in financing the cotton crop, even though the foreign bankers remain a unit in refusing to accept drafts drawn against American cotton bills of lading. If the effect is to force European spinners who need to buy American cotton to make payment for the cotton on the spot instead of having it shipped to them under the present system, the change will not be in any way permanently to the disadvantage of this market. And this is the outcome which a number of bankers expect should the bankers abroad remain obdurate.

It is thought here, however, that there is a pretty good chance that some of the banks of Europe will break away from the banking concert, and will consent to take the bill of lading, with the validation certificate, such as has been in use since Sept. 1. Some of the Continental banks, it is thought, are likely to take some such step, and rumor had it yesterday that even some of the large London banks might individually co-operate.

The demand for full guarantees upon which the European bankers are standing is to take effect on Nov. 1, and at that time will come the test between the banks abroad and our bankers here.

Whether or not the London bankers will send any formal deputation here in response to the cable suggestion is problematical, but an opportunity will be afforded for an informal discussion through the presence here of Sir E. H. Holden of the London City and Midland Bank, who has been taking a leading part in the European demand for guarantees. He is expected in New York early in October.

EUROPEAN BANKERS FIRM.

Only Three Concerns Were Willing to Accept Validation Certificates.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—That the European bankers are determined to stand by the decision reached at the conference yesterday regarding cotton bills of lading is the keynote of a number of interviews THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent had to-day with prominent London bankers whose institutions are among the most powerful of those interested in the cotton business.

Perhaps the situation in Europe was summed up most concisely by D. J. H. Cunnick, joint general manager of the National Provincial Bank of England, which concern does one of the largest businesses in Europe in accepting drafts against bills of lading for cotton.

"The door is not quite closed," said Mr. Cunnick, "but the position seems almost hopeless. As matters now stand we have said our last word, and it is up to America to determine what is to happen.

"One thing is certain—that after Oct. 31 we shall decline to accept drafts unless the genuineneess of the bills of lading is guaranteeed. The business is one of great magnitude, involving, as it does, considerably over £50,000,000 each season, but we would much rather sustain a temporary loss in the way of commissions than run the risk of losing everything. We ask nothing but what is fair and businesslike, but the railway validation certificate as offered by the American bankers leaves us in no better a position than before."

Asked to explain what was wrong about the validation certificate, Mr. Cunnick, in common with the other bankers interviewed, said the chief objection was to the phrase "In accordance with the regulations of the railroad," which, he said, might mean anything.

"Take, for instance," he pointed out, "regulations of a railroad prohibiting any employe from issuing a bill of lading unless in actual possession of the cotton, and suppose that in some small country town an employe for any reason did issue such a document. The railroad company could immediately dispute it as being against the regulations of the railroad.' Where should we be?"

Mr. Cunnick pointed out that there is about a month left in which the American bankers can make up their minds, as in reckoning Oct. 31 as the last day the time it takes for the transit of a draft from America to Europe must be taken into account.

Asked what would happen in the event of the American bankers refusing the guarantee as demanded by the European bankers, Mr. Cunnick replied:

"The American banks will have to finance the business themselves, which will resolve itself into a question of the strength of the New York banks."

Holding similar views, S. B. Murray, Joint General Manager of the London City and Midland Bank, which is also tremendously interested in the cotton business, has an additional objection to the validation certificate. He argues that if it is possible to forge a bill of lading altogether outside the knowledge of the railroad companies, what is to prevent the forgers from going a little further and forging validation certificates as well?

"It is just as easy to commit two forgeries as one," said Mr. Murray to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, "and that it is not a physical impossibility you can see for yourself."

Mr. Murray showed a copy of a validation certificate as proposed by the American railroad companies and recommended by the American bankers as being a happy solution of the controversy. He pointed out that it would be the easiest thing in the world for any one to obtain one of these on a genuine consignment, and then get a supply printed for future use.

"The validation certificate does not touch the question of forgery at all. Our biggest danger is the issuance of forged documents," said Mr. Murray.

He added that some American institutions had expressed their willingness to comply with the demands for guarantees, notably the American express companies, while others, including several banks, had already anticipated the date set for the new regulation to come into force by attaching letters of guarantee to bills of lading. On the other hand, there are many who decline to do this.

Another bank largely interested in the controversy is the Manchester and Liverpool District Bank. To THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent J. Alker, the Assistant Manager, reiterated the foregoing views, adding that among all the European bankers interested in the matter only three were in favor of accepting the validation certificate, namely, Brown, Shipley & Co., the F. Huth Company, and Fruhling & Groschen, all of whom do an extensive business in America and are therefore in a position to guard their interests closely.

According to Mr. Alker, the present deadlock has arisen through too much attention being paid by both sides to small things, while the main point has been lost sight of. For instance, instead of getting together and discussing the matter, the Americans want the European bankers to go to the United States to discuss the situation, on the ground that the experts are on the spot, while the European bankers demand that an American deputation come here.

As matters now stand, the draft of the guarantee form as desired by the European bankers has been drawn up and goes to New York by this mail. Until a decision on this is received, matters will be at a standstill.

DEARER COTTON GOODS LIKELY.

Hobbs Tells Manufacturers the Trade Conditions Are Against Cheap Cotton.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Sept. 15.—Franklin W. Hobbs of Brookline, Mass., President of the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers, addressed the delegates here to-day on the general conditions of the cotton industry. He said in part:

"The cotton manufacturing industry has been in troublous times since we met in April last. High prices for raw material and high rates of wages have been the rule on the one hand, and low prices for our manufactured products on the other. Curtailment and shutting down have resulted, and the condition of the whole trade has been very unsatisfactory and disturbing. It is very evident that the prices for our product must advance and the buyers will have to pay more for it. While the cotton crop is still uncertain, and any one would be rash to predict its yield, yet materially cheaper cotton seems unlikely."

Speaking of taxation problems, he said:

"Massachusetts depends for its very existence almost on its manufacturing industries, yet the burdens of taxation on these industries are heavier than in any other State.

"Several commissions have urged the lightening of the tax on our manufacturing industries, and we should see to it that the subject of the taxation of mill property receives the careful consideration it deserves."

BAD OUTLOOK IN THE SOUTH.

Growers Will Have to Hold Cotton if No Agreement Is Reached.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, Sept. 15.—J. W. Hooper, Secretary of the Texas State Bankers' Association, through whose members 95 per cent. of the Texas cotton crop is handled, said to-day:

"The farmers of this State will have to hold their cotton if the foreign bankers do not alter their decision not to accept railroad validaton certificates.

"The average bank in Texas and the South cannot make advances on more than three days' cotton receipts, so it is out of the question for any great amount of cotton to be moved unless the foreign bankers recede from the position that they have taken."

HONDURANS ANGRY OVER MORGAN LOAN

Threaten to Oust President Davila if He Ratifies Agreement with Bankers.

FOREIGN AID FOR BONILLA

Story That Financiers Are Helping Him—Loan Arranged by London House of J. P. Morgan & Co.

Special to The New York Times.

MOBILE, Sept. 15.—Tegucigalpa, the capital of Honduras, is in a turmoil, according to advices from that city.

The proposed ratification of the Morgan loan is the cause of the trouble. President Davila favors the ratification of the loan and recently announced that the agreement with the foreign bankers would be signed.

Before Davila could carry out his plan a storm broke at Tegucigalpa. The anti-American politicians in Honduras are opposed to the loan and they have rallied their forces to prevent Davila from ratifying the convention. Tegucigalpa is full of angry politicians, who have assumed a threatening attitude toward the President.

The President is on the horns of a dilemma. If he sign the loan his former political supporters threaten to put him out and install Policarpo Bonilla in the presidential chair. If he refuse to sign he will, it is asserted, bring down on his head the wrath of the State Department at Washington and incur the enmity of J. P. Morgan & Co.

Manuel Bonilla, who is not related to Policarpo Bonilla, favors the ratification of the loan and his resumption of revolutionary activity is said to indicate that foreign financial interests are aiding him and that the overthrow of Davila has been decided upon by the financial powers.

The proposed refunding of the foreign debt of Honduras has been for a year or more in the hands of the Morgan house in London, but J. P. Morgan & Co., in New York, have had no direct share in the negotiations. Morgan & Co. here have had no advices as to political trouble in Honduras, it was learned last night, nor have they had any recent information from their London house about the proposed loan.

Over a year ago the Morgan house in London announced that it would receive deposits of bonds of Honduras in anticipation of the carrying out of a plan for taking up the foreign debt of Honduras for a small part of its face value, and for the substitution in its place of a new bond issue, to be put out under conditions which would give recognized standing to the bonds in the markets of Europe.

If any recent steps of importance in the negotiations regarding this financing of the Honduran debt have been taken J. P. Morgan & Co. here have not been advised of the fact.

MEXICAN HISTORIC PAGEANT.

Story of the Country Represented in a Parade of 1,200 Persons.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 15.—The principal event to-day in connection with the centennial celebration was a pageant which pictured in chronological order notable events in Mexico from the days of the Aztecs down to the establishment of the present republic.

The parade, in which 1,200 persons, after weeks of research, participated, passed through the square in front of the National Palace, and there was reviewed by President Diaz, diplomats, and Special Ambassadors to the centennial celebration.

Careful attention had been given to the costuming of the different periods represented, and the general effect was excellent. First came a group of Aztec warriors, carrying the standards of the lords of Montezuma, who fell early in the sixteenth century before the Spanish conqueror, Cortes; Indian Princesses, borne in a palanquin; Cortes himself, accompanied by Doña Marina, who rose from the position of a slave to political importance; mounted musketeers, bowmen, Captains, friars, and the Tiaxcatlan allies.

In the second group were some of the Viceroys who enjoyed office under the Viceroyalty of New Spain; alcaldes, councilors, and members of the Court.

The next division told the story of Hidalgo and Morelos, who lost their heads for fomenting the revolution against Spain in 1810-15, and the entry into the city of the allied armies under Iturbide, the royalist Colonel, who brought about the short-lived monarchy and was proclaimed Emperor in 1822.

The federal republic was portrayed, and then the French invasion, the siege of Queretaro, where Emperor Maximilian made his last stand and was shot on June 19, 1867; the birth of the Republic of Mexico, and the more familiar epochs of the last half century.

MEXICANS HERE CELEBRATE.

Two Hundred Attend a Banquet—McAneny Represents the City.

Two hundred members of the Mexican colony in this city celebrated the one hundredth anniversary of the independence of Mexico at a banquet at the Hotel Astor last night. Over the speakers' table was the Mexican flag, with pictures of the patriot Hidalgo and of Porfirio Diaz on either side.

Borough President McAneny represented New York City. "If Mayor Gaynor had his full health, which was taken from him so tragically a while ago, he would certainly be here to-night," Mr. McAneny told the Mexicans.

Vice Consul Estava of Mexico was the toastmaster, and eleven Consuls General occupied seats at the speakers' table. These were Baron Schlippenbach of Russia, J. Clan of Denmark, G. Moncado of Honduras, M. Rocafort of Cuba, J. B. Alfonseca of Santo Domingo, Jacinto Lopez of Venezuela, Kokichi Midzuno of Japan, A. Metz Green of Uruguay, J. Y. Fernandez of the Argentine Republic, L. Townsend Hildreth of Siam, and D. N. Botassi of Greece.

DANES HOAXED AGAIN?

Story About Bradley-Cook Expedition Probably Result of Joke.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 15.—The Danish Government steamer Hans Egede arrived here to-day with the news that John R. Bradley, the financial backer of Dr. Frederick A. Cook's north polar expedition, is on his way to Etah to obtain the much talked of records and instruments which Cook said he left at that Eskimo settlement on the northwest coast of Greenland.

The Captain of the steamer thinks that Cook is with Bradley, but gives no particular reason for this belief.

The Hans Egede, which is the vessel upon which Dr. Cook traveled to civilization a year ago, after his exploit in the arctic, fell in with a yacht at Godhaven, a Danish settlement on the south coast of Disco Island, Greenland, and in the course of exchanges between the masters learned that Bradley was aboard the other craft.

Mr. Bradley admitted his identity and explained that he was bound for Etah to recover whatever had been left there by Dr. Cook. He refused either to deny or confirm the report that he was accompanied by the explorer.

The Government vessel also brings the information that two missionaries who are working among the Eskimos who accompanied Cook on his expedition say these Eskimos insist that the doctor reached the north pole.

Members of the Whitney-Rainey hunting expedition were laughing last night at the prime joke they thought they had on the skipper of the Hans Egede and the people of Denmark.

While their yacht, the Beothic, was in Godhaven they were spoken by a vessel that they believe was the Hans Egede. Her captain signalled them to ask who they were and what took them so far north. Just as a jest, without a thought that the echoes of it would be heard so long afterward in two continents, they answered that they were John Bradley and his party on their way to Etah to get Dr. Cook's records.

Yesterday, much to the surprise of the members of the expedition, came word from Copenhagen of the mysterious Bradley expedition.

NEW NAME IN WEIGHING CASE.

Witness Says He Gave Acting Deputy Surveyor McLaughlin Graft Money.

The name of Acting Deputy Surveyor of the Port McLaughlin was brought into the Government's prosecution of Charles D. Drew, Charles H. Wardell, and George E. Bedell of the Customs Service for alleged conspiracy to defraud the Government of duties, yesterday. George E. Herge, an assistant weigher, testified that he had taken gratuities for illegally weighing imports and that he had divided them with a man named Williams and another man named McLaughlin.

"Who was this man McLaughlin?" asked one of the attorneys for the defense. "Do you mean the McLaughlin who is now the Acting Deputy Surveyor of the Port?"

"Yes."

Considerable other testimony by ex-weighers was taken, and Thomas S. Doyle was called then. Doyle in 1898, when Arbuckle Brothers began their fight against the Sugar Trust by importing sugar, was the firm's Assistant Dock Superintendent. He told how his firm, through him, had paid Government weighers a salary of $100 a month and later reduced this to $50 a month in return for "every kind of accommodation." Doyle would not admit that he had paid the money for false weighing.

Doyle testified that he had paid money to Drew and Wardell, but he couldn't recall ever having paid money to Bedell.

MISS TAFT TO QUIT COLLEGE.

Announced at Bryn Mawr That President's Daughter Will Not Return.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 15.—Announcement is made at Bryn Mawr College that Miss Helen Taft, daughter of President Taft, will not return to the college this year. Instead, it is declared, she will stay at home and assist her mother in the social duties devolving on "the first lady in the land."

Miss Taft's return to Bryn Mawr had not been expected by her close friends, but it was not known definitely that she had decided to discontinue her college course until the announcement just made.

BOTHA LOSES ELECTION.

But the Dutch Win Most of the Seats in the Federal Assembly.

CAPE TOWN, Sept. 15.—The general election for the first Federal Assembly was held to-day.

The most dramatic result recorded is the defeat of Gen. Louis Botha, the Premier and Minister of Agriculture of United South Africa, in the Eastern division of Pretoria by the Unionist candidate, Sir Percy Fitzpatrick.

The chief parties in the campaign are the Nationalists, representing the Dutch interests, under the leadership of Premier Botha, and the Unionists, representing the British and mining interests under the leadership of Dr. Jameson, ex-Premier of Cape Colony. Both racial and political issues have been so confused, however, that they had little real influence on the results, which thus far assure the Nationalists of a majority.

Dr. Jameson and many other prominent candidates have been re-elected or returned unopposed.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

BERLIN, Sept. 15.—Count Bernstorff, German Ambassador at Washington, came here to-day to call upon Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg. Later he will join the Countess and their daughter at Starnberg Lake, and with them go to Paris for a stay of three weeks before sailing for New York.

HAN-KOW, Sept. 15.—Jacob M. Dickinson, the American Secretary of War, arrived here to-day. He and his party came up the Yang-tse River from Shanghai. They will proceed by train to Peking, where the Secretary will be received by the Prince Regent.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 15.—The representatives of several Chambers of Commerce on the Pacific Coast, who are touring the East in the interests of international trade, arrived here to-day. The visitors were cordially received officially and by the public.

CHOLERA AT NAPLES HAS BEEN CONCEALED

Authorities Confess That the Epidemic There Is the Asiatic Disease.

MOST OF THE CASES FATAL

Three More Deaths from Cholera in Danzig and Two New Suspected Cases in Berlin.

The New York Italian afternoon newspaper Il Telegrafo yesterday printed the following dispatch under the heading, "The Cholera in Naples—Illusions Vanish":

"NAPLES, Sept. 14.—The real truth cannot be concealed any longer. The authorities themselves, who until yesterday had tried to make the people believe that the cases so far discovered were cholera morbus, now confess that they were mistaken or that they wished to avoid making a definite statement.

"Unfortunately, it is not cholera morbus, but genuine Asiatic cholera, certainly imported from the infected regions.

"The precautions taken by the authorities lead one to believe that the epidemic will be controlled in a short time. But, unfortunately, there are some quarters in Naples where cholera bacilli can still thrive."

The following dispatches to the Progresso Italo-Americano were received yesterday:

"NAPLES, Sept. 14.—Advices of the last few days have already described the true situation here. Yesterday we did not have an official communication on the cholera situation, but we had 'suspected' cases. In spite of the exhortations of the authorities and influential persons, threats of disorder among the population continue.

"In the Borough of Sanità there were three new suspected cases.

"Giuseppina Barbara, aged 20, in the Vicolo Lammatari, was taken suddenly ill with violent diarrhoea. Around her house there was quite a conflict between the sanitary officers and the excited crowd, which tried to stop the transportation of the patient to the lazaretto. The girl died his morning.

"In the Vicolo delle Vecchie, Luigi Della Vita was taken ill with diarrhoea and vomiting and was transported to the lazaretto after much struggle. In the quarter Virgini, Anna Villani was stricken with suspected cholera and taken to the lazaretto after a serious struggle. There were several conflicts between the crowd and the police and several arrests were made.

"The dead from suspected cases officially reported to-day were Luigi di Castracci, at Forcella. His house was disinfected and his family were taken to the lazaretto and isolated; Maria Esposito, in the Borgo Loretto, whose house was disinfected; Amedea Vus, at Rione San Lucia; Gaetano Gallo, at Vicoletto; and an unidentified man at the Ponte Casanova.

"The sanitary authorities announce that there have been twenty new cases here, the majority followed by death.

"In Portici one case has been reported; several sanitary agents were rushed there with the necessary material.

"In San Giovanni a Teduccio the sanitary authorities report two cases—suspected. Most severe measures and precautions are taken to isolate the sick.

"ROME, Sept. 14.—The news from Naples is far from comforting. The Prefect is in constant communication with the Minister of the Interior and the head of the Department of Health, Bocco Santoliquido.

"These and other officials left Rome for Naples by the 1 o'clock express.

"I cannot forbear telling you that the apprehensions in Rome are very great.

"Trains from Naples are most vigorously inspected and disinfected."

ROME, Sept. 15.—Five new cases and two deaths from cholera have been reported in the past twenty-four hours in southeastern Italy.

ALMERIA, Spain, Sept. 15.—There are fourteen suspected cases of cholera on board the coasting steamer Antoine, which arrived here to-day from Alexandria.

The vessel has been isolated and the sick have been placed under observation.

BERLIN, Sept. 15.—Another suspected cholera patient was sent to a hospital last night.

The suburb of Schönberg also has a new suspect in the person of a commercial traveler who arrived recently from the Orient.

DANZIG, Sept. 15.—Bacteriological examination in three fatal cases thas shown that death in each instance was due to Asiatic cholera.

Fifteen new suspected cases of cholera here were placed under observation to-day.

400,000 AT CONEY ISLAND.

Score of Arrests Caused by the Destruction of Straw Hats.

The largest crowd that has been at the Mardi Gras carnival visited Coney Island yesterday. The police estimated it as numbering 400,000. The day being the last allotted to straw hats, few pieces of such headgear escaped the hands of destroyers. Everywhere they were torn from heads of their wearers and thrown into the air. As a result, the police made some twenty arrests for disorderly conduct.

The parade was marred by only one accident, which held it up for some ten minutes. The Luna Park float caught fire from a short circuit in its electric wiring, and burst into flame at Surf Avenue and West Eighth Street. The driver, who was the only person aboard it, leaped off just as the firemen, stationed at the nearest plug along the parade route, ran up and put out the blaze.

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Eat Food Dressed With Pure Olive Oil.

Not only will you enjoy it more, but the oil will aid digestion, improve the complexion, and act as a flesh-builder.

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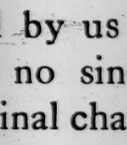

American Bank Note Company

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A number of his most characteristic originals have been reproduced by us so faithfully that in no single respect is their original charm lessened. These Chairs and dainty Worktables, these Cabinets appropriate for the display of the finest Porcelains, these Tea Tables or Writing Desks offer opportunity for discriminating selection. The natural beauty of the Satinwood is enhanced by inlays of Tulipwood or Rosewood, or by delicate paintings in the style of Angelica Kaufmann and Pergolesi.

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Everything is being sold at

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To encourage early Christmas purchases we will make satisfactory arrangements for reservations
An examination of this varied stock will convince you of its exceptional worth
—and you may always feel the satisfaction of having the Chester Billings' reputation behind each piece
—a reputation of 70 years
This reduction means that you can obtain your choice of this enormous stock of Fifth Avenue values
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It is made of wheat and barley, by a process which changes the starch of these grains to a form in which it is practically all absorbed quickly, and naturally converted into energy—the power to "do things."

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The Fall Styles

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LOBBY FUND PASSED TO A DUMMY CLERK

In Two Sums $40,000 Was Shifted from Traction Sources to Albany and Trace of It Lost.

COLE TELLS OF COLLECTIONS

And of Disbursements "for Politics" of $10,000, $20,000, $5,000, and $8,000 While Railway Treasurer.

Indirect methods by which money raised by the Traction interests of New York reached the lawmakers at Albany when important traction legislation was under consideration were further traced by the Legislative Investigating Committee at its session in the Aldermanic Chamber of the City Hall yesterday.

It was developed that a clerk drawing $40 a week in a downtown brokerage firm was accustomed to receiving drafts for $10,000 or more with instructions to credit the amount to his account. It was also learned that this clerk had "signed" many letters on which he could not recognize his signature when placed on the stand, and couldn't identify his name signed to checks drawing the money out.

Alex S. Hackley was the clerk and he was employed by the defunct brokerage firm of Ellingwood & Cunningham. He said in his defense that he took it as part of his duty to allow himself to be used as a dummy, as Lawyer Bruce for the committee put it, or as an "instrument" as he preferred to designate himself.

$40,000 in Two Lumps.

While G. Tracy Rogers, traction lobbyist and special partner in the Ellingwood & Cunningham firm, was "looking after things on Capitol Hill" between 1898 and 1903, two cash items alone that went over the circuitous route via Wall Street to Albany aggregated $40,000. Both sums were so raised and passed along that no trace of them appeared in the preserved records of the Street Railway Association, whose officers collected it and started it on its way through the "dummy clerk" in Ellingwood & Cunningham's office.

W. W. Cole, former Secretary and Treasurer of the Street Railway Association, told of this fund. He mentioned it as having been "clandestinely" collected and disbursed for what he vaguely designated as "politics." It had been repugnant to him to gather the funds, he said, and he had stopped both the method of collection and distribution upon succeeding Henry A. Robinson, general solicitor of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, as Secretary and Treasurer of the association.

What Mr. Robinson thinks of the matter probably will not be ascertained, as process servers who have watched for him at every likely place have been daily reporting failures to find him for two weeks. At his offices they have met only the mail man who has put letters under his door until there is now a big stack of them waiting Mr. Robinson's return. The best information that the Legislative Committee can gain concerning Robinson is that he left suddenly two weeks ago on a yachting trip and was not expected back for quite a little while.

Odell's Friend Fox.

There were many pointed references during the day to "the new order of things." Lawyer Bruce referred to payments to politicians "for legislative information" last year as "the way of doing it under the new order," and Mr. Cole spoke of his methods of revolutionizing the Street Railway Association's business as a movement to get into harmony "with the new order."

The day brought into prominence the name of Reuben L. Fox, now dead, who was one of the close political affiliates of ex-Gov. Benjamin B. Odell, Jr. Much stress was laid upon the disclosure that Fox, while closely associated with Odell and serving as a member of the Republican State Committee, was also the head of the Fox Legislative Bureau in Albany, to which the traction interests paid tribute after it had become unfashionable to carry stock for the accounts of committee Chairmen.

After the committee adjourned one veteran legislator who referred to himself in private as a "Black Horse Cavalryman," said that the cavalry line got an awful crushing after the Nixon interests began to wane and the star of Odell came into the ascendency. He said that many of "the boys" whom Commander in Chief Nixon had "taken care of liberally" were frozen out after Fox and Bedell and Goodsell and other close associates of Odell began operations. It was on account of this "freezing out," this particular Old Guardsman thought, that the committee was able to get information leading to the deeds of Fox and others. "Some one evidently has squealed," he remarked, after listening to the day's proceedings.

Missing Document Turns Up.

Missing documents and destroyed check books figured prominently in the proceedings as on previous committee sittings.

J. H. Pardee, President of the Railway Association, presented a document which he said he had before turned over to the committee.

"My memory is failing very rapidly, if you did," said Mr. Bruce. "That was the very document we were searching for. I wanted it worse than I wanted anything you have given me. If we have it I am glad."

While the committee's lawyer was searching for it among his papers Mr. Pardee produced it from an inside pocket.

"Here it is," he said. "I called your attention to it in Mr. Kresel's office, and you did not pay any attention to it. So I brought it along to-day."

"I said my memory was failing a minute ago," Mr. Bruce retorted, "but now it's lost completely."

Q.—Why was this important document omitted from the annual report? A.—Because of carelessness in reading the proof.

Q.—A most unusual proceeding, wasn't it, that the Treasurer's report should be left out? A.—No, not at all, it was quite usual.

Q.—Have any contributions been made to political parties in any county, town, or village, or in the State, since you became President? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Well then, when the old administration went out last June, you seem to have adopted a new order of things. Is that right, Mr. Bardee? A.—Well if you term it that way, then that is what we followed.

Missing Books Can't Be Found.

H. M. Beardsley, the Street Railway Association's Secretary, who was instructed on Wednesday to produce missing pages from a letter press copy book, took the stand long enough to report his inability to find them.

Alex. S. Hackley, who carried as high as $32,000 in an account with Ellingwood & Cunningham, when he was one of their clerks, received rather than furnished information about the large sums of money he once had in his name.

Q.—On July 26 you were holding 100 St. Paul and 200 Missouri Pacific. On July 14 there was a purchase of 100 Missouri Pacific, on the 15th another 100, on the 20th 100 Brooklyn Rapid Transit, and on the 27th another 100 Brooklyn Rapid Transit. And you tell me you knew nothing about these transactions? A.—Yes, Sir, I never authorized them or had anything to do with them.

Q.—You learned of this account for the first time to-day? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—There are withdrawals of $500 and $2,000. Did you get the money? A.—No, I certainly did not.

Q.—Now, do you remember a $10,000 item? A.—Ten thousand dollars, did you say?

Q.—Yes, Sir; tell me about that. A.—I came down to my office one morning, and on opening my desk found a letter containing $10,000 addressed to me personally. It was a draft on the Chemung Canal Trust Company of Elmira. There was no other inclosure—just the bare check, and I did not know what to make of it. I did not expect it.

Q.—Quite a shock, wasn't it—it would have been to me. A.—Rather a pleasurable shock, yes, Sir. I just put it in my pocket and said nothing.

Q.—Well, how long were you able to keep it there? A.—Only a few hours. G. Tracy Rogers came along and told me—or rather asked me—to place the money to my credit on the books. I turned it over to the cashier to be credited to me, and that was the last I ever saw or heard of it.

Letters were read indicating that Hackley had received a check previously from William W. Cole, Treasurer of the Street Railway Association at Elmira, N. Y., and had returned it with a request for cash or a draft. Of this matter Hackley remembered nothing.

Mr. Bruce read a letter under date of July 23:

The Hon. Louis Goodsell, Highland Falls, N. Y.

Dear Sir: If you will call at our office any time after July 25, we will have $5,000 to deliver to you. Yours very truly,

ELLINGWOOD & CUNNINGHAM.

Dictated by A. S. H.

The witness said the initials were his, but that he never dictated the letter and had never heard of it before. A check for $2,000 made to F. S. Nixon, former Speaker of the Assembly, he admitted was his, signed by himself.

W. W. Cole, former Secretary and Treasurer of the Street Railway Association testified that he paid money to Miles R. Frisbie, at one time an Assemblyman. He could not tell for what purposes he had paid out $10,000, $20,000, $2,000, $5,000, and $8,000 in a series of expenditures except that it went "for politics" under the direction of G. Tracy Rogers.

Q.—Isn't it a fact that you told Rogers you wouldn't look after the assessment fund from which politicians were paid?

A.—Yes, that is the truth.

Some of the railroads, the witness admitted, had protested against paying their assessments.

The investigation will be continued this morning.

FRISBIE EXPLAINS HIS FEES.

Received as Counsel for Railways Years Before He Was in Assembly.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Sept. 15.—Ex-Assemblyman Miles R. Frisbie, who was counsel for the New York Association of Street Railways in 1905, and who was mentioned in to-day's legislative bribery proceedings as receiving $200 from W. W. Cole, made this statement to-night regarding the transaction:

"During the year 1905 I was consulted occasionally by W. W. Cole, relative to legislation and other State matters, and from time to time advised him. I was paid for whatever I did, of course, but whether by him or by the Street Railway Association, I cannot at this time say. At that time I was not a member of the Legislature from Schenectady or any other county, but lived in Elmira, as people here very well know. It was not until several years later, when I had removed to Schenectady, that I was elected to the Assembly.

DELMONICO CHANGES.

Afternoon Tea and After-Theatre Supper Rooms There Now.

In common with other restaurants, Delmonico's closed its roof garden yesterday and opened its Fifth Avenue restaurant last evening. Something in the nature of a renaissance has taken place in the dining room.

The dark green has given way to a very much lighter shade, while inside more extensive changes have been made. The ladies' restaurant has been done over in silk of a Crottin hue that harmonizes with the natural oak background, while the beautiful Louis XIV. cream lace curtains and the embroidered lambrequins with Danube blue appliqués are all in harmony with the fine onyx and wood carved fireplace and the old French clock of the same period. The ladies' waiting room has also been completely done over, as has the office itself, and fit in attractively with the general scheme of decoration.

Two new features introduced in the nature of afternoon tea and after-theatre supper rooms are in evidence, but the former will not be opened before the middle of November. An orchestra, conducted by Sixte Busoni, will play at both.

Chicago Paper Reduces Price.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—The Chicago Evening Post, which for several years has been the only 2-cent afternoon newspaper in Chicago, announced to-day that hereafter its price will be 1 cent.

TAXICAB ORDINANCE IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL

Justice Bischoff So Decides Because Other Cabs Are Allowed Higher Rates.

QUOTES JUSTICE BREWER

And Goes Away Back to Samuel Pepys, the English Diarist Who Died in 1703, to Support Opinion.

Supreme Court Justice Bischoff, in a decision handed down yesterday, pronounced unconstitutional the city ordinance especially regulating automobile cabs equipped with taximeters. He granted an injunction restraining the city authorities from interfering with taximeter cabs under the terms of this ordinance.

Samuel Pepys, the English diarist, who was born in 1633 and died in 1703, and United States Supreme Court Justice Brewer are among those cited in support of the decision. The ordinance required taxicabs to charge only 40 cents for the first half mile. Automobile cabs without taximeters may charge 50 cents. The opinion in part says:

"A 'hack' or 'hackney coach' is a vehicle offered for hire from its stand in the public thoroughfare and intended for the use of passengers. It is of ancient origin. Samuel Pepys in his Diary mentions the fact that he took a hackney coach in the period of 1660-1669, over London Bridge, and that it derived its name from Hackney, a borough in the northeast of London, between which and London its use is supposed to have been first instituted. In the sense, therefore, that motor vehicles operated by the plaintiff are offered for hire from its hack stand in the street, they are 'hacks' or hackney coaches,' by whatever other name they may be called.

The decision then comments on the contention that the amended ordinances are contrary to the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States in that they deny to the plaintiff the "equal protection of the laws," and says:

"That the complaint is well founded seems an irresistible conclusion. Nothing in the ordinances as amended points to any just cause for any differentiation between vehicles equipped with taximeters and those not so equipped. Both classes are employed in identically the same business, and the owners or operators of both are entitled to be treated alike.

"As well might the municipal legislative body have discriminated against clocks or watches carried by the operators of such vehicles, or other devices calculated to measure the time of travel, or between vehicles furnished with cushioned seats, mirrors and hair comb and brush and others not so furnished. This argument plainly is one in favor of penalizing him who, because of the better accommodations in his business, attracts to himself the greater favor of patronage, and involves a tax pure and simple upon one the volume of whose business may exceed that of his competitors engaged essentially in the same business."

Justice Bischoff quotes from the above decision by Justice Brewer of the United States Supreme Court as follows:

"If once the door is opened to the affirmance of the proposition that a State may regulate one who does much business, while not regulating another who does the same but less business, then all significance in the guarantee of the equal protection of the law is lost."

GRABS 50,000 2-CENT STAMPS

Elderly Man Arrested as He Runs from Baltimore Post Office.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 15.—Swooping down suddenly on a truck, which was carrying $2,500 worth of postage stamps from one section of the Post Office to another this morning, a well-dressed, elderly man, evidently a stranger in Baltimore, grabbed a package containing 50,000 two-cent stamps and make a dash for the street. He had just cleared the steps when he was overpowered and put under arrest. He refused to give his name.

TRUCE IN WAR OF TONGS.

Hostilities Suspended in San Francisco Till After Prince's Visit.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 15.—The warring tongs of Chinatown have declared a truce during the visit of Prince Tsai Hsun, an uncle of the Emperor of China, who is to land here next Monday. Proclamations signed by the Hop Sing Tong announcing that hostilities will be suspended till Oct. 5 have been posted on the walls of Chinatown.

Five men in this city and one in Sacramento have been shot down since the tong war was begun.

BATTLE ON THEATRE ROOF.

Rosenberg Forces Clash at the New York with Erlanger Army.

Battle raged at the New York Theatre yesterday afternoon—on the roof, in the lobby, and on the sidewalk outside. There was siege and counter-siege, and the scene of "The Follies of 1910" became the centre of conflict of the opposing armies.

It was all over the question whether Walter osenberg had a lease of the roof garden for motion picture purposes this Winter, as he had last. Mr. Rosenberg said he had and Klaw & Erlanger, managers of the theatre, said that his contract had been canceled. Mr. Rosenberg, according to reports, decided to find out by a test which was correct.

About 1 o'clock he, with some twenty men, went to take possession. They mounted to the roof by the elevators before the house manager, Louis Werba, found out what was happening. When Mr. Werba did find out he called together about two dozen stagehands and went to eject the Rosenberg faction. Then came the fight. Harry Harris, Treasurer of the New York Theatre, was struck on the head with a bottle, which inflicted a deep gash, and several other contestants on both sides were injured in the same way. Chairs and other available weapons were used. Then the police came.

Those taken before Magistrate Kernochan, in the West Side Court, were Timothy Mara, a special officer of the Gaiety Theatre, who was held in $300 bail for examination on Monday afternoon, and Leonard Bergman of 430 West Thirty-fourth Street, charged with assaulting Harris Weinstein. Bergman was discharged. He is Treasurer of the Liberty Theatre, and called for the police when the fuss started. Many witnesses were notified to be on hand to testify.

A representative of Klaw & Erlanger made a statement last night about the row, in which he said that Rosenberg had tried forcibly to take possession of the roof after the cancellation of his contract by Klaw & Erlanger.

"The abrogation of his contract," continued the statement, "was caused by Rosenberg's violation of his agreement in presenting more vaudeville acts than his contract called for. In addition, Mr. Erlanger informed Rosenberg's attorney a few days ago that he would go through a lawsuit rather than tolerate certain things on the roof garden and in the lobby of the New York Theatre such as were frequent during Rosenberg's occupancy."

The representative said that the people at the theatre had no hint of Rosenberg's intention to attempt to take possession of the roof until the Rosenberg forces had reached the roof and barred all means of entrance except by the elevators. When their presence was learned theatre attachés and the special officer went to the roof to put them off, and the battle began.

W. C. T. U. TO SERVE MEALS.

Plans to Prevent Carnegie Students from Eating in Saloons.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 15.—A prohibition restaurant for students at the Carnegie Technical Schools is projected by the W. C. T. U. There are to be white-ribboned waitresses and other white-ribboned young women are to cook the food.

For some time the younger members of the organization have noticed that the students enter saloons for meals, and the scarcity of eating places in the vicinity of the schools was brought before a meeting of the county W. C. T. U.

PRISONERS BREAK JAIL.

Two Men Charged with Burglary at Schenectady Get Away.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Sept. 15.—John C. Mullen and John E. Vrooman, two alleged burglars, awaiting the action of the Grand Jury, escaped from the Schenectady County Jail this morning.

The jailer left the cells securely locked when he went into the dining room. On his return the doors were open, and a small piece of iron bore evidence of having been used to work the lock. There is no trace of the fugitives.

TO SUPPORT AGED SHAKERS.

Col. Bohon Gets All Their Property as His Consideration.

HARRODSBURG, Ky., Sept. 15.—The Society of Shakers, whose estate is located near High Bridge, transferred to Col. George Bohon to-day their holdings of 1,800 acres of the best land in Mercer County and their personal property. The estate is valued at $150,000, and in addition to a cash consideration of $5,000 Col. Bohon binds himself to support the individual members of the society during the remainder of their lives.

There are only fourteen of the Shakers left and their ages range from 70 years upward.

BANKS EASILY DUPED, ROTHBARTH ASSERTS

A Letterhead from Any Established Firm Sufficient to Establish Good Credit.

DECLINES OFFER OF BAIL

Ex-Judge Dittenhoefer Willing to Put Up $20,000 for Him—Blames Roosevelt for Downfall.

Ex-Judge A. J. Dittenhoefer and Thomas Garrity called to see Adolph Rothbarth in his cell at the Tombs yesterday afternoon and discussed the question of bail with him. Mr. Dittenhoefer remarked that he was sorry to see Rothbarth in the position he was, and was ready to furnish $20,000 bail if he would only let him.

"No, I decline to accept it," replied Rothbarth.

Mr. Dittenhoefer talked with him for some time. After he had gone Rothbarth talked freely with reporters about his case.

"I am very much relieved, now that the strain is over, and am now ready to take my medicine," he said. "I have involved the two Rothbarth firms abroad, because their responsibilities depended upon the solvency of the firm in this country, which I persuaded them to believe was worth over three-quarters of a million dollars, when in reality it was worth nothing at all.

"Why, the absolute ease with which any man can deceive the banks of this city is ridiculous. All you have to do is to go into any bank with a letterhead and ask for money, and they will give it to you. I became a customer of the Mercantile National Bank in 1909 because Miles M. O'Brien sent me a letter in which he stated that he would like to have my custom. I replied that I might want some money, and O'Brien said that I might have it if I only gave him a statement of my liabilities and assets. I did so, and my credit was unlimited. Any one can do this if he only has a letterhead from any established firm.

"As a matter of fact, my condition to-day is directly due to Theodore Roosevelt. He caused the panic of 1907, which put me in the position I am in now.

"I have made a clean breast of everything, and have not a dollar in the world or a friend, and am willing to take my medicine. All I want now is that the public will let the grass grow over my case.

"I do not think that my brothers in Europe can pay back the money, as I have involved them to such an extent that it would be almost impossible for them to do so."

Frances Drayz of 24 Hudson Street and Justus Rothbarth, who is in charge of the London office of Rothbarth & Co., called at the District Attorney's office yesterday morning to talk over the bail for the prisoner, and asked to see him. District Attorney Whitman refused to let them see him alone, but said that they must be accompanied by a policeman or Assistant District Attorney Manley.

They went to the cell and had a long talk with the prisoner, and tried to get him to agree to let them bail him out, but he refused to listen to their pleas, saying: "I have made a clean breast of the whole matter, and want to take my medicine." He denied that he had any money set aside.

District Attorney Whitman said that he would double the bail if it seemed to be so easy for Rothbarth to get it. President Schenck of the Liberty National Bank, accompanied by his counsel, also called to see the District Attorney, and later went to see Rothbarth. Rothbarth told Mr. Schenck that he did not think his brothers could repay the $70,000 he obtained from this bank on false statements as to his credit.

The actions of Rothbarth since his arrest and the fact that he has refused to let any one go bail for him has made the Tombs authorities feel anxious as to his safety, and an extra strong guard has been placed over him for fear that he might commit suicide.

District Attorney Whitman said last night that the methods of the National banks would be thoroughly investigated so far as they related to the Rothbarth case, but whether they would be a subject of the general investigation is a question for the Federal authorities to take up. It was said, however, that the minutes of the Grand Jury may be forwarded to the Controller of the Currency.

DENIES STEALING $173,000.

Fitzgerald Says He Did Not Rob Sub-Treasury, but Knows Who Did.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—An unsuccessful effort to secure a reduction in the bail of George W. Fitzgerald, who was arrested here yesterday charged with stealing $173,000 from the sub-treasury three years ago, was made in the U. S. District Court to-day before Judge Landis. Judge Landis fixed the bail last night at $50,000 which Fitzgerald was unable to furnish at the time, and in consequence spent the night in a cell. The prisoner, who stoutly denies the charge against him, was brought from the county jail into court to listen to the arguments.

Attorneys Litzinger, representing the defendant, declared that a bond of fifteen or twenty thousand dollars would be fairer. He added that no matter what the sum, it would be provided.

After hearing from both sides Judge Landis declined to reduce the bail and bonds of $50,000 were furnished by William Joyce and James Ralph.

Fitzgerald told reporters that while he did not take the money, he had an idea as to the guilty person.

"I am willing to give the name to Judge Landis or Chief Porter," said he.

As to his investments, he said: "I borrowed money to start with an I've made all I have by legitimate business methods. I cleared $800 on a real estate deal in two weeks, for instance. In 1908 I bought eggs at 15⅝ cents and sold them for 19 and 19½ cents. That netted me $3,200."

He denied that he owned stock in the Illinois Nut, Bolt and Forging Company under an assumed name. He said he possessed $1,700 worth of stock in his own name. He said also that he resigned some time ago as secretary of the Illinois Car Manufacturing Company.

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Suppose hundreds more will do likewise when they get acquainted with my new store in the Metropolitan Life Building.

Maybe it's because my stock of Stetson Hats is always so complete—no matter what style is wanted, we mighty seldom have to say "just out."

And never ask a man to take some other kind—I carry nothing but Stetsons.

Maybe it's because they know that if a hat bought of me isn't satisfactory—a rare happening—they can always trade back for the money they paid or for a new hat.

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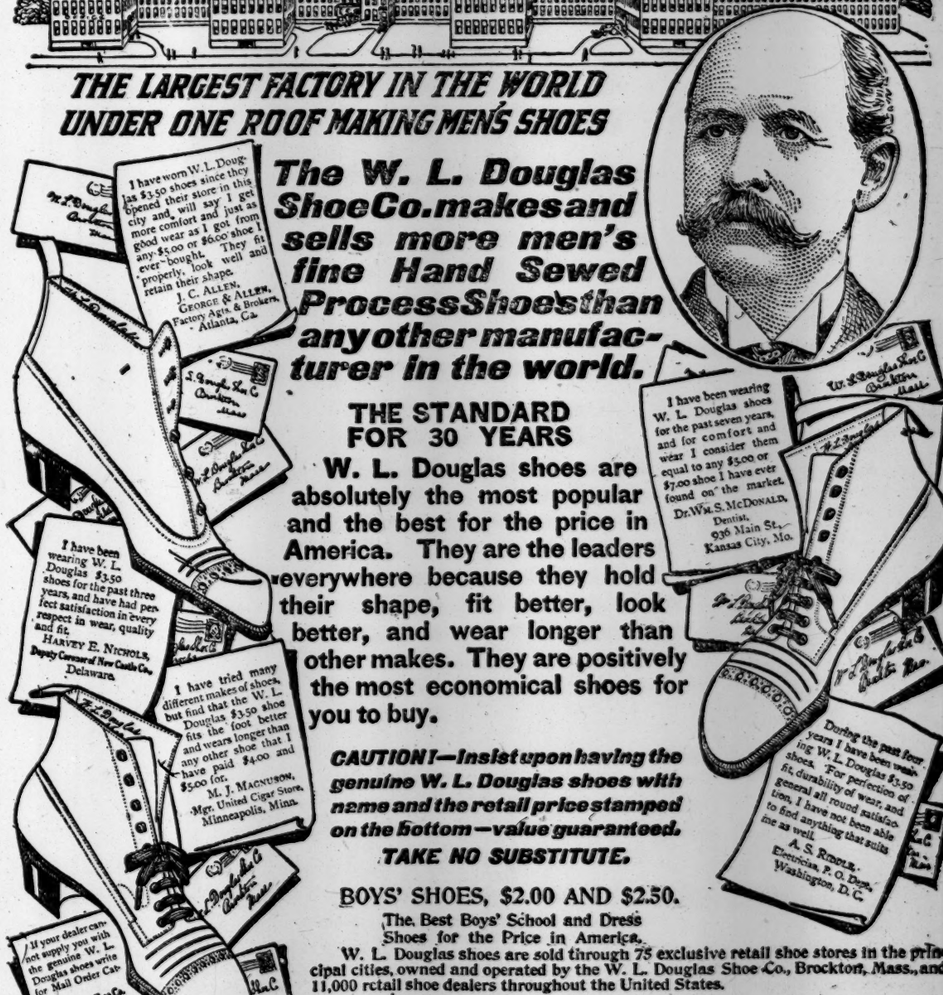

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1437 Broadway, near 41st Street.
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1452 Third Avenue, near 82d St.
2202 Third Avenue, cor. 120th St.
2779 Third Ave., bet. 146th & 147th.
356 Sixth Avenue, cor. 22d Street.
345 Eighth Avenue.
663 Eighth Avenue, near 42d Street.
250 West 125th Street.
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708-710 Broadway. 1007 Broadway.
1367 Broadway, corner Gates Avenue.
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NEWARK—785 Broad Street.

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PLACATING THE INSURGENTS.

To say that the letter of President TAFT's secretary to an unnamed "regular" Republican is ill-judged would be to pass it by with too little censure. It is a bad letter, and ought never to have been written. The things of which it treats, if done, should not be talked about, but they ought never to have been done at all. It is humiliating for the people of the country to hear their President confess that he withheld patronage from insurgent Republican Senators and Representatives because they opposed legislative measures he favored, and that now, having encountered a popular defeat in pursuing that policy, he resolves to apportion appointments without discrimination between the regulars and the insurgents. It is something more than humiliating to hear this avowal of such a gross misuse of the appointing power. It seems to take us back to the old days when the practices incident to the spoils system were unconcealed and unrebuked. It is disheartening, for it tends to create a feeling that DORMAN B. EATON, GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS, and CARL SCHURZ labored in vain for the cause of civil service reform, to which they devoted years of time and effort.

It is not, in law or in morals, permitted to the President of the United States to seek to influence legislation through the power of appointment. Secretary NORTON'S letter contains this amazing statement:

> While Republican legislation pending in Congress was opposed by certain Republicans, the President felt it to be his duty to the party and to the country to withhold Federal patronage from certain Senators and Congressmen who seemed to be in opposition to the Administration's efforts to carry out the promises of the party platform.

The President had no such duty. In making appointments he had but one duty, to seek out and name the best men; he should have had but one aim, the good of the service. Would any man dare say to the insurgent Senators and Representatives that their course in Congress was so little a matter of conviction and conscience that they could have been swerved from it by the bribe of patronage? It is some comfort to know that "the President feels that the value of Federal patronage has been greatly exaggerated, and that the refusal to grant it has probably been more useful to the men affected than the appointments would have been." That conviction, we should imagine, would have been forced in upon the mind of the President by the results of the primaries in the Western States. The insurgents from whom he withheld patronage have been sustained by the people, the regulars to whom he gave it, in many States, have been overwhelmingly defeated. After such an experience it is permitted us to hope that Mr. TAFT will not repeat this most serious mistake.

We are cautioned against accepting this letter "as a concession to insurgency." The construction the people of the country will put upon the letter is quite beyond the control of anybody at Beverly. The people, as Mr. NORTON'S letter admits, "have spoken." They have spoken throughout the West somewhat vociferously in support of the men the President sought to punish. Now, as the elections approach, is the time for harmony. "Republicans of every shade of opinion" must soberly consider whether "the differences of the last session shall be perpetuated or shall be forgotten." Very evidently the President desires that they should be forgotten—otherwise Mr. NORTON'S letter would not have been written. If the people had spoken in the contrary sense, if they had sustained the regulars at the primaries, we are much inclined to believe that the letter would not have been written. The policy of proscription adopted against the insurgents has been abandoned. Men of the most ordinary understanding can determine for themselves whether this is a concession.

At any rate, the "plums" henceforth will not go to the regulars alone. "That attitude," Mr. NORTON admits, "ended with the primary elections." It should have ended before it was begun. So should Mr. NORTON'S letter.

THE PRISON CONGRESS.

We have received the handbook for the International Prison Congress, which will convene at Washington Oct. 2-8 next, during the annual session of the members of the American Prison Association, at whose instance the joint meeting was arranged. It will be a notable gathering. The City of Washington needs it.

From this handbook it appears that the greatest penal reform in the United States of recent years, the establishment of the probation system, had its beginning outside the Federal city. Starting in Massachusetts, it has extended over all the country, so that twenty States now provide probation for adults, and thirty-six States and the District of Columbia for children. But for Washington City one unclean building serves as common jail, reformatory, penitentiary, and prison for men, women, and children, huddled together without discrimination of sex, the innocent with the guilty, first and hardened offenders. This is the place which President ROOSEVELT promised three years ago, by the help of an expeditious, efficient, and all-wise central Government, to make a model for all the States. Prison reform in Washington has but just begun.

LATE.

In his valedictory speech as Governor of this State, CHARLES E. HUGHES said at Syracuse:

> As we contemplate the expansion of government, the great public works now in progress and to be undertaken, and the insistent demands of our growing activities, we cannot fail to be impressed with the importance of perfecting our system of State administration. I strongly believe in the concentration of administrative responsibility. I do not believe there is sound reason for its distribution among several elected heads. Great public enterprise will not permanently prosper in this way. And as the burdens of State administration increase it will be found necessary, in my judgment, if the State Government is to maintain proper efficiency, to centralize Executive responsibility and in our State Government to follow the analogy of the Federal Government. I think it would be a decided improvement if the Governor were elected for a term of four years and were ineligible for re-election, and if the other State officers, now elected, were made appointive heads of departments. It would also be to the advantage of administration if the various heads of departments who are appointed by the Governor were removable by him instead of by the Senate. There is no loss of accountability to the people in such concentration of power and of the corresponding responsibility. The people can centre their attention upon the election of a Governor, but they do not properly fix it upon the election of a large number of co-ordinate State officers. According to our experience, the interest in the one submerges the interest in the other. The people should not be concerned with a mere fraction of the accountability upon which they have a right to insist.

Had Mr. HUGHES pitched into the Gubernatorial wastebasket his first speech on direct primaries and substituted for it this utterance he would have accomplished the one thing lacking in the career of a great Governor. He would have placed New York in the forefront of the States that will presently adopt the short ballot, with all that it implies of Executive responsibility and efficient government.

THE COTTON BILL PROBLEM.

The attitude of the committee of foreign bankers, whose latest conference in London has resulted in rejection of the validation plan for cotton bills of lading and insistence of the guaranteeing of the bills by American bankers, is puzzling. There was, of course, every reason why English and Continental banking institutions accustomed to make advances on American cotton bills should seek to avoid repetition of the losses suffered by them on the spurious bills involved in the Knight-Yancey and Steele & Miller failures; our own bankers recognized the justice of this position when they secured from the railroads the validation certificate, which throws every conceivable safeguard about a shipment of cotton from its origin in Central Georgia to its destination in Manchester. But this the foreign bankers say is not enough. They renew their demand that American banks guarantee both the signature on cotton bills and the possession of the cotton itself by the carrier, in spite of the fact that the National banking laws countenance no such procedure by our institutions.

We assume the foreign bankers understand that in its final form the financing of cotton exports on this side rests most heavily upon our National banks, and the mystery, therefore, is why insistence should be made upon a point which cannot lawfully be conceded. It must be apparent that in these circumstances a guarantee would not be worth the paper upon which it was written; any stockholder of the bank making it presumably could enjoin the payment of losses growing out of it. It is hardly surprising that the committee of American bankers meeting yesterday to consider the decision of the foreign committee felt constrained to refuse the demand for the guarantee. Without any restrictive laws to control them it is nevertheless impossible to imagine foreign bankers guaranteeing bills of lading on exports of merchandise from their shores to our own; in fact, within the last few days a request for exactly such a guarantee was flatly refused by one of the very institutions abroad making a similar demand upon our banks.

In announcing their decision the foreign committee intimated, according to the cables, their willingness "to meet a deputation of the American Bankers' Association in London." But if the dispute is settled, and it seems that in the end it must be settled, it will hardly be through the medium of a visit by our bankers to London. Meantime it is well to consider the situation which will confront us on Oct. 31, the date set by the foreign bankers as that after which they will take no bills without the guarantee. There are elements of trouble here, but we think they concern the English and Continental spinners and bankers more than the American grower and the American banker. The banks of this city will have to provide for the picking and warehousing of the crop some millions, in addition to the heavy remittances already made to the South, and they will doubtless be compelled to renew in October and November Southern loans which usually would have been liquidated at that time through the cotton export movement. If money rates are forced to high figures in consequence of these unusual factors, then the easy European money markets and the unsurpassed credit of our banks will quickly bring about imports of capital, presumably in the form of gold, to restore the equilibrium of the money markets and to carry the cotton.

As for the foreign spinner, his position in the controversy must be decidedly uncomfortable. Unless he chooses to close his mills he must have cotton. If his banker will not advance money on unguaranteed bills of lading to permit him to buy the cotton, then he must use his personal credit with his banker, who, in turn, must cable his American correspondent to make the payment in cash to the American seller of the raw cotton. This method of settlement is unscientific enough to promise rather strenuous days for the foreign Exchanges. But that is a matter for the banker to worry over; as for the spinner, he has still another anxiety beyond that of the individual financing of his purchases of supplies. For if the deadlock is long continued he will be haunted by the substantial spectre of the American manufacturer engaged in taking away his trade in cotton goods. American spindles have been increasing by leaps and bounds in recent years, the number mounting from 14,384,000 in 1890 to 28,632,000 this year, those of the South alone expanding in that period from 1,570,000 to 11,236,000. Our consumption of cotton has struck a pace which must have particularly impressed the English spinner. Note the following figures comparing the consumption of Great Britain and the United States in bales:

	Great Britain.	United States.
1889-90	3,227,000	2,185,000
1899-00	3,334,000	3,856,000
1909-10	3,320,000	4,533,000

Curiously enough the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers of the United States opened its eighty-ninth semi-annual conference at Portsmouth, N. H., yesterday, and no subject to be discussed will attract greater attention or interest than that of expanding our foreign trade in cotton goods. We have made some progress in this direction, but labor costs have favored the English maker in the competition for the world's trade. Of late, however, the development of Southern water powers has reduced this difference in his favor, and the remaining margin must seem narrow indeed if he is to be forced to add to the cost of his raw material the not inconsiderable expenses which must follow the new policy of the foreign bankers in regard to cotton exports.

TENNESSEE.

The eighth plank of the platform built by SAMUEL J. TILDEN in 1874, the model of Democratic platforms since that time, reads: "Free men, a uniform excise law, no sumptuary laws." And the fifth plank begins with the words "Home rule."

The Democrats of Tennessee should nail these planks fast to their platform. They can stand squarely upon them in opposing the Republican principle of "Supervised men, a prohibition statute, sumptuary laws, and reform from the outside." That principle has just met overwhelming defeat in Maine. Under a Democratic standard-bearer of the type of Gov.-elect PLAISTED—LUKE E. WRIGHT is such a man—the Democrats of Tennessee need not fear the weak coalition of machine Republicans and "independent" Democrats which the withdrawal of the candidacy of Gov. PATTERSON has deprived, even before they came together, of its compelling force.

TRAVEL IN NEW YORK CITY.

Nobody who has struggled with a bridge or Subway crowd needs to be told how inadequate are our transit accommodations. Our education has advanced to such a stage that something more definite than totals of growth is needed, and experts and inexperts alike study the relative deficiencies of one route's accommodations with those of another, and the relative growth of one in comparison with another. One such interesting tabulation in THE TIMES of Thursday is here reprinted, with the addition of a line to show the high-water mark of elevated traffic in comparison with its fluctuations after the opening of the Subway:

Year.	Passengers Carried. Subway.	Elevated.
1905		839,104,000
1906	187,919,682	257,796,754
1907	166,263,611	282,924,273
1908	200,439,776	282,845,864
1909	238,430,146	276,250,196
1910	268,962,115	293,826,280

In considering this table it is necessary to remember that the Subway was not opened all at once. Up to a recent period it was constantly opening new stations, and it is yet to operate to its full capacity. But even while the Subway's competition with the elevated is still growing the elevated lines are recovering lost ground. Already they are far toward carrying as many passengers as their maximum. Their gross earnings are larger than the Subway's still, and the superiority of the net earnings of the Subway is due solely to its greater efficiency and economy of operation.

These figures are worth remembering when it is being argued that because the traffic is so abundant, and so constant in its growth, therefore every fresh transit enterprise is an infallible gold mine. The Subway had only the elevated roads to compete with for long-distance riding, but any new subway will have both to compete with. The elevated lines are even yet so popular that some prefer them to the Subway, and yet their traffic suffered the great loss revealed by the above table. If the Subway were operated as expensively as the elevated roads, there might be another tale to tell regarding the certainty of profits by subway operators. The same argument regarding surface roads has had an unhappy sequel, and it is now proposed to launch the city into an experiment with a subway of an inferior route, and with fixed charges perhaps double those of the present Subway.

Besides, it is necessary to consider that soon riders on city roads will enjoy ampler means of riding eastward as well as northward. There are as many tracks leading eastward as lead northward, but only a fraction of them are in operation. It is argued that because the northward travel is so huge therefore it ought to have enlarged accommodations. Certainly it ought to have all the accommodation that private capital will furnish. But we are reluctant to see $125,000,000 of city money risked in discovering whether people will continue to ride twice as long to reach dear homes as they need to ride to reach cheap homes, when they have a choice under equality of transit accommodations. The argument that they will continue to ride northward after they are able to ride eastward is not convincing. It is odd that none of the transit reformers turn their attention to supplying short rides over existing routes on which not a wheel is turning. The subways of the future will have a new competitor whenever it is possible to ride over the bridges and in the open air for a half hour, instead of an hour in the Subway. The surface railways are under a cloud at present, but their rôle in the city's growth is no more completed than that of the elevated.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

"Forever" Is Far Too Long.

Speaking at the State Fair, Gov. HUGHES made effective use, in his argument for concentrating official power and responsibility in managing the State's business, of the fact that, because of a distrust well justified by experience with the present system of electing departmental heads instead of putting their appointment and removal in the hands of a carefully and intelligently chosen Chief Executive, proper as well as improper use of the public forest is forbidden.

He referred, of course, to the article in the State Constitution which says that "the lands of the State, now owned or hereafter acquired, constituting the forest reserve as now fixed by law, shall be forever kept as wild forest lands"—a command which causes almost as much grief and resentment in the minds of those who know what scientific forestry is as in those whose one idea, when they see a piece of woods, is to clear it as soon as possible of every stick of wood that can be sold at any price. It is, indeed, better to have "wild forest lands" than to have no forest lands at all, and the adequate excuse for the constitutional provision is that nothing less, at the time the amendment was adopted, and perhaps even now, would have saved the public forests from the ruthless exploitation that would have reduced them all in a short time to bare and sterile wastes.

Whenever that danger passes, however, either through the adoption of Gov. HUGHES'S suggestion or through the education of the public in the possibilities of real forestry—which include the paradoxical one of cutting your woods and having them left as good as ever—then the general impatience with a precaution excused by nothing except a disgraceful and humiliating necessity will compel its abandonment. For it will be substituted a provision which, while insisting on the preservation of the public forest lands as such, will drop the word "wild" for good and all. Intelligent forestry would preserve and increase every use the public woods now have, and it would add many others, including that of giving the State a direct money income of considerable size. Perhaps the time for the change has not yet come, but it is well in sight, and its arrival should not be delayed by sentimental delusions as to the superiority of "nature," in forests or out of them.

Suspicions Based on Experience.

An observer of men and things, who happened to be on the wharf at which one of the big liners arrived yesterday, watched with an interest not altogether pleasurable the rigor with which the Customs Inspectors examined the trunks of every passenger. He saw, indeed, that they performed this task with about as much courtesy and consideration as its nature permitted, but he could not help remembering that every one of these passengers had solemnly sworn either to the amount of dutiable goods he or she was bringing in, or that all he or she had was free of tax. But nobody's oath was accepted as conclusive; on the contrary, everybody was treated as perhaps, if not probably, a perjurer.

There happened to be among the passengers, and known by sight to this observer, one of the country's most eminent and most reputable men of affairs—a man of unimpugned honor and unquestioned integrity. Yet his declaration had no more weight with the Inspectors than that of anybody else, and his baggage was not passed until they found out—as they did find out—that he had described it accurately. The observer, in a conversation with one of the higher customs officials on the wharf, called his attention to this case and expressed wonder and something of indignation.

The official admitted the apparent impropriety of subjecting such a man to such a humiliation, but in defense of his subordinates and of the law he recalled the names of a dozen people with reputations equaling or approximating that of the man in question—people who, within not many weeks and in spite of declarations as formal as his, have been detected in attempts at smuggling. Some people are above fraud and lying of that sort, but eminence and good repute in other matters do not prove that particular phase of honesty, and the reason why the sworn declarations are not accepted as conclusive is the excellent one that they are often false. The Inspectors, with all their experience, have devised no test by which to determine, without an examination, whose word to accept and whose to doubt, so they doubt everybody's.

Almost everybody's, that is. It seems that there is a "white list" of travelers—not a very long one—who are held trustworthy enough to be quickly passed, but there is a much longer list of names, and "good names," many of them, whose owners are always under suspicion.

Timidity and the "Phobias."

A woman described as little and bent and old, who had occasion to visit offices high up in two tall buildings, in both cases laboriously climbed the stairs instead of using the elevators. When asked why she did this she said that she didn't ride in elevators, that she didn't consider them safe.

Well, they are not; they have been known to fall, and everybody who enters one of them does run a danger which can be avoided by always walking up and down stairs. But in spite of the existence of a basis of reality in the little old woman's fear, she and the few other people who share it are the victims of a "phobia" as distinctly pathological as any of the dozens known to the alienists. For the danger, though real, is one of the minute sort which the healthy mind ignores. They have to be encountered all day long, and all night long, for that matter, by everybody alive, and to pick out this or that little peril for avoidance is not merely a sign of mental disorder. It almost invariably involves the assumption of dangers much greater than the one escaped, to say nothing of the inconvenience and unhappiness which these displays of exaggerated caution always cause. The little old woman, for instance, tempted death far more by walking up many and long flights of stairs than she would have done by riding in elevators for years and years.

Though elevators have fallen, as a matter of practical experience the chance that any one of them will do so on any trip is almost infinitely small and therefore not worthy of sane consideration. That it is not considered by the vast majority of us shows—well, that the vast majority of us are sane as regards elevators. And that's something.

ROOSEVELT OR THE BOSSES.

Republican Concludes It Is Time to Depose the Party.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The writer is a stanch Republican who has voted its National and State tickets for a quarter of a century. He knows he is typical of a numerically large class whose view of present political conditions is this:

If the Republican Party has now such paucity of material that it is simply a choice of the old Roosevelt-created machine (now discredited and of no further use to him) or Roosevelt himself, (with the newer and more up-to-date machine he is building up for his new ambitions,) it is time to administer an old-fashioned dose.

A Democratic interregnum will cause the business community many gripes and other pains, but the resultant after effects may well be worth it.

When the leaders of a party are of such calibre that they say to its voters "Aut Roosevelt, aut nihil," it is time for that party to be deposed. A period of rest may bring back sanity.

B. L.

New York, Sept. 14, 1910.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The State has a constitutional right to the natural resources within its boundaries, and it is its duty and its privilege to preserve, develop, and foster the natural wealth in its possession as it may see fit, to the satisfaction and benefit of all within its borders. The State has sovereign rights, subject, of course, to the Constitution of the United States, and this sovereignty has always been upheld by the highest court. Therefore, through the States themselves should the work of conservation be carried on and not by any power centralized in the hands of any individual at Washington, as Mr. Roosevelt would like to see. It is not necessary to specify into whose hands the Colonel deems it imperative to place this power. This is a representative Government, and, as far as we know, there is no one endowed with a divine right to rule.

ROGER ROGERS.

New York, Sept. 14, 1910.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Conceding sincerity of motive, honesty of purpose, and value of services rendered as a reformer, there are many intelligent and thinking men not personally identified with politics, corporate interests, or Wall Street, who see in the present attitude of Mr. Roosevelt with his extreme egotism, arrogant assumption, intemperate speech, and moral posing (in view of glaring inconsistencies) a menace to the future well being of the country and its legitimate business interests.

C. D. S.

New York Sept. 14, 1910.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Priding himself upon his sporting blood, the only course Mr. Roosevelt can take and retain his position as a sport, of which he is so proud, is to accept Judge Parker's dare, coupling with it the proviso that Judge Parker shall also run.

New York, Sept. 14, 1910. E. T. W.

Causes of Democratic Success.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The editorial article in THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday, headed "Maine Leads the Way," is exactly to the point. To my mind the result of the Maine election is wholly due to the wild ravings of Roosevelt. Conservative citizens are tired of the Socialistic propaganda and the constant attacks on corporate interests and the business and industries of the country.

I cast my first Presidential vote in 1864 for Abraham Lincoln, and I have persistently, not consistently, voted the Republican ticket, but I can be counted in the Democratic column unless the Democratic Party will persist in keeping me out of its ranks, as it has done by its nominations since 1896.

A good many of the Democratic leaders who have lately commented on the turn of political events in their favor, have attributed it to the false reason that the people are tired of the favoritism shown by the Republican Party to the special interests. That kind of talk does not make any votes. What they should say is that the people are tired of the constant agitation, and continued ill-advised attacks on the business interests of our country. That will reassure the wavering voter and gain converts for them.

ROCHESTER REPUBLICAN.

Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 15, 1910.

Morningside Park's Degeneration.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In to-day's paper there is a letter by "F. E. A." about Morningside Park and how it is being ruined by hoodluma. Years ago it was considered by many travelers the most beautiful park in the world, and until the present year was a joy to all who beheld it.

This year it has ceased to be a park in spite of its name. The grass has all been trodden out by boys and young men who seem to have nothing to do but throw stones at the surrounding property. The beauty of the park has vanished and it is no longer a suitable place for women and children.

New York, Sept. 14, 1910. T. G. M. R.

SUBWAY COMPETITION.

Bronx Transit Association Fears No Evil from That Source.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

To-day's TIMES illogically argues in a statement entitled "Rapid Transit Rights and Wrongs" that the proposed Broadway-Lexington Avenue Subway will create undesirable competition.

The Bronx Transit Association wishes to point out that these two subway systems, if it becomes necessary to operate them independently, would produce no undesirable competition whatever, and we fail to see what competition of any kind would be created.

The Second and Third Avenue Elevated and the Sixth and Ninth Avenue Elevated do not create undesirable competition. No one imagines that the Williamsburg Bridge has created undesirable competition with the Brooklyn Bridge, but rather relieved the latter of a strain that was almost unendurable, and is fully paralleled by the congestion of the present subway system.

The residents of the City of New York we believe heartily indorse the recommendations of the Public Service Commission in advocating the proposed Broadway-Lexington Avenue route. Those living or doing business on the east side of Manhattan and the eastern section of the Bronx are justified in demanding some immediate relief from the present inadequate facilities afforded them, and those on the west side of Manhattan and the Bronx are equally justified in demanding equally speedy relief from the overcongestion which the arguments you present have helped to foster.

The construction of the Broadway-Lexington Avenue route in no way prevents the construction of an extension of the present system down Seventh Avenue. If competition is to be urged as a reason against construction, then the present McAdoo subway could be urged against the Seventh Avenue construction.

We know of no disinterested authority which would for a moment claim that the Broadway-Lexington Avenue line, which could not be in operation for at least four or five years, would be in competition with the present Subway. Nobody feels that the McAdoo tunnel and the Pennsylvania tunnel create any undesirable competition, or that the Pennsylvania Long Island tunnel creates undesirable competition with the present Brooklyn Subway tunnel.

Ample opportunity has been afforded for any good which may be expected to result from the absence of competition for which you argue. The people of New York have observed its operation for some time and a great majority, we believe, feel that none of the evils which you claim for competition, even if there were competition and the competition did create evils, could possibly be worse than the conditions which have developed from non-competition.

The Bronx Transit Association has already publicly stated that it in no way discourages any extensions or improvements of the present system or new construction in any other section not covered by the Broadway-Lexington Avenue route, but we do enthusiastically advocate and indorse the recommendations of the Public Service Commission in its work of providing the Broadway-Lexington Avenue line.

We see no reason whatever for having the main issue befogged at present by rehearsing illogical or trivial objections which have no real bearing whatever on the tremendous task of providing Greater New York with something like adequate transit facilities to provide for present traffic and to anticipate the increased traffic which will be upon us long before any proposed construction will be in actual operation.

BRONX TRANSIT ASSOCIATION.
W. R MESSENGER, Secretary.

New York, Sept. 13, 1910.

Quick and the Dead.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On a Southern mercantile credit the following enlightenment is submitted for favorable consideration:

We know of several pieces of property they own, and both parties live on fine farms right outside of the city limits, and in addition to this fact they own stock in at least three banks in town, in a big cemetery in town, and in other of our large local industries.

This is a case of the "quick and the dead" that is puzzling to a CREDIT MAN.

New York, Sept. 15, 1910.

Unwashed Raw Fruit.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The State Commissioner of Health of Pennsylvania, Dr. Samuel G. Dixon, has wisely called attention to the danger of eating unwashed raw fruit. In a circular letter recently issued Dr. Dixon states:

> Fruit which may look very attractive when served at a meal has very probably been handled by many human hands, transported long distances and exposed to much dirt and the visitation of insects, particularly flies of various species.
>
> It is too soon for even our very young people to forget the food that was infected with typhoid fever by flies which caused so many deaths among our soldiers in the Spanish-American War.
>
> Before raw fruit is eaten it should be carefully washed with pure water, and spoiled fruit, which attracts a great variety of insects, should never be eaten raw. The time and energy to wash raw fruit are a bagatelle alongside of a case of typhoid fever. Life is made up of little things. Little things as a rule start our great epidemics of disease.

F. J. KINTNER.

Jersey City, Sept. 10, 1910.

THE WADERS.

The queerest things rained down all over our street
With long legs, like spiders, and muddy brown feet;
They must have rained down, for I saw them all run
Through puddles and mud ere the shower was done.
They're some sort of Waders, and all over town
Through pools and deep gutters they splash up and down,
Bareheaded, barelegged, barefooted, and wet,
The Waders of Frogpond—I hear them splash yet.

The rain fell in torrents, the gutters' deep tides
Were black, and the rain barrels ran o'er their sides,
The frothy white waters whirled from the eavespout,
But with the first lull all the Waders came out.
They danced in the frogponds, they sounded the streams,
In gutters and made the air shrill with their screams,
They rolled up their dresses and trousers and dashed
Through mud, froth, and water, and waded and splashed.

And forth with the Waders came all kinds of dogs,
Came sailors with bark boats, came navies of frogs,
Came big rubber boots on such tiny brown legs,
Came floating armadas of cane and half kegs;
Came long poles for sounding, came all sorts of crafts,
Unseaworthy boxes made over to rafts,
I wonder if ever in my life again
I'll see so much gladness come down with the rain.

They must have rained down, for a minute ago
The frogpond was dry and deserted, you know,
There wasn't a Wader, a dog, or a craft;
A pair of gum boots, a bark boat, or a raft;
The eave's but done dripping, scarce dry is the spout,
When lo, all the navy of Waders is out,
The pond's full of ships as the old Spanish Main.
Who'd think so much fun could come down with the rain?

J. W. FOLEY.

PRISON CONGRESS FOR CHILDREN'S COURTS

Delegates at City Club Dinner Applaud Reports of Widespread Movement for Them.

CATHOLIC CHURCH ACTIVE

Mgr. Lavelle Says a History of Crimes for Which Catholics Are In Prison Is Being Prepared.

The delegates to the International Prison Congress, which meets in Washington early next month, were entertained at the City Club last night at a dinner given jointly by the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children and the Reception Committee appointed by Mayor Gaynor to entertain the Prison Congress delegates. Three score delegates, including several women, were present, representing eleven countries, and the New Yorkers acting as hosts included many who are well known in the work for the reform of criminals and the protection of children from criminal influences.

Ex-Supreme Court Justice Henry Gildersleeve presided, and, after coffee was served, proposed a toast to universal peace and to the sovereign or chief executive of every nation represented. Then he told several stories from his own experience, illustrating first his conviction that the confirmed criminal seldom reforms, and second, his belief in reformatory institutions for the younger and less hardened offenders.

Justice Gildersleeve told how, on one occasion many years ago, he received a letter from a prisoner in the Tombs, who said he was an old man of sixty and had spent thirty of his years in penal institutions. Nevertheless he considered himself a successful professional safe breaker and had done well at his calling until after his last release from jail. Then, broke in health, and in need, the prisoner wrote that he had visited a department store, had snatched a purse from a woman shopper and had been arrested.

The letter expressed chagrin at this retrogression in crime and the wishes of the prisoner for a speedy indictment and sentence to the full extent of the law. Justice Gildersleeve said that the old man's wishes were complied with. At the same time he declared that he had known more than one case where a man who had served a term in the Elmira reformatory had so retrieved his standing after reformation, as to be chosen to Congress, and had in mind the editor of an influential journal who was a graduate of that institution.

Thomas J. Walsh, the Superintendent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, drew forth applause by stating that information had come to him from Russia recently that that empire was in process of abolishing the Siberian prison system, and once more was taking up the effort to obtain special consideration of the offenses of children. Germany, said Mr. Walsh, and several other European countries, were undertaking the organization of children's courts.

Mgr. Lavelle, Vicar General of the Catholic Diocese of New York, expressed the keen interest of Archbishop Farley and of the Catholic Church in general, in the movement for the betterment of prison conditions and the reform of criminals. He said that a plan was being undertaken now to obtain a history of the causes of the crimes responsible for the imprisonment of Catholics in the city's institutions, and that out of this he expected would come good material.

After Jules Riga Rabelais, the Director of Prisons in Hungary, hade made a brief response, Dr. Eugene Borel of Geneva, a member of The Hague Tribunal, told how the Swiss were amending their Constitution so as to relieve children from the operation of a section providing for the interposition of a jury in all criminal cases. This, he said, would lead up to the establishment of children's courts in his country. He complimented the United States on the movement for prison reform, and declared that there was no country in the world where such a public sentiment could be brought to the support of such undertakings as in America.

Delegates representing several other foreign countries were among the other speakers.

SEEK POTASH AGREEMENT.

M. H. Davis and Sixty Other Americans Arrive in Berlin.

BERLIN, Sept. 15.—M. H. Davis, commercial adviser to the American Department of State, arrived here to-day to inquire on behalf of Secretary Knox about the German point of view toward the potash controversy.

Potash, which is produced only in Germany, is used extensively in the production of fertilizers in America. Recently the German Government took over many of the mines, establishing a practical monopoly, which seriously affects existing American contracts and the interests of American potash importers generally.

The State Department made representations to Berlin and Mr. Davis is here to further the negotations then begun. It is the hope, however, of both Governments that the potash men of the United States and Germany may get together and privately agree on some arrangement that will take the matter out of the realm of diplomacy.

Mr. Davis had a preliminary conference this afternoon with Dr. Hill, the American Ambassador, who is arranging the necessary official appointments.

Mr. Davis is accompanied by representatives of all the potash importing companies of his country, some sixty-odd, the aggregate capital of whose companies is in the neighborhood of $200,000,000. Among the number are Robert S. Bradley of the American Agricultural Chemical Company, C. H. MacDowell of Armour's, Abram C. Read of Nashville, Tenn., and B. H. Brewster, Jr., of Philadelphia.

Notary Fees Up to $6.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

For the benefit of "Occasional" in to-day's issue of THE TIMES—and it may be others in the same quandary—permit me to say that the schedule of fees allowed Notaries Public in this State is as follows:

For administering an oath or affirmation and certifying the same when required, except when another fee is especially prescribed by statute	.12
For taking and certifying the acknowledgment or proof of execution of a written instrument, by one person	.25
Each additional person	.12
Swearing each witness thereto	.06
For taking acknowledgment of bail	.25
For taking acknowledgment of satisfaction of judgment	.37½
For taking acknowledgment of satisfaction of a decree in chancery	.37½

There are also various fees, extending up to $6, for notarial services; for protesting notes and serving notices thereof; for marine insurance, marine protests, &c.; but the above will, I hope, explain the different fees charged the writer of the letter in to-day's TIMES and overcome in some measure the serious injury such an accusation might effect to all Notaries Public. I know what it is to be accused of "graft" or extortion by persons ignorant of the laws, when merely charging the proper fee.

O. L. KERSHAW,
Notary Public, New York County.

New York, Sept. 14, 1910.

MRS. BEST THE BRIDE OF ARTHUR CARROLL

Only the Immediate Members of the Families and a Few Friends at Ceremony.

HER SECOND MARRIAGE

She Resumed Her Maiden Name After Her Divorce from Elizur Yale-Smith.

The wedding of Mrs. Annie Livingston Best and Arthur Carroll, a son of Gen. Howard Carroll and Mrs. Carroll of this city, took place at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Clermont Livingston Best, 64 East Seventy-seventh Street, in the presence of the immediate families of the couple and a few intimate friends.

The house was decorated with palms and greens, and there was a profusion of white orchids, lilies of the valley, white roses, and other cut flowers in the drawing room, where the ceremony was performed by the Rev. Percy Stickney Grant of the Church of the Ascension, Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street. It was followed by a small reception.

Mrs. Best was given in marriage by her mother, and wore a French gown elaborately trimmed with lace and carried gardenias and lilies of the valley. Mrs. John Aspegren was the bride's only attendant, and was in rose-colored chiffon trimmed with lace.

Mr. Carroll's best man was his brother, Lauren Carroll. Mr. Carroll and his bride will make their home after their honeymoon at the residence of Mrs. Clermont Best.

The marriage of Elizur Yale-Smith and Miss Best took place in December, 1907, and shortly afterward the present Mrs. Carroll obtained a divorce and resumed her maiden name. Her engagement to Mr. Carroll was announced from Newport a few months ago. Mr. Carroll was graduated from Columbia University in 1904. He is a member of the Ardsley Club at Tarrytown, where Gen. and Mrs. Carroll have a country place.

MONEY THEFTS AT NEWPORT.

Robberies from the Barger Cottage Lead to Dismissal of Servants.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 15.—Thefts of money from the residence of Samuel F. Barger, including a sum belonging to one of the servants, have been reported lately, and last week Chief of Police James R. Crowley and Inspector John Tobin were called to the cottage to investigate. Afterwards two servants were dismissed.

Reports then followed that a portion of the receipts of the recent charity tableaux, given at the Casino for the Italian Children's Mission in New York, of which Mrs. Barger Wallach and her daughter, Miss Jean Wallach, had charge, was stolen.

On Tuesday one of the discharged servants attempted suicide by drinking chloroform liniment on the lawn of Mrs. Paran Stevens's estate late at night, and was saved by a policeman, who removed the man to the Newport Hospital, where he has since recovered and has been discharged.

EARL OF GRANARD HERE.

Comes to Accompany the Countess Back to Her English Home.

The Earl of Granard, Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, and Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Reid Mills arrived yesterday on the Cunard liner Mauretania.

The Earl will return on the same steamer with the Countess of Granard, formerly Miss Beatrice Mills, who has been spending a few months in this country. The Earl said he had made the trip for the purpose of accompanying his wife on her return trip to England.

J. H. COLFELT WEDS MRS. HURRY

Bride Divorced Wife of a Son of Justice Peckham.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—In a South Kensington Church to-day James Henry Colfelt of Philadelphia and Mrs. Emily Peckham Hurry of New York were married. Both the bride and the bridegroom had been previously married and divorced.

Mrs. Colfelt's former husband was a son of the late Justice Peckham. The wedding was very quiet, only two witnesses being present. The newly married pair intend to reside at Dinard.

MISS BRISTOL TO WED HERE.

California Girl to be the Bride of Ralph Lyon of New York.

The wedding of Miss Hazel Knox Bristol of California and Ralph Lyon, the son of Edward H. Lyon of the firm of D. W. Lyon & Sons, New York, will take place in St. Agnes's Chapel in West Ninety-first Street on Oct. 22.

The bride-to-be is the daughter of Robert D. Bristol, Vice President of the Bancroft Company, and a niece of the Misses Helen and Maud Bristol of San Francisco. Mr. Lyon is a grandson of Dr. D. W. Lyon, one of the California pioneers. His father is a native of California, although now long a resident of New York City.

Miss Cooke's Wedding Plans.

Miss Gladys de Walden Cooke, daughter of H. de W. Cooke of 302 Central Park West, will be married to the Rev. Francis Wellington Ross Arthurs at St. Agnes's Chapel on Tuesday, Sept. 27. Miss Cooke is a granddaughter of the late Rev. Samuel Cooke, for many years rector of St. Bartholomew's Church. The Rev. Mr. Arthurs was until recently senior curate of Calvary Church, New York, and is now rector of St. Peter's Church, Smyrna, Del. Owing to the serious illness of the bridegroom's mother only the family will be present at the ceremony, and there will be no reception.

Mrs. Pallen to Wed De Witt C. Noyes.

The engagement is announced of Miss Janet Pallen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Conde Benoist Pallen, to De Witt Clinton Noyes, son of the late Dr. Henry D. Noyes. Owing to the fact that the family is in mourning, the wedding, which will take place on Oct. 19, will be extremely quiet.

J. S. Fargo Married in London.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—James S. Fargo of New York and Miss Gwendolen Makellar of Edinburgh were married here to-day.

Miss Ripley to Wed on Oct. 15.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., Sept. 15.—The wedding of Miss Annah Ripley, daughter of Mrs. Sidney Dillon Ripley, to Count Pierre De Ziel Castel, will take place on Oct. 15 at noon at the Cross Ways, the Ripley's country place here.

"New York" Has First Performance.

The first performance of W. J. Hurlbut's new play, "New York," was given at the Bayonne, N. J., Opera House last night. The drama tells a story of city life, with badness and goodness intermingled. The principal rôles were played by Laura Nelson Hall, Mary Shaw and Orrin Johnson. The production is under the management of A. H. Woods, who will present the play in New York City in October.

Club Dines Ten Hotel Proprietors.

The Marine and Field Club at Bath Beach, L. I., gave a dinner last evening to ten hotel proprietors. Those present included W. C. Muscheim of the Astor, W. J. Quinn of the Empire, S. A. Read of the Park Avenue, E. M. Tierny of the Marlborough, Frank Case of the Algonquin, D. H. Knott of the Hotel Earle, W. J. Knott of the Judson, and Claud K. Knott of the Colonial.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, who are at Virginia Hot Springs, will return to Garrisons on Sept. 30. Mrs. Fish will give a breakfast for her mece, Miss Rosalind Fish, at Glencliffe Farm, Mrs. Fish's estate, on Oct. 20, when Miss Fish marries John Cutler.

Miss Anne Leary will entertain with a large dinner and reception on Oct. 6 at her residence, 1,032 Fifth Avenue.

Gen. F. P. Meany and Mrs. Meany will give a large entertainment on Nov. 4 at their place at Convent, N. J.. More than two hundred have been invited for the supper afterward.

Mrs. W. H Taft, Master Charles Taft, and Mrs. A. T. McClintock, arrived in town Wednesday and are staying at the Plaza.

Mrs. Peder Bruguière has arrived in town for the Winter and is at the Gotham.

Mrs. William T. Bull will return to town the end of September, keeping Dudley Place, her Newport home, open for house parties. She will entertain there from time to time, especially at Thanksgiving and Christmas.

Commodore and Mrs. Lewis Cass Ledyard, will remain at Sunset Ridge, Newport, until the middle of next month, when they will return to New York for the Winter.

Fernandino de Teressa of the City of Mexico, accompanied by his wfe and family, has left Spring Lake, where they passed the Summer, and are at the Hotel Wolcott.

Mrs. Walter Rutherfurd has returned to New York from Newport.

Mrs. Alexander H. Brown, who has been spending the season at Jamestown, R. I., will leave for her home in Baltimore on Sept. 22.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Who the Homecomers Were on the Mauretania and Adriatic.

The steamships arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

MAURETANIA (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Abbott, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick H. Allen, Judge and Mrs. Charles Y. Audenreid, Mr. and Mrs. J. Herbert Ballantine, Col. and Mrs. M. T. Barrett, Mrs. C. H. Bond, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence W. Bowen, Mr. and Mrs. Middleton Burrill, Mrs. G. W. Childs, Mr. and Mrs. W. Campbell Clark, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Cox, Mr. and Mrs. Theron J. Crane, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick M. Davies, Mr. and Mrs. Vincent J. Duncan, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Earle, H. A. Everett, Rene de Fonteneillat, Capt. T. Fujii, Japanese Navy; Mrs. W. M. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. Harry S. Hall, Mrs. James T. Harahan, Mrs. George P. Hilton, Mr. and Mrs. Henry F. Hord, Mr. and Mrs. Eli Joseph, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Kemp, Judge and Mrs. Frederick Lawton, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Leaming, W. C. Longreth, Miss Regina C. Moore, Mrs. Langley Morrison, John Neylon, Miss Lillian Orr, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Hodge Patterson, Samuel Peck, William Perrine, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Raymond, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Rector, John A. Roebling, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Saunders, Mrs. Kemp Smith, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Stohl, Mrs. C. P. Strong, L. C. Tiffany, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Underwood, Mr. and Mrs. William W. Vensel, B. Winthrop, Jr., Robert Hunter, and Mrs. W. H. Young.

ADRIATIC, (Southampton)—J. F. Adams, Mrs. Chauncey Andrews, Prof. Sidney Ashmore, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph S. Auerbach, Mrs. H. C. Backus, Mrs. Robert F. Ballantine, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Bates, Mr. and Mrs. V. G. Bentell, Dr. and Mrs. Louis F. Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Borgmeyer, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Burrill, Mr. and Mrs. Willis O. Chapin, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Chisholm, Mrs. Anna Clarke, Miss Gladys Coddington, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Cartwright, Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Cohen, Mrs. C. C. Cuyler, Mrs. William B. Davenport, Mrs. James C. Dayton, Mrs. Ira Davenport, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Dickenson, Mrs. Frederick S. Douglas, Mrs. W. P. Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Duggin, Judge Mitchell Erlanger, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Falconer, Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Flagg, Mrs. Marquis Gaspard, Mr. and Mrs. Harry B. Hollins, Frank Howard.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. Walter H. Jaycox, Miss Annie Burr Jennings, Mr. and Mrs. Townsend Jones, Mrs. de W. Knox, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Kobbe, Miss Eleanor Le Roy, John A. Logan, Prof. and Mrs. Thomas C. Mardall, C. McAlpin, Sir Frederick J. Mirrieles, and Lady Mirrieles, Mr. and Mrs. George Moss, Mrs. A. T. Moulton, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Newman, Mrs. E. E. Olcott, Mr. and Mrs. W. Eugene Parsons, William Barclay Parsons, Jr., Mrs. F. Stanhope Phillips, Walter Platt, Mr. and Mrs. John O. H. Pitney, C. Poynter Redfern, Mr. and Mrs. Henry P. Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Rosendale, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Sawtell, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Stern, Mrs. Charles Swan, James M. Taylor, head of Vassar College; Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. Moses Taylor, Arthur Underwood, Gen. W. M. Healy, Mrs. O. D. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Walbridge, Dr. and Mrs. Clarence Warfield, Mr. and Mrs. S. Burns Weston, Mrs. Clifford T. Woodrow, and Innis Young.

LOW PRICED TICKETS READY.

New Theatre Will Distribute Them for Special Performances in 14 Offices.

The New Theatre's East Side Subscription Committee, of which Julius Hopp is the Chairman, completed yesterday its arrangements for distributing the low-priced tickets for this special series of four performances. Fourteen stations have been selected to which persons may apply for tickets.

An applicant will fill out a card bearing his name and address and state the price of tickets desired. He may apply for one or two tickets for any or all of the performances, but if he applies for the full series he will be required to pay only for the tickets for each performance as they are delivered. These cards will be sent to the New Theatre, where locations will be assigned, after which the tickets will be sent to the application stations.

The application stations will be located at University Settlement, 184 Eldridge Street; United Hebrew Trades, Clinton Hall, 151 Clinton Street; Cooper Union; Rand School of Social Science, 112 East Nineteenth Street; Women's Trade Union League, 43 East Twenty-second Street; the Jewish Community, 356 Second Avenue; Clara de Hirsch Home, 225 East Sixty-third Street; Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway; Free People's Stage, 1,624 Second Avenue; Workingmen's Educational Association, 3,309 Third Avenue; Hartley House, 413 West Forty-sixth Street; Greenwich House, 26 Jones Street; Hebrew Educational Society, Pitkin and Watkins Avenues, Brooklyn, and Labor Lyceum, 949 Willoughby Avenue, Brooklyn.

German Singers for the Park.

Park Commissioner Stover has arranged with the United Singers of New York, F. Albeke, conductor, to sing at The Mall in Central Park on Sunday afternoon. This combined organization of German singing societies was to have sung in the Park several weeks ago but was prevented by rain. The programme next Sunday will be shared by the Volpe Symphony Orchestra, under the direction of Arnold Volpe.

"The Fighter" Staged at Detroit.

Special to The New York Times

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 15.—George Fawcett presented at the Garrick Theatre here to-night a new play, entitled "The Fighter," by Hillard Booth, a dramatic version of Albert Payson Terhune's novel, "Caleb Conover." The play deals with the political struggle between reform as represented by the people, and the machine as represented by the bosses. The production was made under the direction of the Shuberts, and is booked for an early New York hearing.

Genee Coming Tuesday for Last Tour.

Adeline Genee, the dancer, who will make her farewell tour of America under the management of Klaw & Erlanger this season, is a passenger on the Kronprinz Wilhelm, due in New York next Tuesday. Her season will open in Philadelphia in a new play called "The Bachelor Belles." In the grand ballet she will dance a new number entited "The Rose and the Butterfly," and a new Hungarian number, which has never been presented in America. The dancer will be accompanied by her husband, Frank G. Isitt, who is on his way to Winnipeg, Manitoba, on a business trip.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Henrietta Crosman and her company will come to New York direct from Denver, Col., to open at the Garrick Theatre in "Anti-Matrimony" next Thursday night. Miss Crosman will end her engagement at the Broadway Theatre, Denver, on Saturday night, and will arrive in New York on Wednesday.

Charles Dodsworth, an English character actor, will make his debut here at the American Music Hall on Sept. 26 in a one-act adaptation of Dickens's "Christmas Carol," called "Scrooge." Mlle. La Freya, another new foreign feature for the American Music Hall, arrived on the Mauretania yesterday.

Charles Frohman will go to New Haven to-day to witness the first performance of G. P. Huntley and Hattie Williams in "Decorating Clementine." Next Monday he will begin rehearsals of Marie Tempest in "A Thief in the Night."

Oscar Hammerstein announced last night that the opening of "Hans the Flute Player," at the Manhattan Opera House, has been postponed from Monday to Tuesday night next week.

MRS. BETTY CHAPMAN SEARCHED ON LINER

Customs Inspector Finds She Had Plenty of Jewelry, but None of It Dutiable.

NECKLACE WASN'T REAL

Paris Finery She Failed to Declare Is Held for Appraisement—She's Going on the Stage.

A question concerning about $1,000 worth of gowns, hats, lingerie, and other articles of clothing which Mrs. Elizabeth Perry Chapman did not declare on her arrival yesterday on the White Star liner Adriatic caused her to pay a visit to the Custom House in the afternoon, and later to the Public Stores, where her belongings were reappraised.

Mrs. Chapman brought in four trunks, two boxes, and a lot of small items. She declared $93 worth of foreign-bought articles. Inspector Hoehn, who was assigned to examine her baggage, brought to light four Paris hats, seven fine gowns, a silk handbag, and a lot of lingerie, gloves, and handkerchiefs.

An appraiser was soon convinced that the articles were far in excess of the sum mentioned in Mrs. Chapman's declaration. Deputy Surveyor O'Connor was then called. After questioning Mrs. Chapman, he ordered her trunks sent to the Public Stores. She admitted that she had not declared the Parisian gown she was wearing. This, she said, cost $75, and it was added to the list of undeclared articles.

Mrs. Chapman was escorted back on the Adriatic and had to submit to a search, to the great indignation of her mother, who came from Boston to meet her on the pier. This resulted in the finding of a lot of jewelry, but this was found to be of American manufacture and not dutiable. There was something of a stir when the Inspector found a pearl necklace in one of the trunks. The customs officials say that it is an imitation of a twenty-two-thousand-dollar necklace and worth about $200. It was made in this country.

Questioned at the Custom House by Deputy Surveyor George Smyth, Mrs. Chapman said she had not declared her articles of wearing apparel, as they were not only for her personal use, but had done duty for some time. For this reason, she said, she did not know they had to be declared. It was finally decided to await the report of the Appraiser before taking action.

Mrs. Chapman is to appear here in "The Violators," a play by an English author, soon to be produced. She is the divorced wife of T. Irving Chapman of Brookline, Mass. It was rumored that she was to marry J. Ormond de Rothschild, a son of Baron Maurice de Rothschild.

FINANCIERS HOME, OPTIMISTIC.

James McCrea, W. H. Newman, Chas. Steele, and H. B. Hollis on Adriatic.

James McCrea, president of the Pennsylvania railroad; W. H. Newman, former president of the New York Central; Charles Steele, of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., and H. B. Hollis, of the banking house of H. B. Hollis & Co. arrived from abroad yesterday on the White Star liner Adriatic. All are optimistic and all are returning from vacations.

Mr. McCrea said that he had had an ideal three weeks abroad for a railroad man. He and his wife and daughter journeyed many miles but in all their travel they never traveled in a railroad car.

"I have been dashing about in my automobile," he said, "and I have not even tried to keep in touch with railroad affairs. As to conditions here the situation is simply that business is marking time. The business world is waiting to see what turns up. Several things must settle before industry begins to expand again."

Mr. McCrea was asked what some of the things were that had to be settled. Among them, he said, were the United States Supreme Court decisions that would have to be reviewed again on account of the changes in the personnel of the Court. Other things that will have to be settled are the State and Congressional elections, which he said always make a disturbance.

"Taking into consideration these uncertainties," he added, "I see nothing in the situation which can give rise to fears of financial depression."

"The unsettled political condition of the country has somewhat halted the buying of American securities," said Mr. Hollis. "This is so, particularly as France. But it is only temporary and there will be active investing in our securities again as soon as the political atmosphere clears up."

Mr. Newman and his wife have been away three and a half months. They motored in France and Switzerland. He had nothing to say regarding business except that he was an optimist.

Mr. Steele has been abroad but ten days. He was accompanied by his wife, daughter and Miss N. M. Forbes, of Virginia, a cousin of Ms. Steele. Mr. Steele smilingly told interviewers that he did not know a thing about business.

Another passenger on the Adriatic was Elisha Flagg, who has been for nine years manager of the London Office of the American Express Co. He has been transferred to the head of the purchasing department in this city. Mr. Flagg said there had been more Americans in London this year than ever before.

VOYAGERS PAY RECORD DUTY.

$34,000 Collected on the Adriatic—Fear Arrest After Crusade Here.

The White Star liner Adriatic from Southampton arrived yesterday morning, bringing 1,602 passengers. A majority of those in the cabin were Americans returning from Continental health resorts or motor tours through Europe.

Though the Adriatic brought 423 first and 512 second class passengers, and the latest Parisian styles in hats and gowns were much in evidence as the passengers trooped ashore, the customs officials had very little trouble in the baggage examination. An examination of the declarations made on board showed that care had been taken in their preparation, and in many cases where there was doubt as to how to declare as to values this was so stated.

The result of all this was that the baggage examinations were expedited, and though there were about 4,500 pieces to be looked into in the first cabin alone the examination was practically over an hour and a half after the gangplank was put out. About $34,000 in duty was collected, the highest for a single steamship this season.

FROM EUROPE A PRISONER.

L. H. Marcher, Fugitive Cashier, Brought Back from Norway.

On the White Star liner Adriatic, which arrived yesterday from Southampton, was brought home a prisoner, Leon H. Marcher, the former cashier of the Morse Dry Dock Company, South Brooklyn. It is alleged that he absconded on April 19 with $5,000 of the company's money. Though detectives were put on the case he lived for a month near his home spending his time in his motor boat along shore at Bath Beach, Ulmer Park and Coney Island.

Tired of this he sent his wife and child to the home of his father-in-law at Tonsberg, Norway. For a time he lived at Christiansand and at Drammen. At the latter place he was recognized by a woman who had known him in Bath Beach. She informed the local authorities and he was arrested. On Aug. 4 he was put in the town jail. The jailer forgot to lock the door and that night he escaped. He was captured several days later at the home of his wife's parents. He was brought home by Lieut. Farrell of Brooklyn.

SIR WILLIAM TRELEOR HERE.

Ex-Lord Mayor of London Comes in the Interest of Charities.

Arriving yesterday on the White Star liner Adriatic was Sir William Treleor, former Lord Mayor of London. He is noted for his charity work, especially in behalf of the crippled children of England. He was accompanied by C. Povnter Redford.

Sir William comes here on business, but expects to give much of his time to studying the methods employed here in the hospitals for caring for crippled and tubercular children. He will also try to raise funds for some of the charities in which he is interested with Dowager Queen Alexandra.

Touring In Automobiles.

New Yorkers and Others Stop at Well-Known Resorts.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERBURY, Conn., Sept. 15.—Arrivals at the Elton Hotel by automobile to-day were Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Huddy, Providence, R. I., (Packard;) Dr. and Mrs. Parker Lyons, Miss Elsie Davis, New York City, (Crawford;) E. Strouse, M. J. Strouse, E. G. Hecht, Louis Tillson, Baltimore, (Stearns;) Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Corwin, Miss C. L. Corwin, H. E. Corwin, Robert Bruch, Huntington, L. I., (Hudson;) Mr. and Mrs. William E. Helme, Philadelphia, (Lozier;) Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Bates, Montclair, N. J., (Packard;) Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Staples, Miss E. Neil, Newburg, N. Y., (Cadillac;) Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Synnott, Miss Marion B. Synnott, Woodbury, N. J., (Buick;) Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Driggs, Brooklyn; Al Sternmeyer, New York, (Peerless;) Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Manee, Mr. and Mrs. Harry E. Manee, New York, (Matheson;) Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Merdes, Mr. and Mrs. A. Lambert, Mrs. F. H. Major, New York, (Stevens;) Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Reed, Miss Reed, H. B. Reed, New York, (Packard;) Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Rountree, Miss Barber, Mrs. J. D. Crawford, Randolph, Mass., (Pierce-Arrow.)

Special to The New York Times.

BRETTON WOODS, N. H., Sept. 15.—Arrivals at Bretton Woods to-day by automobile were E. W. Bissell, Mrs. W. H. Elliott, Mrs. Walter Delhi, and Mr. and Mrs. James B. McKay, Detroit, (Peerless;) Mrs. W. L. McLean, Robert McLean, Miss Sarah W. McLean, Mrs. Henry Erber, Philadelphia, (Winton;) Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Heinsley and Miss M. M. Gummery, Philadelphia, (Renault;) Mr. and Mrs. Alexander M. Welch, New York, (Pierce;) Mr. and Mrs. Walter B. Swindell, Sewell S. Watts, Baltimore, and Mrs. C. C. Nichols, Albany, (Peerless;) Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Edgell, Newport, N. H.; Miss Phillips, and Austin Cesbin, New York, (Columbia;) Dr. and Mrs. R. H. Follis, Baltimore, and Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Simms, Washington, D. C., (Auto-Car;) Miss Whitehead, Miss Lucile Whitehead, and Owen F. Roberts, New York.

MANCHESTER, Vt., Sept. 15.—New York automobile arrivals at the Equinox House to-day: Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Le Fevre, Mrs. Laura Anderson, (Peerless;) Mr. and Mrs. W. Otis and Miss A. B. Cooke, Stevens-Duryea;) Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Hobbs, Kenneth S. Hobbs, (Locomobile;) Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Smylie, (Packard;) Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Ecker, Miss Ethel Ecker, and Frederick W. Ecker, (Winton;) Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Houston, (Pierce Arrow.)

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 15.—Automobile arrivals at the Ten Eyck to-day were Mr. and Mrs. James A. James, the Misses M. J., G. N., and Master W. J. Tregarthen, New York, (Packard;) H. T. Pulsifer, Mrs. W. T. Pulsifer, New York, (Winton;) Mr. and Mrs. Eddison, Miss Eleanor Bennett, Irvington, N. Y., (Franklyn.)

DIPPEL GETS NEW SINGERS.

Engages Mme. Jeanne Wayda, Dramatic Soprano of Warsaw Imperial Opera.

Andreas Dippel, general manager of the Chicago Grand Opera Company, has engaged Mme. Jeanne Wayda, dramatic soprano of the Imperial Opera at Warsaw, to sing in Chicago, Philadelphia, and New York with the company during the season. In his last two weeks abroad Mr. Dippel also engaged the following artists who formerly appeared at the Manhattan Opera House, New York:

Suzanne Dumesnil, soprano; Wilhelm Beck, baritone; Armand Crabbe, basso, and Constantin Nicolay, basso.

Mr. Dippel sailed last Wednesday for New York and will be in Chicago before the singers begin to arrive, which will be within two weeks. Rehearsals will begin the first week in October, and the season will open on Thursday, Nov. 3, with five performances a week for ten weeks. The company will appear in St. Louis for four performances on Jan. 2, 3, and 4, and in St. Paul for four performances later in the same month.

Baltimore is making a strong bid for the company during its Philadelphia season. It asks for an opera every Thursday night for ten weeks, and nearly $10,000 in subscriptions has come in. If $5,000 worth of tickets for each performance are subscribed for, the request of Baltimore opera lovers will be granted.

WANTED, 300 CATS TO ACT.

Cast for Parts in "Hans the Flute Player"—Confidence of Press Agent.

The Manhattan Opera House is advertising for cats. It wants 300 of them, with and without stage experience, to take part in the production of "Hans, the Flute Player," and asks that they be brought to the stage door to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. No qualifications are mentioned in the advertisement—just plain cats.

They will not be required to sing. The press agent explained at length last night that they were wanted simply to appear for a few moments in one scene, when the Flute Player, a sort of second cousin of the Pied Piper of Hamelin, calls them from their firesides and drowns them collectively, to permit the rats and mice to multiply and overrun the busy city of teh opera. The Flute Player has a grouch against the city in the play. The idea, according to the press agent, is to have the cats come snooping out of the front doors and back gates of the stage residences, and surround the principal baritone while he plays on a property flute with the aid of the orchestra. That is all the cats will have to do, absolutely.

MISS GOULD HOSTESS TO 400.

Gives a Circus for Sunday School Youngsters on Lawn of Her Home.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 15.—Lyndhurst, the country seat of Miss Helen M. Gould, was the scene of an old-fashioned circus this afternoon, the occasion being the annual fête to the members of Miss Gould's sewing class. The circus was of the genuine variety with side shows, red lemonade, and peanuts, and no one appeared to enjoy it more than Miss Gould.

More than 400 children were present, all dressed in white, and wearing masks of various animals. The circus performance was given by Miss Gould's Sunday school class, and Miss Northrop's class, and it was under the direction of Miss Northrop. A circus ring was pitched on the lawn near the river. When the children arrived they received tickets admitting them to the side shows, and entitling them to packages of popcorn and peanuts and a glass of lemonade.

After the show the children marched to a large tent, which was decorated with flags of all nations, and they enjoyed salads, cocoa, ice cream, and cake. Each child received a balloon and a box of candy. Miss Gould shook hands with all the children as they departed for home. She said it had been a day of much pleasure to her.

MRS. BELMONT HOME FOR SUFFRAGE WAR

She Interested Women Leaders Abroad in a Great Fair for the Cause to be Held Here.

HELD MEETING ABOARD SHIP

Senator Scott Presided and Inez Milholland Talked—She Blushingly Admits That Beauty May Help.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, President of the Political Equality Association and an officer of many other woman's suffrage bodies, arrived yesterday from Europe, where she has been two months. Mrs. Belmont was a passenger on the Mauretania with Miss Inez Milholland. She was met on the pier by her son, Harold Vanderbilt.

"I went abroad to rest," declared Mrs. Belmont, "because I had done nothing but work for the suffrage movement for a long time. The bill for woman's suffrage in England was before the houses of Parliament for discussion when I was abroad, and I heard the debates from the galleries. They were intensely interting. The bills will come up again soon, and I am sure the ballot is soon to be given to the women of England. They will surely get it if the Conservative Party gets into power.

"I am back to take a more vigorous interest than ever in the American movement for woman's suffrage. While abroad I have been at work interesting leaders in the movement in a great suffrage fair which we plan to hold in this city in December. They have promised to send exhibits and attractions. This fair will do much, I hope, to consolidate the State and city organizations throughout the country and help them to co-operate in their work.

"We had a suffrage meeting aboard ship on Tuesday evening. Senator Scott of West Virginia presided and Miss Inez Milholland addressed the passengers."

Miss Milholland scampered down the gangway from the great liner, in a tailored suit, hobble skirt, trimmed with silk. She had on a Turkish turban, with a long Oriental veil, which was tossed carelessly about her neck. She blushed and laughed merrily when one of the reporters said:

"We hear that you have been picked as the most beautiful suffragette to ride in a special chariot in a great suffrage parade in this city in October."

"Well, I'll accept," she said.

"Yes," she continued. "I took part in the big Hyde Park demonstration preceding the vote of the House of Commons on the Suffrage bill. I spent a large part of my time preparing for this meeting. I was with my parents in England before the meeting, and later joined Mrs. Belmont in Paris.

"We made a study of the French feminist movement, which we found surprisingly weak. We were astonished at its weakness, particularly because women have such a large part in the affairs of France, in business and in science, and the professions. Why, there are even women on the Stock Exchange in France, and, of course, well-informed people know that the leading scientific man of France is a woman, Mme. Curie.

"The influence of the Church has kept women out of the struggle for the suffrage so far, and is yet a hindering influence. But now the influence of the Church is weaker and we saw indications of a more hopeful development in the feminist movement. The women in England are much more highly organized than they are in this country.

"My plans for the present are to devote myself to the study of law in the Law School of New York University. If I work hard I may finish this year, though I am behind in my work on account of illness last year. I shall do what I can for the suffrage movement in addition to my studies, but I feel that I will be of much more value to the suffrage movement as a full-fledged lawyer."

Miss Milholland's attention, as the leading beauty of the suffrage cause, was called to the statement of Mrs. Gabrielle Steward Mulliner, that the delegation sent to Washington by the suffrage party consisted largely of "frumps." Miss Milholland said at first that such a statement would not be made or considered by one who took the suffrage cause seriously, but she said later that she believed that it might be considered good politics for those in the suffrage ranks to put their most attractive members forward when it was sought to influence legislators.

ROCKEFELLER GIVES BOY $1.

Apparently Does Not Carry Change, as He Went Home for the Money.

Special to The New York Times.

CHARDON, Ohio, Sept. 15.—John D. Rockefeller apparently does not carry any change with him when he goes out in his automobile.

Mr. Rockefeller, who rides out here from his Cleveland home two or three times a week, wished to give a boy a dollar yesterday. eH did not have the money with him and had to make another trip to-day to pay it.

When the familiar Rockefeller machine was rolling through this place yesterday it came upon a group of children playing in the road. The owner stopped to talk to the youngsters, and before he could get away a bunch of flowers was presented to him by Rodney Heath. Mr. Rockefeller returned to-day, asked for Rodney, and when he had found him presented to him a new silver dollar.

Rodney, who has just turned 11, cannot decide whether he will spend the dollar now, or wait till he grows up. He already has it working for him, for he rented it at 10 cents per hour to George Penton, who has the coin on exhibition in his grocery window.

Great Northern Hotel Opened.

The new Great Northern Hotel, at 118 West Fifty-seventh Street, was opened last evening, and it already is comfortable filled with guests. It has a capacity of more than 700. A luncheon was given by the management yesterday to hotel proprietors and newspaper men. In the evening Frank Kingdon gave a dinner to Mr. Warner, who is playing in "Alias Jimmie Valentine"; William Courtney, and some ten other guests. Several other dinner parties were given in the grill and main dining room.

Admiral Dickins Dead.

Francis William Dickins, a retired Rear Admiral of the United States Navy, died yesterday afternoon after a short illness in a sanitarium in West Sixty-first Street. The body will be sent to-day to Washington, where his home was at 1,334 Nineteenth Street.

Admiral Dickins was born in Beekman, N. Y., in 1844, the son of George and Eunice Dickins. He was appointed to the Navay Academy from Connecticut in 1861, and was graduated three years later. His first post was as ensign, his last as head of the coast squadron of the North Atlantic fleet in 1905. During the Spanish-American war he shared in planning the successful naval operations as Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Navigation.

Admiral Dickins served on the Colorado durin gthe civil war. In 1900 he was in command of the Indiana and in 1901 of the Oregon. He retired in 1906.

Nathan Hamburger Dead.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 15.—Nathan Hamburger, Vice President of Gimbel Brothers, owners of department stores in New York, Philadelphia, and Milwaukee, died to-night, aged 55 years.

SAM BERNARD IN NEW PIECE.

"He Came from Milwaukee" Opens in New Haven—Due at Casino Monday.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 15.—Sam Bernard's company brought out the comic opera, "He Came from Milwaukee," at the Hyperion Theatre here to-night under the auspices of the Shuberts. The house was large and there were many encores. After an engagement at the Hyperion Theatre of three nights, beginning to-night, with matinée Saturday, the piece will go direct to New York, opening next Monday evening at the Casino.

The company supporting Mr. Bernard includes Nella Bergen, Winona Winter, Amelia Summerville, Louis Harrison, George Anderson, Martin Brown, Franklin Jones, Henry Norman, Charles Burrows, Frank Sargent, Adele Rowland, Alice Gordon, and Anita Francesca.

The book of the piece is by Mark Swain and Edgar Smith, the lyrics by Edward Ladden, and the music by Ben M. Jerome and Louis A. Hirsch.

Marshall S. Driggs.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Sept. 15.—Marshall S. Driggs, President of the Williamsburg City Fire Insurance Company, died at his Summer residence at New Canaan last night of oedema of the lungs. He had only been ill a few days. Mr. Driggs leaves no children. His wife, Elizabeth Sanford of Redding Ridge, Conn., died a year after their marriage about fifty years ago. Mr. Driggs was one of four sons of Edward Driggs, founder of the Williamsburg City Fire Insurance Company. He was also senior member of the storage warehouse firm of M. S. Driggs & Co., New York.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN C. COUGHTRY, for twenty-five years President of the New Jersey School and Church Furniture Company at Trenton, died there yesterday, aged 91 years, of old age. He was born in New York City.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

BUCHER—SHERWOOD.—At Spokane, Wash., Sept. 13, 1910, by the Rev. Dr. Hindley, Ethel A. Sherwood, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Sherwood of White Plains, N. Y., to Paul Bucher of Spokane, Wash. Garry Apartments, 5,311 Lincoln St., Spokane, Wash. No cards.

BIRNIE—WACKER.—Sept. 15, at 8 o'clock P. M., in Brooklyn, by the Rev. S. G. Welskötten, Adelaide Marguerite, daughter of Charles and Annette Wacker, to John Paul Birnie of Elizabeth, N. J.

DE PEW—PRESTON.—On Sept. 14, at St. Thomas's Church, by the Rev. Dr. Frank S. Cookman, Marlette Preston to Dr. Evarts Baine De Pew of San Antonio, Texas.

HILLIS—CAMERON.—On Sept. 14, at St. George's Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., by the Rev. W. Watts, James B. Hillis of Halifax, N. S., to Helen K. Cameron of Providence, R. I.

YATES—FLEMING.—On Wednesday evening, Sept. 14, 1910, at the residence of the bride's parents, 318 6th Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., Clara Emma, daughter of John and M. Emma Fleming, to Ernest Langley Yates of Cleveland, Ohio.

WALKER

CHICK EVANS DOWNS HERRESHOFF IN GOLF

Young Westerner Now Hot Favorite for National Amateur Championship.

BROOKLINE, Mass., Sept. 15.—Three midwestern golfers and a fourth who spends his Winters in Washington, but who plays from Stockbridge, Mass., put two Boston district players, a New Yorker, and a Toledo man out of the running in the third round to-day of the National amateur championship over the Country Club course.

The winners were W. C. Fownes, Jr., of the Oakmont Club of Pittsburg, Charles Evans, Jr., of the Edgewater Club, Chicago; Warren K. Wood of the Homewood Club, Chicago, and W. R. Tuckerman of Washington, but playing from the Stockbridge, Mass., Golf Club. These four are sure of medals from the association. Custody of the Havemeyer Cup, given to the club represented by the champion, goes with Saturday's winner with young "Chick" Evans, who played Frederick Herreshoff, the metropolitan champion, off his golfing feet to-day, a hot favorite to-night for the title.

The demoralization of Herreshoff's game, after three days of unapproachable golf, was the surprise of the day. Hundreds of enthusiasts journeyed to the Country Club to see what everyone expected would be a battle of golfing stars, but while Evans shone brilliantly throughout the day, Herreshoff faded away after the first hole was played and was never again a factor in the contest, which Evans won, 11 up, 10 to play.

One of the remaining three matches, that between Fownes and H. H. Wilder, of the Vesper Country Club, of Lowell, ended on the fifteenth green with the former 4 up and 3 to play. Wood was carried to the home green by J. G. Anderson, of the Woodland Golf Club, Newton, Mass., winning by 2 up. Tuckerman, after a see-saw match with H. Weber of the Inverness Golf Club of Toledo, was forced to play the 37th hole to win.

Notwithstanding the attractions of the Evans-Herreshoff match, the Wood-Anderson contest carried a large gallery during the morning round and at times the trailing crowd saw some fine golf. Anderson, however, seemed to be nervous. Wood was fully as excited, but steadied when he saw his opponent also affected. Wood made a 78 in the morning, and was 83 in the afternoon, while Anderson played the first round in 82 and the second in 83, although on previous days he has broken 80.

Fownes and Wilder had a hot match and while the latter had the better card in the morning Fownes led at the end of the first 18 holes by 1 up. Both felt the strain in the afternoon and while Wilder secured the lead at the 24th hole, he lost it quickly and Fownes, playing long and sure, nailed the match on the 33d green.

Ohio's hopes were centred to-day upon Harold Weber of Toledo, and he remarked after his match with Tuckerman that he found the tall player from the Berkshires and Washington a much stiffer proposition than John D. Rockefeller, with whom he has played. Weber seemed unable to extend or hold his game when victory was almost within reach of the distance. He was 4 up at one stage in the morning round, and 3 up and 3 to go in the afternoon. Then his game seemed to break, and Tuckerman caught him on the thirty-third green. The next hole was halved, and Tuckerman won the thirty-fifth. Both followed good drives with poor seconds, but Weber saved himself and squared the match by holing a ten-foot putt on the home green. It was the last flicker, for Weber did poorly, going to the extra hole, and Tuckerman won easily.

In the semi-finals to-morrow Fownes plays Evans, and Wood meets Tuckerman. If Pittsburg can be regarded as a Middle-Atlantic State city, it will be the East vs. the West. The summary:

National Amateur Golf Championship, Third Round—W. C. Fownes, Jr., Oakmont, defeated H. H. Wilder, Vesper, 4 up 3 to play; Charles Evans, Jr., Edgewater, defeated Frederick Herreshoff, Ekwanok, and New York, 11 up 10 to play; Warren K. Wood, Homewood, defeated John G. Anderson, Woodland, 2 up; W. R. Tuckerman, Stockbridge, defeated H. Weber, Inverness, 1 up, 37 holes.

Newcomer for Women's Golf Title.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—Matches played to-day in the second round of the woman's champion golf at the Skokie Country Club, made it certain that the next title holder will be a newcomer in the championship ranks. Miss Vida L. Llewellyn of the La Grange Country Club, last year's winner, was defeated by Mrs. Edmund T. Perkins of Glenview, a former champion of Southern California, 3 up and 2. Mrs. Thurston Harris of Westward Ho defeated Mrs. F. S. Colburn of Evanston, 6 and 5, and will play Mrs. Perkins to-morrow. Mrs. Luther Kennett of the Evanston Golf Club defeated Miss Myra Helmer of Midlothian in 19 holes. Mrs. Harvey L. Pound of the Skokie Country Club won from Miss Katherine Forrest of Skokie, 5 and 4.

SLOOP AURORA WINS.

Winsome Second and Istalena Third In New York Y. C. Race.

The annual Autumn Cup races for sloops of the New York Yacht Club were held yesterday afternoon off the Glen Cove station of the club. Thirteen sloops contested, and although the entry list was not large, the races were interesting. The day was perfect, a twelve-mile-an-hour breeze blowing from the east-northeast sailed the boats at a lively clip.

The start was off Mott's Point, then a close reach to Parsonage Point, a beat to Greenwich Point, and then a run home, a total distance of nineteen and a quarter nautical miles. All boats used spinnakers on the run home.

The three sixty-five-footers, Istalena, Winsome, and Aurora, were started first, Aurora got over the line in the lead well to windward, followed by Istalena, which kept to leeward. Winsome went over then in the Aurora's wake, in an attempt to get to the windward of the pair. At the Greenwich mark Winsome was far astern, but she seemed to get a few puffs of wind that the others did not catch, and at the finish the three boats were only 89 seconds apart, Aurora winning with Winsome second, a remarkable showing considering the length of the course.

The Class M boats made one of the prettiest starts seen in a long time, as they went over the line practically together. The Adventuress soon got the lead and was nearly ten minutes ahead at the finish, she being the highest rated boat in her class. The New York thirties made a very pretty race. They started in a bunch, and all finished within a period of four minutes. Alera was the winner, as she was over half a minute before Caprice.

The yacht Diana, owned by C. Ledyard Blair, Vice Commodore of the club, followed the racers around, but after the race, while returning to the Twenty-third Street landing of the club, she ran aground on Nigger Point in Hell Gate.

MISS GOLDING SWIMS FAST.

Boston Girl, May McDonough, No Match for the Champion.

Miss Elaine Golding retained her title of champion woman swimmer of the world yesterday at Coney Island, when she easily defeated Miss May McDonough of Boston, the New England champion, in a special mile race in the surf by more than 300 yards.

Yesterday's performance was the longest distance negotiated by Miss Golding during the past season, as she has been participating chiefly in short distance events in pools. The course was half a mile out to sea and return just off the end of Steeplechase Pier, and both the contestants encountered favorable conditions, the only real difficulty being experienced by the Bostonian in making the stake flag after going out of her course.

Miss Golding got off well and took the lead as soon as she appeared above the surface, after the dive, and struck out with a strong overhand stroke, gradually drawing away from her opponent. Miss McDonough was a trifle slow from the start. Miss Golding gradually increased her lead, and when only half way out to the stake flag she had obtained a lead of about 100 yards, and was going in fine style. She then floated for a short time to obtain a rest, and again set out for the turning point with her overhand stroke, and negotiated the turn or half the distance in 19 minutes. Miss McDonough was led somewhat out of the course by the party in the boat attending her, and along with her lack of speed, she was just 6 minutes slower in making the turn.

The local swimmer took the last half of the journey in ease, as she had a big lead and often changed from the overhand to the breast stroke, and went along slowly to the finish line, completing the mile in 38 minutes and 48 3-5 seconds. The Boston girl evidently tired in the second half mile, as she used the breast stroke the entire distance, never once trying for speed with the overhand one, and was almost six minutes later than Miss Golding.

Both contestants received applause from the large crowd gathered on the pier and beach. It was announced after the race that Miss Golding was open to meet any woman swimmer in the world, and Mr. Pitonof, father of Rose Pitonof, accepted the challenge on behalf of his daughter for a match race of ten miles, to take place within two weeks.

ON THE TENNIS COURTS.

Steady driving that possessed compelling speed brought Miss Esther Smith of the Longwood Cricket Club of Boston into the position of challenger for the New Jersey State championship title in the women's lawn tennis singles yesterday. On the courts of the Morristown Field Club the Bostonian scored in impressive style against Mrs. Walter C. Aufferman in three sets at 6—2, 4—6, 6—2. Miss Smith will now meet Miss Marie Wagner, the twice holder of the New Jersey championship, in the challenge match.

The women's doubles and the men's singles also reached the finals. In the former event Mrs. Aufferman paired with Miss Smith. The New York and Boston combination were remarkably successful, in turn defeating Miss Marjorie Pierson and Miss Del Monico, 6—1, 6—love, and then Mrs. J. A. H. Hopkins and Mrs. Edwin Lewis, 6—3, 6—1. Miss Elizabeth C. Bunce and Miss Marie Wagner came through in the lower half. They displayed cleverness in their manoeuvring, and Miss Bunce accomplished some good overhead smashing. In their first match they defeated Miss Fiske and Miss Brindley, 6—1, 6—1, and in their semi-final Miss Ina A. Kissell and Miss Davis, 6—2, 6—2.

It was in the men's singles that the unexpected happened, as the old holder of the championship honors, Frederick G. Anderson, scored with ease over Benjamin M. Phillips, 6—love and 6—3. The summary:

Championship Women's Singles.—Final round—Miss Esther Smith defeated Mrs. Walter C. Aufferman, 6—2, 4—6, 6—2.

Championship Men's singles.—Fourth round—L. H. Freeman defeated E. S. H. Pendergast, 6—3, 6—2; G. C. Thomas defeated C. F. Watson, Jr., 6—2, 6—4.

Semi-final round—F. G. Anderson defeated B. M. Phillips, 6—0, 6—3; G. C. Thomas defeated L. H. Freeman, 6—3, 6—0.

Women's Doubles.—First round—Mrs. Walter C. Aufferman and Miss Esther Smith defeated Miss Marjorie Pierson and Miss Del Monico, 6—1, 6—0; Miss Elizabeth C. Bunce and Miss Marie Wagner defeated Miss Fiske and Miss Brindley, 6—1, 6—1.

Semi-final round—Mrs. Walter C. Aufferman and Miss Esther Smith defeated Mrs. J. A. H. Hopkins and Mrs. Edwin Lewis, 6—3, 6—1; Miss Elizabeth C. Bunce and Miss Marie Wagner defeated Miss Ina A. Kissell and Miss Davis, 6—2, 6—2.

Men's Doubles.—First round—R. P. Bennett and H. McCabe defeated Alan Fox and W. B. Wadsworth, by default; O. H. Hinck and S. Howard Voshell defeated R. A. Holden, Jr., and F. M. Watrous, by default.

Second round—J. T. Willis and Dr. F. R. Glazebrook defeated L. O. Conditt and partner, by default; Otto H. Hinck and S. H. Voshell defeated J. R. Montgomery and G. C. Burgwin, 6—1, 6—2; H. T. Banks and R. M. Banks defeated S. Pitney and I. Mellon, 6—2, 6—1.

Third round—H. T. Banks and R. M. Banks defeated A. Maury and Henry Ford, Jr., 6—2, 6—1.

Lively matches in the championship doubles, with the playing through Champions Charles M. Bull, Jr., and Henry C. Martin, reaching the final along with L. M. Brigham and M. U. Ely yesterday, produced rare sport on the courts of the Crescent Athletic Club at Bay Ridge. Volleying fast at the net and speeding their drives for placement down the alleys, Bull and Martin scored at 6—1, 6—2, 6—1, against Miles S. Charlock of the National Ranking Committee, who was paired with W. A. Campbell. There were times when Charlock's overhead strokes easily surpassed those of any of the other players, Brigham and Ely defeated E. B. Perry and O. A. Sargent, 6—3, 6—2, 3—6, 6—1. The summary:

Championship Doubles, First Round—E. C. Lunt and T. Escher defeated W. P. Creager and H. Spencer, 6—0, default; D. Van Brunt and J. V. Lauderdale defeated C. R. Woodward and Robert Cassamajor by default; L. M. Brigham and M. U. Ely defeated N. Dowling and O. B. Van Sault, 6—1, 6—2, 6—4; F. O. Affeld and Charles J. McDermott defeated O. W. Heingke and C. C. Collins, 6—0, 6—3, 6—2; Charles M. Bull and Harry C. Martin defeated H. D. Hadsell and N. B. Beecher, 6—1, 6—4, 6—3, 6—2.

Second Round—E. E. Perry and O. A. Sargent defeated E. C. Lunt and T. Escher, 7—5, 11-9, 6—4; L. M. Brigham and M. U. Ely defeated D. Van Brunt and J. V. Lauderdale, 6—3, 6—0, 6—0; Charles M. Bull and Harry C. Martin defeated F. O. Affeld and Charles J. McDermott, 6—3, 6—2, 6—3; Miles S. Charlock and W. A. Campbell defeated B. Hackett and J. Manners by default.

Semi-Final Round—L. M. Brigham and M. U. Ely defeated E. E. Perry and C. A. Sargent, 6—3, 6—2, 3—6, 6—1; Charles M. Bull and Harry C. Martin defeated Miles S. Charlock and W. A. Campbell, 6—1, 6—2, 6—1.

Coster to Box with Phil McGovern.

Owen Moran will prepare Joe Coster for his ten-round bout with Phil McGovern at the Fairmont Athletic Club next Tuesday night. Moran has just returned from the coast, and Jimmie Johnson has turned Coster over to the Briton so that he will be in the best condition possible to offset the decision that McGovern won last Spring. Coster will be instructed by Moran to punch with his right hand. When he becomes proficient in this he will be one of the cleverest bantams in the country. McGovern will be in condition. This will be his first appearance since he fought Johnny Coulon.

Leland Giants to Play Here.

The Leland Giants of Chicago, who have won 101 games out of 104 this season, will make their first appearance in New York on Sunday, when they will play a double-header at Olympic Field, 136th Street and Fifth Avenue. In the opening game the colored champions will tackle the Stamfords, made up chiefly of the Waterbury team that won the pennant this year in the Connecticut State League. In the second game Jack Warner All-Star Manhattans, with Pete Adrian pitching, will oppose the colored team.

THE HARVESTER SETS NEW WORLD'S MARK

Ed. Geers Drives the Famous Stallion a Mile Behind Pace at Syracuse Fair in 2:01¼.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 15.—At the State Fair track to-day The Harvester, the great brown horse owned by August Ulhein of Milwaukee, piloted by Ed Geers, broke his own and the world's record for trotting stallions of 2:02 by stepping a mile paced by a runner, in 2:01¼. Horse and driver received a great demonstration from the large crowd, which jammed the stands and overflowed against the track fences to the turns. This was but one of a number of brilliant features upon the Grand Circuit card which followed the inter-city matinée races.

The Chamber of Commerce Stake of $2,000 for 2:09 trotters, unfinished from Wednesday, developed a genuine sensation and gave Mr. Geers another honor for what proved one of the happiest days of his life. Three heats of this event had been raced at sundown Wednesday. Soprano, the daughter of Bellini, had taken the first two heats, and was just brushed out by Oro Bellini in the third. The wise ones figured that the finish on Thursday would be between Soprano and Oro. However, at the resumption, along came Geers's Demarest and took three heats and the race. He earned his victory, too, for in each instance Soprano carried him down the stretch to the wire at a heartbreaking clip, and the last time the crowd was in doubt of the winner until the judges announced the result.

The course was in perfect condition for the record-breaking attempt of The Harvester, the air being warm and with little wind. Geers nodded for the word to go on the second attempt. The Harvester trotted a notable mile, never faltering nor making the semblance of a skip, and finishing strong. There was a great demonstration when the time was hung out. The horse was cheered, and he was led from the track, while Geers remained for a few moments, overwhelmed with congratulations. When he took his cane and limped from the track he was applauded by the crowd until he disappeared in the stables. Summary of the racing:

The Chamber of Commerce 2:09 trotting; three in five; purse, $2,000. (Unfinished from Wednesday.)

Demarest, b. g., Ariel Hightwood-Lady Disdain, by Norval (Geers).....	8	3	4	1	1
Soprano, ch. m., (Andrews).....	1	2	2	2	2
Oro Bellini, br. g., (Dickerson).....	2	2	1	3	4
Alice Roosevelt, ch. m., (Murphy).....	4	4	3	4	3

Time—2:08¾; 2:07¼; 2:08¼; 2:08¼; 2:07¾; 2:09.

2:04 trotting; two in three; purse, $1,200.

Bob Douglas, gr. h., Todd-Cloverzum by Cyclone, (McDonald).....	1	1	
Sonoma Girl, b. m., (Cox).....	3	2	
Jack Leyburn, ch. g., (Grady).....	2	3	

Time—2:12¾; 2:08¼.

2:21 trot; three in five; purse, $1,200.

Creighton, b. g. The Bondsman-Daughter Aldmer, (Lesalle).....	1	1	1		
Betsy G., b. m., (Cox).....	5	2	2		
Border Guard, b. h., (Miller).....	2	5	5		
Henry Winters, b. h., (McDonald).....	3	3	4		
Captain Cute, b. h., (Skahen).....	4	4	3		

Time—2:11¾; 2:08¼; 2:08¼.

2:08 trotting; two in three; purse, $1,200.

General H., b. h., Combiner-Jessie Wallace by Midvale Prince, (Hoag).....	1	3	1
Lady Stately, b. m., (McDonald).....	3	1	2
Willy, b. h., (Pennock).....	2	2	ro
Leonardo, r. g., (Dickerson).....	4	4	ro
Baron May, blk. h., (Sayles).....	dis		

Time—2:09¾; 2:08¼; 2:08¼.

2:04 pacing; two in three; purse, $1,200.

May Day, b. m., sire Commutation, (Murphy).....	1	1	
Earl, Jr., g. h., (Cox).....	2	2	
Ethan Robert, b. g., (Healy).....	3	3	

Time—2:09¼; 2:08¼.

Special against time, trotting, to beat world's stallion record of 2:02, held by himself, The Harvester, br. h., sire Walnut Hal, 2:08¾. Notelet by Moko, August Uiheln, Milwaukee, Wis., (Geers,) won, 2:01¼. Time by quarters—0:30¾; 1:00¾; 1:30¾; 2:01¼.

Three-quarter dash, purse, $200; for three-year-olds and up—Royal Lady, (Holmes,) first; Belle of the Bay, (Egan,) second; Jack Cade, (McEwen,) third. La Thorpe also ran. Time—1:16¼.

Mile dash; purse, $200—Left, (Egan,) first; Lawton Wiggins, (Holmes,) second; Bushy Top, (Duffy,) third; Holloway also ran. Time—1:11½.

Whitney Horses Win Two Races.

GREAT YARMOUTH, England, Sept. 15.—The East Anglian Plate of 150 sovereigns, for three-year-olds and upward, distance one mile straight, was run here to-day and won by H. P. Whitney's New Castle II. Partagas was second and the Woodford Lass colt third. Six horses ran.

The Yare Handicap of 100 sovereigns, for three-year-olds, distance five furlongs, was won by H. P. Whitney's Oversight. Hillside III. was second and Catch Penny third. There were ten starters.

Holmer Challenges Cameron for Race.

Hans Holmer, formerly of Halifax, N. S., and winner of the Halifax road race, is out with a challenge to run Fred Cameron of Amherst, N. S., who has just turned professional. Holmer will run Cameron any distance suitable to the latter.

AMATEUR BOXERS IN RING.

Elimination Bouts for Metropolitan A. A. U. Held Last Night.

Over four hours of some of the fastest and most earnest boxing ever seen in this city occurred at the Irish-American Athletic Club last night, where the championship bouts of the Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletic Union were held. A good many of the bouts were out short of the stipulated three rounds for one reason or another, mostly for inability to continue on the part of one or the other of the contestants. Noticeable in this respect was the bout between Zinetsky and Sam Wallach, brother of Leach Cross, in which Wallach was put to bed in the second round. Summary:

105-POUND CLASS.

Barny Hill, Knights of St. Anthony, defeated Martin Farahan, New Polo A. C.; Joseph Rocha, Irish-American A. C., defeated M. Curry, Boys' Club. Referee stopped bout in the third round. James McGinn, Irish-American A. C., defeated W. J. Sherin, Pastime A. C., Shenin quitting in the second round.

115-POUND CLASS.

John Hansen, Norwegian Turn Society, defeated J. Grogan, New West Side A. C. (One judge awarded to Hansen and one judge awarded to Grogan; referee decided in favor of Hansen.) M. Schwinker, Clark House, defeated D. Tynan, West Side A. C., Tynan quitting in first round; J. Weisenburger, Harlem Y. M. C. A., defeated J. Dugan, Trinity Athletic Club, (stopped in second round by referee;) G. Hein, Boys' Club, knocked out E. Leavy, Brooklyn A. C., first round; referee stopped bout.

J. Jordan, South Paterson A. C., defeated W. Murphy, Union Settlement A. C.; E. Hufnagel, National A. C. drew.

125-POUND CLASS.

Andrew Cortese, Pastime A. C., defeated I. A. Roger, Irish A. C., second round; referee awarded bout to Cortese. J. P. Lo Russo, St. Bartholomew A. C., defeated Edward Wheeler, Grace A. C., by knockout in third round; W. McGirr, Pastime A. C., defeated J. Jarvis, Union Settlement A. C.; James McDonough, Irish-American A. C., defeated D. J. Cleary, Irish-American A. C., second round; referee's decision, D. Ring, Irish-American A. C., defeated W. J. Manning, St. Mary's I. A. C., in the second round; referee awarded decision. H. Atkins, West Side Y. M. C. A., defeated C. Andrews, Xavier A. A.

135-POUND CLASS.

D. A. Barker, Laughlin Lyceum, defeated J. Sexton, St. Michael's Lyceum, by knockout in third round; H. W. Nelson, Acorn A. C., and D. McIntyre of Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A., draw; extra round, 2 minutes, awarded to H. W. Nelson. J. Clement, Irish-American A. C., defeated C. Bissinger, Mohawk A. C.

Thomas Galvin, National Turn Verein, defaulted to John Griffin, St. Gabriel's A. C.; W. Aul, Mutt Haven A. C., defeated C. Murphy, Mohegan A. C., knockout in third round; J. Keniski, National A. C., defeated S. Wallach, Clark House, by knockout in second round; E. Duffy, Northern A. C., defaulted to W. Adams, Mohawk A. C.

145-POUND CLASS.

O. Anderson, Swedish-American A. C., defeated C. Johnson, Swedish American A. C.

158-POUND CLASS.

G. McDermott, St. Gabriel's A. C., defeated T. J. Dorsey, Irish-American A. C.; W. Beehman, N. W. S. A. C., defeated E Healy, Northern A. C. Bichman, amateur champion of America; W. Hickey, St. Paul's A. C., knocked out Barry, I. A. C., second round.

R. J. Irwin, Long Island A. C., defeated S. Killian, National A. C.

More Men Out for Cornell Team.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Sept. 15.—Ten new football candidates reported to Coach Reed at Percy Field this afternoon, increasing the Cornell squad to thirty-five men. Among them were O'Connor, who played a fine game on the freshman team at half back last Fall; Luther, a promising half back and full back from the same team; Smith, a "sub" quarter back of last year's freshmen bunch, and Pitcher, a good end from the same team. The coaches put the men through a morning and afternoon period of work, and in the "Varsity line-up several men were used. Stimson, Whyte, Teagle, Pitcher, and Sobey tried at ends, Munk and Zeller tackles, Hale and South guards, Stimson, a crewman, centre; Smith and Davidson, quarter backs; Nichols, Robb, Bates, and O'Connor, half backs, and Simson and Edgar, full backs.

Kline Beats Pierce at Long Acre Club.

Patsy Kline, the Newark lightweight, got the best of Young Pierce of Philadelphia in a fast ten-round bout held last night at the Long Acre A. C. in West Twenty-ninth Street. Kline's offensive work and hard rushes that threw the negro continually against the ropes, and with the hard and short jabs which he delivered at close quarters to Pierce's stomach, won for him.

Dixie Kid in Harness Again.

Dixie Kid, the colored welter-weight champion, fresh from his victory over Willie Lewis, has returned to his training quarters at Mount Vernon, and is training hard for his fight with Fighting Dick Nelson, which takes place at the Olympic Club on West 125th Street on Monday night. Nelson is working every day at the Reno Athletic Club, in Brooklyn, and feels confident that he will break the winning streak of the colored fellow.

Mrs. Coffin a Tennis Victor.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 15.—Mrs. William H. Coffin won the final match of the ladies' handicap tennis tournament at the Casino to-day, defeating Miss Dorothy Kane, 6—2, 6—3, 6—1.

PRESS CLUB'S BIG MEET.

Athletic Champions, Glenn Curtiss and Biplane and Annie Oakley Will Perform.

The annual games of the New York Press Club, which will be held at American League Park to-morrow afternoon promise to be among the most spectacular in the history of athletics in the United States. Few better entries have ever been received for a meet of this kind, and in adition Glenn H. Curtiss and his biplane that won the Albany-to-New-York race, Annie Oakley with her famous rifle Killdeer, presented to her by Buffalo Bill, and James E. Sullivan, President of the Metropolitan Association of the A. A. U., will participate in the entertainment.

Anxious to revenge the defeat administered to the Irish-American A. C. by the New York A. C. at the metropolitan championship on last Saturday, Capt. Lawson Robertson has entered the strongest team of the Winged Fist organization, and the battle for point honors and for the handsome trophy donated by the Press Club should result in a record-breaking competition.

George Bonhag, America's greatest distance runner, along with Billy Kramer, Fred Bellars, Tom Collins, John Daly, and other notables have entered for the three-mile special run. Jack Hartranft, Jack and Bob Eller, Roy Dorland, I. T. Lovell, and S. Northridge will try for Hugh Baxter's prizes and his record in the seventy-five-yard low hurdle race. Ray Ervoy, Platt Adams, Martin Sheridan, and Northridge will be among the contestants in the standing broad jump, and Sheppard, Gissing, Edwards, Frick, McEntee, Robbins, Kiviat, Monument, and Gilmore are expected to break from the barrier in the special scratch 600-yard race. In the high jump the metropolitan champion, Harry Grunfeit; the British champion, Con Leahy, and the National champion, E. Erickson, will perform. Martin Sheridan, John Flanagan, Matt McGrath, Con Walsh, and Pat McDonald will also perform in the field events.

YALE IN FIRST PRACTICE.

Head Coach "Ted" Coy Takes Charge of Squad at Lakeville.

LAKEVILLE, Conn., Sept. 15.—The Yale football squad engaged in the first practice of the 1910 season here to-day, playing for thirty minutes in the morning and for the same time late in the afternoon. Thirty men were on the field with ten more expected to arrive to-morrow. The morning work was devoted to punting and running down under kicks and the afternoon play consisted almost entirely of signal drill and the lining up for a short time of two elevens, only old style football being attempted.

"Ted" Coy, captain on last year's eleven, as head coach has taken active charge of the men.

Football Restored at Seton Hall.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J., Sept. 15.—After a lapse of five years football has been reinstated at Seton Hall College, much to the delight of the student body. When the team of twenty-five candidates trotted out on the field for practice to-day they were greeted with rousing cheers by the assembled students and faculty. Nick Hussey, Albany is the Captain of the team, and it is propable that he will play at left end. The manager is John Finnerty of Hoboken. The season will open Oct. 1, when the first game will be played with Webb Academy eleven of New York.

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Brewers, New York.

Is a Safe Drink for Your Family—Pure, Light and Delicious

Goodman Plans Busy Season.

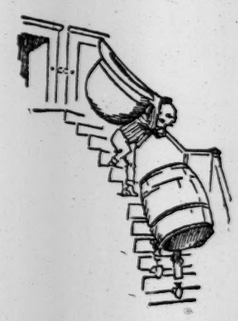
Jack Goodman, the east side lightweight, and Fighting Dick Hyland, have completed their training for their bout this evening at the National Sporting Club. Goodman is at Fair Haven, N. J., and Hyland has been doing his work at Sheepshead Bay. Goodman is figuring on a victory over Hyland as a starter for a busy Fall and Winter campaign, which will include bouts with all the leading lightweights. Hyland, however, is a rugged youth who may upset Goodman's plans. Dick's work in his recent bout with Battling Hurley has given the Californian all kinds of confidence.

McFarland and Goodman to Fight.

Packey McFarland, the Chicago Stock Yards pugilist, who is regarded as Ad Wolgast's most formidable rival for the lightweight championship, has two important engagements on hand within the next three weeks. On Tuesday, Sept. 27, at the Fairmont Athletic Club, he will meet Jack Goodman, the clever local scrapper, in a ten-round affair, and then nine nights later, on Oct. 6, the Chicagoan will tackle Champion Wolgast in a ten-round bout at Milwaukee, Wis.

Athlete Ralph Rose Seriously Ill.

HEALDSBURG, Cal., Sept. 15.—Ralph W. Rose, holder of the world's amateur shot put championship, is seriously ill at his home of ptomaine poisoning.



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"Knapp-Felt Preferred" Derbies, which we alone have in New York.

"Victor Jay" London Derbies, which we alone have in New York.

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Carhartt Cars HOTEL PLAZA, 59th St. & 5th Ave.

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CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage, Columbus Circle. Tel. 8210 Col.

FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,788 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.

HUDSON Cars. The A. Elliott Ranney Co., 1928 B'way. Phone 3293 Col.

ISOTTA J. M. QUINBY & CO., Newark, N. J.

KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.

LOZIER 58th STREET AND BROADWAY. Telephone 6885 Columbus.

MOON Moon Motor Car Co. of N. Y. 1,761 Broadway. Tel. 6995 Col.

NATIONAL POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO., 1,923 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone 8166-7 Col.

OAKLAND 30 H. P., $1,000. 40 H. P., $1,700. 1,785 Broadway at 58th St. Tel. 477 Col.

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Touring Cars—Limousine and Landaulet, such as Pope-Hartfords, Packards, Fords, Fiats, Peerless, Rainlers, Whites, Crawfords, American Morse, Franklins, Hotchkiss, and 50 others, at prices as low as $200 and upwards. Also recent consignment of new Touring, Roadster, and delivery bodies, at half of factory prices. Tires of all makes at cut prices.
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CHADWICK,	ONE 1906,
THOMAS,	TWO 1907,
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1908 4 cyl. 5-passenger car for sale, $500; cost new $2,500; overhauled and in good shape; a real bargain for quick buyer. Gilmer, 146 West 56th. Telephone 4314 Col.

WHITE STEAMER, Model H; a dandy, 1908 improvements; new tires; car as good as new; write for full particulars; will sell cheap. H. S. Souder, Souderton, Pa.

Midland 1910 Demonstrator 5 passenger touring car; used but little; perfect condition; guaranteed for one year; will sacrifice. Midland Auto Co., 1,851 Broadway.

For Sale—C. G. V. 30 H. P., two bodies, seven-passenger and limousine landaulet body; just like new; complete equipment; first-class condition. Address Owner, 173 Times.

Midland "40" 1910 touring car; must sell at once, owner going to Cuba; excellent condition; guaranteed. Mr. Hayden's Car, 40 West 66th St.

1908 Lozier, 4 cylinders, 45 H. P., 7-passenger touring car, fully equipped, and extra limousine body. I. Rosenschein, 54 West 21st.

KNOX 1910 Touring Car, perfect condition, fully equipped; will sell at big sacrifice. Apply Sagamore, 60 East 88th St.; no agents.

Trucks.—Several delivery trucks and one-half ton rapid truck; any demonstration. Call 209 West 36th St.

Thomas, 1909 touring, 70 horse, 7 passenger; complete equipment; going abroad; sacrifice. V 186 Times.

Pope-Hartford Roadster, 1908; perfect; sacrifice to meet obligations. Geo. Cortleyou, 53 East 108th St.

Corbin, four-cylinder, 5-passenger touring; first-class condition; top, windshield. Fowler, 1,888 Broadway.

Cadillac, 1908, four-cylinder, top, full equipment, five passenger; bargain; $300. 55 East 108th St.

De Luxe Limousine Car, 1909; seven passenger; perfect condition; luxurious car; bargain. 53 East 108th St.

Seven-passenger Thomas, top, full equipment, excellent condition; going Europe. Vivian, 57 East 108th St.

Hupmobile, 1910, complete, with top, headlight, &c.; bargain. Koehler, 1,709 Broadway.

Six-cylinder racing runabout, 1909; do 80 miles; very low price. 55 East 108th St.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

TWO ONE-SIDED GAMES IN HOLLOW

Crandall Pulls Giants Through to Victory, Then Pirates Feast on Marquard.

FIRST GAME.

New York..	0	0	0	2	5	0	3	1	.—11
Pittsburg ..	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0— 3

NEW YORK.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Devore, lf.	5	1	1	1	0	0
Doyle, 2b.	1	3	1	2	3	0
Snodgrass, 1b.	2	1	0	8	0	0
Murray, rf.	4	2	3	4	0	0
Bridwell, ss.	3	0	1	3	4	0
Devlin, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1	0
Becker, cf.	3	1	0	2	0	0
Meyers, c.	2	1	0	7	2	0
Schlei, c.	1	0	1	0	0	0
Crandall, p.	3	2	2	0	1	0
Total	28	11	9	27	11	0

PITTSBURG.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Byrne, 3b.	3	0	1	2	0	0
Leach, cf.	5	1	1	3	0	0
Campbell, lf.	4	1	1	0	1	0
Wagner, ss.	4	0	2	4	4	0
Miller, 2b.	4	0	1	2	3	0
Hyatt, 1b.	4	0	2	8	0	0
Wilson, rf.	4	1	1	2	0	0
Gibson, c.	3	0	0	3	5	0
White, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0
Phillippe, p.	2	0	1	0	0	0
Total	35	3	10	24	14	0

Two-base hits—Wagner, Wilson. Home run—Murray. Sacrifice hit—Campbell. Stolen bases—Campbell, Doyle, Bridwell, Becker. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 10; New York, 2. Double play—Meyers and Snodgrass. Struck out—By Phillippe, 3; by Crandall, 6. Bases on balls—Off Crandall, 4; off White, 6; off Phillippe, 3. Wild pitch—Phillippe. Passed ball—Meyers. Hits—Off White, 4 in 4 2-3 innings; off Phillippe, 5 in 3 1-3 innings. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and O'Day.

SECOND GAME.

Pittsburg	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1—6
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1

PITTSBURG.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Byrne, 3b.	3	1	0	1	2	0
Leach, cf.	2	1	0	4	0	0
Campbell, lf.	5	1	2	2	0	0
Wagner, ss.	4	2	2	3	3	0
Miller, 2b.	3	1	1	1	2	0
Hyatt, 1b.	2	0	1	8	0	0
Wilson, rf.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Gibson, c.	4	0	0	8	0	1
Adams, p.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	6	6	27	8	1

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Devore, lf.	4	0	1	4	0	0
Doyle, 2b.	4	1	2	3	2	1
Snodgrass, 1b.	4	0	1	8	1	0
Murray, rf.	4	0	2	0	0	0
Bridwell, ss.	3	0	1	2	4	0
Devlin, 3b.	4	0	0	2	2	0
Becker, cf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Meyers, c.	3	0	1	3	2	0
Marquard, p.	2	0	0	0	1	0
*Gowdy	1	0	0	0	0	0
Hendricks, p.	0	0	0	0	1	0
†Shafer	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	1	8	27	13	1

*Batted for Marquard in the seventh inning.
†Batted for Hendricks in the ninth inning.

Two-base hit—Doyle. Stolen bases—Byrne, Wagner, Hyatt. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 9; New York, 8. First base on error—Pittsburg, 1. Struck out—By Adams, 7; by Marquard, 6. Bases on balls—Off Adams, 1; off Marquard, 6; off Hendricks, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Marquard, 1, (Hyatt.) Passed ball—Meyers. Hits—Off Marquard, 4 in 7 innings; off Hendricks, 2 in 2 innings. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and O'Day.

Red Murray lent much eclat and pyrotechnics to the first clash between the Giants and the Pirates at the Polo Grounds yesterday when he nailed the first shoot that Phillippe pegged at him in the fifth inning and whanged the ball on a screaming career to deep left field for a home run when the bases were loaded. That game was easy for McGraw's troop by an 11-to-8 score. The second game brought out the semi-annual appearance of Rube Marquard, who couldn't find the plate in the opening chapter. He presented the enemy with three Westons that paved the way for enough counts to win the game then and there. The score was 6 to 1.

More than 10,000 spectators, many of them adorned with new Fall lids, saw the bargain bill, and not during the whole season has there been such a straining of vocal cords in the Harlem Hollow as there was when Murray zipped out the enormous rap that picked off a cluster of four runs. Crandall did the pitching in the first game, and kept the Pirates from becoming too familiar with his tosses. Pittsburg started out very much like a winner, and grabbed a run in each of the first three innings. In the first, Leach's single, an out, and Wagner's double gave the first run. The second was culled from Wilson's double, Meyers's passed ball, and Byrne's drive. In the third inning Campbell singled, stole second, and Hyatt's single scored him.

The Giants got back two of the runs in the fourth inning. Doyle walked, and so did Snodgrass. Murray laced out a safety, and Doyle scored. Murray went through on Bridwell's single. The real explosion went off in the fifth inning. After Becker had popped, Meyers ambled and Crandall pumped out a single. Doyle walked, filling the bases. Red White was as wild as Harry Whitney's polar bear and couldn't get them over with Snodgrass at the bat. He walked, and Meyers was forced home. White was derricked after that, and Phillippe took up the hurling task. Murray jammed the first ball the veteran slabman pitched to left for a homer, the ball shaking the fence. Murray hastened all the way around, shoving Crandall, Doyle, and Snodgrass in ahead of him.

A trio of runs came in the seventh, when Crandall doubled and Devore outraced a bunt. Crandall scored on Doyle's smash to right. Devore scampered over on Phillippe's wild pitch. Snodgrass and Murray were called out on strikes and Bridwell walked. He and Doyle peeled off a double steal, Doyle making home on the thievery. In the eighth inning the Pirates loaded up the bases on three infield hits, but Crandall showed what he could do in a pinch, and not a mother's son of them scored. The Giants added another run in the same inning on Becker's walk and steal and Schlei's single.

That six-foot instance of the high cost of living, Rube Marquard, who has warmed up more and pitched less than any two pitchers in the major leagues this year, was trotted out for a trial 'mid thunderous applause. A lot of people still believe Rube will yet make good, because he cost so much. He hasn't been on the slab in so long that it was just like breaking into the big league all over again for him. Rube still has those beautiful curves which dance in all the available space around the plate. He can put the ball nearer the pan without getting it over than any man that ever wore a toe plate.

How reminiscent it all seemed, how outrageously familiar, to see Rube pass Byrne, the first man who faced him. Yes, Geraldine, and even more familiar when he passed Leach with just as much ease. But now listen to the clamor and the noise. He fanned Campbell, and Rube's admirers confided to themselves that the human beanpole had at last found the platter and there was nothing more to it. Wagner spilled a grounder at Bridwell, who forced Leach at second, Byrne taking the opportunity to go home on the play. Doyle tried to double up the Teuton at first base, but the throw rolled on the rug and Honus perched on second.

Ha, ha! Marquard is right on the job again and Miller walks. Wagner stole third. Hyatt singled to centre, scoring Wagner. Hyatt stole second. Wilson hammered a red-hot liner at Devlin. He knocked it down and chased Hyatt back toward second base and touched him out, but not before Miller had registered at the run headquarters.

All together now, three long groans and a hard-luck chirp for poor Rube.

Babe Adams had it on the Giants seventeen ways. They didn't tickle his slants at all until the eighth inning, when Larry Doyle's two-bagger and Murray's single produced their lonesome score. The sixth inning saw the Pirates delve into Marquard's service for three hits, which were neatly transposed into two runs, Campbell, Wagner, and Miller doing the sticking.

Hendricks, the new Texan pitcher, made his début in the big league in the eighth inning, with Wagner at the bat. The Ranger used the judgment of a Solomon, for he walked Honus. In the ninth Pittsburg got to the débutant for a couple of hits, which, with a pass, gave the Smoky City team its sixth run.

Did you know that if Marquard had won that second game the Giants would have been in second place? Surest thing you know.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York, 11; Pittsburg, 3.
Pittsburg, 6; New York, 1.
Cincinnati, 7; Brooklyn, 2.
Chicago, 7; Philadelphia, 5.
St. Louis, 7; Boston, 5.
St. Louis, 5; Boston, 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York, 9; St. Louis, 3.
Philadelphia, 7; Detroit, 1.
Cleveland, 3; Washington, 0.
Chicago, 4; Boston, 2.

EASTERN LEAGUE.
Rochester, 10; Buffalo, 4.
Montreal, 2; Toronto, 1.
Baltimore, 5; Providence, 4.
(Ten innings.)

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	87	40	.685	Cincinnati	67	68	.496
Pittsburg	78	55	.587	St. Louis	58	75	.414
New York	75	55	.577	Brooklyn	52	79	.397
Philadelphia	68	65	.511	Boston	45	88	.338

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	92	40	.697	Cleveland	60	74	.448
New York	77	56	.579	Washington	59	76	.437
Boston	76	57	.571	Chicago	53	80	.869
Detroit	77	58	.570	St. Louis	41	94	.304

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	85	55	.607	Buffalo	66	73	.475
Newark	82	61	.573	Montreal	62	77	.446
Toronto	75	65	.536	Providence	61	84	.421
Baltimore	75	68	.525	Jersey City	59	82	.419

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Pittsburg at New York.
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.
Chicago at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Washington at Cleveland.

EASTERN LEAGUE.
Newark at Jersey City.
Baltimore at Providence.
Toronto at Montreal.
Buffalo at Rochester.

Burke Wild; Reds Down Superbas.

Burke's wildness aided Cincinnati in scoring an easy victory over Brooklyn, at Washington Park, yesterday. Dalton turned his ankle in the opening inning, and Coulson, formerly of Altoona, replaced him. McMillan's fielding was a feature. The score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Beecher, lf	4	0	0	4	0
Lobert, 3b	6	2	2	0	1
Hoblitzel, 1b	5	1	1	10	0
Mitchell, rf	1	1	1	0	0
Paskert, cf	4	1	2	3	0
McLean, c	3	1	1	6	1
O'Connor, 2b	5	1	2	1	5
McM'lan, ss	2	0	0	3	6
Suggs, p	4	0	2	0	0
Total	34	7	11	27	13

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Dav'son, cf	4	0	2	1	0
Ybert, 1b	3	0	0	9	0
Wheat, lf	4	0	0	2	0
Hummel, 2b	3	0	0	2	3
Dalton, rf	0	0	0	0	0
Coulson, rf	3	1	1	3	0
M'Elv'n, 3b	4	1	1	2	1
Stark, ss	3	0	0	2	1
Bergen, c	3	0	1	6	3
Burke, p	2	0	0	0	4
*Burch	1	0	0	0	0
Dessau, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	2	5	27	12

*Batted for Burke in the eighth inning.

Errors—Hoblitzel, (2,) Paskert, Coulson, Burke, (2.)

Cincinnati	1	0	1	0	4	0	0	1	0—7
Brooklyn	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2

Left on bases—Cincinnati, 13; Brooklyn, 5. Two-base hits—Lobert, Hoblitzel, McElveen, Coulson. Sacrifice hit—Paskert. Sacrifice flies—Mitchell, McMillan. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 1; Brooklyn, 2. Stolen bases—Lobert, 2. Double plays—McMillan and Hoblitzel, (2;) McMillan, O'Connor, and Hoblitzel; Bergen and McElveen. Bases on balls—Off Burke, 10; off Suggs, 5. Hit by pitcher—By Suggs, (Stark.) Wild pitches—Burke, 2. Hits—Off Burke, 11 in eight innings. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Kane.

Stack Injured; Then Cubs Win.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Sept. 15.—Chicago won from Philadelphia to-day, 7 to 5. Stack, who held the visitors to two hits and two runs, fell over the second base bag in the sixth inning and injured his ankle. Moore, who took his place, was hit hard and was wild. Chicago won the game in the eighth inning on two bases and balls, a single by Hofman, and a home run by Schulte. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Evers, 2b	4	2	1	4	7
Sheck'd, lf	2	2	0	0	0
Hofman, cf	4	1	2	5	0
Archer, 1b	4	0	0	9	0
St'rf'lt, ab	4	1	1	1	0
Schulte, rf	4	1	2	3	0
Tinker, ss	3	0	0	4	3
Kling, c	4	0	0	0	0
Brown, p	2	0	0	1	5
M'Int're, p	1	0	0	0	1
*Beaumont	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	7	6	27	16

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Titus, rf	3	2	0	4	0
Knabe, 2b	3	1	2	2	3
Bates, cf	5	1	1	2	0
McGee, lf	5	0	2	1	0
Grant, 3b	4	0	1	1	1
Br'sf'd, 1b	3	0	1	8	0
Doolan, ss	4	0	0	1	1
Moran, c	4	0	2	3	2
Stack, p	3	1	1	0	0
Moore, p	0	0	0	0	0
Slaughter, p	0	0	0	0	0
†Walsh	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	5	10	27	7

*Batted for Brown in the seventh inning.
†Batted for Moore in eighth inning.
Errors—Schulte, Tinker, (2,) Knabe, Bransfield.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	4	0—7
Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	0—5

Hits—Off Stack, 2 in 6 innings; off Moore, 4 in 2 innings; off Slaughter, none in 1 inning; off Brown, 8 in 6 innings; off McIntyre, 2 in 3 innings. Two-base hits—Hofman, Grant. Three-base hit—Magee. Home run—Schulte. Sacrifice hits—Knabe, (2,) Grant. Sacrifice flies—Bransfield, Tinker. Stolen base—Bransfield. Struck out—By Stack, 5; by Moore, 1; by Slaughter, 1. Left on bases—Chicago, 3; Philadelphia, 9. First base on balls—Off Brown, 1; off Stack, 1; off Moore, 2. First base on errors—Chicago, 2; Philadelphia, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Brown, (Titus.) Wild pitch—Moore. Balk—Stack. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Emslie.

Double Victory for Cardinals.

BOSTON, Sept. 15.—St. Louis won two games from Boston to-day, the first 7 to 5 and the second 5 to 1. Errors and poor baserunning by the locals cost them the first game, although they batted harder than their opponents. Sweeney had sixteen chances in the second game, but made an error with two out in the eighth inning, and three St. Louis batters made hits which, with two bases on balls, scored all of their runs. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Huggins, 2b	4	1	1	2	4
Ellis, lf	3	1	0	2	0
Mowrey, 3b	4	2	1	3	0
K'tchy, 1b	2	2	1	12	2
Evans, rf	4	1	2	3	0
Phelps, c	3	0	2	8	4
Abbott, cf	4	0	1	1	0
Hauser, ss	2	0	1	0	4
Steele, p	4	0	0	1	0
Total	30	7	9	27	16

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Collins, lf	5	0	2	2	2
Herzog, 3b	4	2	2	2	4
Shean, 2b	3	1	2	1	4
Sharpe, 1b	4	0	0	14	1
Miller, rf	4	1	2	1	0
Sw'ney, ss	4	0	2	2	4
Goode, cf	4	0	1	0	0
Rariden, c	2	1	0	4	1
*Graham	1	0	0	0	0
Mattern, p	2	0	1	0	3
†Abbat'o	1	0	0	0	0
Parsons, p	0	0	0	0	0
‡Beck	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	5	12	27	20

*Batted for Rariden in seventh inning.
†Batted for Mattern in seventh inning.
‡Batted for Parsons in ninth inning.
Errors—Hauser, Sharpe, Goode.

St. Louis	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1—7
Boston	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	3	0—5

SECOND GAME.

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Huggins, 2b	5	1	1	5	1
Ellis, lf	4	1	0	0	0
Mowrey, 3b	3	1	1	3	0
Ko'chy, 1b	3	1	1	16	0
Evans, rf	4	1	2	2	1
Phelps, c	3	0	1	8	0
Abbott, cf	4	0	0	4	2
Hauser, ss	4	0	1	0	0
Harmon, p	2	0	0	0	4
*Oakes	1	0	0	0	0
Lush, p	1	0	1	0	1
Total	34	5	8	27	9

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sellers, lf	4	0	0	1	0
Herzog, 3b	4	0	2	1	2
Shean, 2b	4	0	0	2	0
Sharpe, 1b	4	0	0	8	0
Miller, rf	4	1	3	1	0
Sweeney, ss	3	0	2	10	5
Goode, cf	2	0	0	2	0
†Ab'ghie	1	0	0	0	0
Beck, cf	0	0	0	0	0
Graham, c	2	0	1	2	2
Frock, p	3	0	1	0	2
Ferg'son, p	0	0	0	0	0
‡Smith	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	1	9	27	12

*Batted for Harmon in eighth inning.
†Batted for Goode in eighth inning.
‡Batted for Ferguson in ninth inning.
Errors—Harmon, Sweeney, Graham.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0—5
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1

SPORTING EVENTS.

Baseball, Polo Grounds, To-day, 3:30 P. M. Giants vs. Pittsburg. Adm. 50c.

YANKEES VANQUISH BROWNS AT ST. LOUIS

Take Second Place After Defeat of Boston and Detroit—Quinn in Form.

New York	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	2—9
St. Louis	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—3

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, lf	5	2	1	0	0	0
Wolter, rf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Hemphill, rf	3	0	1	2	0	0
Chase, 1b	4	2	2	16	1	0
Roach, ss	3	1	1	2	6	0
Laporte, 2b	4	2	1	1	4	0
Cree, cf	4	1	2	0	0	0
Austin, 3b	3	0	1	2	5	1
Sweeney, c	3	0	0	3	0	0
Quinn, p	4	1	1	1	2	0
Total	29	8	4	27	18	3

ST. LOUIS.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Truesdale, 2b	4	0	0	1	2	2
Corriden, ss	4	0	0	1	1	1
Stone, lf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Northen, cf	4	1	0	3	0	0
Hartzell, rf	3	1	1	2	1	0
Graham, 1b	3	1	1	10	0	0
Wallace, 3b	3	0	1	2	5	0
Killifer, c	1	0	1	6	1	0
Mitchell, p	3	0	0	0	3	0
Total	35	3	10	27	18	1

Two-base hits—Laporte, Quinn. Three-base hits—Graham, Cree. Sacrifice hits—Killifer, Chase, Sweeney. Double plays—Laporte, Roach, and Chase; Roach and Chase. Stolen bases—Daniels, 3; Wolter. Wild pitch—Mitchell. Bases on balls—Off Mitchell, 2; off Quinn, 1. Struck out—By Mitchell, 6; by Quinn, 2. Left on bases—St. Louis, 1; New York, 3. Time of game—1 hour and 32 minutes. Umpire—Mr. O'Loughlin.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 15.—The Yankees strengthened their hold on second place in the American League race by pounding out an easy victory against the Browns here to-day, winning by a 9 to 8 score. New York is now 8 points abrad of Boston and 9 in front of Detroit. The Yanks will take a rest to-morrow. Mitchell was no mystery, and the visitors bunched hits on him which sent the runs across in groups. Quinn was effective except in the second inning.

Daniels opened the game by grounding out, Mitchell to Graham. Wolter was safe on Truesdale's error and stole second. Chase forced Wolter, who was run down between the bases, Chase going to second on the play. Roach walked and Laporte doubled to left, scoring Chase and Roach. Cree's single scored Laporte. St. Louis tied up the score in the second inning. Northern was safe on Austin's high throw to first and Hartsell singled to centre. Northern stole third. Graham smashed a triple to right field, scoring Northern and Hartsell. Graham scored on Wallace's single. In the next inning the Yankees went to the front and stayed there. Corridon fumbled Daniels's grounder and gave him a life. He stole second and third. Wolter was called out on strikes, and made such a huge kick about it O'Loughlin put him out of the game. Daniels scored on Chase's sacrifice fly.

The Yankees fell on Mitchell hard in the eighth. Hemphill and Chase singled and Graham got Roach's fly. Laporte forced Hemphill. Birdie Cree then tripled to right, sending Chase and Laporte home. Cree scored on Truesdale's wild throw. In the ninth, after Sweeney fanned, Quinn doubled and scored on a single by Daniels. Daniels stole second and Hartsell was under Hemphill's balloon. The collegian scored on Chase's single.

Plank Puzzles Champion Tigers.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 15.—Philadelphia won the opening game of the series to-day by bunching three singles, a double, and a base on balls, with O'Leary's two errors in the seventh inning. Plank allowed only four hits, and would have had a shut-out but for Livingstone's error. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, lf	5	1	2	3	0
Oldring, cf	5	2	2	2	0
Collins, 2b	4	1	2	1	3
Baker, 3b	4	1	1	0	2
Davis, 1b	4	0	1	8	0
Hauser, 1b	0	0	0	2	0
Murphy, rf	3	0	2	1	0
Barry, ss	3	1	0	3	2
Liv'stone, c	3	0	0	6	2
Plank, p	4	1	0	0	1
Total	35	7	11	27	12

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
D. Jones, lf	4	0	0	4	0
O'Leary, ss	4	0	1	0	8
M'Int're, cf	4	0	1	4	0
Crawf'd, rf	4	0	0	1	0
Stanage, c	3	0	1	2	2
Lathers, 2b	3	0	0	0	2
T. Jones, 1b	2	0	1	9	1
Stanage, c	3	0	0	7	4
Donovan, p	3	0	0	0	1
Total	30	1	4	27	18

Errors—Barry, Livingstone, (2,) O'Leary, (2.)

Philadelphia	1	0	0	1	0	0	5	0	0—7
Detroit	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Two-base hit—Collins. Three-base hit—Lord. Home run—Oldring. Sacrifice hits—Murphy, Livingstone. Stolen bases—Baker, Moriarty, T. Jones. First base on balls—Off Donovan, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Plank, (T. Jones.) First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1; Detroit, 1. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 5; Detroit, 8. Struck out—By Plank, 6; by Donovan, 7. Time of game—One hour and fifty-three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Colliflower.

Blanding Outpitches Johnson.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 15.—With five recruits in the line-up Cleveland defeated Washington 8 to 0 to-day. Blanding, a University of Michigan pitcher, drafted from San Antonio, outpitched Walter Johnson with men on bases. Each struck out eight men. Cleveland got its three runs on three hits, a pass, and a wild throw. After the first inning only one Cleveland player reached first base. Blanding retired the side on strikes in the ninth inning. Score:

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E.
H'horst, lb	4	0	2	7	0	0
Cal'han, lf	1	1	0	1	0	0
Turner, 3b	3	0	1	1	1	0
Lajoie, 2b	3	1	0	1	2	0
Easterly, rf	3	1	1	1	0	0
B'm'h'm, cf	3	0	0	3	0	0
J'k'p'gh, ss	3	0	0	3	3	0
Land, c	3	0	0	10	0	0
Bland'g, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Total	28	3	4	27	8	

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Milan, cf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Elb'f'd, 3b	2	0	0	2	2	2
Cun'h'm, 2b	3	0	1	1	2	2
Ralston, lf	4	0	1	2	1	0
Gessler, rf	2	0	1	1	0	0
McH'de, ss	4	0	0	2	2	0
Ainsl'h, 1b	4	0	1	3	0	0
Street, c	3	0	1	7	3	0
Johnson, p	4	0	1	0	2	0
*Lelivelt	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	0	6	24	10	

*Batted for Street in the ninth inning.
Errors—Hohnhorst, Unglaub, Street.

Cleveland	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	..—3
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Sacrifice hits—Callahan, Cunningham. Stolen base—Easterly. Double plays—Peckinpaugh, Lajoie, and Hohnhorst; Turner and Hohnhorst. First base on balls—Off Blanding, 2; off Johnson, 1. Hit by pitched balls—By Blanding, 2, (Elberfeld, McBride.) Struck out—By Blanding, 8; by Johnson, 8. Left on bases—Cleveland, 1; Washington, 9. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Perrine.

Errors Help Beat Red Sox.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—Mixing two singles and a double with two errors, Chicago to-day overhauled Boston's one-run lead in the fourth inning and won the first game of the series 4 to 2. White, for Chicago, pitched brilliant ball, despite erratic support. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, 3b	4	0	0	0	2
Zelder, ss	4	0	0	1	4
Meloan, rf	3	2	0	1	1
Dou'hty, lf	4	1	1	0	0
Cho'ard, cf	4	2	1	0	0
Parent, 2b	4	1	0	3	2
J. Collins, 1b	3	0	1	9	1
Sullivan, c	3	0	0	9	0
White, p	3	0	1	3	1
Total	32	4	5	27	11

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf	4	0	0	1	0
Wagner, ss	4	0	1	3	0
Speaker, cf	3	1	1	3	0
Stahl, lb	4	0	1	7	0
Lewis, lf	4	1	1	3	0
Purtell, 3b	4	0	2	0	0
Gardner, 2b	4	0	0	0	6
Kleinow, c	4	0	0	5	0
R. Collins, p	3	0	0	0	1
*Engle	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	2	6	24	7

*Batted for R. Collins in the ninth inning.
Errors—Chouinard, Parent, Sullivan, Wagner, Stahl, Purtell.

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STEEL REPORTS FACTOR

Rumors of Cuts Accompany Selling by Traders—Sharp Break in Wheat—English Bank's Strong Showing.

Having made all the capital possible at the moment out of the outcome of the Maine elections the traders on the Stock Exchange turned their attention yesterday reports of pending cuts in prices of steel products and sold stocks as heavily and as profitably as they bought them on Tuesday. The market yielded ground very readily under the selling. Losses ran to 2 points or so in such stocks as Reading, Northern Pacific, United States Steel, American Smelting, and Amalgamated Copper, while declines only little less substantial were to be found in many parts of the list. The close was weak with quotations at the lowest levels of the day. The volume of business compared well with that on either Tuesday or Wednesday.

Aside from the very guarded suggestion of the possibility of such concessions contained in what is looked upon as the official organ of the steel and iron trade the matter of cuts in steel prices is very largely one of surmise. Business in steel and iron has been admittedly dull for many months and from every trustworthy source there has come undisputed evidence of diminishing sales. The disposition of the trade has been to look forward to the Fall elections, the Supreme Court's decisions in the anti-trust cases, and, particularly, a favorable decision of the Inter-State Commerce Commission in the matter of higher railroad rates at the turning point, and it will be somewhat surprising, therefore, if reductions in prices become general or substantial before these various matters are decided. Less was heard of the possibility of injury to corn from frosts, and in fact the grain markets had quite a different situation on their hands in the sharp fall in wheat which followed the publication of statistics showing exceptionally heavy wheat harvests for the world as a whole, and temporary abandonment, at least, of a speculative campaign on the Chicago market.

Money markets were concerned solely yesterday with the situation created by the insistence of foreign bankers upon the guarantee of cotton bills and the necessary refusal of our own bankers to meet any such demand, a position imposed upon them by the National banking laws. Some strain must be imposed upon the markets if the deadlock remains unbroken, which seems hardly credible; but there is no reason whatever to anticipate real disturbance. Interesting in this connection was the remarkably strong showing of the Bank of England yesterday in its usual weekly report. The bank's reserve percentage rose to 53.42 per cent., as against a ten-year average of 52.56 at this season of the year.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Can Co. for dividend on preferred.
American Surety Co. for dividend.
Central Pennsylvania Traction Co. for dividend.
Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad for dividend on preferred.
Guggenheim Exploration Co. for dividend.
Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad for dividend on guaranteed stock.
Pittsburg Plate Glass Co. for dividend.
St. Joseph Railway, Light, Heat & Power Co. for dividend on preferred.
St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad for dividend on Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis Ry. preferred and Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad preferred stock trust certificates.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Nine Bay on common.
Norfolk & Western Railway on common.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call money loaned on the Stock Exchange at 1¾@2¼ per cent., with the last loan at 1¾ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2 per cent.

Time money rates, 3½@3¾ per cent. for sixty days, 4@4¼ per cent. for ninety days, and 4½@4¾ per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5¼@5¾ per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 5¼@6 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 6½ per cent for others.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 2⅞ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.; Paris, 2⅝ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.; Berlin, 3⅞ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement; Exchanges, $276,199,652; balances, $9,035,-015; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,340,-858.

The local banks have lost $5,550.000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was easier, with demand quoted at $4.8620@$4.8630; sixty days at $4.8350@$4.8375, and cables at $4.8650@$4.8660.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.18⅞ plus 1-32@5.18⅞ less 1-16 for cables, and 5.18⅞ less 1-32@5.18⅞ plus 1-64 for sight. Reichsmarks, 95¼ less 3-64@95¼ for cables, and 95⅛ less 1-64@95¼ plus 1-32 for sight.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, 10c discount; Chicago, 15c discount; St. Louis, 5c discount; St. Paul, par; San Francisco, 30c premium; New Orleans, commercial 75c discount, bank $1 premium; Savannah, buying 3-16c discount selling par; Charleston, buying par, selling 4-10c premium; Montreal, 62½@64⅜c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver 1-16d higher in London at 24 9-16 per ounce, and ⅛c higher in New York at 53¼c per ounce. Mexican dollars unchanged at 44c.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 15.—Small declines predominated during the greater portion of the day's dealings. The liquidation of some 600 shares of Union Traction in the first hour found a hollow market and the quotation fell off half a point. Lehigh Valley, too, suffered a similar loss on the sale of about 500 shares. Reading also eased off.

United States Steel was the most active issue, but this distinction was earned at the cost of a substantial drop in price. The weakness of this stock was reflected by Cambria Steel, although very little of the latter came out on the tape.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	Amer. Smelting	66⅝	66⅛	66⅛
1	Cambria Iron ex div.	45	45	45
65	Electric Storage	42½	42½	42½
415	General Asphalt	47⅞	47½	47½
87	Ins. Co. of N. A.	26	26	26
10	Inter.-Met. t. c.	19⅞	19⅞	20
155	Lake Superior Cor.	19¼	19¼	19¼
2,058	Lehigh Valley	22⅞	22⅞	22½
100	Lehigh Valley tr. t. c.	78⅞	78	78⅝
250	Pennsylvania	4¼	4¼	4½
3	Phila. Co.	64½	64½	64 5-16
11	Phila. Co. pf.	43⅞	43⅞	43¾
1,373	Phila. Electric	40⅝	40⅝	40⅜
131	Phila. Traction	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
825	Reading	82	82	82
1,764	Tonopah Belmont	70⅜	70	70
10	Tonopah Mining	4½	4 1-16	4¼
344	U. G. I.	8¾	8⅝	8⅝
8,753	U. S. Steel	82	81⅜	82
775	Union Traction	68⅝	67⅞	67⅞
15	Un. Cos. of N. J.	243½	242½	242½
2	W. Jer. and S. ex div.	52¾	52¾	52¾

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales Sept. 15, 1910 449,305
From Jan. 1, 1910 125,194,646
Corresponding period last year 145,369,666

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
26	35	300	Allis-Chalmers pf.	30	30	30	30	−½
62½	62⅝	15,200	Amalgamated Copper	63¾	64	62½	62½	−1⅝
36½	37	1,800	Am. Beet Sugar	37½	37½	34	34	−1¾
7⅞	8	300	Am. Can	8	8	7⅞	7⅞	−⅛
68	68⅜	300	Am. Can pf.	68	68	67¾	67¾	−½
46	46½	400	Am. Car & Foundry	47	47¼	46¼	46¼	−¾
62½	62⅞	700	Am. Cotton Oil	63½	63½	62½	62⅝	−1⅛
19¼	20¼	100	Am. Hide & L. pf.	27⅝	28⅜	26⅞	27⅛	−¼
18½	19	500	Am. Ice Securities	20⅜	20⅜	20⅛	20⅛	−⅛
10¾	12	100	Am. Linseed	12	12	12	12	−⅛
30½	33	300	Am. Linseed pf.	18½	18½	18½	18½	−1¼
35	35⅝	200	Am. Locomotive	11	11	11	11	−⅛
		100	Am. Malt pf.	32	32	32	32	+2
64⅝	64⅞	25,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	33	33	33	33	−¼
101¼	101⅝	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	31	31	31	31	−⅜
116¼	120	400	Am. Sugar Ref.	67	67	64⅝	64⅝	−2⅜
134½	135	700	Am. Tel. & Tel.	102	102	102	102	+⅛
27½	27¾	200	Am. Woolen	117	117	116⅝	116⅞	−½
95	96	300	Am. Woolen pf.	135⅛	135⅛	134⅝	134⅝	−½
38⅝	38¼	400	Anaconda Cop. Min.	28	28	27⅝	27⅝	−⅛
96½	97	5,200	At., Top. & S. F.	95½	95⅞	95½	95⅞	−⅛
109¼	111	300	Atlantic Coast Line	39	39	38⅝	38⅝	+⅜
103⅜	103½	2,500	Baltimore & Ohio	98½	98½	97	97	−1⅝
		5	Bank of Commerce	111	111	109¾	109¾	−1⅝
74¼	74½	5,600	Brooklyn R. Transit	104¼	104⅝	103¼	103¼	−1⅝
133	135	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	200¼	200½	200¼	200¼	−1⅝
188¼	188½	2,050	Canadian Pacific	75	75⅝	74⅜	74⅜	−⅝
104⅛	104½	150	Central Leather pf.	134	134	134	134	−⅝
73½	73¾	8,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	188⅜	189¼	188¼	188¼	−⅝
22½	23	600	Chi. Great Western	104½	104½	104½	104½	−2¼
119⅜	119¾	5,000	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	75¼	75¼	73½	73½	−⅝
144¼	146	500	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	22⅞	22⅞	22⅜	22⅜	−⅝
29	29⅜	200	Colorado Fuel & Iron	121	121	119½	119½	−1⅛
52⅞	53⅞	500	Colorado & Southern	145¼	145¼	145	145	−1¼
		200	Comstock Tunnel	30	30	30	30	−1¼
129¼	130	2,100	Consolidated Gas	54	54	53⅛	53⅛	−¾
13⅝	14	275	Corn Products Ref.	27	27	25	25	−⅛
72	74½	400	Corn Products R. pf.	130⅜	130⅜	129¼	129¼	−½
159	160	200	Delaware & Hudson	14	14	136	136	−½
29⅜	30¼	210	Denver & Rio Grande	75⅜	75⅝	74½	74½	−½
70⅝	71½	300	Denver & Rio G. pf.	162⅞	162⅞	160	160	−1½
26¼	27⅛	300	Distillers' Securities	30½	30½	30	30	−⅜
25¼	25¾	600	Erie	71	71	70¾	70¾	−⅜
42¾	43½	100	Erie 1st pf.	26¾	27	26½	27	−⅛
142	143	100	General Electric	25⅝	25⅞	25¼	25¼	−⅜
8⅛	8¼	800	Goldfield Consol.	43	43	43	43	−⅜
123½	124	600	Great Northern pf.	143½	143½	143¼	143¼	−½
54⅞	56	500	Gt. N. ctfs., ore props.	81¼	81¼	81¼	81¼	−½
85	89	125	Homestake Mining	124½	124½	124	124	−1¼
195	194½	28,770	Interborough-Met.	56½	56½	54⅞	54⅞	−2⅜
51¾	51⅞	13,600	Interborough-Met. pf.	85	85	85	85	
97	97¼	1,000	Internat. Harvester	19	20	19	19⅜	+⅛
16½	17	200	Iowa Central	50¾	52¼	50⅝	51¼	+⅜
30	30½	200	Iowa Central pf.	97½	98	97	97	−⅛
28	29	8,300	Kan. City Southern	30⅝	30⅝	30⅜	30⅜	−⅛
100¾	100⅞	300	Laclede Gas	29	29	29	29	
142	142⅞	1,100	Louisville & Nash.	100⅜	100⅜	100	100	−¼
131	133	500	Manhattan El., ex div.	143¾	144⅜	143	143	−1
15⅛	15⅞	100	Mercantile Marine pf.	132	132	132	132	+2¾
132¼	133	200	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	157⅛	157⅛	157⅛	157⅛	−⅝
31	31½	100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	32	32	32	32	−⅜
63	63½	700	Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	63	63	63	63	+⅛
51	52	1,000	Missouri Pacific	52⅞	52⅞	50⅞	51	+1⅜
50¼	51	300	Nat. Lead Co.	51½	51½	51	51	−2⅜
68	70	700	Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	69⅝	70	69⅝	69⅝	+2
31⅝	32	1,400	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	32½	32½	32	32	−⅛
111½	111⅝	25,900	Nevada Con. Copper	31	31	31	31	−⅜
96½	97	8,300	New York Central	67	67	64⅝	64⅝	−2⅜
63¼	64⅛	400	Norfolk & Western	102	102	102	102	+⅛
112¾	112⅞	200	North American, ex d.	117	117	116⅝	116⅝	−½
27½	27⅝	5,300	Northern Pacific	137⅛	135⅞	134⅝	134⅝	−½
		300	Pacific Mail	28	28	27⅝	27⅝	−⅛
128	128½	5,900	Park Nat. Bank	356⅞	356⅞	356⅞	356⅞	−⅛
66	68	200	Pennsylvania R. R.	128⅜	128⅝	128⅛	128⅛	−⅛
33¾	34	100	Pittsburg Coal pf.	67⅜	67½	67⅜	67⅜	−⅛
94¼	95	160	Pressed Steel Car	34	34	34	34	−⅛
31	31¼	85	Pressed Steel Car pf.	93¼	93¼	94⅞	94⅞	−⅛
139½	139⅝	100	R'way Steel Spring.	31⅞	31⅞	31⅝	31⅝	−⅛
91	94	89,600	Reading	104¼	104⅝	103¼	103¼	−⅛
30	30¼	200	Reading 2d pf.	200¼	200½	200¼	200¼	−⅛
93½	95	700	Rep. Iron & Steel	75	75⅝	74⅜	74⅜	−⅝
30	30¼	20	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	134	134	134	134	−⅝
		4,200	Rock Island Co.	188⅜	189¼	188¼	188¼	−⅝
58	59	45	St. Jo. & G. I. 2d pf.	104½	104½	104½	104½	−2¼
55	55½	100	St. L. Southwest'n pf.	74½	75¼	73½	73½	−⅝
112¼	112⅝	17,500	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron.	22⅞	22⅞	22⅝	22⅝	−⅝
52	53	100	Southern Pacific	121	121	119½	119½	−1⅛
27⅜	28	600	South. Ry. pf., ext.	145¼	145¼	145	145	−1¼
26	26½	200	Tennessee Copper	30	30	30	30	−1¼
8	9	200	Texas & Pacific	54	54	53⅛	53⅛	−¾
22	23¼	300	Third Avenue	27	27	25	25	−⅛
50	52	300	Tol., St. L. & West.	130⅜	130⅜	129¼	129¼	−½
163⅜	163¾	65,500	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	54	54	53⅛	53⅛	−¾
90	90½	200	Union Pacific	*27	27	25	25	−⅛
100	104	100	Union Pacific pf.	130⅜	130⅜	129¼	129¼	−½
55	56	100	United Dry Goods	14	14	136	136	−½
33¼	34	100	United Rys. Inv. pf.	75⅜	75⅝	74½	74½	−½
67½	67¾	115,400	U. S. Rubber	162⅞	162⅞	160	160	−1½
116⅞	116⅞	500	U. S. Steel	30½	30½	30	30	−⅜
45¾	46	1,800	U. S. Steel pf.	71	71	70¾	70¾	−⅜
57	57¼	2,300	Utah Copper	26¾	27	26½	27	−⅛
16¼	17	400	Va.-Caro. Chemical	25⅝	25⅞	25¼	25¼	−⅜
34⅝	35	1,100	Wabash	43	43	43	43	−⅜
43¾	44¼	100	Wabash pf.	143½	143½	143¼	143¼	−½
63¼	64½	400	Western Maryland	81¼	81¼	81¼	81¼	−½
58	60	200	Western Union Tel.	124½	124½	124	124	−1¼
			Westinghouse E. & M.	60	60	60	60	−1

*Cents per share.

9,920

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100⅜	101⅜
2s, c., 1930	100⅜	101½
3s, r., 1918	101¾	102⅛
3s, c., 1918	101¾	102⅛
4s, r., 1925	114⅜	115½
4s, c., 1925	115	115½
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100⅜	101¼
Pan. 2s, c., 1938	100⅜	..
Adams Exp.	250	..
Allis-Chalm.	8	9
Am. Ag. C.	43¼	44½
Am. Ag. C. pf.	102	..
A. B. S. pf.	92	94
Am. B. S. & Fdy.	..	84½
Am. B. S. & Fdy. pf.	124	128
A. C. & F. pf.	110¾	113
Am. Coal.	75	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	101	103
Am. Exp.	225	250
A. H. & L.	3⅜	4
A. Loc. pf.	104½	106½
Am. S. pf., B.	84⅜	85½
Am. Sn., ex div.	200	500
Am. S. pf., ex div.	95	102
Am. St. F.	43	45
Am. S. pf.	115	120
A. T. & C.	63½	64½
A. Tob. pf., ex div.	92	93½
Ann Arbor.	28	35
Ann A. pf.	68	72
Asso. Oil	..	51
A. T. & S. F. pf.	99⅞	100⅛
B. & O. pf.	86	90
Batopilas M.	2	2½
Beth. Steel	27	27½
Beth. Steel pf.	57	58
Bruns. Ter.	9	10
B., R. & P.	88	102
B., R. & P. pf.	121	130
B. & S. pf.	..	10
But'k Co.	28½	30
Canada So.	62	67½
Cent. Leath.	33	33½
C. of N. J.	250	300
C. & S. A. Tel.	116	118
Chi. & Alt.	28	39½
C. & A. pf.	..	95½
C., B. & Q.	200	..
Chi. Gt. W. pf.	45½	46½
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
C. & N. W.	144	146
C. & N. W. pf.	201	210
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	130	150
Chi. St. P., M. & Om. pf.	140	165
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta.	2¾	3½
C., C., C. & St. L.	70	75
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	98½	100
Col. F. & I. pf.	100	120
Col. & So. 1st pf.	71½	72½
Col. & So. 2d pf.	70	72
Col. & H. C. & I. pf.	..	4½
Crex Carpet.	56	63
Cub.-Am. S.	36	39
Cub.-Am. S. pf., ex d.	..	91¼
D., L. & W.	490	520
D. M. & Ft. D.	5	15
Det. & M.	80	90
Det. U. R.	..	52
D., S. S. & A.	10	12
D. S. S. & A. pf.	20	23
Dul.-S. T. ex div.	78¼	79
Dul.-Sup. T. pf. ex d.	..	70
Dow, pf.	83¾	87
Erie 2d pf.	31½	33
Ev. & T. H.	60	62
Ev. & T. H. pf. ex d.	70	85
F. M. & S.	22¾	30
F. M. & S. pf.	55	56
Fed. Sugar	40	60
Fed. Sugar pf.	90	100
Gen. C. Co. ex r.	90	100
Gen. C. Co. pf. ex r.	102	106
Haw. E. R.	90	97
Haw. E. R. pf.	96	..
Hock. Val.	119	125
Ill. Central.	129½	130
Inger.-Rand.	93	..
Inger.-Rand. pf.	100	..
Int. H. pf.	119¾	120
Int. Paper.	10	10¼
Int. Paper pf.	47	47½
Int. S. P.	40	41
Int. St. P. pf.	83	84
Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	..	71½
Kan. C. So.	..	71½
K. & D. M.	5	8
K. & D. M. pf.	33	50
Lack. Steel.	67	75
Lacl. G. pf.	80	102
L. E. & W.	15	18
L. E. & W. pf.	35	40
Lake Shore.	225	..
Long Island.	60	63
Mackay Cos.	83½	90
Mackay Cos. pf.	73⅝	75
Mah. C. R.	100	..
Man. Beach.	2	4
Md. Pf.	50	90
Mer. Marine	4½	5
Mich. Cent.	180	180
M. & St. L.	23	24½
M. & St. L. pf.	40	47
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	143	150
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	87	89
N. C. & St. L.	125	130
Nat. Bis.	112	114
Nat. B. pf.	120	121½
Nat. Enam.	15	16
Nat. En. pf.	80	90
Nat. Lead pf.	102½	103½
N. Cent. C.	46	55
N. Y. A. B.	70	75
N. Y. C. & St. L.	61¾	62
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	100	110
N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	80	93
N. Y. D. Co.	25	35
N. Y. N. H. & H., ex div.	150	156
N. Y. O. & W.	40	41
N. & W. pf.	80½	90
Nor. Cent.	200	..
Nor. Mining	2	2½
Pac. Coast.	97	108
Pac. C. 1st pf.	80	110
Pac. C. 2d pf.	98	114
Pac. Tel. & Tel.	31½	35
Peo. G. L. C.	106	107
Peo. & E.	18	22
Pere Marq.	24	35
Pere M. 1st pf.	42	60
Pere M. 2d pf.	30	38
Phila. Co.	87	90
P., C. C. & St. L.	93	94
P., C. C. & St. L. pf.	101	116
Pitts. Coal.	16¾	17¼
Pullman Co.	160	162
Quicksilver.	2¾	3
Q'ksilv. pf.	3	5
Ry. St. Sp. pf.	89¼	99
Rdg. 1st pf.	63⅛	65
Rock I. pf.	86	88
R. W. & O.	118	123
Rutland pf.	25	30
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	60	65
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	33½	39
St. L. & S. F. C.	..	..
St. L. & S. E. & I. pf.	..	180
St. L. & S. F. & E. I. new ctfs.	..	60
St. L. & S. F. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	..	..
St. L. S. W.	21	115
Sears-Roeb.	157	24
Sears-Roeb. pf., ex d.	..	119
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	103	116
So. P. R. S.	84½	..
So. P. R. S. pf.	111	..
So. Ry.	22½	23
So. Ry. M. & O. ctfs.	..	..
St. L. & S. F. ex div.	70	85
T. P. L.	35	90
T., P. & W.	16½	..
T. R. & L.	7	8½
T. C. R. T.	109	110
U. B. & P.	7	9
U. B. & P. pf.	54	89
Un. Cig. M. pf.	99¼	108
Un. Dry G. pf.	100	105
U. Rys. Inv.	27	30
U. Rys. Inv. pf.	55	56
U. S. C. I. Pipe	15	16½
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	51	57¾
U. S. Exp.	99	108
U. S. R. & Imp.	70	73
U. S. R. & Ref.	5¼	7½
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	15½	25
U. S. R. 1st pf.	107	108
U. S. R. 2d pf.	67½	70½
Va.-Car. Chem. pf.	122	125
Va.-Car. C. & Coke	61	..

	Bid.	Asked.
W. F. Exp.	138	165
Westinghse. 1st pf.	114	125
W. & L. E.	4½	5½
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	8	9
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	6	7
Wis. Cent.	52	53½

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Prices on the Consolidated Stock Exchange were depressed by general selling. Floor operators who the day before had rushed to cover shorts in the earlier dealings were again trading actively on the short side. A good many stop-loss orders were uncovered as the decline proceeded. Business was on an enlarged scale, with the sales totalling 92,810 shares, distributed among forty different stocks.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5,740	Amal. Copper	63⅜	64	62⅝	62⅝
340	Am. Beet Sugar	37¼	37⅜	36½	36½
120	Am. Car & F.	47	47¼	46½	46½
40	Am. Ice	20	19¾	19¾	19¾
8,950	Am. Smelting	67	67¼	64⅝	64⅝
130	Am. Sugar	117	117	117	117
350	Am. T. & S. F.	98⅝	98⅝	97¼	97¼
280	Balt. & Ohio	104⅜	104⅝	103⅜	103⅜
770	Brook. R. T.	74⅝	74⅝	74⅛	74⅛
540	Ches. & Ohio	74⅝	75⅛	74⅛	74⅛
540	C., C., C. & St. L.	73⅝	73⅝	73⅛	73⅛
10	Chi. & N. W.	121¼	121¼	119½	119½
40	Col. Fuel & I.	143⅞	143⅞	143⅝	143⅝
280	Con. Gas	130¼	130⅜	129¾	129¾
120	Corn Products	14	14	14	14
10	Den. & R. G.	30⅜	30⅜	30⅛	30⅛
220	Erie	26½	26⅝	26⅛	26⅜
50	Gt. Nor. pf.	124⅝	124⅝	123⅝	123⅝
620	Inter.-Met.	10¼	10½	10¼	10½
1,770	Inter.-Met. pf.	50¼	52	50¼	51⅝
10	Mo., K. & T.	31	31	31	31
10	Mo. Pacific	103¼	103¼	103	103
40	Nat. Lead	51¾	51¾	51¼	51¼
400	N. Y. Central	112⅝	112⅝	111⅞	111⅞
560	Nor. Pacific	114⅝	114½	112⅞	112⅞
140	Pennsylvania	129	129⅛	128½	128½
10	Railway Sp'gs.	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝
23,280	Reading	141¼	141½	139⅝	139⅝
10	Republic Steel	30¾	30¾	30¼	30¼
460	Rock Island	31	31	30½	30½
1,210	Southern Pac.	118⅛	113⅜	112¼	112¼
13,970	Union Pac.	165	165⅜	163⅝	163⅝
31

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Atchison-Western Pacific Agreement.

A traffic agreement between the Atchison and the Western Pacific, announced from the West, although the New York office of the Atchison had no information on the subject, attracted the attention of Wall Street yesterday. The first impression was that two competitors had got together to divide the spoils, so to speak, but what later appeared to be the facts in the case, so far as these were revealed in yesterday's reports regarding this traffic agreement, were that arrangements had been made between the two roads for the handling of interchange traffic, which doubtless either road could be forced to arrange for if they did not do it of their own motion. It was not inferred therefrom that the reported agreement would not be of advantage to these roads, for doubtless local benefits will be obtained by both the Atchison and the Western Pacific by reason of such a traffic agreement, but it is not to be expected that either will give up through business to the other.

***

Bill of Lading Deadlock.

It has been long since such a neatly drawn contest has been on between our bankers and those of Europe as is taking place in the matter of bills of lading. The bankers of Europe, as long ago as last August, issued an ultimatum that after Oct. 81 all American cotton bills of lading would have to be guaranteed by our bankers. The latest chapter in the dispute is the refusal of our bankers, decided upon yesterday, to depart from their previous refusal to give this guarantee. Each side is willing to confer about the matter, but both want the conference to take place on their own ground. In the long run our bankers feel that they hold the stronger position for the reason that we have the cotton and the foreign spinners want it. Cotton can be stored, but spindles cannot be run without the cotton.

***

Bond Trading Liveller.

Bond dealers are hopeful that the increased interest in their wares, not only on the Stock Exchange but in over-the-counter business which has developed since the first of the month, may be the forerunner of a brisker market later in the Fall. Compared with the trading in August, the bond market on the Exchange has shown nearly a 50 per cent. increase in activity, but if the comparison is made with the lively bond market of last year the showing, of course, is poor. The improvement has been broad, but the greatest gains have been made in the semi-speculative issues. The heavy transactions in convertible bonds which accompanied the active movements in stocks at this time last year were responsible in a large measure for the large aggregate of daily bond transactions on the Stock Exchange, running then to more than $20,000,000 a week. This season, with the exception of the sudden burst of activity in Union Pacific convertibles, the issues of this class have been stagnant.

***

Farm Prices Still Near Top.

The collation of farm prices of the principal agricultural products, by which the Department of Agriculture arrives at its index number of prevailing prices, has been prepared for Sept. 1. It shows that while there has been some letting down since March 1, the farmer is still getting more money on the average for his products than at the first of the year, and still more than at this time last year. The maximum was reached on March 1, when thirteen farm products used in the computations were 89.9 per cent. higher than the average price between 1866 and 1908 inclusive. On Sept. 1 the prices of these products were still 37.2 above the average. At the same time last year prices were 32.9 above the average of 4.3 below their present level.

***

Optimistic Views of Wall Street.

New York bankers, or many of them, believed some time ago that the country was on the verge of a panic, but they don't any longer. This statement was wired from Chicago yesterday in an interview with President George M. Reynolds of the Continental National Bank. President Reynolds had just returned to Chicago from New York. He reported that he found the New York bankers decidedly more cheerful than they were earlier in the year. New York is now of the opinion, the Chicago dispatches told Wall Street, that there are to be no money troubles this Fall. President Reynolds did not mention the deadlock between the New York and foreign bankers over the bill of lading controversy.

HUDSON COUNTY GAS COMPANY 5s.
HACKENSACK WATER COMPANY 4s.
JERSEY CITY, HOBOKEN & PAT. ST. RY. 4s.
UNITED ELECTRIC CO. N. J. 4s.
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Listed securities carried on margin.
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Phone 6060 Hanover. 43 Exchange Place, N. Y.

Central Vermont 4s
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Norf. & West.-Pocah's Coal & Coke 4s
L. & N.-Atlanta, Knoxville & Cin. 4s
Werner Bros. & Goldschmidt
Tel. 4800-5 Broad. 25 BROAD ST.

Am. Brake-Shoe & Fdry. 5s, 1952
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CHAS. H. JONES & CO.,
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We are offering to investors stock of a company having no bonded debt, that has its dividends guaranteed by a $100,000,000 corporation. This stock at the price we offer it yields 6½% on the money invested.
EFFINGHAM LAWRENCE & CO.,
111 Broadway, New York.

CHARTERED 1866
Brooklyn Trust Company
MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY
113 BROADWAY

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Co. of New York
80 BROAWAY Fifth Ave. & 38th St.
Capital & Surplus, $8,737,600
Allows Interest on Deposits

Central Trust Company of New York
54 WALL STREET
CAPITAL and SURPLUS . $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000) has been earned

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
Fifth Ave. & 34th St. 60 Broadway.
Lenox Ave. & 125th St. Third Ave. & 148th St.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Money was in quiet demand and discount rates were steadier to-day.

The stock market was dull and uninteresting, and, despite the satisfactory conclusion of the settlement, most of the departments closed easy, with pronounced weakness in copper and diamond shares under selling pressure. Consols declined an eighth.

American securities opened quiet and a fraction higher. Trading was light and prices moved irregularly during the forenoon. Wall Street selling orders were executed during the late session, and the market declined and closed easy.

Bar silver steady at 24 9-16d per ounce.

Money, 1 per cent.; rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 2¾ per cent.; for three months' bills, 2¾ per cent.

Gold premiums are quoted as follows: At Madrid, 7.20; at Lisbon, 4.50.

PARIS, Sept. 15.—Prices were heavy on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 97f 77½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 28c for checks.

BERLIN, Sept. 15.—Unfavorable New York advices caused profit taking on the Boerse to-day, and the market closed weaker.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 43½ pfennigs for checks.

Money, 3 per cent.

Private discount rate, 3⅞ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols money...	80 9-16	..	..	— 1/16
Consols account..	80⅝	..	..	— ⅛
Anaconda	8	38¾	39	— ¼
Atchison	101⅜	98½	98⅝	— ⅛
Can. Pacific.....	194½	188⅝	190½	— 1⅝
St. Paul.....	124	120⅝	121	— ⅛
Erie	26½	25¾	26	— ¼
Erie 1st pf.....	45	43¾	43¾	..
Ill. Central.....	134	130½	129¾	+ ¾
Louis. & Nash..	147	143	143½	— ½
N. Y. Central....	115½	112¾	112¾	+ ⅛
Pennsylvania ...	69¾	129	129	..
Reading	72¾	141¾	141⅝	— ⅛
Southern Pac....	114¾ex	113¾	113⅝	— ⅛
Union Pac.....	163¾	163⅝	163⅝	— ⅛
U. S. Steel.....	70¾	68⅝	68⅝	— ⅛
U. S. Steel pf....	120	116¾	116⅞	— ⅛

BANK OF FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 15.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Notes in circulation, increased.....	20,050,000
Treasury deposits, increased.....	34,625,000
General deposits, decreased.....	45,525,000
Gold in hand, decreased.....	4,650,000
Silver in hand, increased.....	600,000
Bills discounted, increased.....	4,550,000
Advances, decreased	5,300,000

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve, increased.....	£817,000
Circulation, decreased	540,000
Bullion, increased.....	267,940
Other securities, decreased.....	496,000
Other deposits, increased.....	3,891,000
Public deposits, decreased.....	3,536,000
Notes reserve, increased.....	648,000
Government securities, decreased....	245,000

The proportion of the Bank's reserve to liability this week is 53.43 per cent.; last week it was 52.06 per cent.

Rate of discount unchanged at 3 per cent.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN—			
1st week Sept...	$80,831	$66,653	$14,178
July 1-Sept. 7..	819,767	651,953	167,814
CIN., NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PACIFIC—			
1st week Sept..	182,094	157,873	24,221
July 1-Sept. 7..	1,758,524	1,481,000	277,524
DETROIT, TOLEDO & IRONTON—			
4th week Aug...	66,656	48,112	17,925
1st week Sept..	50,717	34,288	5,429
July 1-Sep. 7..	375,293	288,796	86,497
GRAND TRUNK—			
1st week Sept...	969,494	939,143	30,351
July 1-Sept. 7..	8,034,439	8,309,735	*275,296
SEABOARD AIR LINE—			
1st week Sept.	367,533	387,638	*20,105
July 1-Sept. 7..	3,355,416	3,129,007	226,409

*Decrease.

AMERICAN RAILWAYS CO. for the year ended June 30—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Inc. from sub. cos.	623,164	468,662	479,029
Misc. inc.	70,514	58,452	19,728
Total income ..	693,678	527,114	498,757
Deductions:			
Gen. exp.	4,407	840	976
Int. funded debt	325,209	206,323	155,854
Tax. and misc..	10,768	10,062	14,814
Total deduc.....	340,385	216,385	171,645
Net inc.	353,273	310,729	327,112
Div. paid	342,073	305,706	305,706
Surplus	11,221	5,023	21,406
Prev. surp.	504,703	499,680	478,274
Total surp.	515,924	504,703	499,680

MAINE CENTRAL for the year ended June 30—

Gross rev.	8,922,312	8,337,723	8,514,256
Op. exp.	6,102,287	5,779,278	5,924,438
Net op. rev. ...	2,820,025	2,538,445	2,589,818
Outside op., net.	36,229	26,038	13,072
Total net rev..	2,856,252	2,584,514	2,576,746
Taxes	444,852	376,996	376,067
Op. inc.	2,411,400	2,207,518	2,200,679
Other inc.	133,383	61,919	63,223
Total inc.	2,544,783	2,269,437	2,263,902
Int., rent., &c..	1,882,295	1,655,588	1,661,314
Net inc.	*662,488	613,849	602,588
Dividends	398,152	398,152	398,144
Balance	264,336	215,697	204,444
Add. and bet...	217,488	113,733	194,078
Surplus	46,847	101,964	10,366

*Equal 13.30% earned on $4,976,800 capital stock, as compared with 12.33% earned on same stock last year.

†Debit.

NEW ORLEANS GREAT NORTHERN for July—

Gross	147,614	105,449	42,165
Exp. & taxes...	83,808	73,750	10,058
Net	63,806	31,699	32,107
Other income..	2,967	16,329	*13,362
Total income...	66,773	48,028	18,745
Charges	41,775	47,382	*5,607
Surplus	24,998	646	24,352

NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for July—

Mileage	559.84	558.01	1.83
Freight rev....	682,943	654,802	28,140
Pass. rev.....	173,359	154,305	19,054
Other tran. rev.	28,644	21,222	7,421
Non-trans rev..	4,023	3,476	546
Total op. rev...	888,969	833,806	55,162
Mt. way & str..	115,970	118,540	*2,570
Main. of equip..	99,321	76,701	22,620
Traffic exp....	49,778	47,815	1,962
Trans. exp....	351,658	283,658	68,000
General exp....	14,359	12,640	1,719
Total op. exp...	631,088	539,356	91,732
Net op. rev....	257,881	294,450	*36,569
Outside op., deb.	2,243	1,419	824
Total net rev...	255,637	293,031	*37,393
Taxes	34,500	33,000	1,500
Oper. income...	221,137	260,031	*38,893

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

EDISON ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING COMPANY OF BOSTON for the year ended June 20—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross	4,709,456	4,111,342	4,229,359
Expenses	†2,688,720	†2,766,029	2,658,929
Net	2,020,736	1,345,313	1,570,310
Miscel. income..	80,202	45,360	38,442
Total income...	2,100,938	1,390,673	1,608,751
Interest	166,777	80,848	54,898
Balance	1,934,161	1,303,827	1,553,762
Misc. charges...	85,511	20,797	
Balance	1,848,650	1,283,030	1,553,762
Dividends	1,555,596	1,424,389	1,390,796
Surplus	293,054	*141,359	162,967

*Deficit. †By change in bookkeeping, charges for depreciation in 1909 and 1910 were not included in operating expenses as in former years.

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Sept. 15.—Following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot.	10	10½	Jackpot	10	10½
Elkton	73¼	73½	M. McK'nay	51	54½
El Paso....	84	85	Old Gold....	4¾	5
Findlay ...	8½	10	Portland ...	105	119
Gold Dollar.	14¾	15	Vindicator..	93½	..
Isabella ...	18½	19	Jen. Samp..	10	11

TERMINAL TRUSTEE SUES THE WABASH

Mercantile Trust Seeks to Recover Securities Held for $5,000,000 Loan.

ACTING FOR BONDHOLDERS

Would Reduce Wabash to Position of Unsecured Creditor—$3,800,000 Bonds and $14,000,000 Stock at Stake.

In an effort to reduce the Wabash Railroad to the position of an unsecured creditor of the Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal Railway and to recover for the holders of the terminal bonds the equity in the coal lands and railroad property owned by the Pittsburg Terminal Railroad and Coal Company the Mercantile Trust Company has just begun suit against the Wabash to compel it to return to the receivers of the Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal $14,000,000 of stock and $3,800,000 bonds of the coal company. The bill or complaint has just been filed with the clerk of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Ohio. The suit is instituted by the trust company in its capacity as trustee of the first mortgage bonds of the Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal Railway. The committees representing the bondholders are hopeful that the suit will result in valuable recoveries in behalf of the bondholders.

The stock and bonds that are being sought from the Wabash Railroad were pleaged to it as security for an issue of $3,000,000 of notes by the Pittsburg Terminal Railway, which were taken by the Wabash Railroad for advances made to the terminal company. The contention of the Mercantile Trust Company as trustee for the bondholders, is that the stock and bonds of the Pittsburg Terminal Railroad and Coal Company were acquired by the Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal Railway out of the proceeds of its own first mortgage bonds, and that any property acquired in this way should have been subjected to the lien of the Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal bonds. Instead of depositing the stock of the coal company with the Mercantile Trust Company for the protection of the bondholders, the Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal Railway, which was under the control of the officers and Directors of the Wabash Railroad, had the stock of the coal company put in the name of George J. Gould, and in May, 1905, turned both the stock and the bonds of the coal company, amounting all told to $17,800,000, face value of securities, over to the Wabash Railroad as security for the $5,000,000 which the Wabash advanced.

This was done, it is alleged, by the direction of Wabash Railroad officers and in violation of the rights of the bondholders of the Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal Railway. If the bondholders are successful in this suit the notes held by the Wabash Railroad Company will become a mere unsecured claim and as such will come after both the first and second mortgage bonds of the Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal Company. In the present situation the notes actually come ahead of the first mortgage bonds to the extent that if the Wabash can realize on the stock and bonds of the coal company it can get its money, no matter how little might be left for the first mortgage bonds of the Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal. If this collateral is recovered from the Wabash the notes which it holds from the Terminal Company will in all human probability be worthless for the reason that even the most hopeful of those interested in the Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal Railway do not expect that the company can satisfy both its first and second mortgage bonds.

The coal lands owned by the Pittsburg Terminal Railroad & Coal Company, which are covered by the $3,800,000 of bonds and the $14,000,000 of stock owned by the Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal Railway, but now held by the Wabash Railroad, are said by the bondholders to be worth very much more than the $5,000,000 which the Wabash advanced.

Lawrence Now Head of National Lead.

The Directors of the National Lead Company elected yesterday William W. Lawrence President of the company to succeed the late L. A. Cole. Mr. Lawrence has up to this time been a Vice President of the company, in which post he is succeeded by E. J. Cornish. M. D. Cole, a son of the late President of the company, was promoted from Assistant Secretary to Treasurer.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

J. G. Butler, President of the Bessemer Pig Iron Association, has returned from Europe.

George W. Perkins is confined to his home with a slight cold.

L. A. Goddard, President of the State Bank, has been elected President of the Chicago Clearing House Association. F. H. Rawson, President of the Union Trust Company, was elected Vice President.

J. and W. Seligman & Co. and the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank and the Central Trust Company of Illinois of Chicago have purchased $2,000,000 People's Gas Light and Coke Company Refunding 5 per cent. bonds. A public offering will soon be made.

Hornblower & Weeks have compiled a financial glossary which they have published for distribution among their clients in pocket form, in combination with a pocket dictionary, the whole making a compactly bound volume in flexible leather. Besides the dictionary and glossary it contains ticker abbreviations and Stock Exchange regulations of this and other cities, standard forms for notes, acknowledgments, &c., computation tables, and many pages of statistical information.

William E. Colt, Jr., who has been connected with Spencer Trask & Co. for more than ten years; Lorenzo Martinez Picabia, who was with Fisk & Robinson for seven years; Douglas R. Hartshorne, who has been connected with his brother in the firm of Hartshorne, Bogert, & Battelle, have opened offices at 64 Wall Street, under the firm name of Colt, Hartshorne & Picabia, for a general brokerage business. Mr. Hartshorne is a member of the Stock Exchange.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 15.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.10	Julia	.09
Alpha Con.....	.06	Justice	.10
Andes	.14	Kentucy Con....	.11
Belcher	.70	L. Wash. Con...	.06
Best & Belcher..	.40	Mexican	1.22½
Bullion	.14	Occidental Con...	.40
Caledonia	.34	Ophir	1.65
Challenge Con....	.24	Overman	.05
Choller	.16	Potosi	.44
Confidence	.50	Savage	.14
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.32½	Sag Belcher	.15
Con. Imperial....	.03	Sierra Nevada...	.19
Crown Point.....	.19	Union Con.....	.88
Gould & Curry...	.19	Utah Con	.07
Hale & Norcross..	.27	Yellow Jacket	.70

Silver bars, 53¼; Mexican dollars, 44¼@40; drafts, sight, 2@2½ per cent. premium; telegraph, 4@5 per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.		Goldfield Mining..	.01
Belmont	4.15	Great Bend	.03
Jim Butler	.28	Jumbo Ex.....	.45
MacNamara	.27	Kendall	.03
Midway	.21	Lone Star.....	.03
Montana	.90	Red Hills	.03
North Star.....	.07	Grand Storm.....	.05
Ohio	.01	St. Ives.....	.19
Tonapah Ex.....	1.00	Silver Pick.....	.07
West End	.59	BULLFROG.	
GOLDFIELD.		Bullfrog Mining..	.01
Adams	.01	Bullfrog Nat. Bk.	.01
Atlanta	.13	Gold Bar	.01
Blue Bell	.03	Homestake King..	.01
Com. Fraction	.40	Montgomery Mt..	.01
Cracker Jack	.01	Original Bullfrog.	.01
Daisy	.04	Tramp Cons.....	.04
Goldfield Con. M.	8.25		

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—The following is the forecast for Friday and Saturday for the cotton and grain States:

Carolinas and Georgia—Fair Friday and Saturday, except showers near the coast.

Florida—Partly cloudy Friday and Saturday, with probably showers.

Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Eastern Texas—Fair Friday and Saturday, not much change in temperature.

Western Texas and Oklahoma—Generally fair Friday and Saturday.

Arkansas—Generally fair Friday and Saturday; warmer in eastern portion Friday.

Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, and Minnesota—Partly cloudy and possibly unsettled Friday and Saturday.

Michigan—Partly cloudy Friday and Saturday.

Iowa—Unsettled Friday. Saturday, probably fair.

Missouri—Partly cloudy Friday and Saturday.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Fair Friday and Saturday.

Nebraska and Kansas—Generally fair Friday and Saturday; warmer in eastern portions.

WASTING A CITY'S WATER.

Due Chiefly to the Lack of Sufficient Meters, Investigators Find.

In view of the action of Water Commissioner Thompson since he came into office, through the Water Register's Bureau and the Bureau of Water Waste, which he created, for a more thorough metering of the water used in the city, a résumé of the experience of various cities in the past Summer, printed in the current issue of the Public Service Magazine, is interesting.

Serious water famines were experienced in such cities as Grand Rapids, Mich.; Wichita, Kan.; Dallas, Texas; Washington, D. C.; Chicago, Waukegan, Ill.; Waterbury, Conn.; St. Joseph, Mo.; Chanute, Kan.; Marseilles, Ill.; Charlotte, N. C.; Neenah, Wis.; Dayton, Ohio; Norfolk, Va.; Peru, Ind.; Sacramento, Cal.; Pontiac, Mich.; Altoona, Penn.; Taylor, Texas; Lakewood, N. Y.; Springfield, Ohio; Stafford, Kan.; Michigan City, Ind.; Rockport, Ill.; Buffalo, Joliet, Ill.; Colorado Springs, Spokane, Wash.; Houston, Texas; Plainfield, N. J.; Erie, Penn.; Kansas City, Beaver City, Neb., and Lawton, Okla.

The magazine in commenting on the subject editorially says that the experience of the Summer has done more to further a more scientific regulation of municipal water supplies than any academic investigation of engineers could have done.

"During the drought," it declares, "when hundreds of cities were suffering from lack of water, the records do not show one city where the water system was fully metered that was inconvenienced seriously. Of course, many of the plants were taxed to their capacity, but there was no famine, and for what water was used the city received full payment.

"In unmetered cities the distress was keenly felt. The water works were manned by additional forces, warnings were issued against wasting water, threats of arrest were made, but with little effect, and the millions of gallons of extra water that were used brought these unmetered cities not one cent of additional revenue."

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

The wheat market was subjected to a good volume of liquidation throughout the entire session. Cables were very disappointing, with the foreign markets influenced by reports of continued liberal offerings of Russian wheat at declining prices and on heavy selling originating from prominent Chicago elevator interests. Sentiment was bearish owing to the lack of important cash or export demand, and there was only a small amount of rallying power shown in the market. Receipts at primary points have shown decided falling off and are below last year, but this fact is offset by reports of rather discouraging flour business in the Northwest and absence of bull enthusiasm. Toward the close the Canadian markets developed a better undertone on reports of some export business, and there was also some rally in the local market with rumors of export business at seaboard points, but this was not confirmed. A semi-official report issued at St. Petersburg made the Russian wheat crop in sixty-three Governments out of seventy-two in the country 555,000,000 bushels, which is a decrease of 153,000,000 bushels from last year. There were also advices stating that a leading French newspaper estimated the wheat crop of France at 269,650,000 bushels. This compares with an official yield last year of 359,216,000 bushels. Advices regarding the Argentine crop are generally favorable, and latest reports indicate that rains which have fallen recently have been of material benefit. The export sales reported to-day amounted to 90,000 bushels of durum Manitoba wheat at the outports. Cash wheat quoted No. 2 red Winter, $1.02 elevator; No. 2 red spot, nominal, new, $1.02¼, free on board, afloat, for export; No. 1 Northern Spring, nominal; No. 2 hard Winter, nominal, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.08¾.

Sentiment in the corn market is bearish. Prevailing weather conditions are generally favorable, and although higher temperatures would aid in developing the plant more rapidly, the present weather is generally good. There are already some reports coming to hand to the effect that cutting has commenced in some sections, and the fact that each day of favorable weather from now on adds so much to the crop discourages bullish operations. Sept. 15 to Oct. 1 is the average frost date of corn west of the Mississippi, and the indications at the moment do not indicate any cooler weather. The shipping demand is reported good, but advices claiming large farm reserves offset this fact. Export sales to-day amounted to 32,000 bushels at outports. Cash corn quoted No. 2, 64¾c, nominal, to elevator, to arrive, coast, insurance, freight, domestic basis, and steamer, nominal, elevator, export basis. Sales include 32,000 bushels at outports for export.

Oats are moving largely in sympathy with other grains. Selling has been restricted somewhat by the lighter offerings from the country and on the technical position, which is believed to be a firm one, but there is little desire to take to the bull side at present. Cash oats quoted standards, 38¾c; No. 2 white, 39¾c; No. 3 white, 38¼c; No. 4 white, 38c; natural white, 38@39c, and white clipped, 39@42½c.

Provisions were quiet. Hog receipts were slightly in excess of last year, but notwithstanding the fact that they are not large enough to increase products, prices have been declining recently. They have supported the market on the breaks, but this, it is said, was done to dispose of cash stuff on hand.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Wheat—				
September ..	$1.02¾	$1.01½	$1.01⅝	$1.03¼
December ..	1.03¼	1.05	1.03½	1.06¾
May	1.10⅝	1.09¼	1.09⅝	1.11¾
Corn—				
September ..	..	..	64¾	64¾
December ..	..	..	63	63
Oats—				
September ..	..	..	38¾	38¼
October	..	..	39	39
November ..	..	..	39¼	39¾
December ...	..	..	40¾	40¾
May	..	..	43	43¼
July	..	..	43¾	43

The Chicago market was closed on account of the primary election.

COTTON.

The trend of values was toward a higher level during the entire session, with the close not far from the best prices of the day. After opening with but slight price changes a better tone developed. Shorts displayed nervousness on the good buying of the Winter months by bull interests, and spot interests were also purchasing the October option. It was said that spinners were buying this month as a hedge, until they can procure spot cotton in the South at more favorable levels. The bills of lading situation came in for quite a little discussion during the day, and it was said that it was possible for a large export demand to develop between now and Oct. 1, or the date at which the present bill of lading system expires. This fact had some influence on values, although there was a general disposition manifested to await the outcome of the meeting, which was held after the close of the session by the American bankers. Shorts continued fair buyers during the day, and, although at times there was scattered realising, these offerings were well absorbed. Crop advices were generally satisfactory, and, although there were reports stating that the Texas coast had been visited by phenomenally heavy rains and that the lowlands were flooded, it was generally thought that no damage has resulted, as cotton is picked in that territory.

New York spot cotton quiet, 5 advance. Middling uplands, 13.80. Middling gulf, 14.05.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	13.05	13.48	13.61@13.62	13.49
October	13.24	12.98	13.14@13.16	12.99
November	....	....	13.07@13.09	12.92
December	13.11	12.91	13.06@13.07	12.92
January	13.06	12.88	13.01@13.02	12.90
February	....	....	13.04@13.06	12.93
March	13.15	12.96	13.09@13.10	12.98
May	13.17	13.00	13.12@13.14	13.02
June	....	....	13.10@13.12	13.00
July	13.00	12.98	13.09@13.10	12.98

The market closed barely steady at 10 to 15 advance.

COFFEE.

An early reaction was followed by a renewal of the bull movement, and last prices were firm at a net advance of 10@15 points, while sales were reported of 94,000 bags. Naturally new high records were made for the movement, and in the late trading the market was very active on reports that a prominent Brazilian authority had reduced its estimate of the present Santos crop from 8,500,000 to 7,250,000 bags.

The market opened steady at unchanged prices to a decline of 11 points, and soon sold 6@13 points net lower. Havre opened 1¼@1½ franc higher, but closed net unchanged to ¼ higher. Hamburg was net unchanged to ¼ higher. In Brazil prices were higher, and there was also an advance of 1-32d in the rate of Brazilian exchange on London, while receipts continued moderate as compared with last year.

Spot coffee firm, 10¾c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wednes. Close.
September	....	....	8.65@8.70	8.50
October	8.55	8.55	8.70@8.75	8.53
November	....	....	8.80@8.85	8.65
December	8.90	8.75	8.90@8.95	8.75
January	8.85	8.85	8.93@8.95	8.83
February	....	....	8.98@8.98	8.85
March	8.97	8.79	8.99@9.00	8.88
April	....	....	9.03@9.05	8.89
May	9.05	8.80	9.05@9.07	8.92
June	8.85	8.85	9.06@9.08	8.95
July	9.09	8.88	9.09@9.10	8.96
August	..	..	9.09@9.10	8.98

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Commissioner Edwards Thinks There Must Be Another Call for Them.

When Commissioner Edwards of the Street Cleaning Department opened the bids yesterday for the rental of carts and horses to his department for snow removal next Winter he was astonished to find that there was only a total of fourteen and that the figures set were so high that there will undoubtedly have to be a readvertisement.

Under the present plan the Commissioner is to attend to the actual work of snow removal himself by hiring outside help, but he has another plan which he will submit to the Board of Estimate in the near future, which, on account of the practical failures of the present bids, may be accepted. He said yesterday that he did not care to make public its details until it is formally presented.

Davis-Daly Copper Co.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the second instalment of fifty cents (50c.) per share of the assessment on the Capital Stock of the Company is payable on or before September 20th, 1910, pursuant to the previous resolution of the Board of Directors.

Payments to be made either to the Metropolitan Trust Company, 49 Wall Street, New York City, N. Y., or to the International Trust Company, 45 Milk Street, Boston, Mass.

The transfer books of the Company are to be closed from September 15th, 1910, to September 30th, 1910.

All payments of assessments should be accompanied by the certificates of stock, upon which receipt therefor will be stamped.

By order of the BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
W. C. SHAW, Assistant Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

New York & Harlem Railroad Company.
Treasurer's Office,
New York, September 14th, 1910.

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF per cent. (1½%) on the Preferred and Common Stock, payable on the first day of October next to stockholders of record at the close of business on Monday, the 19th day of September, 1910.
MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

International Mercantile Marine Company.

Coupons due October 1st, 1910, from the 4½% Mortgage and Collateral Trust Gold Bonds of this Company will be paid on and after that date upon presentation at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., Fiscal Agents, 23 Wall Street, New York City.
HORACE G. PHILIPS, Treasurer.
New York, Sept. 15, 1910.

Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Co.
Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 8, 1910.

The Directors this day declared the regular quarterly dividend, same being number one hundred and eight, of two per cent., payable October 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record, close of business, Sept. 19th. Stock books will reopen for transfers of stock on September 20th.
T. D. WEBB, Treasurer.

UNITED SHOE MACHINERY CORPORATION.

The Directors of the United Shoe Machinery Corporation have declared a quarterly dividend of 1¾% (37½ cents per share) on the preferred capital stock, and a quarterly dividend of 2% (50 cents per share) on the common capital stock, all payable October 3, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 20, 1910.
L. A. COOLIDGE, Treasurer.

AMERICAN CAN COMPANY.

A quarterly dividend of One and One-Quarter Per Cent. (1¼%) has been declared upon the Preferred stock of this Company, payable on Oct. 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business Sept. 16th, 1910. Transfer books will remain open. Checks will be mailed.
R. H. ISMON, Secretary.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.
Treasurer's Office,
New York, September 7th, 1910.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company has declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on its capital stock, payable at this office on the 15th day of October next to stockholders of record at the close of business on Thursday, the 22d inst.
EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE
Lanston Monotype Machine Company
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. on the Cap

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Consolidated Gas Company Disposes of Another Plot in Chelsea District—Dean Keppel of Columbia Buys Home Near University—Academy of Medicine Property Mortgaged.

Following out its determination to dispose of its surplus real estate holdings on Manhattan, the Consolidated Gas Company has sold an additional block front on Marginal Street, opposite the new Chelsea dock improvements. THE NEW YORK TIMES mentioned last Wednesday the acquirement by the Corporate Organization Company of the three blocks bounded by Sixteenth and Nineteenth Streets, Marginal Street, and Tenth Avenue from the gas company. Yesterday it was announced that contracts had been signed for the sale of the frontage on the block to the north, between Nineteenth and Twentieth Streets, a plot consisting of about twelve city lots, with a frontage on Marginal Street, opposite the docks, of 197.3 feet, 119 on Nineteenth Street, and 190 on Twentieth Street.

The price paid for the latter parcel is about $250,000. The buyer, whose name was not divulged by the gas company, is a large business concern, which proposes to improve the plot at once with a ten-story loft for its occupancy. The plot is free and clear, and the three blocks below, taken over by the Corporate Organization Company, are also free from mortgages. The district is one of the largest in the city near the water front ready for immediate commercial improvement.

Columbia Sells Dwelling.

The Trustees of Columbia University have sold, through William R. Ware, 528 West 114th Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 102.2, opposite the college campus. The property was purchased by the college as a residence for Frederick P. Keppel, the new Dean, but subsequently 427 West 117th Street was bought and the college decided to dispose of the 114th Street house.

Private House Sales.

George T. Hollister has sold 61 East Ninety-first Street, a three-story and basement brownstone dwelling, on a lot 17.5 by 100.8, between Madison and Park Avenues.

The Frank L. Fisher Company has sold for William H. Yawkey the private residence 273 West Seventieth Street, on a lot 16 by 100, to a client.

Investor Buys East Side Flat.

John Lucker has sold the five-story double flat 311 East Eighty-ninth Street, on a lot 25 by 100, for A. Straub to Franz Lenz as an investment.

Fifth Avenue Gift to Children.

The deed has just been recorded whereby the Knabe Building, on the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street, on plot 49.5 by 125, has been presented, free and clear, by Horace A. Hutchins, President of the New Jersey Storage Company, to his children, Harley D. Hutchins and Mrs. Charles A. Work of Madison, N. J. The property is worth $1,500,000 or more. Mr. Hutchins bought the plot a few years ago and erected the present eleven-story office building.

$220,000 Mortgage on Academy of Medicine.

The property of the Academy of Medicine at 17, 19, and 21 West Forty-third Street has been mortgaged to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company in the sum of $220,000 for a period of three years. The Academy recently acquired the adjoining property, 15, and the abutting house, 10 West Forty-fourth Street, for the purpose of extending its building.

Sale at Jamaica.

E. Sharum has sold to a client seven lots on Ninth Street, near Adelaide Avenue, Jamaica, L. I. In part payment eighty-six lots at Eastport were taken.

Staten Island Sales.

Cornelius G. Kolff has sold for Miss Matton of Vermont four lots, corner Isabella Avenue and Eleventh Street, at Oakwood, to M. Fisher of Staten Island, who intends to erect a dwelling thereon for his own occupancy.

Percival G. Ullman, Jr., & Co. have sold the Wilkins estate, consisting of a house and several acres of ground at Annadale.

$44,000 Mortgage for New Bronx Theatre.

Leon S. Altmayer and W. E. & W. I. Brown, Inc., have negotiated a first mortgage of $44,000 on premises 477, 479, and 481 Willis Avenue, covering the new theatre erected on these premises. Mr. Altmayer was the broker who sold the property to the present owner. The mortgage is taken by a private investor at 5 per cent. interest per annum for a long term of years.

Demand for West Side Dwellings.

Pease & Elliman's west side office reports the following leases: 236 West Seventieth Street, for the Hoffman estate; 145 West Seventy-third Street, for Mrs. M. T. Bringhurst; 210 West Seventieth Street, for the Hoffman estate; 321 West Seventy-sixth Street, for Mrs. E. J. Wiggins; 269 West Ninetieth Street, for Mrs. E. S. Lunt, and 305 West Seventy-first Street, in conjunction with Horace S. Ely & Co.

Madison Avenue Changes.

Plans have been filed for making over the five-story brick dwelling on the west side of Madison Avenue, 74.1 feet north of Fortieth Street, into a store and bachelor apartments. The front basement and parlor wall is to be removed and a store front put in, a two-story rear extension built, and an elevator installed. The three upper floors are to be used as bachelor apartments. The cost will be $20,000.

Forty-second Street Alteration.

Plans have been filed for changing the entrance and rebuilding it at the sidewalk level of the dwelling owned by Peter Delacy, at 141 West Forty-second Street. The cost of the change has been placed at $2,000 by the architect, William D. Smith.

To Speak on Mount Vernon.

Joseph P. Day will address the employes of the Max Ams and the Mauser factories at Mount Vernon to-day in the park opposite the factories. The subject will be "A Greater Mount Vernon." Considerable interest is being aroused there because of the new Union Station of the New York, New Haven & Hartford and New York, Westchester & Boston Railroads.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

92d St, 26, s s, 57.7 ft w of Madison Av, 19.11x100.8, four-story dwelling; voluntary sale, adjourned sine die.

74th St, 3, n s, 100 ft w of Central Park West, 20x102.2, four-story dwelling; administrator's sale, estate of Harriet C. Jones, deceased, to L. G. Martin, $44,500.

Lenox Av, s e corner of 112th St, 60x100, two seven-story apartment houses; voluntary sale, to Emil Teschner, $225,000.

West St, n e corner of West 10th St, 44.8x90x irregular, three-story building, with stores; voluntary sale, knocked down to Frederick C. Steffen, $40,000.

129th St, 245 and 247, n s, 293.9 ft e of 8th Av, 37.6x99.11, two three-story dwellings, voluntary sale, to J. M. Tully, for a client, $16,000.

138th St, 221, n s, 258.6 ft w of 7th Av, 20x99.11, four-story dwelling; voluntary sale, to B. O. Thompson, $19,000.

107th St, 61, n s, 171 ft e of Madison Av, 17x100.11, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale, to J. L. Wolf, for a client, $9,500.

West End Av, 698, s e corner of 94th St, 18.5x55x irregular, five-story dwelling; voluntary sale, knocked down to L. L. Lewy, $38,000.

122d St, 165, n s, 75 ft e of 7th Av, 15.8x100.11, four-story dwelling; voluntary sale, bid in at $19,000.

161st St, 559, n s, 280.4 ft e of Broadway, 17.11 x99.11, four-story dwelling; voluntary sale to J. Schork, $15,700.

148th St, 417, n s, 119 ft e of Convent Av, 18x99.11, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale, bid in at $13,850.

Clinton Av, 1,421, w s, 100 ft s of Crotona Park South, 24x100x irregular, two-story dwelling; foreclosure sale to the plaintiff, Clara Lion, $5,718.

Webster Av, 2,771, s w corner of 198th St, 28.7 x93.10x45.2x91.11, three-story tenement and stores and two one-story stores; foreclosure sale to the plaintiff, Ebling Brewing Company, $20,000.

47th St, 613 and 615, n s, 225 ft w of 11th Av, 50x100.5, one, two, and three story brewery; F. W. Follock, referee; partition, to Henry Filey, $24,900.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

West St, n e corner of Cedar St, 47.2x64.9x46x 55.6, five-story loft and store building; foreclosure sale to the plaintiff Edmord Coffin, $10,000.

Wadsworth Av, 294, w s, 166.1 ft n of 187th St, 23.8x95, three-story dwelling; foreclosure sal adjourned to Sept. 22.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

108th St, 155, n s, 82 ft e of Lexington Av, 16.9x100.11, four-story tenement, to Annabelle L. Armstrong, a party in interest, $10,700; also,

107th St, 181, n s, 303 ft e of Lexington Av, 17x100.11, four-story tenement; Adam Wiener, referee; partition, to Annabelle L. Armstrong, $10,600.

By J. H. Mayers.

Greenwich St, 394, n w corner of Beach St, 25x79.10x25x79.8, four-story loft and store building; foreclosure sale, to Emanuel Newman, $34,400.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures In Manhattan and the Bronx.

143d St, s s, 80 ft e of Rider Av, for a one-story frame shed, 15x30; James King of 1,882 2d Av, owner; C. H. Baxter, Jr., architect; cost, $175.

Cruger Av, e s, 152.41 ft s of Bear Swamp Road, for a two-story frame dwelling, 22x55; Louis C. Rose of Cramer Av, owner; J. J. Vreeland, architect; cost, $7,500.

Clinton Av, n e corner of 180th St, for a one-story brick store, 31.1x135.4; Killwood Realty Co. of 815 Point Av, owners; Kreymborg-Arch Co., architects; cost $10,000.

Intervale Av, s e corner of Kelly St, for a one-story brick store, size irregular; Meehan Construction Co. of 815 Hunt's Point Av, owners; Kreymborg-Arch Co., architects; cost, $20,000.

Private Road, 898, w s, 300 ft s of Spuyten Duyvil Road, for a one-story brick factory, 134x100; estate of Isaac G. Johnson, on premises, owners; Dietz Engineering Co., architects; cost, $30,000.

Victor St, 899, e s, 170 ft n of Morris Park Av, for a one-story frame shed, 8x12; John Bernabo, on premises, owner; Henry Nordheim, architect; cost, $100.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

20th St, n s, 240 ft e of 6th Av, to a four-story and basement store and office building; B. Rosenberg of 7 West 20th St, owner; O. Reissmann, architect; cost, $5,000.

Madison Av, w s, 74.1 ft n of 40th St, to a five-story brick dwelling; J. Gellatly of 34 West 57th St, owner; Buchman & Fox, architects; cost, $20,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.

With name and address of attorney.

ELDRIDGE ST, S, e s, 22.1x65.6; Samuel Shemin to Fannie Shemin, his wife, Bayonne, N. J., ½ part, (mtg $7,000,) Sept. 14; address, 562 Avenue E, Bayonne, N. J.....$1

97TH ST, 210 and 212 East, s s, 54x100.11; Jacob Horowitz to Morris Butinsky, Sept. 9; address, 341 East 3d St.....$100

62D ST, 117 East, n s, 16x68.8; Frederic De W. Wells to Wesley Thorn, (mtg $8,000,) Sept. 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; Wesley Thorn to William H. Davidge, (mtg $20,000,) Sept. 14; same attorney $100

46TH ST, 214 West, s s, 18.7x100.5; Kate Bissell to Jacob Wertheim and others, (mtg $12,000,) Sept. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

46TH ST, s s, 197 ft w of Broadway, strip, 8x 100.5; Rosalie S. Phillips to same, Sept. 8; same attorney $1

PLOT, begins 690 ft e of White Plains Road and 795 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x100; Marie Uhrenholdt to Wilhelmine Boennicke of Hoboken, N. J., (mtg $3,855,) June 2; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av $100

LEXINGTON AV, e s, 37 ft s of 40th St, 18.6x87; Florence O. H. Antony to Frederick H. Mettlage of Brooklyn, Sept. 9; address, 183 Winthrop St, Brooklyn.....$1

75TH ST, n s, 280 ft e of 3d Av, 25x102.2; Armin H. Mittlemann to Benjamin Levy, Sept. 2; attorney, Nathan Friedman, 309 Broadway $100

117TH ST, s s, 248 ft e of Pleasant Av, 106.11x 100.10; Anna R. Morris to Morris Welnstein, Sept. 6; address, 22 Mount Morris Park.$100

167TH ST, n s, 52.9 ft w of Kelly St, 50x76; William H. Gray to Holy Trinity Evangelical Lutheran Church, (mtg $4,500,) July 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $6,500

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, s s, 139 ft w of Morris Av, 16x80; Walter J. Murray to Jennie L. Hale, (mtg $6,500,) Sept. 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1

179TH ST, n s, 148.4 ft w of Anthony Av, 75x irregular; Juliane Emanuel and others, trustees, to William F. Hoops, Sept. 14; attorney, H. H. Kimmel, 156 Broadway...$16,000

124TH ST, 89 West, n s, 17.6x99.11; James C. Thomas to Thomas Burial Co., Sept. 12; attorney, Edward A. Isaacs, 27 William St.$100

LOTS 170 and 171, map of Washingtonville; Frank Fritsch to William W. Penfield, Nov. 1, 1907; attorney, Gerald Roberts, 38 Park Row $1

LOT 45, map of J. J. Gleason, Westchester; Sarah Gluck to Martha Levy of Elmira, N. Y., Sept. 8; attorneys, Cooper & Baer, 20 Vesey St $1

61ST ST, 153 West, n s, 16.8x100.5; Anna H. Stern to Edward H. Proudman, (mtg $7,000,) Sept. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

161ST ST, n s, 220 ft w of Prospect Av, 96.1x 100; Sound Realty Co. to Reuben E. Fichtbern, Sept. 12; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

121ST ST, 434 East, s s, 25.8x100.11; Martin J. Rubin to Isidore Rubin, ½ part, (mtg $23,700,) July 19; attorney, Max Silverstein, 299 Broadway $100

MAPES AV, w s, s w ½ of Lot 125, map of East Tremont, 33x150; Nicola Lauritano to Carolina Di Marino, Sept. 12; attorney, L. Faturzo, 21 Prince St.....$1

190TH ST, s s, 100.3 ft e of Prospect Av, 50x 100; Nicola Lauritano to Carolina Di Marino, Sept. 12; attorney, L. Faturzo, 21 Prince St.$1

86TH ST, 148 to 152 East, s s, 76.8x102.2; Edward L. Parris, (referee,) to Hortense B. Fischer, Sept. 15; attorney, Lenahan Huddy, 50 Church St $115,000

48TH ST, 238 West, s s, 21x98.5; Ella Wallace to Frederick W. Fieder, Jr., Sept. 12; attorneys, Winslow, Shelp & Broomel, 111 Broadway $1

LOTS 295 and 296, map of Varian estate, Bronx; Cornelius J. Cashman to Maria Cashman, his wife, (mtg $2,500,) Sept 14; attorney, John Conville, 165 Broadway $1

70TH ST, 118 East, s s, 20x100.5; Grace L., wife of Theodore W. Luling to Emilie B., wife of F. Leonard Kellogg, B. & S., June 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

124TH ST, s s, 192.6 ft e of 2d Av, 16.6x100.11; Willard M. Smith and others to Genevieve Schwarz of Troy, N. Y., Sept. 9; Sigmund Wechsler, 82 Broadway $1

36TH ST, 233 West, n s, 18.6x98.9; Morris S. Hochstadter to Holland Holding Co., (mtg $18,000,) Sept. 15; State Realty and Mortgage Co., 11 Pine St. $100

124TH ST, 369 East, n s, 18.9x100.11; Lizzie Krotosky to Morris E. Greenberg, (mtgs $6,000,) Sept. 15; attorney, B. E. Siegelstein, 99 Nassau St. $100

102D ST, 202 and 204 East, s s, 38x100.11; 101st St, n s, 100 ft e of 3d Av, 50x100.11; Mamie Marks to Nathan Marks, all liens, Sept. 2; address, 202 East 103d St.....$1

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 409, w s, 25.3x100; same to same, ½ part, all liens, Sept. 2; address, same $1

BENNETT AV, e s, lot begins 8,990 ft n from s s of 155th St, and 2,461.6 ft w from e s of 10th Av, 137.5x100x irregular; Osher Gordon to Ernestine Beinfeld, ½ part, Sept. 14; Robert C. Birkhohn, 149 Broadway $100

ZEREGA AV, 1,663, being Lot 26, map of 120 lots Daily estate; Lionello Perega to Allemanno, Attilio, and Silvestro Tozzini, Sept. 14; Curtis & Romagna, 277 Broadway.....$1

BRYANT AV, 1,529, w s, 25x100; Carolina A., wife of Winfred G. Southern, to Isidor Monheimer, (mtgs $8,000,) Sept. 14; Ralph B. Ittelson, 170 Broadway $1

HONEYWELL AV, s e corner of 179th St, 32.6x85; Irving Construction Co. to Jennie Freed and Bercha Weinberg, (mtgs $26,000,) Sept. 8; address, 479 East 159th St.....$100

PARK AV, s w corner of 70th St, 100.5x125; The Union Theological Seminary in the City of New York to George Blumenthal, July 28; address, 23 West 53d St. $100

LENOX AV, 385, w s, 24.11x75; Leon Kronfeld to Nicholas Simmermeyer, (mtgs $26,000,) Sept. 8; address, 509 West 54th St.....$100

115TH ST, 19 East, n s, 25x100.10; Sadie Herzog to Herman Herzog, (mtg $25,000,) Sept. 14, ½ part; Charles Firestone, 299 Broadway $100

1ST AV, 1,626, e s, 20.4x100; Mary L. Bishop to Emanuel Arnstein, Aug. 18; attorney, Myron Sulzberger, 58 Park Row.....$100

89TH ST, 311 East, n s, 25x100.8; Frederick E. Straub to Franz Lenz, (mtgs $17,000,) Sept. 15; A. & H. Bloch, 93 Nassau St...$100

92D ST, 47 East, n s, 17x100.8; Rose Le Vino to Louise L. Hoguet, (mtg $18,000,) Sept. 15; attorneys, Kurzman & Frankenheimer, 25 Broad St. $100

72D ST, 211 East, n s, 25x102.2; Amy A. C. Montague to Lewis Earle, (mtg $21,000,) quitclaim and C. A. G., Sept. 12; attorneys, Earle & Russell, 55 Liberty St.....$1

MARSH AV, 4,347, s w corner of 239th St, 28.1x100; Martha Av, 4,337 and 4,339, w s, 40.1x100; the Linsenmeyer Holding Co. to George P. Knecht, (mtg $11,000,) Sept. 15; Ernest A. Bizouska, 510 Morris Park Av. .$1

TINTON AV, 1,151, w s, 18.6x90; Julia A. Reilly to John Bausenwein, (mtg $4,500,) Sept. 15; David C. Lewis, 141 Broadway.....$1

88TH ST, 338 West, s s, 25x98.9; Esther Kinzler to Helen C. Trowbridge, (mtg $15,000,) Sept. 15; L. H. Trowbridge, 87 Nassau St. $100

GREENE ST, 192½ to 200, e s, runs e 100x s 25x e 49.9x s 122.9 to centre line of old Amity Lane, (closed,) x n w 96.8x w 67 to street x n 121.10 to beginning. Isaac Guggenheim and another, executors of Jonas Sonneborn, to Morris Guggenheim, ½ part, mtg $190,000, on whole, Sept. 14; M. Guggenheim, 165 Broadway.....$55,000

229TH ST, (15th Av,) s s, Lot 940, map of Wakefield, 100x114; Eva S. Slater to Michael Jackle, B. & S., and correction of deed, Sept. 10; William Bruner, 220 Broadway.....$1

4TH ST, 299 West, s e corner of Bank St, 18.4x 65; Bernhard D. Kemper to Heinrich J. Steeneck, (mtg $10,000,) Sept.15; attorneys, Salter & Steinkamp, 140 Nassau St.....$100

BRIGGS AV, n w corner of Elwood Place; Laconia Park, 53.9x72.3x50x91.1; Arthur J. Mace and another, executors of Malinda G. Mace, to Linda Parodiall, liens, Sept. 15; attorneys, Middleton S. Borland, 31 Nassau St. $1,120

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified, with name and address of lender's attorney.

HOOPS, William F., to Juliane Emanuel and others, trustees; 179th St, n s, 148.4 ft w of Anthony Av, 75x95. Sept. 14, due as per bond; attorney, Robert H. Patterson, 45 Broadway $12,000

BERGAN, Frank T., to Manhattan Mortgage Co; College Av, n w s, 740.5 ft n e of 169th St, 25x92.6, Sept. 14, due as per bond; Manhattan Mortgage Co, 200 Broadway....$5,500

HOLY TRINITY EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN Church to William H. Gray; 167th St, n s, 52.8 ft w of Kelly St, 50x76, Sept. 14, due as per bond; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway..$4,500

NEW YORK ACADEMY OF MEDICINE to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co; 43d St, n s, 248.8 ft w of 5th Av, 75x100.5, Sept. 1, 3 years, due as per bond; attorneys, Geller, Rolston & Horan, 22 Exchange Place.$220,000

THORN, Wesley, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co; 62d St, 117 East, n s, 16x68.8x16x67.10, Sept. 14, due as per bond; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, $20,000

KANSKI, Lena, to Charles P. Hallock; Bryant St, w s, at w s of Lot 9, runs s 126.6x s e 28 to street x n 131 to beginning, being part of Lot 9, map of property of St John & Archer. Sept. 13, demand, 6 p. c.; Charles H. Hall, 35 999 East 180th St.....$100

BUTINSKY, Morris, to Joseph Cohen; 97th St, s s, 181 ft e of 3d Av, two lots, each 27x 100.11, two mtgs $2,500, Sept. 13, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Max Schenkman, 115 Broadway $5,000

NEWTOWN CONSTRUCTION CO to George A. Macdonald; Washington St, n e corner of Horatio St, 24.2x89.1x24.1x90.9; Washington Av, e s, 24.2 ft w of Horatio St, 18.1x—x18x 89.1, prior mtg $50,000, Sept. 14, due June 10, 1911, 6 p. c.; George A. Macdonald, 40 Wall St $100

MATTLAGE, Frederick H., of Brooklyn, N. Y., to Paul L. Kiernan; Lexington Av, 349, e s, 18.6x87, Sept. 14, due Oct. 1, 1913, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway.....$2,000

WYLLER, Louis, and Abraham Shultz to Moses Sturtz; Division St, 54 and 56, n s, 28x irregular, prior mtg $31,125, Sept. 15, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Samuel Sturtz, 198 Broadway $2,000

FROMA REALTY CO. to Joseph J. Meaney; Robbins Av, e s, 98.7 ft s of 151st St, 50x 104, May 26, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Morris M. Haxman, 198 Broadway.....$10,000

KAUFFMANN, Rosa, to James Herbert; 76th St, 25 East, n s, 20x102.2, Sept. 15, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St $20,000

RICHTER, Joseph A., to Benjamin Lande; 113th St, 210 to 214 East, s s, 45x100.4; Williams Place, s e corner of Jennings St, 50x96x 50.5x100, Aug. 16, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, N. Henry W. Schutt, 229 Broadway....$2,850

FISCHER, Hortense B., to United States Trust Co. of New York; 86th St, 148 to 152 East, s s, 76.8x102.2, Sept. 13, 5 years; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer, 45 Wall St.....$85,000

GREENBERG, Morris E., to Lizzie Krotosky; 124th St, 390 East, n s, 189x100.11, Sept. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Arthur Gutman, 320 Broadway $1,000

BEINFIELD, Ernestine, to Osher Gordon; plot begins 8.9 ft from s s of 155th St and 2,461.6 ft w from e s of 10th Av, 372x irregular, Sept. 14, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Osher Gordon, 1,675 Madison Av.....$2,250

GERMAN REAL ESTATE CO to Margaret Knox; 2d St, 328 East, 28.7x100, prior mtg $5,000, Sept. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. Knox, 198 Broadway.....$1,500

KNECHT, George P., to Linsenmeyer Holding Co.; Martha Av, s w corner of 239th St, 28.1x 100; Martha Av, w s, 65 ft n of 238th St, 40.1 x100, Sept. 15, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles Reinhardt, 756 Flushing Av, Brooklyn, N. Y $1,100

MURPHY, James, to Gotham Mortgage Co.; Bowery, w s, 56.3 ft s of Grand St, 25x100; prior mtg $21,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, George Y. Bauble, 41 Park Row $1,500

KORMANN, Rosa, to Louis Isenburger; 2d St, 237, East, s s, 25x76.11, prior mtg $17,500, Sept. 15, due Oct. 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Towne & Spellman, 115 Broadway....$2,000

MULTZ, Solomon D., to Abraham Swetnick; Suffolk St, 133, w s, 25x100, prior mtg $27,500, Sept. 15, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Myer Levy, 41 Park Row.....$2,000

WILSON, Lena, to Arthur F. Lerden; 8th Av, w s, 25 ft s of 133d St, 25x100, prior mtg $26,000, Aug. 25, due as per bond; attorneys, Godnick & Wilson, 31 Nassau St. $1,100

TROWBRIDGE, Helen C., to Gertrude A. Van Derbeck; 38th St, 338 West, s s, 25x98.9, prior mtg $15,000, Sept. 15, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Stoddard & Mark, 135 Broadway $1,000

SACCOMANNO, Giovanni, to Dollar Savings Bank; Arthur Av, w s, 200 ft s of Jacob St, 25x124, Sept. 15, due Dec. 1, 1913; attorneys, Lexow, Mackellar & Wells, 43 Cedar St. $5,500

EARLE, Louis, to Amy A. C. Montague; 72d St, 211 East, n s, 25x102.2, prior mtg $21,000, Sept. 12, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Earle & Russell, 55 Liberty St.....$4,850

JOHNSON, Claibourne M., to R. R. Co-Oper. Building and Loan Assn.; 4th St, n s, being part of Lot 688, map of Williamsbridge, 25x114, prior mtg $2,500, Sept. 15, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Edward G. Whitaker, 45 Broadway $400

McLAUGHLIN, Lucerna M., to Josephine Riehm; Undercliff Av, w s, 471.10 ft s of Sedgwick Av, 50x100, prior mtg $2,500, Sept. 14, due as per bond; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$600

HUNT, Mark, to Charles H. Herche; 180th St, n s, 91.9 ft w of Washington Av, 53.2x irregular, Sept. 14, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $4,000

SCHWARZ, Genevieve, to Charles Schmitt and another; 124th St, 318 East, s s, 16.6x100.11, Sept. 15, 3 years; atorney, S. Wechsler, 32 Broadway $6,000

TRIANGLE CONSTRUCTION CO. to William Beaman; 240th St, n s, 260 ft w of 4th Av, 40x100, Sept. 15, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, James T. Bunt, 100 Broadway.....$3,500

O'NEILL, Nicholas J., to William Beaman; White Plains Road, e s, Lot 19, map of South Vernon Park, 25.3x102.10, Sept. 15, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, James T. Bunt, 100 Broadway $3,500

JACKSON, Robert, to William Beaman; Cruger Av, 1,727, w s, 25x95, Sept. 15, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, James T. Bunt, 100 Broadway $5,000

CARRIZZO, Giancinto, to American Mortgage Co.; 111th St, 222 East, s s, 25x100.11, Sept. 15, 5 years; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St. $10,000

KELLOGG, Emilie B., to Presbyterian Home for Aged Women; 70th St, 125 East, s s, 20x 100.5, Sept. 15, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, De Forest Brothers, 30 Broad St.....$50,000

ORNSTEIN, Emanuel, to Jacob Steiner; 1st Av, e s, 81.7 ft n of 84th St, 20.4x100, prior mtg $13,000, Sept. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 93 Nassau St.....$3,000

FIEDER, Frederick W., Jr., to Ella Wallace; 48th St, s s, 183 ft e of 8th Av, 21x98.5x 21.6x93.7, Sept. 12, 3 years; attorneys, Winslow, Shelp & Bromell, 111 Broadway..$27,500

ORNSTEIN, Emanuel, to Mary L. Bishop; 1st Av, 1,625, e s, 81.7 ft n of 84th St, 20.4x 100, Aug. 18, 5 years; attorneys, Salter & Steinkamp, 140 Nassau St.....$13,000

STEENECK, Heinrich J., to Mary E. Comings; 36th St, s s, 150 ft e of 10th Av, 25x 98.9, prior mtg $10,000, Sept. 15, 3 years; attorneys, Salter & Steinkamp, 140 Nassau St. $3,000

STEENEK, Heinrich J., to Anna Klintworth; 10th St, 191 West, n s, 21.4x95, prior mtg $8,000, Sept. 15, 1 year; attorneys, Salter & Steinkamp, 140 Nassau St.....$500

STEENECK, Heinrich, J., to Bernard D. Kemper; 4th St, 299, s e corner of Bank St, 18.4x65, prior mtg $10,000, Sept. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Salter & Steinkamp, 140 Nassau St. $4,500

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

157TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of Broadway, 99.11x 100, Oct. 15, 1909; Highwood Realty and Construction Co. to Allenel Construction Co.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $75,000

157TH ST, s s, 375 ft e of Broadway, 99.11x 100, Oct. 15, 1909; same to same; attorney, same $75,000

157TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of Broadway, 99.11x 200 Oct. 15, 1909; same to same; attorney, same $34,000

5TH ST, 748 East, s s, 22x96, March 14, 1905; Lena Landsman to Annie Wexler; address, 185 St. Nicholas Av.....$3,250

157TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of Broadway, 99.11x 100, March 18, 1909; Zachariah Zacharias to Walter C. Flanders, Frank H. Presby, and James A. M. Johnston, executors; Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$25,000

157TH ST, s s, 375 ft e of Broadway, 99.11x 100, March 18, 1909; same to same; attorney, same $28,000

36TH ST, s s, 74 ft w of 8th Av, 40x98.9, Aug. 31, 1903; Paul Westphal to United States Trust Co.; Stewart & Shearer, 45 Wall St.. .....$20,000

WEST END AV, w s, 136.4 ft n of 76th St, 55.5x22, Feb. 15, 1892; Hugh Lamb and Elizabeth B., his wife, of East Orange, N. J., to the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .....$21,000.

HUDSON ST, 634, e s, 116.4x25.1x118.11x25.4, Jan. 11, 1904; Julius B. Fox and Louise, his wife, to Greenwich Savings Bank; George G. De Witt, 88 Nassau St.....$14,000

2D AV, 1,341, e s, 19.2x75, Nov. 6, 1905; Henry C. Meyne and Maria K., his wife, to Sanders Guitman; Kurzman & Frankenheimer, 25 Broad St $13,500

17TH ST, 117 West, n s, 20x½ block, June 2, 1870; Thomas Davidson Brown, bachelor, to Charles D. Miller and David Laughlin, substitute trustee; attorneys of record, Hasenll & Stillson, 120 Broadway.....$9,000

88TH ST, 316 West, s s, 20x100.8, Feb. 25, 1903; Emily L. Landon to Andrew J. Kerwin, Jr., and Mary G. Kerwin, executors and trustees; William B. McNeill, 128 Broadway $9,000

157TH ST, s s, 375 ft e of Broadway, 99.11x 100, Aug. 6, 1909; Mabel R. Thrush to the Realty Mortgage Co.; Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $9,000

157TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of Broadway, 99.11x 100, Aug. 6, 1909; same to same; same attorney $9,000

AUDUBON AV, s w corner of 191st St, 40.2x 100, Dec. 5, 1905; Patrick S. Treacy and M. Camilla, his wife, to Margaret Miller of London, England; C. W. Bennett, 2 Rector St $8,000

BROOK AV, e s, 25 ft n from n e corner of 144th St, 25x100, March 7, 1892; Mary E. Sherwood, widow and devisee of Henry A. Sherwood, deceased, to Harlem Savings Bank; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway $8,000

MULBERRY ST, w s, 223.6 ft s of Spring St, 88.6x89.1x irregular, Oct. 15, 1907; John J. White to Francis Higgins and David O'Brien, executors; O'Brien, Boardman & Platt, 2 Rector St $7,500

WALTON AV, s w corner of 181st St, 100x150, Sept. 15, 1908; Adolph Balschun and Maria, his wife, to John C. F. Shepard, executor, and Lambert Suydam; L. S. Quackenbush, 25 Broad St.....$7,000

HUDSON ST, 634, e s, 116.4x25.1x118.11x25.4, March 1, 1906; Martin Garone to Joseph L. Buttenwieser; address 203 Broadway....$6,500

121ST ST, 64, s s, 16.2x100.11, May 31, 1900; Mary Gottlieb to Cornelia P. Schwartz; Title Guaranty and Trust Co, 176 Broadway..$5,500

3D AV, e s, 75.1 ft n of 81st St, 25x100.8, Oct. 28, 1907; Ferdinand Brakmann to James H. Schmelzel and Edwin J. Gillies; James Schmelzel, 245 Washington St.....$5,500

MULBERRY ST, 197 and 199, between Broome and Springs Sts, each 25x100, June 20, 1905; John J. White to John B. Donley, Mary R. Raymond, and Hubbell Hotchkiss; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1,000

LOT 336, map of Van Nest Park, April 13, 1908; Ferdinand Hebrank and Mamie A., his wife, to John Bunz; William Peters & Co., 1,903 Boston Road.....$1,000

Recorded Leases.

With name and address of attorney.

121ST ST, 215 and 217 East, all; Louis Cashman to Lazar Hershowitz and Nathan Raynes, 3 years, from Sept. 15, 1910; attorneys, Kogan & Goldstein, 302 Broadway.....$5,000

GREENWICH ST, 209, store; trustees of estate of Henry Cary to Richard H. Long, 3 years, from May 1, 1910; Richard H. Long, 109 William St. $1,300

1ST AV, 1,481, store, &c.; Emma Hepp to Leo Gostely, from Sept. 8, 1910, to May 1, 1911; address, on premises.....$660

VANDAM ST, 47, n w corner of Varick St, store and basement; Matilda Thompson to Patrick J. Cullen and John McInerny, 3 years from May 1, 1913; James M. Tully, 271 Broadway $1,320

GREENWICH AV, 15, all; Gallard Realty Co. to Evariste Courtade, 4 5-12 years and 15 days, from Oct. 1, 1910; Louis Mathot, 271 Broadway $1,500

15TH ST, 162 West, all; Eisle Dowd to Central Supply, a corporation, 10 years, from May 1, 1911; Central Supply, 1,328 Broadway.$2,300

127TH ST, s s, 450 ft e of 2d Av, 20x99.11x irregular, all; Consumers' Brewing Co. to Harlem River Park Co., 20 5-12 years, from Aug. 1, 1910; attorneys, Holm, Whitlock & Scarff, 35 Nassau St, taxes, &c., and.... $1,000 to $1,500

Mechanics' Liens.

2D AV, 817; Morris Levin & Sons against Samuel J. Weinberg, owner; Abraham Staudt, contractor $390

HESTER ST, 167; Samuel Baxter and others against Adeline Anselmi and Carmine Luongo, owners; Joseph D. Manblatt, contractor.. .....$172

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, s e corner of 178th St, 39.5x100x35.9x116.3; Isaac E. Abbott against Katonah Construction Co., owner and contractor.....$601

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 193.4 ft s of 182d St, 136.10x123.10x132.2x90.3; same against same $3,768

29TH ST, 214 and 216 West; John A. Murray against Edward S. Rosenbaum, owner; Edwin L. Brown, contractor.....$704

108TH ST, 235 to 239 West; Samuel Hoffman against Mary E. Tliyou, owner and contractor $50

116TH ST, 11 and 13 West; John Bell Co. against Mitral Realty and Construction Co., owner and contractor.....$526

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611 West 113th St., Between Broadway and Riverside Drive.
Choice private house block, cheerful outlook, large rooms; plenty of closet room; southern exposure.
6 & 7 Rooms & Bath, Rents $780 to $1,300.

Wadsworth Court
N. E. Corner 180th St. and Wadsworth Av.
Select location, one block west of St. Nicholas Av.; couple minutes from subway station; surface cars one block away; modern elevator Apartments; very large outside rooms.
4, 5, 6, 7 Rooms & Bath, $480 to $840.

The Lucile
S. E. Corner St. Nicholas Av. and 114th St.
Attractive location near Central Park; extra large rooms, handsomely appointed, possessing every modern improvement, including elevator.
5 & 6 Rooms & Bath, $420 to $540.

The Shoreham
N. E. Corner St. Nicholas Av. and 113th St.
These apartments overlook Central Park; large, outside rooms, splendidly laid out; every improvement.
6 Rooms & Bath, $420 to $600.

The Bellmore
Southwest Corner Broadway and 133d St.
These apartments are especially attractive for small as well as large families; the rooms are large and sunny; elevator, telephone, &c.
3, 4, 5 & 6 Rooms & Bath, Rents $360 to $600.

JUST COMPLETED

Absolutely Fireproof and Soundproof
Strictly High Class Housekeeping Apartments

AQUA VISTA & MONTE VISTA

460 & 464 Riverside Drive,

JUST NORTH OF 116TH STREET,

Convenient to Broadway Subway and Surface Cars.

Choicest Residential Section of Manhattan, overlooking Riverside Drive and the Hudson River. Only two Apartments on a floor; unusually large rooms; abundance of large closets.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

6 Rooms, 2 Baths..... $1,100 to $1,150
7 Rooms, 2 Baths..... $1,450 to $1,750
8 Rooms, 3 Baths..... $1,600 to $1,900

MICHAEL E. PATERNO REALTY CO., Owners and Builders.

OFFICE ON PREMISES. OPEN EVENINGS.

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3 min. to 116th St. Sta. 6th and 9th Ave. "L," surface and subway lines, central to all points.

The Morningside Park Apartments

Morningside Park East—118th to 119th Street West

ONE 4 ROOM APARTMENT $40	ONE 4 ROOM APARTMENT $45
ONE 5 ROOM APARTMENT 50	ONE 5 ROOM APARTMENT 60
ONE 6 ROOM APARTMENT 65	ONE 6 ROOM APARTMENT 70

Housekeeping Conveniences—Restaurant Optional

ONE 9 ROOM CORNER APARTMENT—EXTRA LARGE ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS—SOUTHERN EXPOSURE—2 BATHS—$135.

Opposite most picturesque park in Manhattan. Suburban Attractions with city conveniences.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

THE MIDLOTHIAN

355 West 117th St.

5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.

Elevator, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. Apply to janitor.

THE MANITOU

221 West 141st St., near 7th Ave.

4 & 5 rooms; continuous service; electric light; Elevator Apts 5c. telephone; RENTS $28-$45. CONCESSIONS NOW.

ALPHA APTS.

801 St. Nicholas Av., (cor. 125th.) 5, 6 rooms, bath, $45, $60.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

THE MARGARET.

Modern elevator apartments; 4-5-6 large, light rooms and bath; all night elevator and telephone service, express Subway, surface, and "L" cars at corner; $32.50, $35, $42.50, $45, $50. Superintendent on premises, 120-129 West 116th St., near 7th Av. Drive.

ROXBURY—MILTON

849-853 ST. NICHOLAS AVE.

(153d Street.)

8 and 9 Room Apartments.

Elevator service; very desirable location.

$720 to $960.

The Norwood, 102 West 119th St. High-class elevator apartments, 7 and 8 rooms, 2 baths; rent $960, $1,100, $1,200 yearly. Superintendent on premises.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BRONX BARGAIN

100x100, Southern Boulevard; close to Subway station; all excavated; ready for immediate improvement; splendid chance for reliable builder. Address Owner, 200 Broadway, N. Y. City, Room 506.

A fine plot of six lots, northeast corner, near "L," W and Subway stations, high, public schools. Owner, 1,118 Tinton Av.

Valuable Bronx Lots

An entire block front, two corners, close to Subway station; can give bargain to right party able to handle plot. Address Owner, 200 Broadway, N. Y. City, Room 506.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

WHETHER YOU ARE FROM MISSOURI OR NOT

We Can Now SHOW You

as we have all along said we would, that Floral Park, either as an investment or for a home, is THE best selection you can make. Pennsylvania trains are now running to Floral Park in 25 minutes; purchase now; in 60 days you will regret not having done so. Choice lots and houses near station at the old price for a limited time. Will take very small monthly payments. Titles guaranteed. Call or write, FLORAL PARK BARGAINS, 146 East 34th St., N. Y. City.

---

50 MINUTES OUT, Overlooking the Great South Bay

Owner Leaving City, Will Sacrifice.

Elegant residence, handsomely and fully furnished; 14 spacious rooms, richly decorated; beamed ceilings; cathedral glass windows; steam heat; gas; two model bathrooms; open fireplaces for logs; 5 rooms on the main floor; hall in centre; broad verandas, gas lighted; plot of 10 lots, each lot 25x100. Barn, 4 stalls; loft; carriage house and coachman's room; handsome grounds, select, restricted location; few minutes of station and bay. Price $18,000; suitable terms. Title guaranteed by the Title Guarantee and Trust Company of N. Y.

Owner, M. C. DELILE, Room 504 World Building, N. Y.

These are unusual times; it requires an unusual proposition to attract attention; I have noticed this situation, and am willing to dispose of a beautiful, complete, entirely new country home, in a charming residence park, with gorgeous views of Manhasset Bay and Long Island Sound; five minutes to Manhasset station, 28 minutes to Herald Square, at 30% LESS THAN REAL VALUE, on convenient terms; this house, which is surrounded by one acre of ground, will satisfy the most careful and exacting homeseeker, who is looking for a superior home in the right neighborhood; price, $14,000, worth $20,000. Write for photos. Home, Box X 292 Times Downtown.

"STANDARD HOMES"

Just completed at Hollis Court, L. I. For sale or rent. Six to ten rooms. Every modern feature. Three minutes from station. Twenty-five minutes from Manhatttan. Sell $500 down and easy monthly payments. Write for particulars.

P. P EDSON, 150 Nassau St., N. Y. City. 'Phone 4070 Beekman.

WATER FRONT PLOTS

FISHING, YACHTING, BATHING.

18 minutes from Herald Square, with all city improvements; North Shore, L. I.; residential; easy monthly payments. Call or write for transportation. F. Keith, 60 Liberty St.

A charming little bungalow plot, on a hill, sloping to Manhasset Bay; five minutes to station, 28 minutes to New York, with water front and dock privileges, is for sale at $1,200; this is an unusual offer, which appeals to people of an artistic temperament, who love open-air sports, such as boating, bathing, fishing, hunting, golfing, &c.; the neighborhood is very quiet and refined; all improvements; can arrange building loan. Address "Bungalow." Box X 294 Times Downtown.

READY TO MOVE IN.

Beautiful 7-room house at Jamaica, all improvements; three blocks from station, one block from trolley; elegant location; $250 cash, balance in five years; title guaranteed. H. Arthur, 1,100 Broadway, Brooklyn.

FREEPORT, LONG ISLAND.

41 Minutes from Pennsylvania Station.

We are "Builders of Homes" in every section of village. Prices $2,000 to $5,000. Terms to suit. If nothing ready pleases, will build to suit under same terms. We have no agents. PETTIT & LAMB COMPANY, New York office, 110 West 34th St.

See Sample Houses at

Bellerose.

Send for Booklet.

Room 1,008 Flatiron Building, New York City.

Advertise your Loss in the Lost and Found column of The New York Times—the chances are the article will be returned.—Adv.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Ten Beautiful Country Homes at

PLANDOME HEIGHTS

offered at special sale on Sept. 17th 30 to 40% less than actual value.

SUPPOSING: A responsible, reliable person offered you a deal that would net you from 30 to 40% on the investment;

SUPPOSING: you were satisfied, beyond a shadow of doubt, that the transaction was absolutely safe and honest;

WOULD YOU NOT borrow the money, if necessary, to close the transaction, and increase your assets?

"WELL," We offer you such an opportunity, and back our statement with our reputation.

We will have completed and offer at special sale

TEN MAGNIFICENT HOMES

built for the purpose of establishing at once the right atmosphere at Plandome Heights, the beautiful, refined suburb, five minutes' walk from Manhasset Station—28 minutes to Herald Square.

We give with each house a plot of land worth from $6,000 to $10,000.

This sale will nearly close out Plandome Heights, the development of which we commenced this Spring. Before the improvements were under way, already over one-half of the property was disposed of; to-day only a few one-quarter-acre plots remain unsold. A certain proof of quality.

This is a rare opportunity to secure at 30 to 40% less than actual value a refined, elegant home in beautiful and exclusive neighborhood. All improvements are there.

Write for photos, terms and information to

PLANDOME HEIGHTS CO., 1 MADISON AV., NEW YORK.

Tel. 3266 Gramercy.

B. N. DUKE, President.
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NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

ASBURY PARK.

44-acre tract on main boulevard, less than mile from city line of Asbury Park. Adjoining improvements. Will sell for $225 per acre.

Ideal for gentlemen's estate or for investment.

Principals only. W 153 Times.

A water-front residence on ocean and Shrewsbury River, with riparian rights, at Seabright, N. J.; residence 16 rooms, 3 baths, fully furnished; grounds from ocean to river; gardener's and coachman's quarters; fine stable, &c.; finest neighborhood; worth $35,000; free and clear; sell for $23,000; full commission to brokers. H. C. Van Auken, 55 Broadway, New York.

FARM ONLY $95.

10,000 square feet of land; rich soil; 180 peach trees with each acre; fare, 14 cents; $9 down, $3 monthly. A. Nichols, 253 Broadway, N. Y.

New house, Westfield; 6 minutes to depot and centre of town; high ground, sewer, walk, beautiful decorations, &c.; everything in fine order; $5,250, $750 cash; easy payments. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Country residence, 35 minutes from Broadway, eight rooms and bath, all improvements; garage; will include auto if sold this month; plot 60x122; beautiful fruit and shade trees; near two railroads and trolley; price $6,750; terms to suit. Herrich, 2,010 5th Av.

FARM ONLY $95

20,000 square feet of land, rich soil; 100 peach trees with each acre; fare 15c.; $9 down, $3 monthly. Title guaranteed. Mountain View, 163 Times Downtown.

Westfield.—Two-family house; lot, 50x150; good location; water, gas, stone walk, &c.; 4 good rooms on each floor; beautiful decorations, &c.; only $5,500, $500 cash; $30 monthly. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

At Plainfield.—For rent or for sale 12 room house, attractive location; short walk from station, 1 block from trolley; 2 baths. Inquire Tucker, Speyers & Co., 437 5th Av. Tel. 2750—38th.

Do you want Commuters' BIG "little farm," an hour out, close to station, Lackawanna R. R., easy terms? Our unique booklet will interest all refined, sincere homeseekers. Acre Farm and Home Company, 141 B'way.

For rent, $85, artistic cottage, seven rooms; porcelain bath, furnace, sewer, water, gas; near station; convenient suburb; will sell on easy terms. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Completely furnished 11-room modern residence, inviting, homelike, conveniently, desirably located; beautiful Englewood; rent Winter or by year; will also sell. Loder, 30 Church St., N. Y.

$500 cash, $10 monthly, purchases brand new eight-room cottage, all improvements; plot 50x200, only $4,750. Nicholson & Co., Lyndhurst, N. J.

Five acres on main street of Westfield; high land; fine views; near stone walk, &c.; sell on easy terms. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 B'way.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

SALE OF FIRST 100 HIGHLY RESTRICTED HOME-SITES AT *Beautiful, Healthful, Accessible*

Belsito Park

(Neighborly to Montclair.)

500 Feet Elevation. Country Surroundings. All City Improvements. Water, Gas, Electricity, Telephone. Close to Stores, Schools, Churches, Banks. Between Two Railroad Stations. Splendid Train Service.

Plots 50x150 At the remarkably low price of **$400 Up**

Liberal terms—or discount for cash.

TITLE GUARANTEED.

The high character of this development, combined with its many natural advantages, insures a very rapid increase in values.

Write, call, or telephone for appointment to inspect Belsito Park at our expense. De luxe booklet on application.

Columbia Commercial & Realty Ass'n

28 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

Suite 706. Telephone 182 Cortlandt.

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If you are paying over $40.00 per month for an apartment in the city, and have from $500.00 to $1,000.00 saved up which you can invest in the best and most legitimate way—in a home—don't renew your lease until you look at our $5,000.00 houses in Maplewood, N. J., forty minutes from Broadway, on the Lackawanna. Real houses on real property for real people. $40.00 per month pays all carrying charges and instalments on principal.

LACKAWANNA REALTY CO. Hicks Bros., Selling Agents.

OFFICES AT

Maplewood, Summit & 170 B'dwy, N. Y.

I GIVE YOU A POSITIVE FACT, NOT A VAGUE PROMISE.

The fact is all city improvements are there; 30 minutes from New York, 5 minutes from station; over 50 trains daily. Lots 50x135, or larger, all choice; among the tall oaks or in the open if you prefer. Surrounded by picturesque homes. Sacrifice prices that will double your money to make them go, and they are going fast. Some cash, balance monthly. Baxter, W 54 Times.

4N "EASY HOUSEKEEPING" HOME

at Millington, one hour out on the D., L. & W. Railroad. High altitude, beautiful views. A great Mission living room with fireplace and window seat, timbered old English dining room, pantry, kitchen with steel range and laundry tubs, two bedrooms and bath—all on one flor. Two more bedrooms and storage second floor. All bedrooms finished in white enamel, with mahogany doors; richly decorated; electric light, steam heat, purest water. Grounds 90x200. Would you like to sit in this beautiful home and look to the south and east as far as the eye can reach? You can do it for $5,500; part cash. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

Choice building plot, Westfield, 100x100, $750; only $10 cash, balance $7 monthly; free tickets. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Fine Fanwood plot, near station, 50x250, only $650; $10 cash, $6.50 monthly; improvements. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

100x150, Fanwood-Westfield, $800; $10 cash, $8 monthly; improvements. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

A snap! —128 acres, dwelling 9 rooms, barn, poultry houses, other outbuildings; 10-acre lake; plenty fruit; lot of heavy timber; $1,700, $700 cash. Gaskill, South Canterbury, Conn.

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NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

Magnificent Country Residence

At Liberty, Sullivan County, New York

(Wildwood Park).

With thirty-eight acres, more or less; elevation over two thousand feet; superb views of surrounding country for fifty miles. Complete modern House, with every improvement, twenty rooms, four bathrooms. Hot water system. Four outbuildings, including stable and garage.

Send for photograph and complete description, price and terms to

Joseph P. Day

PRIVATE SALES DEPARTMENT, 31 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK.

Bungalow Sites,

20-MILE RIVER VIEW, $400 to $1,250

At Piermont-on-the-Hudson, 55 minutes from business section; close to station; through express service, tunnels; Bergen cut in use June 1; high-class section; all water facilities; close to shore; magnificent panoramic river view.

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CALIFORNIA—FOR SALE.

CALIFORNIA LAND

An opportunity in California for acquiring a large tract of land of about 20,000 acres, unequalled in the State for profitable results. Centrally located with railroad stations, and perfect title, which will shortly more than double in value. Entirely enclosed and with abundant water, and although not rendering more than $40,000 net in conducting its business, can easily be carried on to realize from $200,000 to $300,000 in annual profits by an enterprising owner. Now owned by a party necessitated from advanced age and physical inability to carry it on. Is fully equipped in all respects. Has a superior Mansion, fully furnished, completely in high grade manner, running water, baths, etc. Accommodating terms of purchase. Has several thousand acres of perfect orange land, where from trees planted the best and earliest oranges in the State are grown, fetching the highest prices. No brokers or intermediaries need apply. Address Land, Room 437, Whitney Building, Geary Street, San Francisco, or Box 3,598, Boston, Mass.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

High Class Dwellings

Private houses to rent from October 1st on 73d, 74th and 85th Streets, in exclusive neighborhood. Convenient to elevated and Subway stations.

Rents Ranging from $1,800 to $5,500 Per Year

A number of these residences are the finest in construction, equipment, appointment and detail ever offered for rental in New York City, and are equal in every respect to the highest class houses built for private ownership.

For particulars, booklets, permits, etc., apply to Dept. T.

CLARK ESTATES

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504 WEST 141ST ST.

Convenient to 137th St. Subway Express Station.

13 ROOMS—3 BATHS.

STEAM HEAT, RENT $1050.

FOR RENT AT A BARGAIN, 93d St., between Park and Madison Avs., THREE-STORY PRIVATE DWELLING; worth $1,700; will rent for $1,200. F. T. BARRY CO., 648 MADISON AV.

A recently remodeled private dwelling for owner's use; West 22d St.; new plumbing; three baths; parquet floors; large sunny rooms; perfect condition. Archibald, 816 West 23d St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. | APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

STADIUM VIEW AND SHORE VIEW

445 & 448 Riverside Drive,

Adjacent to 116th St.

JUST COMPLETED.

FIREPROOF APARTMENTS.

OVERLOOKING THE HUDSON.

Two Families on a Floor.

Like a Private Dwelling.

6, 7, 8 and 9 Rooms. 2 and 3 Baths

RENTS $1,200 TO $2,400.

Office on Premises.....Open Evenings.

VERNON HALL and REMSEN COURT

146-156 West 118th Street,

Between Lenox and Seventh Aves.

Subway Station at 116th St. and Lenox Ave.
"L" Station at 116th Street and 8th Ave.

Private Block---Select Neighborhood

Possessing all the modern features embodied in the highest grade of apartment house construction, including combination wall safes, electric light and telephone in each apartment. Day and night elevator and hall service.

A Few Choice Apartments of 5, 7 and 8 Rooms---$540, $900, $1,000

I. L. SHAPIRO, Agent, 220 West 116th St.
REPRESENTATIVE ON PREMISES.

Forrest Chambers

113th Street and Broadway

6 Outside Rooms,	*2 Baths*	*$1,100*	*Upward*
7 Rooms,	*2 "* (cor.)	*1,600*	*"*
8 Rooms,	*2 and 3 Baths* (cor.)	*1,800*	*"*
9 "	*3 "*	*1,900*	*"*

Now Ready for Occupancy

Leases from October 1

NOTE.—Mr. GEO. F. JOHNSON, president of the Company owning and operating this building, is also president of the company owning and operating the CHATSWORTH, 72d St. and Riverside Drive, and the HENDRIK HUDSON, Riverside Drive and 110th St., and tenants can be assured of the same standard of service.

EDWARD A. DAVIS, Resident Mgr.

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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights,

The Sophomore

21 Claremont Av.

Just above 116th St.
and adjacent to Riverside Drive.

NEW FIREPROOF APARTMENTS.

Excellent arrangements.

4 to 8 Rooms, 1 and 2 baths

$690 to $1,625

The 4-room suites at $50 per month are exceptional values.

Renting office on premises.
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The Abercrombie, Southwest Corner St. Nicholas & 165th

Two short blocks of station. Broadway and Amsterdam Av. surface cars within a minute's walk.

IDEAL LOCATION.

A new, high-class elevator apartment house of superior construction and finish, possessing every modern improvement; unusually large and light outside rooms.

4, 5, 7, 8 Rooms & Bath

Rents $36 to $75

SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE HAMPTONS

201-203 West 117th Street,

occupying Block Front on 117th Street, between corners of 7th Av. and St. Nicholas Av.

Completely Remodeled & Renovated.

SUPERIOR SERVICE.

7 and 8 Rooms and Bath.

All Large and Light.

RENTS FROM $900 TO $1,200.

Apply to Supt. on Premises, or at THE ALLENDALE, 99th St. and West End Av., or
A. L. MORDECAI & SON,
135 Broadway.

SPLENDID NEW APARTMENTS

2, 3, AND 4 ROOMS WITH KITCHENETTE; 4 AND 5 ROOMS (KITCHENS).
Large, light rooms, abundant closets, elevator, telephone, &c.
RENTS $22 TO $65.

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422 West 119th St.

Near Columbia University and Morningside Park.
Booklet on application.
Large restaurant on first floor to lease.

ELEVATOR, $40.

Cathedral Heights. Five rooms. 509 West 112th St.

West Side.

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Madison Square Park.

Apartments of 1 and 2 rooms, with bath, to lease from Oct. 1; all improvements. James E. Ball, Supt.

Half Block to Riverside Drive. **CLAREMONT VIEW** One Block to Subway Express.
617 WEST 127TH ST.

3, 4, 5 and 6 Rooms and Bath. Every room is large and light, with perfect ventilation and plenty of sunshine. Rentals Reasonable. Owner on premises.

West Side.
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Apartments of 7 and 8 rooms and bath; exceptional closet room; day and night elevator, hall, and telephone service; laundry with steam, or open drying on roof; electric light free.

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HARTLEY HALL,
Central Park West, Corner 109th St.
8-room corner suite, $7200; very desirable.
7-room suites, $780-$900; large rooms.
Best Values on Central Park West.

THE WESTMINSTER,
St. Nicholas Av., N. E. Corner 145th St.
7-room corner suite, southern exposure, $840.
6-room suite, $660; 7-room suite, $720.
Unusually large rooms; delightful location.

WM. C. & A. EDW. LESTER,
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RIVERSIDE DRIVE,

Nos. 120 & 125, North Corner 84th St.

Two fireproof buildings; apartments of 8, 10, and 12 rooms and three baths; all conveniences; best possible construction; location finest in the city, with extensive views of the Hudson and the Drive; building faces southwest, insuring an abundance of sun in winter and cool breezes in summer. Rents $2,000 to $3,000.
W. R. & J. M. STEWART.

202 WEST 78TH ST.
7 and 8 rooms and bath; hall service; 'phone, steam heat, hot water; $570 to $720.

294 WEST 92D ST.
Between Broadway and West End Av.
One Apartment, 8 rooms and bath, $1,050.

Broadway, REMCO 98th Street, or on premises.

ALL LIGHT AMIDDON LARGE ROOMS.
Broadway and 83d Street.
7 rooms and bath, $1,300-$1,500.
Electric lights, all-night elevator, hall service.
ONE CORNER APARTMENT.

STRICTLY MILANO FIREPROOF.
125 & 127 West 68th Street.
7 rooms and bath, $1,600-$1,800.
Electric light, all night elevators, standard service. "L" and B'way surface terminals on block; Subway 2 blocks; Central Park one block.

"THE LAWRENCE"

101 WEST 75TH STREET.

Corner Elevator Apartments.

7 Rooms and Bath.
All Improvements.
5 rooms facing the street.
Telephone and hall service.
$660-$700. Superintendent on the premises.

Selected lists of Apartments for any part of the city. State size, price and location desired.
RENTING REMCO SYSTEM,
Broadway & 98th Street.

16th St., 140 West.—Seven elegant large rooms, bath; steam, parquet flooring, electric light.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. | APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

THE NETHERLANDS

Nos. 342-346 West 86th Street

ADJOINING RIVERSIDE DRIVE

NEW, 12 STORY, FIREPROOF BUILDING

Finest Location in New York.
Grand View of the Hudson.
Just a Block from Subway.

The apartments are desirably planned, with unusually large rooms, Porcelain Ice Boxes, Filtering Plant and Vacuum Cleaner.

8 and 9 Rooms, 3 Baths, Rents $1,600 to $2,500.

THE STRATHALLAN

Number 350 West 88th Street

ADJOINING RIVERSIDE DRIVE

NEW, FIREPROOF, 8 STORY BUILDING

Ready for occupancy.
Parlors, 14.5x18.9.
Libraries, 13.5x14.5.
Dining Rooms, 13x19.3.
Chambers, 14x15.

Leases from October 1.
TWO APARTMENTS TO A FLOOR.
Nine and Ten Rooms and 3 Baths.
Rents, $1,600 to $2,500

CHESTERFIELD

North Corner Riverside Drive and 98th St.

NEW, FIREPROOF, 10 STORY BUILDING

Open for inspection. Agent on premises.

Foyers, 9x18.
Parlors, 15x16.
Dining Rooms, 15x19.
Chambers, 13x14.

6, 7, 8 and 9 Rooms, 2 and 3 Baths.
Rents, $1,500 to $2,700

F. R. WOOD & CO., Broadway and 80th St.

The Switzerland

North Cor. 151st Street & Riverside Drive

The Most Attractive Location on Upper Riverside.

Unusually Large Rooms and Foyers.
Beautiful View of The Hudson.

Among other noteworthy features, the apartments in this house are exceptionally well arranged, the rooms are unusually large and light, with plenty of closets, large foyers, &c. All sleeping chambers face the Drive. Every desirable improvement conducive to comfort and convenience is embodied.

5, 6, 7, 8, 9 & 10 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths.
Rents $750 to $1,800.

FRED'K ZITTEL & SONS
Broadway and 79th St. Broadway and 140th St.

Hamlet Court,

SOUTHWEST CORNER
Broadway & 165th St.

The Wilton,

NORTHWEST CORNER
Broadway & 164th St.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS JUST COMPLETED

Situated in the most desirable section on Washington Heights and within a short walk of the 168th st. subway express.

7 & 8 Rooms — **3, 4, 5 Rooms**

Spacious Closets, Large Airy Rooms, Vacuum Cleansers and Large Foyers.

Daily & Carlson, Owners and Builders.
Dawson & Co., Agents Office on the Premises.

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The Sumner

Washington Square Section, 31-33 West 11th St. Near Fifth Av.

Eight Story Strictly Fireproof Housekeeping Apartment.
Suites of Four and Five Rooms and Bath.
All Modern Appointments.
Ready for Occupancy About September 15.

John H. Dye Co.,
73 West Eleventh Street.

West Side.

Chatham Court

67th Street and Central Park West

HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.

All modern improvements. Only one apartment left.

8 Rooms; Southern Exposure

Rent $1800

Superintendent on Premises

The Chepstow

Northeast Corner Broadway and 101st St.

Modern Fireproof Building.

7 and 9 Beautiful all Outside Rooms and Baths.

Filtration Plant in Building.
Four Rapid, Noiseless Elevators.
Excellent All Night Service.

Rents $1,600 to $2,400.

McVICKAR, GAILLARD REALTY CO.
444 Columbus Ave.

Albert Court and Eleanor Court,

309-317 WEST 93D ST.

Magnificent fireproof Apartments of 5, 6 and 7 rooms and bath.
Rentals, $45, $50, $70, and $80 per month.
Elevator and superior service.
Agent on premises, or
De Peyster Realty Co.,
135 Front St. 'Phone, 5547—John.

343-45 West 85th St

High-class 8-room apartments adjoining Riverside Drive; most select location; one block from Subway; all outside rooms; rents, $1,800 and $1,400.
Apply Superintendent on premises.

THE AYLESMERE,

60 West 76th St.

Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators, night and day passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; $900 to $1,600.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

SPENCER ARMS

BROADWAY AT 69TH STREET.

Housekeeping Apartments.

6 rooms & 2 baths to 11 rooms & 3 baths.

ST. AUGUSTINE

No. 364 West 57th St., Near Broadway.—Eight-room, ground floor apartment, suitable for physician; rent $1,100; also a 10-room corner apartment, $1,400. Superintendent on premises.

TO SUBLET.

448 CENTRAL PARK WEST

and 105th St.; corner apartment, 5 rooms; elevator; improvements; decorated to suit; $50. Schoenfeld.

We store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 van load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th St. Telephone 2667—Bryant.

106th St., 65 West (Central Park.)—Six and seven rooms, single, large modern apartments, $36-$45; also doctor's apartment, $42.50.

74 West 89th

Several apartments, 7 large, light rooms, $40 and upward.

Elegantly furnished ten-room corner apartment, southwestern exposure; all light rooms, two baths. Apply Superintendent, 231 West 97th St., corner Broadway.

LEONO APARTMENTS.

ALL IMPROVEMENTS; PARK STREET, BEST LOCATION IN CITY; RENT VERY LOW; 843-845 WEST END AV., NEAR 101ST STREET.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. | APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

THE FINEST RESIDENTIAL BUILDING IN THE WORLD

ALWYN COURT

THESE APARTMENTS EXPRESS EVERY EXCLUSIVE AND LUXURIOUS FEATURE OF THE FINEST PRIVATE RESIDENCE

The rooms are all light—many of the suites having four exposures. In most of the suites all of the sleeping and living rooms face the street, none open on the court. The entertaining rooms, including a Living Room 19x30, Music Room 25x17, Library or Billiard Room 18x17, and Reception Room 15x21, are arranged around a uniquely constructed conservatory. Any number of large closets—one specially for millinery, etc., divided into glass-partitioned compartments—open off from the sleeping rooms.

A kitchen 13x20, probably the largest in any apartment house in New York, completely fitted out, and excellent accommodations for the servants, largely eliminates the servant troubles. Additional rooms can be rented.

Inspect one or two of the apartments that we have remaining for lease at $6,500 and $7,000—suites including eleven to fourteen rooms and five bathrooms—and you will immediately realize the many decided advantages of these apartments over all others in New York.

MOST CENTRALLY LOCATED
ONE EIGHTY-TWO WEST FIFTY-EIGHTH STREET
(OCCUPYING A CORNER 100x125)

The Manchester

Broadway and 108th St.

N. E. Corner.

New 12 Story Apartment House

Six rooms and 2 baths.....$1,000 up
Seven rooms and 2 baths..... 1,400 up
Eight rooms and 2 baths..... 2,000 up

Very large reception rooms and foyer halls.

Immediate Possession.

For further particulars, booklets, &c., see

GIBBS & KIRBY, AGENTS.
Broadway and 103d St.

Note:—The owner of this building has ERECTED SAME AS A PERMANENT INVESTMENT, NOT ON SPECULATION. This will insure tenants a building finished in the very best manner. The service will be of the highest class, both day and night. The aim of the owner is to give entire satisfaction in every way. The rentals have been placed on a very low basis consistent with the high grade character of the building. The greatest care will be given in the selection of tenants.

THE CLEARFIELD

Riverside Drive and 103d Street

FINEST LOCATION ON THE DRIVE. Distant only two short blocks from Subway express station. 12 STORY APARTMENT HOUSE OF THE BEST FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION. MAGNIFICENT VIEWS OF THE HUDSON RIVER AND THE PALISADES.

Apartments of

8 and 9 Rooms, Reception Room, Large Foyer Hall and 3 Baths.

Two Apartments, one on tenth and one on the eleventh floor, of five rooms, reception room and bath.

Renting Representative on the Premises.
'Phone, 8600—Riverside.

GIBBS & KIRBY, Agents { BROADWAY AND 103D ST.

THE ALLENDALE

808 West End Ave., N. E. Cor. 99th St.

Absolutely (12 Stories) **Fireproof**

THESE MAGNIFICENT APARTMENTS

Elegantly and Substantially Finished
Situated on the Finest Residential Avenue of the West Side
ARE NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY.
7-9-10-11 Rooms---3 and 4 Baths.

RENTS $1,900 AND UPWARDS

Every Room an Outside Room. Southerly Exposure.
Apply to Agent on Premises, or A. L. MORDECAI & SON, 135 Broadway.
OPEN EVENINGS

West Side.

COBURG APARTMENTS

215-221 West 34th Street

A 7-story apartment building in the centre of the shopping and theatre district; containing apartments of 6 and 7 rooms and bath, with butler's pantry and extra toilet for maids, electric elevator and light, steam heat, hot water, steam clothes dryer, also excellent roof for same; telephones and hall service, at rentals from $65-$85.
Supt. on Premises.

POST & REESE
753 FIFTH AVENUE.

West Side.

FINEST NINE-ROOM APARTMENTS IN NEW YORK CITY

DESIGNED TO MEET THE WANTS OF PERSONS ACCUSTOMED TO PRIVATE HOUSES.
Size of rooms and baths and quantity of closet room can be found in no other apartment in this city, being in every respect equal to those in private houses.

WELLSMORE
97TH STREET & BROADWAY.
$2,750 TO $3,500.
One 8-room apartment, $2,200.

COLONIAL STUDIOS

39 WEST 67TH ST.

A FEW CHOICE STUDIOS AND APARTMENTS FROM $650 TO $2,000.

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

234 W. 21ST ST.

HUNTINGTON.

All improvements, including elevator service, electric lights, 'phone, &c.; suites of 4 and 5 rooms, rents $510 to $660 per annum. Booklet on application. Apply premises, or CUSHMAN, 240 WEST 23D.

PORTSMOUTH, 38-44 West 9th St.

Desirable modern apartments of 6, 7 and 8 rooms and bath; open plumbing; steam heat; hall boys, etc.; elevator service all night; rents $800 to $1,100.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

95th St., 206 West, (The Camden.) $57.50; five rooms, bath, in modern apartment house; steam heat, electric light, all-night elevator service; convenient 96th St. Subway Station and all surface cars. Apply Superintendent.

45 FIFTH AVE.,

between 11th and 12th Sts.

Attractive apartment second floor, north. 7 rooms and bath. Possession Oct. 1st.

RENT $1,600.

Hall service. Opposite First Presbyterian Church. Apply Superintendent on premises, or
WILLIAM HENRY FOLSOM,
927 Broadway. Telephone 6929 Gramercy.

12 ROOMS & 3 BATHS

230 WEST 107TH ST.,
Near Broadway.
Large, light rooms.
Spacious closets.
All conveniences. Service unexcelled.
RENTS $1600-$1900
SUPT. ON PREMISES.

HESPERUS and PARTHENON

400 to 408 Manhattan Av.

High-class elevator apartments, 2 to 6 rooms and bath; all-night service; telephone; express station; one block to all cars; dining room connected.

156 WEST 88TH ST. THE SUB-OR-EL. 88TH ST.
The Largest and Handsomest
2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES
In New York City.
SERVICE. RECEPTION ROOM. CATERER.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

Harperley Hall,

Facing Central Park West & Sixty-Fourth Street.

JUST COMPLETED.

This building has no equal in the City, and contains ideas not embodied in other high-class houses.

Three 2 Room Apartments, $900 AND UP.
Two 3 Room Apartments, $1,500.
Three 4 Room Apartments, $1,700 AND UP.
7 Room Apartments,
3 Bedrooms, 3 Baths, $2,500.

The apartments at these rentals cannot be duplicated in this City.

Kitchens and kitchenettes; hotel service if desired.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

The Stuyvesant

17 Livingston Place

CORNER 17TH ST.,
Overlooking Stuyvesant Park.

6 AND 7 ROOMS

large, light, and airy; 'phones, elevators, electric light, uniformed hall attendants, separate servants' toilets.

ALSO ONE 8 ROOM APARTMENT, SUITABLE FOR PHYSICIAN OR DENTIST.

Rents $800 to $1,200.
APPLY TO SUPT. ON PREMISES.

102 West 89th St.

7 all light rooms and bath, all improvements, $35 to $45.

111 WEST 43D ST.
Two rooms and bath, $25 to $45.
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 EAST 42D ST.

East Side.

Physicians' Apts.,
635 Park Av, (66th St.)
8 rooms and one bath, $1,250.

43 East 58th St.
8 rooms and 2 baths, $1,800.

Broadway, REMCO 98th Street, or on premises.

Cambridge and Oxford

Madison Ave.,
N. W. Cor. 124th St.

High-class elevator Apartments of 7 and 8 Rooms and Bath, $62.50, $66.66, $75 and $83.33 per month.

Facing Mount Morris Park.
Superior Service.
Agent on premises, or
De Peyster Realty Co.,
135 Front St. 'Phone, 5547—John.

THE NOTTINGHAM,

33-35-37 East 30th Street.

Modern housekeeping apartments arranged with two apartments on each floor of 9 rooms and 3 baths; one apartment of 16 rooms and 6 baths; also physician's office and apartment 3 rooms with bath and all the latest conveniences.

HORACE S. ELY & CO., Agent,
27 West 30th St. 21 Liberty St.
SUPT. ON PREMISES.

Murray Hill Apts.

122-8 East 34th St.

S. W. Corner of Lexington Ave.
Apartments of 7 and 8 rooms and bath. All Improvements. Rents $1,300 to $1,800.

624 Fifth Ave.,
S. W. Cor. 50th St. Opp. Cathedral.
Non-housekeeping apartments. 2 to 6 rooms and baths. Every convenience.
EDGAR & CURTIS, Agents,
81 NASSAU STREET.

Manhanset

61-65 East 59th St.,

NEAR MADISON AVE.

The Most Accessible Location in New York City.

High Class Modern Apartments 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.

FOR RENTS, ETC.,
See Superintendent on Premises.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof.
43 to 47 East 58th St.; 54 East 59th St.
7 rooms and 2 baths, $1,350 to $1,800.
8 rooms and 2 baths, doctor's apartment, $1,800
2 and 3 rooms and bath, $300-$600.
Broadway, REMCO 98th Street, or premises.

ST. ANDREW,

S. E. CORNER 5TH AV. AND 127TH ST.
Apartment of 5 and 6 large, light rooms and bath; parquet floors; separate servants' toilet in the 6 rooms; all-night elevator; refined neighborhood; rents $690 to $840 per annum. Also one apartment suitable for a dentist or doctor.

BELLE HAVEN,

1,078 Madison; seven room apartment; on one floor; night elevator service; exceptional opportunity; $1,600.

Bachelor Apartment Modern Conveniences **13 EAST 36TH** Southern Exposure **2 Rooms & Bath** Spacious Closets.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS,
northeast corner Lexington Av. and 34th St.
Two and three rooms and bath, $35-$45.
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 East 42d St.

A.—CORONADO—A.

Fireproof; corner; seven, eight rooms; $85, $88, $100 upward; service unexcelled. 75 East 81st.

KINGSTON—129 E. 76th STREET.

Handsome apartment; eight large, light rooms.

Lexington Av., Corner 48th.—Exceptionally beautiful six rooms, bath, steam heat, elevator; telephone service.

Studio and apartments, newly fitted up; also store. Apply on premises, southwest corner 63d St. and Madison Av.

Lexington Av., 101.—Six exceptionally beautiful rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water; rent moderate.

48th St., 138 East.—Five, six, seven elegant rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water.

FELL TO SPEEDWAY; KILLED.

Young Walsh Slipped as He Was Descending from Coogan's Bluff.

John Walsh, 17 years old, of 682 Water Street, a student of St. Mary's College at Grand and Ridge Streets, went with Father Donnelly of St. Mary's Church for a walk along the top of Coogan's Bluff yesterday afternoon. Between 156th and 157th Streets the pair started to descend to the speedway down the slippery face of the bluff.

Young Walsh was in the lead. He had gone but a few feet when he slipped and fell head first to the Speedway, sustaining concussion of the brain, a fracture of the base of the skull, and a fracture of the right thigh.

Father Donnelly picked him up and called Policeman McKean, who summoned an ambulance. Dr. Smul responded and hurried the youth to Washington Heights Hospital, where he died shortly after being admitted.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Eskimo Dolls or Snow Figures Dutiable as "Dolls"—Other Decisions.

In sustaining claims filed by Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co. the Board of United States General Appraisers held yesterday that Eskimo dolls, invoiced as snow figures, are not properly dutiable as "decorated earthenware," as returned by the customs authorities. Under the return made by the Collector the articles were assessed at the rate of 60 per cent. ad valorem.

The claim advanced by the importers of the goods was that they are entitled to enter this country under the Payne tariff law as "dolls," with a tax of only 35 per cent. Judge Hay remarks, in his decision sustaining the protests, that from the testimony and the samples it is apparent that the merchandise in question falls within the definition of the word "dolls." The Collector is accordingly directed to reliquidate the entries on the basis of the lower duty.

Gunst & Co. were defeated in an attempt to secure lower duties on importations of tobacco pipes. The goods were classified by the Collector as "other pipes not specially provided for," with duty at the rate of 60 per cent., under Paragraph 475 of the Tariff act of 1909. According to the importer the rate should have been 50 cents per gross and 25 per cent. ad valorem, under the provision in the same paragraph specifying "other pipes of clay." The board finds that no evidence was offered in behalf of the importer, and it is therefore held that the action of the Collector was presumptively correct.

A substance imported by G. W. Sheldon & Co., and invoiced as "radium shine," was assessed for duty at the rate of 35 per cent., under Paragraph 95, as "earthy or mineral substances not specially provided for." The importation was claimed by the importer to be a "non-enumerated manufactured article," with a customs tax of 20 per cent. The protest was submitted without the taking of testimony. General Appraiser Hay says in his decision for the board that from an inspection of the sample, which is all there is before the board, he is not warranted in disturbing the Collector's action. The protest is overruled.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Major E. M. Johnson Jr., Sixth Infantry, to the Army War College, Washington, to take the course with the class of 1910-11.

First Lieut. Q. Gra, Coast Artillery, to Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, for treatment.

Col. O. B. Mitcham, Ordnance, to Fort Monroe and Fort Wool, Va., to inspect armament.

Major W. A. Phillips, Ordnance, will visit Wilmington, Del., to inspect powder for the Ordnance Department.

Capt. E. O. Sarratt, Coast Artillery, now unassigned, is assigned to the Thirty-fifth Company, Coast Artillery.

First Lieut. R. D. Goodwin, Fourth Infantry, is detailed as acting Judge Advocate, Department of Visayas.

The Navy.

Commander T. W. Kinkaid, to duty as head of the Engineering Experiment Station, Annapolis.

Lieut. W. R. Furlong, to command the Chicago.

Lieut. W. O. Spears to the Iowa.

Lieut. W. P. Gaddis to the Eagle.

Ensign P. H. Bastedo to the Dolphin.

Passed Assistant Surgeon H. R. Hermesch commissioned.

Assistant Surgeon R. W. McDowell to Naval Medical School, Washington for treatment.

Passed Assistant Paymaster E. H. Tebeau to the Chester.

Assistant Paymaster W. H. Wilterdink to home.

Assistant Paymaster H. C. Shaw to the Albatross.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived, Cuttlefish, Tarantula, Viper, at Norfolk; Supply at Cavite. Albany and Villalobos at Shanghai.

TO-DAY'S COURT CALENDARS.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Whitney, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Belland v. Altieri. 2—Ellery v. People's Bank. 3—Baumritter v. Baumritter. 4—Weinberg v. Robinson. 5—Newman v. Pendergast. 6—Leavy v. same. 7—Fisher v. Chase. 8—Cumasky v. Edwards. 9—Witthaus v. Witthaus. 10—O'Neill v. Kraftmeyer & Newberger. 11—Katz v. Katz. 12—Gutzkie v. Gutzkie. 13—Ellery v. People's Bank. 14—In re European & American Bank. 15—Newman v. Newman. 16—Feiser v. Feiser. 18—Balestier v. Tribune Ass'n. 19—Wagner VI v. Herrmann. 20—Meyer v. Meyer. 21—Sommerfield v. Solinsky. 22—In re Kneeland. 28—People v. Santamillo. 24—Blumenthal v. Abels. 25—Bence v. Elsler. 26—In re Berliant Realty Co. 27—Weinstock v. Weinstock. 28—Sulinsky v. Sulinsky. 29—Parrazzo v. Parrazzo. 30—Ogilby v. Hickok. 31—Soloman v. Soloman. 32—Rappart v. Dickstein. 33—Ring v. Phillips. 34—Pfotenhauer & Nesbit Co. v. Raymore Realty Co. 35—Bently v. Milliken Bros. 36—Curtis v. Philgaren. 37—Bruno v. Rodgers. 38—Gatto v. Peck. 39—Gulimetti v. Foundation Co. 40—Francl v. Francl. 41—Halpin v. Aztec Turquoise Co. 42—Weinberg v. Robinson. 43—Pincus v. Pincus. 44—Plescia v. Zuccaro. 45—Greene v. Greene. 46—Koch v. Koch. 47—Perlstein v. Potash. 48—Dooley v. Ryan. 49—Vahrenkamp v. Turbin Vacuum Cleaner Co. 50—Levy v. Mittelman. 51—Conroy v. Rose Realty Co. 52—Peil v. Peil. 53—In re 15th and 18th Sts. 54—In re Piers Old Nos. 32 and 53. 55—Webb v. Gram. 56—Elizsberg v. Sheinbein. 57—Garsky v. Shaley. 58—Guggenheim v. Guggenheim. 59—Hatch v. Warren. 60—White v. White. 61—Smith v. Smith. 62—Hough v. Smith. 63—Clatworthy v. Smith. 64—In re Standard Cordage Co. 65—Noblett v. Pratt. 66—D'Orio v. Del Piazo. 67—Richle v. Richle. 68—Schwartz v. Sloat. 69—Tuckerman v. Tuckerman. 70—Burkan v. Musical Courier Co. 71—Rosenthal v. Rosenchein. 72—Lieberman v. Lieberman. 73—Gendering v. Gendering. 74—Hall v. White. 75—In re Tuttle. 76—Unser v. Considine. 77—Gossett v. Christ. 78—In re McEvoy. 79—In re Guardian Trust Co. 80—Weingreen v. Weingreen. 81—U S Fidelity & Guar Co v. Ireland. 82—Lowenthal v. Haines. 83—Hirshbaum v. Muller. 84—Gallata v. Bricklayers, &c, Union. 85—Smollen v. Smollen. 86—Cumansky v. Edwards. 87—Basheim v. Feldmark. 88—Hymowitz v. Rabinowitz. 89, 90—Ettlinger v. Italian Union R. & S Co. 91—Abrams v. Mfg & Traders' Bank. 92—McCarthy v. Duplex Roller Carding Gin Co. 93—Bianchi v. Leon. 94—Solomon v. Gainsburg. 95—Pelletieri v. Independent Booking Agency. 96—Purdy v. Purdy. 96½—Bence v. Elsler. 97—Moran v. Richmond. 98—Slobadin v. Gerber. 99—Hall v. Hall.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Bijur, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S. Wills for probate. Aaron Barnett, Katie Moore, Benjamin Daunt, Mary Carrollan, Edward Ameheln, Lasea Lazarus, Ellen Thompson, Bertha Wartz, Josephine M. Price, Wilhelmine Gress, Oliver J. Groner, Jane Cuff, Adolph Marx, Dina Thornauer.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Whitney, J. Putnam v. Reitman—Roger A. Pryor. Hirshbaum v. Muller—Roger A. Pryor. Singer v. Frazier—Alfred L. Seligsberg.

SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J. In re Wolverton—Charles N Morgan. Clarke v. Clarke—George H Engelhard. Archer v. Archer—John S Sheppard, Jr. Casper v. Beck—James P Davenport. County Holding Co v. Stanley—James Kearney.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J. Christopher Wallace v. May A. Kearns et al.—Walter E. Wood. William R. Caper et al. v. James Beck—Jacob H. Jordan. Leon B. Lowenstein v. Hyman Levin—James E Bennet. Eugene John v. George T. Lane—Wilson B. Brice. Renila O Hagawone v. Normayle & Quailey—Abraham H Brill.

CITY COURT—Delehanty, J. Jose Jene Cigar Co. v. Edward Sanford—A. W. Stumpf.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Root & McBride Company, Cleveland, Ohio; A. M. Bond, prints and wash fabrics; 78 Leonard Street; Hotel Manhattan.

Harris, A., & Co., Dallas, Texas; A. L. Harris, dry goods; 40 West Twenty-second Street; Hotel Netherland.

Shillito, John, Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; Stewart Shillito, dry goods; 846 Broadway; Hotel Albemarle.

Williams & McAnulty, Scranton, Penn.; L. J. Williams, carpets and upholstery goods; Hotel Albert.

Bowditch & Clapp Company, Boston, Mass.; A. G. Bowditch, millinery; Murray Hill Hotel.

Slattery, E. T., Company, Boston, Mass.; E. T. Slattery, cloaks and suits; Miss E. M. Kennedy, muslin underwear; Hotel Wolcott.

Green, W. A. & Co., Dallas, Texas; W. A. Green, dry goods, notions, and general merchandise; Hotel York.

Myers, J. O., Company, Albany, N. Y.; W. Harris, silks and velvets; 31 Union Square.

Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. Anderson, ladies' neckwear, veilings, ribbons, and underwear; 43 Leonard Street.

Koch, Schaffner & Adler, Cincinnati, Ohio; J. M. Koch, manufacturers of boys' and children's clothing; Hotel Cadillac.

Hager & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; Miss K. F. Kreider, art goods; 41 Union Square.

Hills, McLean & Haskins, Binghamton, N. Y.; Miss S. M. Scott, dry goods; 32 White Street.

Lehman, M. & Brother, Portsmouth, Ohio; M. Lehman, clothing, hats, and furnishing goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Blanchard, Young & Co., Providence, R. I.; C. W. Young, stationery, neckwear, umbrellas, and art goods; Hotel Wellington.

Steinfeld, A., & Co., Tucson, Arizona; A. Steinfeld, dry goods and general merchandise; 45 Lispenard Street.

Hannon, The, Company, Youngstown, Ohio; M. C. Hannon, clothing, furnishing goods, and hats; Hotel Longacre.

Keely Company, Atlanta, Ga.; F. W. Cole, notions, fancy and toilet goods, and gloves; Buyers' Association, 821 Broadway.

Berg Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss R. Crawford, cloaks and suits; 80 Fifth Avenue.

Fair, The, Company, Chicago, Ill.; T. Madden, ladies' neckwear, laces, and embroideries; D. H. Heilman, muslin underwear, petticoats, ladies' and infants' wear; 684 Broadway.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. E. Babcock, shawls and infants' wear; 116 Worth Street.

Sweeney, The, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; C. H. Peck, carpets, rugs, and linoleum; 75 Spring Street.

Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; J. A. Hudson, ladies' garments, basement department; 821 Broadway.

White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss M. F. Goodwin, silverware; G. W. Landon, basement department; M. V. Scott, jewelry; Mr. Hirsch, representing; 41 Union Square.

Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; Mr. Jury, representing; 31 Union Square.

Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; M. H. McNulty, silks and velvets; 2 Walker Street.

Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss L. Smith, candy; 214 Church Street.

Stewart, The, Dry Goods Company, Louisville, Ky.; L. H. Kellenny, domestics, linens, flannels, and blankets; 214 Church Street.

Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. M. Rosenthal, coats and suits; 43 Leonard Street.

Petersberg Dry Goods Company, Petersberg, Va.; J. R. Jolly, notions and furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel York.

Raike, Friedman & Co., Chicago, Ill.; L. Raike, millinery; 621 Broadway; Hotel Cumberland.

Kern, Ernst, Detroit, Mich.; A. Kern, dry goods; Hotel Cadillac.

Harrington, T. F. & J. F., Springfield, Mass.; T. F. Harrington, men's clothing; J. P. Harrington, ladies' ready-to-wear clothing; Hotel Algonquin.

January & Brother, Suffolk, Va.; H. January, clothing, Broadway Central Hotel.

Clarke Brothers, Scranton, Penn.; H. M. Troupe, housefurnishing goods; Hoffman House.

Broger, A., Baltimore, Md.; A. Rosenbaum, millinery; Hotel Imperial.

Frear, William H. & Co., Troy, N. Y.; E. M. Fowell, cloaks and suits; Hotel Woloott.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Harrisburg, Penn.; L. Willis, books and stationery; 7 Walker Street; Hotel Broztell.

Sunshine Cloak and Suit Co., Cleveland, Ohio; L. Scher, cloaks and suits; A. D. Kramer, cloaks and suits; Hoffman House.

Rosenthal Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; J. S. Rosenthal, cloaks and suits; Hoffman House.

Chicago Cloak Company, Chicago, Ill.; R. Munzer, woolens, 72 Leonard Street.

Samuels, D., San Francisco, Cal.; L. Samuels, laces; 45 East Seventeenth Street; Hotel Flanders.

Richmond & Weinstein, New Haven, Conn.; J. Weinstein, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.

Sigley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; S. P. Caldwell, cloaks and suits; 454 Broome Street.

Maas & Kemper, Baltimore, Md.; J. Kemper, laces, neckwear, and dress trimmings; G. A. Bush, white goods; Hotel Grand.

Smith, F. M., & Co., Detroit, Mich.; F. M. Smith, clothing; Hotel Seville.

Registered at 54 Lafayette Street.

Delaney & Thorp, Jamestown, N. Y.; W. H. Delaney, dry goods and suits; Hoffman House.

The P. M. Johnson Company, Jamestown, N. Y.; P. M. Johnson, dry goods; Hoffman House.

May Fowler, Auburn, N. Y.; dressmaking; Park Avenue Hotel.

M. E. Mehaney, Auburn, N. Y.; millinery, Park Avenue Hotel.

M. E. Graves, Jamestown, N. Y.; millinery; Herald Square Hotel.

B. Jacobson, Clermont, Penn.; general merchandise, Hotel Raleigh.

Wendt's, Rome, N. Y.; Mrs. F. S. Wendt, millinery, Grand Union Hotel.

Agnes Fitzsimmons, Auburn, N. Y.; dressmaking; Emma J. Sharp, dressmaking; Hotel Albert.

W. H. Patterson, Fulton, N. Y.; dry goods; Hotel St. Denis.

Mary A. Flanagan, Seneca Falls, N. Y.; millinery; 9 Irving Place.

A. N. Mezger, Buffalo, N. Y.; dressmaking; 112 West 104th Street.

Wiesseman & Else Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Charles H. Wiesseman, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.

William Pulver, Pulver, Oswego, N. Y.; dry goods; Miss H. Pulver, dry goods; Hotel Navarre.

Steates & Ryan, Utica, N. Y.; William F. Ryan, furniture; P. E. Kelly, furniture; Grand Union Hotel.

Marie Ryan, Rochester, N. Y., dressmaking. Margaret Ryan, dressmaking; Waldorf.

Cornelia De Gelleke, Rochester, N. Y.; dressmaking; Waldorf.

Guide for Buyers.

Directory of Wholesale Merchants.
One line, 12 months, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
ALBUMS AND NOVELTIES.
S. Steinberg, 12 Walker Street.
ART PILLOW SLIPS and Stamped Goods.
E. W. Guiterman Co., 51-53 White Street.
BASKETS & WILLOW WARE NOVELTIES.
Krauss & Co., 11-13 West Houston St.
BATH ROBES AND SLIPPERS.
Frederick W. Maas, 47 E. 19th St. "Mascot Brand."
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
CROCHETED LACES.
N. Jannelli, 324 East 14th St. (Imported.)
Ladies' Neckwear.
A. A. Chibbaro, 324 East 14th St.
Egyptian Scarfs.
Azoon & Bonamy, 75 Washington St.
CUT GLASS.
Lord Leviten Cut Glass Co., 33 Murray St.
DOLLS, TOYS, AND NOVELTIES.
H. Roserstein, 390 Broadway.
ELECTRICAL NOVELTIES AND LAMPS.
Alfred Wolff & Co., 29-31 Park Place.
HAIR GOODS.
A. Rauch, 13 W. 17th St. Specialty, "Turban Puffs."
HAND-EMBROIDERED Shirt Waist Patterns
Lace Mfg. & Importing Co., 39 Broadway.
HAND-EMBROIDERED WAISTS.
Standard Mfg. Co., 11 W. 17th. (Also muslin underwns.)
HUMAN HAIR.
Milton Mayer, Importer, (Mfg. trade,) 32 W. 31st St.
Schwarzkopf & Salmore, 42 Union Square East.
IRISH LACES AND KIMONOS.
Harris & Jabaly, 24 Rector St.
MARABOUT BOAS, MUFFS, & NOVELTIES.
Hauser & Davis, Mfrs., 59 East 8th St.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite, (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 43 Franklin.
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 783, 785, 787 Broadway.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
KIMONOS.
G. R. Shama, 62 Washington St. (Silks.)
R. Tahan & Co., 98 Wash'ton St. (Dressing Sacques.)
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, & Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 81 Maiden Lane.

Hotels and Restaurants.

WHERE TO DINE.
Travelers' Co., 20 West 34th St. Tel. 2472 Murray.

LUCHOW'S
108 to 114 EAST 14TH ST. (Tel. 1480 Stuyvesant.)
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE AND TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.

MACFADDEN'S
Physical Culture Restaurants
Try NATURE'S DIET To-day.
New Store, 218 West 42d St. (10 N. Y. Stores.)

CAFE BOULEVARD
SECOND AVE. AND 107TH STREET.
NEW ADDITION Gentlemen's Cafe in course of construction.
OPEN AIR DINING JUNE TO SEPTEMBER.

CAVANAGH'S 258-260 W. 23d St. RESTAURANT, GRILL, and BANQUET ROOM. Shellfish a Specialty.

Little Hungary 257 E. Houston. Tdh., with wine. Hungarian Music and Singers Every Evening.

Herald Square Hotel 31 St., just west of B'way. A la carte.

Port Arthur Chinese Restaurant. Alc., Tdh. 7 & 9 Mott St. See Eve. Telegram.

51-53 W. 36 St. MORETTI Tel. 614 M. H. Din. w. w. 65c. Lch. w. w. 40c.

1910 MOTOR CAR RUNS 1910. Automobile Tours from N. Y., (illust'd,) 10c.

BOSTON & New England Resorts. Best reached by Metropolitan Line Turbine Steel S. S. Yale & Harvard. Folders all hotels and ticket offices.

GLENWOOD-HUNGARIA 25 m. Glenwood, L. I. Op. all yr. On the Sound.

Ravenhall Next to Steeplechase, Coney Island Home of Elite.

STAUCH'S CONEY ISLAND. Open all yr. High-class Rest. Alc. Music.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. | APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. | APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

Pease & Elliman

340 Madison Ave. (near 43d St.)
165 West 72d St. (near B'way)

Telephone 1000 Murray Hill

OFFER THE FOLLOWING HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR

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535 Park Ave.
N. E. CORNER 61ST ST.
14 Story Fireproof Building.
Co-operative Apartments
DUPLEX APARTMENTS.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths,
$2,600 to $3,000.
12 Rooms, 3 Baths,
$6,000 to $6,500.

563 Park Ave.
N. E. CORNER 62D ST.
12 Story Fireproof Building.
Co-operative Apartments.
Two Apartments Left.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $2,500.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $3,000.

116 East 58th St.
NEAR PARK AVE.
9 Story Fireproof Building.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths,
8 Rooms, 3 Baths,
$2,400 to $3,000.
2 Rooms, Kitchenette and Bath,
Doctor's Office,
3 Rooms, $1,000.

144 East 40th St.
NEAR LEXINGTON AVE.
6 Story Building. High Ceilings.
Two Apartments on a Floor.
6 Rooms and Bath,
$1,800 to $1,900.

The Southfield
145 EAST 35TH STREET.
8 Story Fireproof Building.
Exceptionally Light Apartments.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths,
$1,700 to $2,500.
ONE DUPLEX APARTMENT LEFT.
7 Rooms and Bath, $1,800.

The Phillien
411 WEST 114TH STREET.
Co-operative Apartments.
Large Rooms, Unique Arrangement.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths.
$1,200 to $1,550.

THE ABOVE ARE ALL NEW BUILDINGS.

24 Gramercy Park
One Duplex Apartment,
Southern Exposure.
6 Rooms and Bath, $2,400.
Also One Apartment,
3 Rooms and Bath, $1,200.

Wellesbourne
144 EAST 56TH ST.
Near Lexington Ave.
Modern Elevator Apartments.
5 Rooms and Bath, $1,000.
7 Rooms and Bath, $1,800.

901 Lexington Ave.
CORNER 67TH STREET.
First Floor Apartment,
9 Rooms, 3 Baths, $2,400.

THESE HOUSES ARE UNDER OUR EXCLUSIVE MANAGEMENT AND ARE INSPECTED DAILY BY US.

East Side.

No. 471 PARK AVENUE
S. E. COR. 58TH STREET,
NEW CO-OPERATIVE APARTMENTS.
One Duplex, 8 baths, 3 servants' rooms, $3,750.
One small, 2 rooms, kitchenette and bath, $1,400
Address Supt. (3035 Plaza) or through your own broker.

THE BARRINGTON
40-42 EAST 25TH ST.
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
7 Rooms and Bath to 11 Rooms and 8 Baths.
Rents $1,800 to $4,000.
McVICKAR, GAILLARD REALTY CO.
489 5th Av. Tel. 4000—M. Hill.

THE LEXINGTON,
144-146-148 East 22d St.
Attractive large apartments, 4, 5, and 6 rooms and bath. All-night elevator service. Electric light, telephone.
Rent, $42.50 to $62.50 monthly.
References, lessee. Superintendent on premises.
WILLIAM HENRY FOLSOM,
827 Broadway. Telephone 5929 Gramercy.

699 Madison Ave.,
NEAR 63D STREET.
An up-to-date apartment of 5 rooms and bath, in private house; steam heat, hot water; door attendance. Rent $900. Suitable for bachelor or small family.

THE MARIE
61 to 69 East 86th Street,
Near Madison Av. Overlooking Central Park.
5, 6, and 7 Rooms. Rental $800 and up.

66 EAST 77TH ST.
Modern 7 and 8 room light apartments; hall service, telephone, &c.; rent $540 to $900.
Hibson & Co., Lexington Av., cor. 54th St.

2D AVENUE, 145
6 ROOMS AND BATH, ELEVATOR, STEAM HEAT ..... $38 UP.
FOLSOM BROTHERS, (Inc.,) 835 Broadway.

Apartment Suitable for Doctor
has been occupied several years by successful physician, now to rent, $1,000 per annum; handsomely decorated in Casa Blanca Apartment House, 55 East 76th St., near Madison Av.

131 EAST 40TH ST.
Two Modern Apartments
7 LARGE ROOMS.
Ground floor suitable for Doctor.
RENT $1,080.
Apply on premises.

THE CLEVELAND,
124-130 East 24th St.
Unfurnished apartments of 6 rooms, ample closets, etc. Call between 10 and 3.

Bronx.

UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS; FOUR STORY, NEW; SEDGWICK AV., SOUTH OF FORDHAM ROAD; 184TH ST.; 5 OR 6 ROOMS, PANTRY AND BATH; ALL ROOMS LIGHT; FINE NEIGHBORHOOD; 45 MINUTES FROM SOUTH FERRY. JANITOR ON PREMISES. OWNER'S TELEPHONE, 287 TREMONT.

5-ROOM APARTMENT, HIGH CLASS 4-STORY BUILDING, 240 EAST TREMONT AV., NEAR CONCOURSE. JANITOR ON PREMISES. OWNER'S 'PHONE, 287 TREMONT.

JACKSON AV. & 160th ST. Elegant new 3, 4, 5 rooms, all improvements; ready for Oct. 1st; corner house, 3 blocks west Prospect Av. Subway station. Desirable tenants only.

Brooklyn.

Kinko Duplex-Houses

Charming homes for small families with the privacy of a one family house. Two apartments at Brooklyn Avenue and St. John's Place, 6 and 7 rooms and bath to rent at $60. The houses are sold at a price which makes them exceptional investments. KINGS & WESTCHESTER LAND CO., 350 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

The Brooklyn Arms
New High-Class Apartments
7 Rooms and Bath
Southeast Corner Eastern Parkway and Nostrand Ave.
BROOKLYN'S CHOICEST RESIDENTIAL SECTION.
Rents $50-$55.
Finely appointed, large and light apartments of 7 rooms and bath, fireproof halls, parquet floors, electric lights, finest hardwood trim throughout. Apply to Superintendent at each building.
High-class apartments, 7 and 8 rooms and bath, steam heat, hot water, electricity. Janitor, 882 Union St., near 8th Av.

IN TOWN OR THE COUNTRY, telephone 1000 Bryant, Circulation Department, at any time during twenty-four hours, and The New York Times will be delivered to you next morning if you desire.—Adv.

BROOKLYN'S NEWEST ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, FACING PROSPECT PARK PLAZA AND LIBRARY.

Kings Court
CORNER STERLING PLACE AND BUTLER PLACE, BETWEEN VANDERBILT AND UNDERHILL AVE.
8 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS, $1,200
Every modern improvement, day and night elevator and telephone service. Location, equipment and service equal to New York's $2,400 apartments.
MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

APARTMENTS AND STUDIOS,
57 West 57th Street
Apartments, 8 rooms and bath; Studios, 2 rooms and bath; modern equipment; electric light, gas, steam heat, elevator; care of apartments included in rent; exceptional restaurant; best location in New York; rent $90; unfurnished if desired; leased by year only; elevated, surface, and Subway transportation available to all parts of the city; references required; brokers recognized.
H. T. GALPIN.

THE HAMPTON
22 East 31st Street.
High-class apartments, with part furnished or unfurnished. First-class table service; now leasing for the coming year.

Elevator apartment, five rooms; newly furnished; healthy, convenient neighborhood; very reasonable. 509 West 112th St.

65TH ST., 9 WEST.—Two apartments, 6 rooms, (steam,) furnished housekeeping; owner building; $50, $55.

Cathedral Heights.—Five rooms; elevator apartment, newly furnished; convenient; healthy neighborhood. 509 West 112th St.

A.—Elegantly furnished corner, all sunny rooms; fireproof building. 75 East 81st St.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS WANTED

Three adults desire small furnished apartment; best care, for moderate price. W 162 Times.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

Hotel Clarendon
Northwest Corner
58th St. and Park Ave.
APARTMENTS

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

LOFTS
CONCRETE FIREPROOF
22d ST. & 2d AVE.
SCHLEGEL BUILDING
Size 80 x 200
TO LET
BROKERS' FULL COMMISSION
It will pay you to inspect this up-to-date 20th Century building just completed.
Lowest insurance rate in the city.

121-3-5 WEST 17TH STREET.
Store, Basement and 1st loft, 75x93.
88 TO 44 WEST 21ST STREET.
Store and Basement, 67x92.
Possession at once. Rent begins Jan. 1st
32 WEST 32ND ST., 33X98.
Store, Basement, 1st and 4th lofts, also offices opposite Stern Bros. Excellent retail location.
H. J. SACHS & CO.,
38 W. 22D ST.
Full commission to brokers.

Remodeled Block Front
Madison Avenue, 56th and 57th Sts.
MADISON AVE. STORE
for optician, caterer, men's tailor, men's furnishings, furniture and interior decorator, stationery with art goods and artists' materials, and other desirable high-class lines not already represented in the block.
Wm. C. and A. Edw. Lester, 30 East 57th St.

Store, Basement and Lofts
15-17 East 32nd Street,
Between 5th and Madison Aves.
TO LEASE.
Store House, 20th St., between Aves. A and B, 50 feet front; also 4½ vacant lots on Av. B, between 18th and 20th Sts. Apply JOHN U. BROOKMAN, Owner, 68 Wall St.

42 BROADWAY.
500 square feet on upper floor, three windows facing Broadway, for rent at very moderate figure. Edgar A. Curtis, 81 Nassau St.

A floor for business in the central part of city; business location. Call 45 West 39th St.

Offices, show rooms, lofts, 6th Av., northwest corner 26th; new modern building; low rent.

AUCTION SALES.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Josh Hirsch, auctioneer, sells this day, September 16th, 1910, 10:30 forenoon, at No. 2,100 Webster Avenue, Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, the chattels and lease covered by mortgage Adolph Koch to The Ebling Brewing Company, dated May 18th, 1907, renewed May 18th, 1908; May 18th, 1909, and May 16th, 1910. Subsequent mortgagees, if any, are hereby notified. William H. Lee, Attorney for Mortgagee.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE.

Jacob Ginsler, Auctioneer, sells this day at 10:30 A. M., No. 54 West 3d St., Manhattan, by virtue of a chattel mortgage, machinery, desks, safe, dyes, etc., by order of S. L. Peyser, Atty. for Mortgagee.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

SPECIAL SALE OF FINE PIANOS
UPRIGHTS AND BABY GRANDS

Attractive prices—Convenient terms.
THE LIST INCLUDES
¶ Concert Used Pianos
¶ Wareroom Samples
¶ Exchanged Pianos and
¶ Rebuilt Pianos

The very best known makes represented and many are nearly new.
BABY GRANDS at $450, $475, $500 and $550.
UPRIGHTS from $100 to $300.
The following is a partial list:

STEINWAY	WEBER
CHICKERING	SOHMER
KRANICH & BACH	WISSNER
IVERS & POND	FISCHER
KNABE	MATHUSHEK

AND OTHERS.

1 Weber Grand Pianola Piano, cost $1,875, used less than a month, is in perfect condition; beautiful Mahogany Case; our price, with 50 rolls of music, $1,250.

1 Aeolian Orchestrelle, practically new, beautiful Mahogany Case, 20 stops, playable by hand or perforated roll, together with 50 rolls of music and with beautiful music cabinet to match. Cost $1,150, now $450.

We also have a large assortment of Piano Players that have been taken in exchange for the Tel-Electric. The list includes PIANOLAS and other well known players, many of which are practically new. The prices range from $75 to $125, including 30 to 40 rolls of music. Descriptive list mailed on request.

Write for a complete descriptive list of all the used pianos and information concerning our easy payment plan.
Come and hear the wonderful Tel-Electric Piano Player, attachable to any piano, either upright or grand.
We will be pleased to mail you Tel-Electric literature if you will favor us with your name and address.
We are general agents for

Ivers & Pond Pianos,
Strich & Zeidler Pianos,
Mathushek Pianos,

and carry a large and select stock of uprights and grands.
Catalogues with special prices and terms mailed on request.

THE TEL ELECTRIC CO.
(Tel-Electric Building).
299 Fifth Ave., Cor. 31st St.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

THE MANSFIELD,
19 WEST 44TH ST.,
NEW YORK.
Bachelors Only
NEW 19 STORY APARTMENT HOTEL.
3 doors from 5th Av., in the heart of the club district and convenient to all lines of transportation. Standard Squash Court on roof. Restaurant, excellent cuisine.
DESIRABLE APARTMENTS OF 2 & 3 ROOMS AND BATH.
Apply on premises or
E. S. WILLARD & CO.
45 Pine St. 'Phone, 5987—John

LEGAL NOTICES.

CITY COURT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
ADAMS LAUNDRY MACHINE COMPANY, plaintiff, against SAMUEL WOLFE, defendant.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 3d day of September, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Royal Storage Warehouse Salesrooms, No. 159 East 125th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 16th day of September, 1910, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, by Samuel Marx, auctioneer, the chattels directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows: One twenty-four-inch Junior Monarch gas collar and cuff ironer, one No. 3 collar and cuff dampener, one three-loop single conveyor dry room, eight feet six inches, for shirts.
Dated New York, September 8th, 1910.
EDGAR C. BEECROFT, Referee.
HERMAN B. GOODSTEIN, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and P. O. Address 38 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Latest books of Europe and America reviewed immediately after publication, in The New York Times Saturday Review of Books. Gossip of authors and publishers. Best guide to current literature. Mailed anywhere in the United States for One Dollar a year.—Adv.

SUMMER RESORTS.
1 time per line, 20c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.26. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00
NEW YORK—Westchester County.

HOTEL GRAMATAN
Lawrence Park - Bronxville - New York
OPEN ALL THE YEAR
260 Rooms
120 Private Baths
Exceptional Cuisine
Electric Train Service—28 Minutes

"TO MOTORISTS"—In the late Summer days the beautiful Westchester Roads are at their best. The Gramatan is a central point for a hundred interesting runs. A new feature for 1910 is the new fireproof garage—the finest in the vicinity of New York—accommodations for 30 cars. HOTEL GRAMATAN, Inc., Bronxville.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

Garden City Hotel
Garden City, Long Island.
18 Miles from New York. Open all year.
A HIGH CLASS MODERN HOTEL.
REFINED AND EXCLUSIVE.
New a la Carte Restaurant.
J. J. LANNIN COMPANY, PROPS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL OSTEND,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Directly on Boardwalk, occupying whole block beach front. Capacity 500. Open all year. Large airy rooms with unobstructed view of ocean;

ACCUSE NEGRO OF BLACKMAIL

Barber Said to Have Demanded $25 from Girl on Pain of Death.

Special to The New York Times.

YORK, Penn., Sept. 15.—James Yelletts, a negro barber, was arrested to-day, charged with sending a Black Hand letter to Miss Helen Detweiler, daughter of R. F. Detweiler.

The letter said the writer was in love with Miss Detweiler, and demanded that she put $25 in a certain spot on the Detweiler farm or he would kill her. While depositing the money at the place designated Miss Detweiler saw Yelletts watching her from a cornfield. A warrant was sworn out for his arrest, and when he was taken into custody to-day a crowd of several hundred persons attacked him. He was roughly handled and slightly injured before the police could get him away from the crowd.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

GORE-MEENAN COMPANY.—Schedules in the assignment of the Gore-Meenan Company of 149 Broadway, contractors on the Catskill Aqueduct, show liabilities of $289,648 and known assets of $7,993, consisting of equities in two plants at Garrisons, N. Y., and Orange, Conn.; claims, office furniture, and cash in bank. There are some other assets of unknown value, consisting of machinery and supplies at New Haven, Conn., for the Wepawaug Tunnel, contracts, and claims. Among the creditors are Daniel Meenan, $77,124, Frank E. Gore, $32,746; James J. Hoey, $31,018; A. W. Manton, $15,008; Odell & Paine, as receivers, $13,024; Mutual Bank, $20,817, all for money loaned to the company; Myers-Paine Company, $7,012; G. C. Hudson, West Point, $7,010; E. I. Du Pont-de Nemours, $5,972; Du Pont Powder Company, $4,202; Nitro Powder Company, $3,772; National Powder Company, $3,444; Yellow Pine Lumber Company, $3,403; Buffalo-Pitts Company, Buffalo, N. Y., $5,258, and Ingersoll-Rand Company, $2,517.

F. W. HALLAM & CO.—Schedules in bankruptcy of F. W. Hallam & Co., (corporation,) manufacturer of refrigerating machinery of 441 East Twenty-second Street and 361 Avenue A, show liabilities of $16,815, nominal assets of $22,467, and actual assets of $4,145.

RABINOWITZ BROTHERS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Morris, Isidore, and Harry Rabinowitz, who compose the firm of Rabinowitz Brothers, manufacturers of women's underwear at 176 and 180 Grand Street, by these creditors: Frank Holzbauer, $623; Isaac Zoulin, $373, and Joseph Finsberg, $158. The liabilities are $25,000 to thirty creditors and the assets are estimated at $5,000.

HARRY KEMPLER.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed against Harry Kempler, manufacturer of women's underwear at 114 Spring Street, by these creditors: Hyman Raphaelson, $223, and Meyer Barish, $287. The liabilities are estimated at $10,000 and the assets $1,500.

ALEXANDER LEON CANTER.—Alexander Leon Canter of 265 West Twenty-fifth Street, employed in a meat market at 475 Ninth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,645 and assets of $220, in outstanding accounts.

JOHN H. KIMLIN.—John H. Kimlin, carpenter, of Poughkeepsie, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,901, contracted between 1888 and 1898, and no assets. There are eleven judgments against him.

ZAGAT DRUG COMPANY.—Judge Holt has appointed Henry Lesser receiver in bankruptcy for the Zagat Drug Company of 2,131 Eighth Avenue, corner of 115th Street.

ABRAHAM COOPER.—Judge Holt has appointed Samuel Harris receiver in bankruptcy for Abraham Cooper, dealer in dress goods and silks at 148 Ridge Street, at the request of creditors whose claims aggregate $6,500. He is the largest creditor and has agreed to act without compensation. The stock and fixtures are estimated at $3,000, and there are some outstanding accounts.

HYMAN SCHECTOR.—Judge Holt has appointed Nicholas Kelly receiver in bankruptcy for Hyman Schector, dealer in 3, 9, and 19 cent goods at 355 Grand Street and 2,897 Third Avenue. The liabilities are estimated at $1,400, and the assets at $4,000, in stock and fixtures.

ISIDORE SHONFELD.—Judge Holt has appointed Louis B. London receiver in bankruptcy for Isidore Shonfeld, dealer in gas fixtures and chandeliers at 120 East 116th Street, at the request of five creditors, and authorized him to continue business for twenty days. The liabilities are $3,200 and the assets $600.

SALVATORE V. GENOVESE.—Judge Holt has appointed Amedio A. Bertini receiver in bankruptcy for Salvatore V. Genovese, an Italian banker of 416 East Eleventh Street, in place of Joseph N. Francolini, who did not accept the appointment.

JOHN T. TREACY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of John T. Treacy, iron works, 448 East 165th Street, show liabilities of $18,551 and assets of $321, consisting of cash in bank, $7, and accounts, $314. Among the creditors are the Northern Bank of New York, $3,608; John H. Stewart, $1,900; John Pirkl Foundry Company, Brooklyn, $3,786, and Esty Brothers' Company, Brooklyn, $1,475.

CLASM ENGINEERING COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Clasm Engineering Company, manufacturer of special machinery, formerly at 210 Canal Street by these creditors: Burr & Houston Company, $225; Neal & Brinker Company, $28; Vogeley & Lackman, $50; Francis Eckenroth & Son, $51; estate of John R. Graham, $100, and the Bishop & Babcock Company, $80, mostly for goods sold to the company more than a year ago. The assets are estimated at $500. The company was incorporated on June 26, 1908, with a capital stock of $25,000.

UNITED WORSTED JOBBING HOUSE.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Herman Wolf, trading as the United Worsted Jobbing House, dealer in woollen and cotton goods at 298 Broome Street, by three creditors: British Importing and Jobbing House, $14; United Cotton and Dress Goods Company, $50, and Louis Katz, $64. It was alleged that he is insolvent, removed stock worth $1,000, and made preferred payments.

JULIUS BROTHERS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against George and Simon Julius, who formerly composed the firm of Julius Brothers, manufacturers of waists and dresses at 508 Broome Street, by these creditors: Lewis Frank & Sons, $405; Peter Pressman, $509, and Harry L. Herzog, $30. It was alleged that they are insolvent, made preferential payments in June, disposed of stock fixtures, and machinery worth $2,000, and a receiver was appointed for them in supplementary proceedings in the Supreme Court. Harry L. Herzog said that they made a settlement at 25 cents on the dollar in June, with all the creditors except the petitioners, and then turned over all their assets to a corporation called the Julius Brothers Company, which has a capital stock of $5,000.

WILLIAM RAFALOWITZ.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against William Rafalowitz, dealer in thread at 835 Broadway, by these creditors: Hartford Thread Company, $801; Jacob R. Lewis, $68, and James L. Thorne, $10.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Adler, Rosa—Rudolph Wurlitzer Co., $380.
Burkhalter, Charles—H. R. Shares, $271.
Black, Samuel and Minnie—L. B. Jacobson, $273.
Barone, Antonio et al.—H. M. Seely, $112.
Brown, Isaac, et al.—L. Marks, $484.
Same—Same, $222.
Bolter, Henry, et al.—People, &c., $500.
Same—Same, $500.
Same—Same, $500.
Blass, Gustave—Dimock & Fink Co., $270.
Camardella, Louis—Lawyers Mortgage Co., $580.
Same—Same, $575.
Same—Same, $588.
De Georgio, Salvatore, et al.—H. M. Seely, $112.
Daly, John A.—F. Kastner, $519.
De Mar, Joseph E.—Greenwich Printing Co., $223.
Dukman, Samuel, (not summoned,) et al.—Jefferson Bank, $368.
Doyle, Michael—Cross, Austin & Ireland Lumber Co., $1,732.
Foley, Samuel J.—J. O'Connor, $190.
Fannan, Thomas F.—Julius Kessler & Co., Inc., $117.
Graber, Samuel, et al.—L. Marks, $232.
Same—Same, $434.
Gade, Abraham and Samuel—J. Sincoff, $638.
Haage, Gustavius A.—American Radiator Co., $269.
Hills, Helen M.—Nethal Realty Co., $105.
Isen, Ida—Rutgers Construction Co., $163.
Jaffer, Louis A.—J. W. Butler, $260.
Johnston, James R.—W. Lee, $165.
Jaffe, Moses—J. Bressler, $989.
Johnston, William C.—C. Hummel & Sons, Inc., $163.
Kremsber, George and Christine—J. Boeckner, $594.
Kaplan, Aaron—B. Shavinsky et al., $103.
Kriegel, Charles, et al.—Jefferson Bank, $368.
Krieger, Moses, et al.—H. J. Cohen, $159.
Lynch, Charles P.—B. H. Beardsles, $372.
Leder, Sam and Any—Excelsior Wood Working Co, $328.
Leigey, Helen—F. Gargiulo and others, $172.
Mahoney, James, and others—People, &c., $500.
Same—Same, $500
Muller, Nicholas F.—A. D. Shaw and others, $313
Meadow, Joseph—J Hallman, $379.
Meyer, Abraham I.—Lehn & Fink, $368.
McCormick, Harry, and others—People, &c., $500.
McManus, Arthur J.—Bonwit, Teller & Co., $594.
McMillan, Fred E.—W. R. H. Martin, $491.
Nordstrom, John M.—C. S. Reuter, $439.
O'Hara, David G.—H. Wabst, $177.
Pell, Archibal1—J Hebron, $225.
Reiner, Ida—H. A. Myers and others, $128.
Roberts, Harry, (not summoned,) and others—H. J. Cohen, $129.
Shannon, William J. and Emma—J. Axelrod, $181.
Schwarz, Charles—J. A. Stewart and others, $1,737.
Switzer, Nellie, and others—J. A. Brower, $218.
Seymour, Bea G.—H. Carpenter, $123.
Shapiro, Michael—G. B. William, $1,188.
Searles, John F., administrator—L. Zimmerman and others, $3,143.
Warshauer, Max—J. Konig and others, $356.
Wydisch, Edmund C.—Central Consumers' Wine and Liquor Co, $308.
Parkway Heights Real Estate Co—Lawyers' Mortgage Co, $574.
Meisel Co—Hoban, Hunter, Feltner Co., $389.
Architects' Standard Bronze Co (not summoned) and others—J. A. Brower, $218.
Mitchern Woolen Co—Rochester Button Co, $220.
Cleary's Horticultural Co—F. A. Guernsey and others, $126
Cigila Shock Preventer Co—Newark Sign Co., $138.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

Eldridge, George H., and Fred D. Grannis—Catskill Cement Co, July 9, 1910, $1,529.
Thayer, George C.—P. Flint, July 25, 1910, $601.
Riedell, William—M. Kruger and others, Nov. 10, 1903, (vacated,) $258.
Gotham Contracting Co—C. H. Selbold, May 18, 1910, (vacated,) $1,495.
Busch, Clarence M.—C. B. De Bein, Sept. 14, 1910, $137.
Shaud, George J.—Savings Investment and Trust Co of East Orange, May 20, 1900, $422
Raffel, Harry B.—Village of Mamaroneck, March 3, 1910, $141.
Nodine William J. B.—L. S. Edwards, April 2, 1910, $1,034.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

NOTICE OF SALE.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY I. TOPLITZ, bankrupt.

In pursuance of an order duly made and entered herein and filed in the office of John J. Townsend, Esq., referee, bearing date the 30th day of August, 1910, notice is hereby given that Robert A. Inch, trustee in bankruptcy herein, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 16th day of September, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, all the right, title, and interest of Harry L. Toplitz, the above-named bankrupt, in and to the premises directed by said order to be sold and described as follows:

PARCEL NO. I.

27 AND 29 EAST 27TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

All those two certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land situate, lying, and being on the northerly side of Twenty-seventh Street, between Madison and Fourth Avenues, in the City of New York, known as Numbers 27 and 29 East Twenty-seventh Street, and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on said northerly side of Twenty-seventh Street, distant seventy-one (71) feet three (3) inches easterly from the northeasterly corner of Madison Avenue and Twenty-seventh Street, running thence northerly parallel with Madison Avenue twenty-four (24) feet and nine (9) inches; thence easterly parallel with Twenty-seventh Street, twenty-eight (28) feet and nine (9) inches to a point distant one hundred (100) feet easterly at right angles from Madison Avenue; thence southerly parallel with Madison Avenue to the northerly line of Twenty-seventh Street, and thence westerly along Twenty-seventh Street twenty-eight (28) feet and nine (9) inches to the point or place of beginning, be the said dimensions more or less, together with the right of ingress and egress in and to said premises over the alleyway two feet and eight inches in width adjoining said premises on the easterly side, such use of said alley to be in common with Mary H. Moore of the City of New York, her heirs and assigns, and such right of way hereby granted not to extend northerly beyond the rear of said premises above described.

Subject to: Taxes, water arrears, and assessments, $2,811.94 and interest; first mortgage, $14,000 and interest; mechanics' liens, amount claimed, $7,772.58; also subject to a tax sale.

PARCEL NO. II.

38 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, NEW YORK CITY.

That certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Riverside Drive, distant twenty-five feet two and one-quarter inches southerly along the same from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of Seventy-sixth Street with the said easterly side of Riverside Drive, which point of beginning is where the said easterly side of Riverside Drive is intersected by a line drawn parallel with the southerly side of Seventy-sixth Street and distant twenty-five feet southerly therefrom on a line drawn at right angles thereto, and running thence easterly and parallel with Seventy-sixth Street and part of the distance through a party wall ninety-six feet eleven and three-eighths inches, more or less, to a point in a line drawn parallel with and distant three hundred and ninety-seven feet westerly from the westerly side of West End Avenue; thence southerly parallel with the said westerly side of West End Avenue, eighteen feet eight and one-half inches, more or less, to a point in a line drawn parallel with the southerly side of Seventy-sixth Street and distant forty-four feet one and seven-eighths inches southerly from the south easterly corner of Riverside Drive and Seventy-sixth Street, as measured along the said easterly side of Riverside Drive; thence westerly parallel with the southerly side of Seventy-sixth Street, and part of the distance through a party wall ninety-four feet, more or less, to the easterly side of Riverside Drive, and thence northerly along the easterly side of Riverside Drive eighteen feet eleven and five-eighths inches more or less, to the point or place of beginning.

Subject to: Taxes, water arrears, $2,689.02 and interest; 1st mortgage, $35,000 and interest; 2d mortgage, $25,000 and interest; also lease on this property; mechanics' liens, amount claimed, $1,441.06.

PARCEL NO. III.

1,971, 1,973, 1,975, 1,977 SEVENTH AV., NEW YORK CITY.

All those lots of land in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Seventh Avenue distant twenty-seven (27) feet eleven (11) inches southerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street with the said easterly side of Seventh Avenue, and running thence easterly parallel, or nearly so, with the southerly side of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street, and part of the way through a party wall one hundred (100) feet to a point twenty-seven (27) feet eleven and one-half (11½) inches southerly from the said southerly side of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street; thence southerly and parallel with the said easterly side of Seventh Avenue thirty-six (36) feet six (6) inches to the point or place of beginning.

Also beginning at a point on the easterly side of Seventh Avenue distant sixty-four (64) feet five (5) inches southerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street with the said easterly side of Seventh Avenue and running thence easterly parallel, or nearly so, with the southerly side of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street, part of the way through a party wall one hundred (100) feet, to a point sixty-four (64) feet five and one-half (5½) inches southerly from the southerly side of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street; running thence southerly, parallel with the easterly side of Seventh Avenue, thirty-six (36) feet six (6) inches, more or less, to the centre line of the block between One Hundred and Nineteenth and One Hundred and Eighteenth Streets; thence westerly along said centre line, and part of the way through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet to the easterly side of Seventh Avenue, and thence northerly along the said easterly side of Seventh Avenue thirty-six (36) feet six (6) inches, more or less, to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being now known by the numbers 1,971, 1,973, 1,975, and 1,977 Seventh Avenue.

Subject to: Taxes, $830.02 and interest; 1st mortgage, $42,000 and interest; 2d mortgage, $8,000 and interest on Nos. 1,971 and 1,973 Seventh Avenue.

Taxes, $839.02 and interest; 1st mortgage, $42,000 and interest; 2d mortgage, $8,000 and interest; mechanics' liens, amount claimed, $298 on Numbers 1,975 and 1,977 Seventh Avenue.

PARCEL NO. IV.

150TH ST. AND BRADHURST AV., NEW YORK CITY.

All the equal one-third part of all that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the City, County, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of One Hundred and Fiftieth Street with the easterly side of Bradhurst Avenue running thence southerly along the easterly side of Bradhurst Avenue ninety-nine (99) feet and eleven (11) inches; thence easterly and parallel with One Hundred and Fiftieth Street twenty-five (25) feet; thence northerly and again parallel with Bradhurst Avenue ninety-nine (99) feet and eleven (11) inches to the southerly line or side of One Hundred and Fiftieth Street aforesaid, and thence westerly and along the southerly line or side of One Hundred and Fiftieth Street twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning.

Subject to: Taxes, assessments, and arrears, $1,132.83 and interest; advertisements, &c.; subject to a tax sale.

PARCEL NO. V.

JEROME AND INWOOD AV. LOTS, NEW YORK CITY.

All those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land situate, lying, and being in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, and designated upon a certain map entitled "Map of Inwood, Towns of Morrisania and West Farms, Westchester County, New York," made by R. Rosa, surveyor, and dated June 1st, 1868, and filed in the Register's Office of the County of Westchester, as Numbers 289, 290, 347, and 348, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Inwood Avenue, distant 129 feet 11 inches, more or less, northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Inwood Avenue and the northerly side of Gerard Avenue, running thence northerly along easterly side of Inwood Avenue 50 feet to the southerly side of Lot 246 as laid down on said map, thence easterly along the southerly side of Lots 246 and 291 on said map 240 feet and five inches, more or less, to the westerly side of Central (now Jerome) Avenue; thence southerly along the westerly side of Central (now Jerome) Avenue 50.58 feet, more or less, to the northerly side of Lot No. 288 on said map; thence westerly along the northerly side of Lots 288 and Lot 349 on said map 239 feet 4½ inches, more or less, to the easterly side of Inwood Avenue at the point of beginning, together with all the right, title, and interest in and to all the streets in the foregoing description mentioned, so far as said streets adjoin said premises.

Subject to: Taxes and assessments, $489.64 and interest; 1st mortgage, $10,000 and accrued interest.

PARCEL NO. VI.

Clason Point, Lots 27 and 28, New York City.

All those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, known and distinguished as Numbers Twenty-seven (27) and Twenty-eight (28) on a certain map, filed in the office of the Register of the County of Westchester, on the thirtieth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, designated as Number Seventy-six (76), and entitled "Map of Clason's Point, in the Town of Westchester, designed by Ignaz Pilat, surveyed by Gust. Fambach and Wm. G. Livingston, May, 1868."

Lot Number Twenty-seven (27) being bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the southeasterly corner of Husson's land, and running thence along the easterly side of said Husson's land in a northerly direction to the creek; thence along the creek, towards the Sound, to the northerly side of lot Number Twenty-eight (28), on said map; thence along the northerly and westerly sides of said lot Number Twenty-six (26), on said map; and Bay Side Drive; thence along the centre of Bay Side Drive to the northeasterly side of lot Number Twenty-six (26), on said map; and thence along the northeasterly side of said lot Number Twenty-six (26) to the place of beginning, containing eight (8) acres and eighty-one-hundredths (80 80-100) of an acre; and subject to the easement of so much of Bay Side Drive as is included in said premises.

Lot Number Twenty-eight (28), being bounded and described as follows: On the westerly and northerly sides by lot Number Twenty-seven (27), on said map; on the easterly side by the creek; on the southerly side by lot Number Twenty-nine (29) and lot Number Thirty-eight (38), on said map, along the centre of Bay Side Drive; containing seven (7) acres and eight-one-hundredths (8-100) of an acre, and subject to the easement of so much of Bay Side Drive as is included in said premises.

Subject to: Taxes, assessments, and arrears, $5,230.36 interest, together with another amount which is unknown.

Subject to a number of tax sales.

PARCEL NO. VII.

Town of Greenburg, New York State.

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings thereon erected situated in the Town of Greenburg, County of Westchester and State of New York, described as follows:

Commencing at the northwest corner thereof adjoining land formerly of Michael Mann on the southerly side of the old Highland Turnpike Road, and thence running easterly along the land now or formerly of said Michael Mann to a stone at the corner of a board fence; thence southerly along the land formerly of said Michael Mann to a dogwood tree; thence southerly along the land formerly of James Cunningham to the land now or formerly of Sarah H Coffin; thence westerly along the land formerly of said Sarah H. Coffin to the said Highland Road, and thence northerly along the said Highland Turnpike Road to the point or place of beginning; containing three and one-half acres of land, more or less.

Subject to: Taxes, interest, &c., unknown.

PARCEL NO. VIII.

One-quarter interest vacant property on Saw Mill Road known as Parcel 532, Town of Greenburgh, Westchester County, New York.

Subject to: Taxes and interest.

PARCEL NO. IX.

One hundred five acres of vacant land in Boonsville, Oneida County, New York, known as part of Lot 6, Great Lot 18, Matchin's Patent.

Subject to: Taxes and interest, &c.

PARCEL NO. X.

One-half interest in six lots on the north side of 110th Street, 375 feet east of Seventh Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of One Hundred and Tenth Street, as widened, distant three hundred and seventy-five feet eastwardly from the easterly side of Seventh Avenue; running thence northwardly, and parallel with Seventh Avenue, seventy feet and eleven inches; thence eastwardly, parallel with One Hundred and Tenth Street, one hundred and fifty feet; thence southwardly and parallel with Seventh Avenue seventy feet and eleven inches to the northerly side of One Hundred and Tenth Street, as widened; thence westwardly, along the same, one hundred and fifty feet to the point or place of beginning.

Subject to: Taxes, $2,962.86 and interest; $60,000 first mortgage and interest; $11,500 second mortgage and interest.

All of the foregoing property is also subject to the inchoate right of dower of Lillie L. Toplitz, wife of Harry L. Toplitz, the above-named bankrupt.

The foregoing premises will be sold according to the rules and practice of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.

Dated New York, August 30th, 1910.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee,
45 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

ROBERT A. INCH, Trustee.
STERN, SINGER & BARR, Attorneys for Trustee, 290 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ZEEMAN-BREWSTER Co., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Sept. 16, 1910, by order of the court, at 10.30 A. M., at 8 Washington Place, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of outstanding accounts, boys' clothing manufactured and in process of manufacture; woolens, machines, power tables, cutting tables, safe, office fixtures. HENRY H. KAUFMAN, Receiver. JAMES, SCHELL & ELKUS, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SERAFINO MANFREDOMIA, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Sept. 16, 1910, by order of the court, at 10.30 A. M., at 2,287 First Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of wines, liquors, fixtures, &c. ARCHIBALD PALMER, Receiver.
H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the District of New Jersey.—In the matter of THE AMERICAN FARM PRODUCTS COMPANY, Alleged Bankrupt.

An involuntary petition in bankruptcy having heretofore been filed against the above-named alleged bankrupt on or about July 29, 1910, and Frank P. McDermott and Herman B. Baruch having been duly appointed Receivers and having duly qualified as such, and Mescrole Best having on or about August 30, 1910, made an offer for the purchase of all of the assets of the above-named alleged bankrupt, subject to all liens thereon, on the terms and conditions set forth in said offer, which is hereto annexed, now upon reading and filing the petition of the said Frank P. McDermott and Herman B. Baruch, Receivers herein, verified the 30th day of August, 1910, and the said offer dated August 30, 1910, and the consent of James I. Burke and James F. Herson, Trustees, pursuant to an Indenture of Mortgage dated August 15, 1910, to the acceptance of said offer attached to the said petition, and upon the consent of the alleged bankrupt, and upon all the papers and proceedings herein, and after hearing Luke Vincent Lockwood, Esq., of counsel for the Receivers, and James N. Rosenberg, Esq., of counsel for the proposed purchaser, and William H. Hamilton, Esq., counsel for the alleged bankrupt company, and Albert W. Putnam, Esq., counsel for the Trustees under said mortgage, and sufficient reason appearing therefor, it is, on this 30th day of August, 1910,

Ordered, That the alleged bankrupt herein, and all of its creditors, be and they are hereby directed to show cause at a stated term of the court, to be held on the 4th day of October, 1910, at the Court House at Trenton, New Jersey, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why all the assets of the above-named bankrupt, including all the assets of said company which have come into, and are now in the possession of said Receivers, and including all assets mentioned in the said annexed offer of Mescrole Best, dated August 30, 1910, should not be sold, transferred, conveyed, assigned and set over pursuant to and in accordance with the terms and provisions of said offer, or in accordance with such conditions and other and further directions as this court may fix; and why any and all such orders in part or in whole as are prayed for in the annexed petition should not be granted, and why such other and further relief in the premises as may seem to the court just, proper, or necessary, should not be granted; and it is further

Ordered, That due, sufficient, and complete service of this order and the annexed petition, offer, and accompanying documents shall be made as follows:

By mailing a copy of this order and the papers hereto annexed, to said creditors to their addresses as the same appear on the books of the bankrupt company, and to all other creditors, if any, known to the Receivers; such mailing to be on or before the 15th day of September, 1910, from Chicago, Illinois; and it is further

Ordered, That pending the determination of the matters herein referred to, said Receivers are authorized to continue the business of said alleged bankrupt in the usual course and to their best judgment, subject to the limitations hereinbefore imposed.

Further ordered that a copy of this order be published twice in the following newspapers:

(a) The Daily State Gazette of Trenton, N. J.
(b) The New York Times.
(c) A daily newspaper in Chicago, Ill.
(d) A regular newspaper in Elgin, Ill.
(e) A regular newspaper in Bad Axe, Mich.
(f) A regular newspaper in Owosso, Mich.
(g) A regular newspaper in Kenton, O.

One of said publications to be on or before September 18th, 1910, the other on or before September 30, 1910.

JOHN RELLSTAB, Judge.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 13,088.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BAKER CONTRACTING COMPANY, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Baker Contracting Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1910, the said Baker Contracting Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,375, Hudson Terminal Building, No. 50 Church St., City and County of New York, on the 27th day of September, A. D. 1910, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Sept. 15th, 1910.

NO. 12,714.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of STEPHEN J. SCHERER, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Stephen J. Scherer of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of November, A. D. 1909, the said Stephen Scherer was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 29th day of September, A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

September 15, 1910.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB LINK, Bankrupt.—No. 13,189.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Link, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 13th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at a hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, October 17th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner thereon should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Sept. 14, 1910.

If you lose an article of value advertise your Loss at once in the Lost and Found column of The New York Times, the best medium.—Adv.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

MAUCH CHUNK
GLEN ONOKO Sunday, Sept. 18.
$1.50 Round Trip to the Switzerland of America.
BELLEWOOD Sunday, Sept. 18 & 25.
$1.00 Round Trip to the Coolest Mountain Resort.
Lehigh Valley Railroad
Trains leave New York, Penn. Ferries.

	For Mauch Chunk.	For Bellewood.
23d St.	8:25 A. M.	8:55 A. M.
Desbrosses St.	8:30 A. M.	9:00 A. M.
Cortlandt St.	8:30 A. M.	9:00 A. M.
Brooklyn Annex.	8:15 A. M.	8:45 A. M.

Hudson Tube trains connect at Jersey City.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO. THE ONLY ALL-WATER ROUTE TO CONEY ISLAND
LEAVE PIER 1, N. R., ONLY,
10:30, 11:15, 12:00 M., 1:00, 1:45, 2:30, 3:15, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00.
Leave Coney Island, 11:40, 12:25, 1:10, 2:10, 2:55, 3:40, 4:25, 5:10, 6:10, 7:10, 8:20.
FARE, ROUND TRIP, 40 CENTS.
All Tickets Include Admission to Dreamland, Greatest Amusement Enterprise in the World.
FISHING BANK STEAMER TAURUS leaves Pier 1, N. R., ONLY every day 8:20 A. M. Bait and tackle on board. Fare: Gentlemen, 75c., Ladies, 50c.; Children, 25c.

CHARMING EXCURSIONS
West Point, Newburgh & Poughkeepsie
Daily (except Sunday) by Palace HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE STEAMERS HENDRICK HUDSON, ROBERT FULTON and ALBANY.
B'klyn, Fulton St., (By Annex), 8. Desbrosses St., 8:40 and 9:40; W. 42d St., 9 and 10; W. 129th St., 9:20 and 10:20 A. M. Return on either down boat due 42d St. 5:30 or 8:40 P. M. See Steamboat Advt.

DELIGHTFUL AFTERNOON EXCURSION TO WEST POINT
STEAMER MARY POWELL.
Leaving Desbrosses St., 1:45; West 42d St., 2:00; West 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Return to New York by steamer "ALBANY," $1.00, or by rail $1.10. Daily, except Sunday. Orchestra. See Parade, public buildings, &c.

UP THE SOUND Sea Cliff & Glenwood
Str. "Sagamore" leaves Pier 8, E. R. (bet. Hanover Sq. & So. Ferry), Saturdays at 1:00; 31st St., E. R., 1:20 P. M. Ret. 7 P. M. 9:25 P. M. Sundays leaves Pier 8, 9:30; 31st St., 9:50 A. M. Ret. due N. Y. 6:30 P. M.
Excursion 50c. Tickets.

SEEING NEW YORK YACHT
The Original Boat
$1.00 ROUND TRIP
Tel., 4044—Gramercy.
Hudson River Day Line, foot W. 42d St., North River. 10 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. every day and Sunday

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.
TRAVEL IN COMFORT BY THE
HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
PEOPLES LINE TO ALBANY
STR. C. W. MORSE (odd dates Sept.), STR. ADIRONDACK—Daily from Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M., W. 129th St., 6:30 P. M. ORCHESTRA.
CITIZENS LINE TO ALBANY AND TROY
New Str. TROJAN or RENSSELAER, Pier 44, N. R., ft. West 10th St., 6 P. M.; Yonkers 7 P.M. daily. Stop at Albany in either direction. Best service. Direct rail conection at Albany and Troy for points North, East and West. Rail tickets accepted for passage between New York, Albany and Troy. Horses and automobiles carried at reasonable rates. Send for Booklet "Up the Hudson and Beyond."
Sixth Annual Outing to Lake George and return Saturday, Sept. 17. Round trip $4.00.

JOY LINE
From NEW YORK $2.40 via BOAT and RAIL TO BOSTON
Boston, via Boat & Trolley, $2.25.
Modern Steel Screw Steamships GEORGIA and TENNESSEE.
Providence Direct, $1.50 Worcester, $2.40
Every week day 5:30 P. M. | Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS. TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
From Piers 58, 59, 60, 61, and 62 North River, New York City.
NEARBY SAILINGS

Minnetonka	Sept. 17, 8 A. M.	ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE. London Direct.
St. Paul	Sept. 17, 10 A. M.	AMERICAN LINE. Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Kroonland	Sept. 17, 11 A. M.	RED STAR LINE. Dover and Antwerp.
Cedric	Sept. 17, 9 A. M.	WHITE STAR LINE. Queenstown—Holyhead—Liverpool.
Adriatic	Sept. 21, 9:30 A. M.	WHITE STAR LINE. Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.

American Line
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
St. Paul..Sept. 17, 10 A. M.|St. Louis..Oct. 1
Phila'phia..Sept. 24, 10 A.M.|New York..Oct. 8
Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London Direct
Minnetonka..Sept. 17, 8 A.M.|Minnewaska..Oct. 1
Mesaba..Sept. 24, 9 A. M.|Minn'polis..Oct. 8
Red Star Line
New York—Dover—Antwerp—Paris
Kroonland..Sept. 17, 11 AM|Vaderland..Oct. 1
Finland..Sept. 24, 11 A.M.|Lapl'd, now, Oct. 8
All our steamers have Wireless Telegraph and Submarine Signals.
White Star Line
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Adriatic..Sp.21, 9:30AM|Oceanic.....Oct. 5
Teutonic..Sept. 28, 3 PM|Majestic.....Oct. 12
Queenstown—Holyhead—Liverpool
*Cedric...Sept. 17, 9 A. M.|Baltic....Oct. 1
*Arabic....Sept. 24, noon|Celtic....Oct. 8
New York and Boston to
RIVIERA—ITALY—EGYPT
The Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche, Genoa, Naples, Alexandria
Cretic....Sept. 21, Nov. 2, Dec. 7
Romanic..Oct. 1, Nov.

Results---Help Wanted Male

The New York Times:

Enclosed find copy for advertisement for remainder of week.

We take pleasure in stating at this time that the results we have secured from our advertising in The New York Times have been satisfactory. The number of high grade men who have applied for the positions we have open indicates that you are reaching the best class of men in the community.

As long as we continue to secure the results we have been receiving, we assure you that you will receive a large portion of our business.

BUSINESS SERVICE COMPANY,
Singer Bldg, New York City.
Sept. 14, 1910. J. H. EGBERT, Manager.

Every advertisement offered for publication in The New York Times is subject to close scrutiny. Therefore, the Want advertisements published in The Times are worthy of confidence. Telephone 1000 Bryant. The Times will write and publish your advertisement and send bill for same the day it appears.

A representative will call if you desire.

(No. 29)

LOST

35c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 30c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.*

LOST—Presumably on a Columbus Av. car, a lady's tan-colored pigskin purse, with name inside, containing one diamond and ruby cluster ring, one two-stone diamond ring, one large coral cameo ring, and about $10 in money; $100 reward and no questions asked. Vera Finlay, 129 West 47th St.

LOST.—Stock Certificate No. 11,692 in the name of Walter L. Lascelles for six shares The Home Insurance Co., New York. Finder please return the same to 8 Bridge St. Application for new certificate has been filed.

LOST—A diamond monogram locket, letters "D. U.," (keepsake,) between Ohmet's restaurant, Fulton St., and 71 Nassau St.; finder will be liberally rewarded. Untermeyer, 71 Nassau St.

LOST—Tiffany gold watch and fob, monogram "C. S." containing inscription from Leonora to Netherlands Hotel, Monday noon; reward. Myres, 486 Broadway.

LOST—On Sept. 15, 1909, several pieces of jewelry; liberal reward; no questions asked if returned. 62 West Main St., Middletown, N. Y.

LOST—Lady's diamond guard ring, Wednesday last, 11 P. M., between 93d St. "L" station and 90th St.; liberal reward. W 169 Times.

LOST—Part of fob; charm containing word "Justicia"; no questions; reward. 302 Broadway, Room 1,202.

LOST—Rhinestone comb, Subway or on Broadway. Address Dimmock, 576 West 161st St.

LOST—Lady's watch with fob; initials "B. G. M."; reward. Manning, 15 Wall St.

$25 REWARD—For parrot with black beak, shaded green, blue, and red feathers, yellow and blue head; lost Wednesday morning. Return to Miss Georgia O'Ramey, Woodward Annex, 204 West 55th St.

LOST AND FOUND. CATS. DOGS

25c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.*

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

FOUND

25c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.*

FOUND, during latter part of August, by party passing through city, diamond brooch. Answer by giving date lost and accurate description, W 165 Times.

FOUND.—Sept. 9 to 14, 1910. POLICE DEPARTMENT—Inquire at Detective Bureau, (Correspondence Room,) Grand and Centre Sts. "Three-wheeled pushcart, marked Jones Plow Co., box containing extract of logwood, bunch of keys, gold-plated bracelet, gold wedding ring marked H. P. to C. M., April 27, 1905; cow, black comb set with five stones, case of condensed milk marked Star Brand, black leather wallet with papers and receipts, gray horse, 15¼ hands, 1,000 pounds; ring containing five keys and three copper coins, 22-foot sloop marked Wanderer, brown leather pocketbook, containing cash, &c.; lady's handbag, dress suitcase containing woman's clothing, white bulldog, black head, spot on tail; two bay horses, one 15½ hands and the other 16 hands; quantity of tobacco, black fox terrier dog, white stripes; chewing gum machine, marked Union Vending Co.; gold-filled hunting case watch, ring containing nine keys, a bundle of children's clothing, silver dessert spoons, marked V. M.; silver salad fork, marked V. B. M.; silver fish knife, marked V. B. M.; silver cream ladle, marked I. B. M., and other silver articles; brass auto lamp, lady's black handbag.

FOUND, Sept. 14.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.—2D AV. ELEVATED: Prayer Book, purse, society emblem, patterns, gloves, napkin, 3D AV. ELEVATED: 4 umbrellas, cane, bag, satchel, pass book spectacles, gloves, box containing purse, etc., card, hat, overalls, shirt, apron and skirt, rompers, sweater and trousers, tank, rulers. 6TH AV. ELEVATED: Spectacles, pin, sum of money, books, mail matter, clothes, pair gloves, advertising matter, bow, 5 hats, towels and bottles, steam fixture, pens and films. 9TH AV. ELEVATED: Hose, etc., overalls, muslin, etc., post cards, badge, comb, handkerchief, umbrella, coffee flask, hat, spectacles. SUBWAY: 4 umbrellas, purses, 5 pocketbooks, 2 handbags, spectacles, eyeglasses tie clasp, application blanks, music, 2 books, underwear, collars, overalls, wire, 2 knives, gloves.

FOUND, Sept. 14—HUDSON & MANHATTAN RAILROAD CO., HUDSON TUBES. Apply 187 Christopher St.: Handbag, sweater, umbrellas.

FOUND.—Sept. 13—BROOKLYN R. T. Apply Lost Property Room, 168 Montague St., Brooklyn. SURFACE AND ELEVATED—Letter file and boxes, shoes, notebook, magazine, towel and other articles, checkbook, satchel, clothing, four photographs, lady's kid glove, underclothing, stockings, book, overalls, gloves, memorandum book, package, piece of wood, key ring, keys, overalls, handcraft covers, cap, shoes, pocketbooks, umbrellas.

FOUND, Sept. 14—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J.: Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J. ON RAILROAD TRAINS—Packages, umbrellas, dress suitcase. LIBERTY STREET FERRY, apply Superintendent of Marine Department, foot of Liberty St.—Packages.

FOUND, Sept. 14—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.—Seven umbrellas, 5 packages, handbag, card case.

FOUND, Sept. 14—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.—Dress suit case, watch chain, 3 keys on ring, 1 key, box, memorandum book, satchel, umbrellas, package containing two books, parasol, roll of blue prints, book, commutation ticket, pair gloves, coat, package papers.

FOUND, Sept. 14—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City—Satchel, 4 packages, parasol, 4 umbrellas, book.

FOUND, Sept. 14—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station—Raincoat, commutation ticket, two books, memorandum book, packages, umbrellas.

FOUND, Sept. 14—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master's office, Jersey City, N. J.—ON RAILROAD TRAINS—Pair of spectacles, valise, 2 packages, cap, roll of music, straw hat, lady's umbrella, hair brush, suitcase, hat brush, derby hat, soft hat, overcoat, 2 nightshirts, pipe, packages, umbrellas. ON DESBROSSES ST. FERRY—Lady's umbrella.

FOUND, Sept. 14—BROOKLYN R. T. Apply Found Department, 167 Montague St., Brooklyn. SURFACE AND ELEVATED—Child's coat, lady's coat, hat, dress suitcase, hair, overalls and trowel, bank book, eyeglasses, scarf, lady's skirt, pocketbooks, umbrellas.

FOUND.—On LEHIGH VALLEY trains, awaiting ownership at the office of General Baggage Agent, South Bethlehem, Penn.—Sept. 7 to 12 inclusive—Roll papers, overcoat, package, straw hat, soft hat, handbag, suitcase, parasol, umbrella, coat.

DOGS AND BIRDS

25c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.*

WANTED— 300 CATS

TO BE USED IN THE PRODUCTION OF HANS.

Apply stage door MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE SATURDAY, 10 A. M.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

30c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.*

I desire to correspond with manufacturers or firms of high standing desiring representation in New York City and who would avail themselves of an established office and selling force. T 204 Times Downtown.

$8,000 cash will buy growing import business doing $2,000 monthly at 20 per cent. profit; few articles, useful machines, &c.; well introduced; first-class credit. T 213 Times Downtown.

BOWLING ALLEYS and poolroom privileges to rent; 4 alleys, 4 tables. WASHINGTON INN, 155th St. and Amsterdam Av.

Brick factory, Jersey City, $45,000; terms; no brokers. Manufacturer, Box 406, Ansonia, Conn.

Furnished room house for sale; good business; $250. 350 East 120th St.

Tailor store for sale; established 25 years; cheap. Muller, 1,412 Lexington Av.

BUSINESS NOTICES

30c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.*

Architect and builder will make plans for promoter; plans and estimates furnished for alterations or new buildings. Builder, 312 West 47th St.

A.—PRINTING.—The best for least; get estimates, convince yourself; postal brings representative. Bryant Press, job department, 244 West 23d St.

William Stuppe Co., Landscape Architects, 500 5th Av., Room 622. 'Phone.

COUNTRY BOARD

20c. *a line 1 time; 7 times 18c. a line a day; 30 times 16 2-3c. a line a day.*

New York State.

The Ferns.—Are you tired? A few weeks in the mountains will help you. Try it. Beautiful house, all modern conveniences; delightful country; open until February. P. H. Gross, Napanoch, N. Y.

New Jersey.

HEALTH HOME, "Columbia," Butler, N. J. (Erholungsheim.) Refuge for nervousness, rheumatism; baths, massage treatment, (circular.)

New England.

Guests wanted in private family for the Fall and Winter; large rooms; modern conveniences; house well heated; near station and trolley; references. Address "The Hawthorns," Milford, Conn.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE

15c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.*

B. ALTMAN & CO., 5th Av., 34th and 35th Sts., have several promising positions open in their Mail Order Department for active women who are thoroughly experienced in filling orders. Apply by letter only, stating experience.

COMPETENT, NEAT GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK AND GOOD, PLAIN COOKING IN FAMILY 3 ADULT AMERICANS; GOOD HOME; REFERENCES; SCANDINAVIAN PREFERRED. APPLY APARTMENT 62, THE OVERLOOK, 802 WEST 181ST ST., NEAR SUBWAY.

CUTTER AND SLOPER.
R. H. MACY & CO. require a competent, experienced cutter and sloper on waists, kimonos, &c. Apply at office of General Manager.

OPERATORS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require thoroughly experienced operators. Apply at office of General Manager.

R. H. MACY & CO.
(Applications received at office of General Manager from 8:30 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily. All applicants for positions given a personal interview.)

Require

ART EMBROIDERIES. — Competent, experienced saleswomen.

SALESLADIES. — Experienced; Saturdays; extra wages, $2. Call Welshecker, 270 West 125th St.

STENOGRAPHER, at Great Neck, L. I.; must be competent to keep books and take charge of an office; experience and accuracy necessary. Apply in writing, stating salary wanted and experience, to X 304 Times Downtown.

WAIST HANDS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require thoroughly experienced waist hands; must be able to drape and make fancy and chiffon waists complete. Apply at office of General Manager.

WANTED.—Stenographer and typist for newspaper office; must have experience; state age and salary expected. Box W. 181 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—General housework girl; plain cook; pleasant home; $22 month. 3,347 Sedgwick Av.; Broadway Subway to 238th St.; will pay fare.

WANTED—Soprano soloist, who can play piano, to travel with ladies' quartet. Apply 464 48d St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG EDUCATED LADIES wanted to enter nurses' training school; after three years' course diploma given. Apply between 9 and 11, Superintendent Training School, Sydenham Hospital, 837 East 116th St.

HELP WANTED, MALE

15c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day*

A.—A.—SALESMAN.—To sell a stamp affixing machine; nothing like it on the market; keeps, counts, sticks your stamps; sells itself in one demonstration; hustlers only need apply. 177 Broadway, Room 35.

B. ALTMAN & CO., 5th Av., 34th and 35th Sts., are desirous of engaging a man as buyer of boys' clothing, who has had experience as such with finest retail trade. Apply by letter only with particulars as to experience.

HELP WANTED, MALE

15c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.*

BUTLER AND COOK WANTED.—Steady and reliable man and wife as butler and cook; must be willing to go into the country; only those having first-class references need apply. Address, stating references, X 310 Times Downtown.

Can you sell accident insurance for the greatest company in the world? Steady weekly earnings and a future on renewals; experience unnecessary; valuable contracts also granted convincing, experienced salesman. Manager, Room 601, 277 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR wanted; experienced and careful driver; expert mechanic; care for two cars, Pierce-Arrow and Chalmers; must wash when in country; best city reference required. Apply, stating age, experience, and salary wanted, W 146 Times.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES WANTED.—Write for New York Fall examination schedule. Franklin Institute, Dept. 246T, Rochester, N. Y.

MACHINISTS—First-class men only need apply. 115 Nassau St., Room 57, New York.

MAIL ORDER ASSISTANT.—A large retail dry goods house requires the services of a competent assistant in their Mail Order Department; must be bright, active, a good correspondent, and thoroughly experienced in all branches of the work; replies must give full particulars to receive attention. Address Box W, 171 Times.

MANUFACTURER of iron furniture has opening for reliable young man, 20 to 25, capable of learning business and acting as assistant to owner; knowledge of modern office methods necessary; ability to speak German desirable but not essential; salary to start, $15. Address in confidence, giving full particulars, Manufacturer, Box T 210 Times Downtown.

PRINTING SALESMEN.—We have an exceptional proposition to offer good producing salesmen or men who control printing accounts; we have one of the best equipped plants in the city and specialise on high-class catalogue, booklet, and three and four color process work. W 119 Times.

R. H. MACY & CO.
(Applications received at office of General Manager from 8:30 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily. All applicants for positions given a personal interview.)

Require

CARPETS.—Experienced, competent salesmen.

PORTERS.—Experienced rug and carpet porters.

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS wanted; New York examinations Nov. 12; $800 to $1,600; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 256T, Rochester, N. Y.

SALESMAN wanted for retail cigar business; must be experienced; state references. Address X 312 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to carry kimonos as side line. Moushaty, Khougaz & Co., 136 Liberty St.

SALESMEN to carry side line of men's snappy neckwear. Harry Stark, 32 Union Square.

WANTED.—Experienced editorial writer, also business manager of automobile trade magazine; salary $15 per week and commissions. Call between 10:30 and 1 P. M., 2,228 Broadway, Room 4.

WANTED—Draughtsman experienced on tools, jigs, and fixtures. Apply Mergenthaler Linotype Co., 24 Ryerson St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALE

15c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.*

A.—DRESSMAKER.—Maker of gowns of superior design, fit, and workmanship; ten years' experience in construction of gowns for the 400, assuring satisfactory results; prompt, reliable, reasonable. Mme. Cully, 188 West 48th. Telephone 1583 Bryant.

COOK.—Competent, in private family; soups, desserts, baker; reference. Private, 1,804 Broadway.

FIRST-CLASS STENOGRAPHER; unusual indorsements; salary $20. W 8 Times.

Evenings; cashier, saleswoman, clerical work; best references. Saul, 103 West 45th St.

SECOND GIRL.—Young lady, Christian, will go to California as second girl; particulars; references. W 128 Times.

GIRL (16) wishes position in office. W 168 Times.

GOVERNESS—COMPANION.—Highly educated graduate teacher desires re-engagement; perfect French, German, English; music expert; traveler; highest personal references. W 51 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER. — Educated German lady wants position in refined family. Mrs. Busse, 509 East 75th St.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—A refined, intelligent young woman as mother's helper to care for children not younger than 3 years of age. W 123 Times.

NURSE.—French girl, 20, desires position in refined family; no experience; obliging, willing to learn; very fond of children; speaks English; personal reference; city or country. 3d floor, 858 West 27th St. Ring 3 times.

NURSE.—Refined; hospital experience, wants a position as nurse or companion; willing to teach; references. A. M., 298 Warren St., Brooklyn.

SECRETARIAL position wanted by intelligent young woman; executive ability; competent stenographer, typist; conversant with Spanish language; exceptional references. Correspondent, W 116 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—(16;) eight months' experience as stenographer and assistant bookkeeper; excellent references. A. L. F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; able to read notes perfectly; clean typewriting. Intelligent, X 263 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good worker; excellent education; references furnished; salary desired, $8. Accurate, 251 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Responsible position; meantime substitute, 50c hour; well qualified; references. Baker, 65 Bank St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; neat typist; familiar with office work; references; $10. Steno, 250 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; can handle large correspondence quickly, intelligently; references, $15. Competent, 249 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Office worker; broad experience; musical education; efficiency. Carlton, 9 South Oxford St., Brooklyn.

VISITING TUTORESS; Columbia credentials; English, American, and French literature; elocution, French language; moderate terms. W 157 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE

15c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.*

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books, $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114 Worth.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER.—All lines; books opened, closed, written up, systematised, audits; $5 monthly upward. Accountant, Room 511, 320 Broadway. 2728 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER.—Employed during the day, wants work two evenings weekly with firms not employing regular bookkeeper. T 212 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 33 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

A BRIGHT GERMAN-AMERICAN, 24, with good experience in advertising business and thorough knowledge of bookkeeping, desires office or outside position, where energy and hard workmanship would be appreciated; highest references. H. St., 207 Times Downtown.

AMBITIOUS, energetic man of 25, possessing business, executive, and salesmanship ability, desires to connect with large firm where efficient services are rewarded; will leave city. T 208 Times Downtown.

A MANAGER, department or entire business, desires position where expert salesmanship and original advertising can produce big results. W 118 Times.

A YOUNG MAN, 20, High School graduate and good appearance, at present employed, seeks position with young manufacturing concern offering ambitious man opportunity for future. W 121 Times.

BOOKKEEPING.—Errors are always annoying, sometimes costly; my system detects all errors instantly, eliminates trial balance troubles, without changing present mode of bookkeeping; simple, efficient, inexpensive. W. 84 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, books, opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 184, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2825 Worth.

BOOKKEEPER—CORRESPONDENT.—Experienced young man, 26, married; familiar with stenography and general office work, desires steady position. W 94 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, wishes position with chance to advance; German; moderate salary; best references; good penman. J. W. Kraus, 1,159 Van Alst Av., Long Island City.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, writes up, balances books regular intervals; complicated accounts adjusted. Dixie, 816 Canal St.

BOOKKEEPER, expert accountant, wishes temporary or part time position. M 169 Times.

BOY, 16, office experience, capable running stock board, broker's office, desires position; good education; excellent references. Address W., 827 Jackson Av., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man wishes position as chauffeur or assistant; private or commercial; would go to town or country; take hand at anything; good mechanic, shop experience. Mac, 145 East 117th St.

CLERK.—Competent clerk desires position in office; reliable. Competent, 144 Dean St., Brooklyn.

CLERK.—Young man, 23, as assistant shipping clerk; not afraid of work; good reference. D. M. Hannigan, 508 West 172d St.

DAIRYMAN.—A1 buttermaker wishes position on private place; references. Address Jersey, 153 6th Av.

DISPATCHER.—Expert, railway mail service routes desires take charge mail lists morning daily. T 211 Times Downtown.

DRAUGHTSMAN.—Junior; 2 years auto machinery, tracing, detail, assembling. Pfabe, 1,277 Union Av., Bronx.

DETECTIVE, expert, wants work from an individual or corporation; long experience; sure results. X 296 Times Downtown.

ENERGETIC, ambitious young man of 24 seeks clerical position of any kind where there is a wide field for advancement; can furnish highest testimonials as to character, &c. Prospect, Box W. 130 Times.

GENTLEMAN possessing executive ability and good salesman seeks position of trust and responsibility, manager, credit man, cashier, etc.; A1 references and bonds. W 155 Times.

GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Filing, indexing, and typewriting; references, interview. $12. Chas. Racen, 88 West 116th St.

GERMAN, EDUCATED MAN wishes position; business or collecting; first-class references; moderate salary; security given. Miller, 543 Marcy Av., Brooklyn.

PAINTER, PAPERHANGER, reliable, wants work; landlords, private parties. Painter, 221 East 117th St.

POSITION wanted by young man, six years' business experience, speaking English, German, French, with view of future investment. Reply W 161 Times.

POSITION WANTED AS FIREMAN or mechanical work; references; 20 years' experience. W 170 Times.

VISITING VALET; most reliable; honest; highest references; one or two more gentlemen. W 144 Times.

HELP WANTED
EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

20c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.*

Commercial Help.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers, Clerks, responsible, competent; no others considered. Established 1898. Jupp, Stenographers' Agency, 87 Nassau.

Domestic Help.

COLONIAL EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 56 West 39th St.—Reliable domestic help; investigated references. Murray Hill 5582.

JACOBS'S AGENCY, 29 West 34th St.—Teachers, (music,) kindergartners, governesses, companions, housekeepers. Murray Hill 2679.

New York Servants' Agency.—Reliable colored help; at once, cook, $30; butler, $30; chambermaid, $20. 228 West 40th St. 5144 Bryant.

SITUATIONS WANTED
EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

20c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.*

COOKS, laundresses, waitress-chambermaids, housekeepers, nurses; references. Flaherty Agency, 485 Columbus Av. 741 Riverside.

COOKS, laundresses, chambermaids, housekeepers, elevator boys, useful. Porter's Agency, 142 West 138d. 94 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 53th. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids, useful men; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 134th St. Tel. 480—Morningside.

Old Dominion Employment Bureau, 88 West 134th St.; bond $1,000; guarantees colored help; 1119 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Academic education; experienced, quick, comprehensive, Christian; $6. 8819—John. Diehl Agency, 108 Fulton St.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.*

West Side.

1.—WEST END AV., 579, (Corner 103d St.)—Block from Riverside Park, Subway express station, and surface cars; beautiful, vine-covered house; finest location New York; handsomely furnished rooms; superior table; more foliage than country; cooler.

1.—ATTRACTIVE SUITES, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 32d St.

5TH AV., 40.—Well-furnished large, small rooms; excellent cuisine; table guests; gentlemen, couples.

37TH ST., 64 WEST.—Desirable large rooms; private bath; suitable two, three gentlemen; excellent table.

54TH ST., 166 WEST.—Well-furnished large and small rooms; electric lights; Southern cooking.

55TH ST., 63 WEST.—Large and small rooms; every convenience; excellent table; transients accommodated.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; references exchanged.

57TH ST., 146 WEST.—Two handsome large rooms, connecting; also single room, for gentlemen, with board; references exchanged.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; finely furnished; running water; excellent table; moderate.

69TH ST., 106 WEST.—Bright, attractive rooms; American family; good table; homelike; references.

72D ST., 167 WEST.—Front rooms; southern exposure; well-appointed house; near Subway; references.

72D ST., 166 WEST.—Desirable large room, also single room; excellent cuisine; good service; references.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—Attractive rooms, suite or separately; board; parlor floor dining room; references.

72D ST., West.—Phone 1,860 Col.—Room for one or two people; Hungarian table.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Clean, bright suite; private bath; single room; quiet, refined; best table.

74TH, 121 WEST.—Large room, private bath; also medium-sized; superior table; references.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive, large front room; southern exposure; suitable two; other rooms; home cooking.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated rooms; large closets; with or without bath; parlor dining room; excellent table; table board; telephone; Christians; references required.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Newly furnished large, medium rooms; parlor dining room; Jewish family. Mrs. M. Morall.

76TH ST., 105 WEST.—Room with board, high class house, table guests, telephone, references.

76TH ST., 111 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front room; medium rooms; choice table board; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 114 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive Winter quarters; excellent board; table guests.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms with private bath and board; high grade.

80TH ST., 140 WEST.—Delightful square and single rooms; cuisine excellent; telephone; private residence; references.

80TH ST., 152 WEST.—Pleasant, comfortable rooms; excellent table; parlor dining room; table guests; telephone.

80TH ST., 141 WEST.—Large, small rooms, dining; table board; abundant hot water; references.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Double and single rooms; convenient all trains; Southern cooking; table board.

82D ST., 8 WEST.—
FIRST-CLASS JEWISH BOARD.
Accommodations for people of refinement; splendid table; beautiful rooms; homelike, cleanliness; near Central Park.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished large rooms; table guests; references; telephone; central location.

82D, 128 WEST.—Private baths, steam, electricity; parquetted; splendid cooking; special doctor's suite; opportunity.

82D ST., 27 WEST.—Newly decorated, well-furnished rooms; refined surroundings; bountiful home table; references.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant rooms, handsomely furnished; every convenience; superior board; telephone; near park.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large, small rooms; select; near Subway, elevated; parlor dining; table guests.

93D ST., 161 WEST.—Comfortable double, single rooms; convenience; telephone; excellent French board; moderate.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room; southern exposure; all conveniences; good board; telephone; references.

93D ST., 270 WEST.—Large and small front rooms; adjoining bath; near Riverside.

96TH ST., 64 WEST.—Handsome floor, three rooms; private bath; excellent table; refined home; references.

96TH ST., 61 WEST.—Rooms with board; parlor dining room.

104TH ST., 83 WEST.—Large and small attractive rooms; table guests; parlor dining room. Telephone.

121ST, 150 WEST.—Handsomely furnished house; newly decorated; double and single rooms; telephone; references.

123D ST., 168 WEST.—Opportunity secure connecting large rooms, second floor; first-class board; references.

123D ST., 148 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; dressing rooms; excellent table; telephone; reference.

131ST, 264 WEST.—Large room; all conveniences; good table; gentlemen; telephone; elevated station; references.

135TH ST., 242 WEST.—Back parlor, also second floor; large front room; board optional.

126th St., Lenox Av., (At Express Sub.)
THE CRESCENT.
Just modernized in to richly furnished apartments, singly or en suite, with UNRIVALED elegance and conveniences. Prices CHALLENGE competition.
Dining Room of MATCHLESS attraction.
Social REFERENCES indispensable.
No Transients.
Engraved BOOKLET on application.
Remaining accommodations LIMITED.
'Phone 1523—Harlem.

136TH ST., 265 WEST.—Large, small rooms, running water; excellent table; refined Jewish family.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with all conveniences; excellent board; private residence; telephone; Subway.

145TH ST., 349 WEST.—Good house for the Winter; delicious food; large, airy rooms.

149TH ST., 544 WEST, (Near Broadway Subway.)—Select, quiet neighborhood; healthiest and nicest location in town; "The Audubon;" comfortably furnished large bright clean rooms; bathroom adjoining; parlor dining rooms; meals the best, liberally served; seperate tables, large reception parlor; piano, library, billiard room; social surroundings; real home; rates, $16 to $20 weekly for two. Tel. 2757-8 Audubon; booklet on request.

ACROPOLIS HOTEL, 519 West 123d St.—Singly or en suite; American or European plan.

AN AMERICAN FAMILY, owning house, will let a second floor large room, ample closet, southern exposure, with private bath and board for one or two persons appreciating the advantages of a refined home. Address W. Side, Box 75 Times.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793—Bryant.

WILL SHARE beautiful seven-room apartment with respectable Christian woman; exceptional opportunity for one willing to pay for permanent and exclusive home; vicinity Belle Claire Hotel. Telephone 9791—Schuyler.

YOUNG MAN occupying room in elevator apartment wishes roommate; price, including meals, $8 weekly. T 202 Times Downtown.

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Homelike; first-class table board; nicely furnished small rooms; telephone.

18TH ST., 306 EAST.—Desirable large and small rooms; steam heated; excellent board; moderate rates.

218T ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Desirable large rooms; excellent table; reference; telephone; park privilege.

80TH ST., 40 EAST, (Madison Av. corner.)—Beautiful second floor, private bath; other rooms; elevator; steam heat; parlor dining; excellent table; American.

80TH, 115 EAST.—Desirable large second-floor front; large closets; other rooms; excellent table.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable large, small rooms; private baths; excellent board. Telephone 1978 Gramercy.

MADISON AV., 694-696.—Second floor; other rooms; private baths; excellent board; parlor dining.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5.—Overlooking Wall St., Subway, bridge, trolley five minutes Broadway; rooms, parlor floor, furnished, unfurnished; neighborhood, house high class; table choicest products N. Y. markets. 903 Main.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 11.—Rooms convenient Wall St. car lines and Subway; splendid cooking; reasonable; references.

THE FENIMORE.
81-83 Fenimore St., Flatbush; beautiful detached house; elegant rooms. Tel. 2127 J. Flat.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; comfortable, attractive, homelike; special Winter rates. Telephone Flushing 290.

BOARD WANTED

15c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.*

Wanted—Three connecting rooms and private bath, with board for family of 3 adults; preferably west side, below 110th St.; about $45 per week; permanent if suited. Send full particulars to W 168 Times.

BOARD WANTED—Private family, below 72d St., by two young men; brothers; permanent; references; state terms. Address Vincent, 38 Wall St.

Gentleman, wife, daughter 9 years old, desire two rooms, three beds, and board; refined house, quiet neighborhood; references. Box 27, Hoboken.

GENTLEMAN desires nice, bright room, breakfast, and supper in refined private family, near West 157th St.; state terms. W 149 Times.

TEACHER wishes home American family, west side; private house; moderate. Miss M., W 166 Times.

YOUNG gentleman seeks comfortable home; private family; terms, $3; state full particulars. Z 254 Times.

BY TWO brothers, large room, bath, and board, between 72d and 125th; state price. W 145 Times.

FOR SALE.

30c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.*

Diamonds, watches, cash or credit; largest stock, lowest prices; representative calls if desired. American Watch and Diomand Co., 6 Maiden Lane.

Slightly used National cash registers, office furniture, time clocks, typewriters, mimeographs, $7.50; adding machines, desks, filing cabinets. Nathan's, 4 White St.

For Sale—A large gentleman's mahogany innovation wardrobe (Grand Rapids Furniture Company) at great sacrifice. Apply T 200 Times Downtown.

Fine collection of artist proof etchings by Dickson, Haig, Waltner, etc.; no dealers. W 156 Times.

Dental practice for sale; best locality in New York; immediate possession. W 163 Times.

The New York Times asks the assistance of its readers in excluding objectionable and fraudulent advertising.—Adv.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. *a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.*

West Side.

1.—Large and small rooms to let; private bath; gentlemen only; excellent neighborhood; first-class service; references. 129 West 69th.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Charming rooms, private house; home comforts; gentlemen; references; transit facilities unsurpassed.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Charming rooms; private house; home comforts; gentlemen; references; transit facilities unsurpassed.

12TH ST., 126 WEST.—Large room, running water; telephone.

19TH ST., 314 WEST.—Desirable two-room suite, front; bath; one flight; quiet neighborhood. Hales.

38TH ST., 52 WEST.—Very desirable large front room; also single rooms; excellent neighborhood; telephone.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished large and small rooms; quiet, refined; references.

45TH ST., 27 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private bath; desirable location; telephone; small rooms; gentlemen.

45TH ST., 154-156 WEST.—For men only; all modern improvements; from $3.50 to $12 per week.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Suites with baths; large and small rooms; telephone 2295 Bryant.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Large rooms, suitable for two; private baths; 'phone; breakfast exclusive.

48TH ST., 134 WEST.—One nicely furnished large room, bath, for gentleman; house private, quiet.

49TH ST., 59 WEST.—Two exceptionally desirable rooms, with private bath; physician's house.

49TH ST., 148 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms exclusively for gentlemen; telephone; breakfast.

49TH ST., 221 WEST.—Attractive rooms, suite, single; telephone; all cars; Subway. Hunting.

52D ST., 55 WEST.—Nicely furnished room, private bath; modern plumbing; gentlemen only; references.

55TH ST., 359 WEST.—Large, small, airy, light, sunny front rooms; running water; shower bath.

55TH ST., 354 WEST.—Large, small rooms; nicely furnished; all conveniences; private house; transit accommodations.

57TH, 344 WEST.—Rooms, suite, with private baths; handsomely furnished; telephone; central location; gentlemen.

58TH ST., 222 WEST.—Large and small rooms; hot water constantly; bath on every floor; parlor adjoining bedroom; piano; telephone.

58TH ST., 320 WEST.—Large and small handsomely furnished; telephone; central location; Subway. "L"; near Park.

58TH ST., 137 WEST.—Entire floor, rooms, baths; breakfast optional; references.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Unusually pleasant room, attractively furnished; all improvements; moderate rental.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivalled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 62 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suites, with private bath; also other rooms in a first-class private house; all modern conveniences.

68TH ST., 64 WEST.—Desirable rooms, adjoining bath; gentlemen, married couple; private house; telephone; references.

68TH, 44 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; suitable two or three gentlemen; telephone.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large room; private bath; smaller rooms; steam heat; electric light; gentlemen.

69TH ST., 74 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; running water; modern apartment; one flight; references McCready.

71ST ST., 118 WEST.—Newly furnished double, single rooms; private baths; electric lights; telephone; references.

71ST ST., 141 WE

M'ADOO WOULD BUILD A WEST SIDE SUBWAY

From 34th St. Down Broadway, Linking Penna. Tubes with All Downtown and His Own.

WILLCOX THINKS WELL OF IT

Single Fare with the Tri-Borough If McAdoo Company Should Build Latter —City to be Owner After 25 Years.

William G. McAdoo, President of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company, the first man to tunnel beneath the Hudson, has sent to the Public Service Commission a proposal for the construction by his company of a tunnel extending from Broadway and Thirty-third Street, near the new Pennsylvania Terminal, southward along Broadway to Union Square and thence under University Place, Wooster and Church Streets, to connect with the Hudson Terminal Station at Cortlandt, Church, and Fulton Streets.

Mr. McAdoo's letter to the commission, made public yesterday, points out that his proposal would result in the prompt construction of the long-needed west side rapid transit line and, moreover, that it would be possible for the city to take possession of a complete west side line from the Grand Central Station to Cortlandt Street at the expiration of twenty-five years, whereas under the city's present lease to the Interborough seventy-five years will have to elapse before the present Subway system can be secured.

Mr. McAdoo says that the new line could be constructed and ready for use in two years, thus tapping the heart of the hotel, theatre, shopping, and wholesale dry goods districts and, by joining with the present McAdoo system, would extend from the Grand Central Station into New Jersey.

His plan is that the proposed line be constructed on the city's credit, that the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company equip and operate the line under a lease for a reasonable term of years at sufficient rental to pay interest on all bonds issued for the purpose, and that a sinking fund be established sufficient in amount to amortize the cost of the line within a reasonable period.

His company, Mr. McAdoo says further, will agree to the city's participation in the net earnings of the proposed line. He does not give any estimate of the cost of such a line, nor is it likely that this has yet been closely estimated.

Accompanying the proposal is a map showing the route over which the line, nearly four miles long, would run. The plan calls for the construction of a double track tunnel of the same size and type of the present McAdoo tunnel under Sixth Avenue, with stations at convenient points. He shows how a convenient passageway could be built, connecting with the new Pennsylvania terminal, thus forming a connecting link all underground between the lower end of Manhattan and points reached by the Long Island Railroad. His company, he says, would operate the line as a through route with quick service, and should his company become the successful bidder for the Broadway-Lexington Avenue line it would be willing to consider operating this proposed west side line in conjunction with the Broadway-Lexington Avenue system for a single fare.

Mr. McAdoo's Proposal.

Mr. McAdoo's letter to the Public Service Commission is dated Sept. 12, but it did not become public till yesterday, when the writer, as told elsewhere in THE TIMES, was in the hospital, convalescing from an operation for appendicitis. Here it is:

Sept. 12, 1910.

Public Service Commission for the First District:

Gentlemen: With a view to securing the prompt construction of the long-desired and much-needed west side rapid transit line, we beg to submit the following suggestions:

(1) That, under the provisions of Section 27 of the Rapid Transit act, the commission lay out a route extending from the intersection of Broadway and Thirty-third Street, Borough of Manhattan, (there connecting with the extension which this company is to build under Sixth Avenue and Forty-second Street to the Grand Central Station;) thence southerly along Broadway to Union Square and University Place; thence southerly along University Place, Wooster Street, and Church Street to a connection with the Hudson Terminal Station at Cortlandt, Church, and Fulton Streets.

(2) That there be constructed within said route a double-track tunnel of the dimensions and type of our Sixth Avenue tunnels, and the proposed Grand Central extension, with stations at convenient points along said route.

This company will immediately, upon preparation of the plans and specifications therefor, and providing the same are satisfactory to our engineers, submit an offer to the city to construct said line and to operate the same. Said offer will be to the following effect: That the said line shall be constructed upon the city's credit, and that this company will equip and operate the same under a lease, for a reasonable term of years, to be agreed upon, at a rental sufficient in amount to pay full interest on all bonds issued by the city therefor, and a sinking fund sufficient in amount to amortize the cost within some reasonable period. We are also willing to agree that the city may participate, on some reasonable basis, in the net earnings from the operation of said line.

Under this plan, a sufficient rental would be immediately assured to the city, so that under the recent Constitutional amendment the bonds issued therefor can be excluded in determining the city's debt limit. We believe that this line, operated in conjunction with our Hudson tunnel facilities, and drawing a large traffic from that source, will be self-sustaining from the beginning. Any objection that this plan would involve the devotion of the public credit and important streets to a private undertaking is fully met by the fact that the city, in the franchises covering the Sixth Avenue and Grand Central extensions, has reserved the right to take over those lines at any time after the expiration of twenty-five years. As any contract entered into under this plan would, in accordance with the provisions of the Rapid Transit act, reserve to the city the right to take over the road constructed under it at any time after the expiration of ten years, the city's interest would be adequately protected.

A City-Owned Line in 25 Years.

The effect of the carrying out of this plan would be this: At the end of twenty-five years the city could take possession of a complete west side line from the Grand Central Station to Cortlandt Street; whereas under the lease of the present Subway to the Interborough the city cannot get possession until the end of seventy-five years.

We inclose map showing the proposed route, from which you will observe that it passes through the principal traffic centres on the west side, furnishing facilities that are imperatively demanded and which will give the people the opportunity of reaching quickly and conveniently the points most desired. The route is almost as short between the Grand Central Station and the Hudson Terminal as that of the Interborough Subway between the Grand Central Station and Fulton Street. The difference is only about 1,500 feet.

As before stated, this company already has the right to construct an extension from Thirty-third Street and Broadway to the Grand Central Station. It also has constructed at Thirty-third Street a large and commodious underground station, which could be connected with the proposed new line, thus providing unusual accommodations at that point. At the Hudson Terminal there is already built one of the most complete and satisfactory underground railroad stations for rapid transit uses in the world. The new road could be connected with the Hudson Terminal in such way as not to interfere with the proposed Broadway-Lexington Avenue line through the lower end of Church Street. Having these terminal facilities all prepared, and having already the necessary power houses and organization, this company could construct and put the proposed road into operation in a very short time—probably within two years after the work is authorized.

What It Would Connect.

This being done, a new rapid transit line, running through the heart of the hotel, theatre, shopping, and wholesale dry-goods districts and extending from the Grand Central Station to the Hudson Terminal, would be in operation within about two years. At Thirty-second or Thirty-third Street and Broadway a convenient underground foot passage could be constructed connecting the new Pennsylvania Railroad Station with this line.

The new road would have the following connections: At the Grand Central Station:

With New York Central & Hudson River Railroad; New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad; Third Avenue Elevated Railroad; express station of Interborough Rapid Transit Company.

At Thirty-third Street and Broadway:

With Hudson Tube system; Pennsylvania Railroad, by the foot passage above described; Broadway and Thirty-fourth Street surface car lines; Sixth Avenue Elevated Railroad.

At Lexington Avenue and Forty-second Street:

With proposed Broadway-Lexington Avenue line:

At Hudson Terminal:

With Hudson Tube System; Proposed. Broadway-Lexington Avenue line.

It will also connect with all cross-town surface car lines at intersecting points.

Built in Two Years.

It is our idea to operate the road from the Grand Central Station to Hudson Terminal as a through route, with a quick service and every convenience that the best of modern appliances and experience can provide.

We have not, of course, attempted to go into detail, and are submitting to you simply the general features of the plan. We believe that it offers the best and promptest solution of the present rapid transit need for the West side. It does not interfere with any other projected lines along the West side, such, for instance, as the Seventh Avenue line, leaving the field open for the construction of that or any other West Side line, whenever opportunity presents itself.

I may add, in conclusion, that should this Company become hereafter the successful bidder for the operation of the proposed Broadway-Lexington line, when it is completed we would be willing to consider the Grand Central-Hudson Terminal line herein proposed as a West side connection, to be operated in conjunction with the Broadway-Lexington system, and for a single rate of fare.

Very respectfully yours,

HUDSON & MANHATTAN RAILROAD COMPANY,
(Signed) W. G. McAdoo, President.

Willcox Likes the Idea.

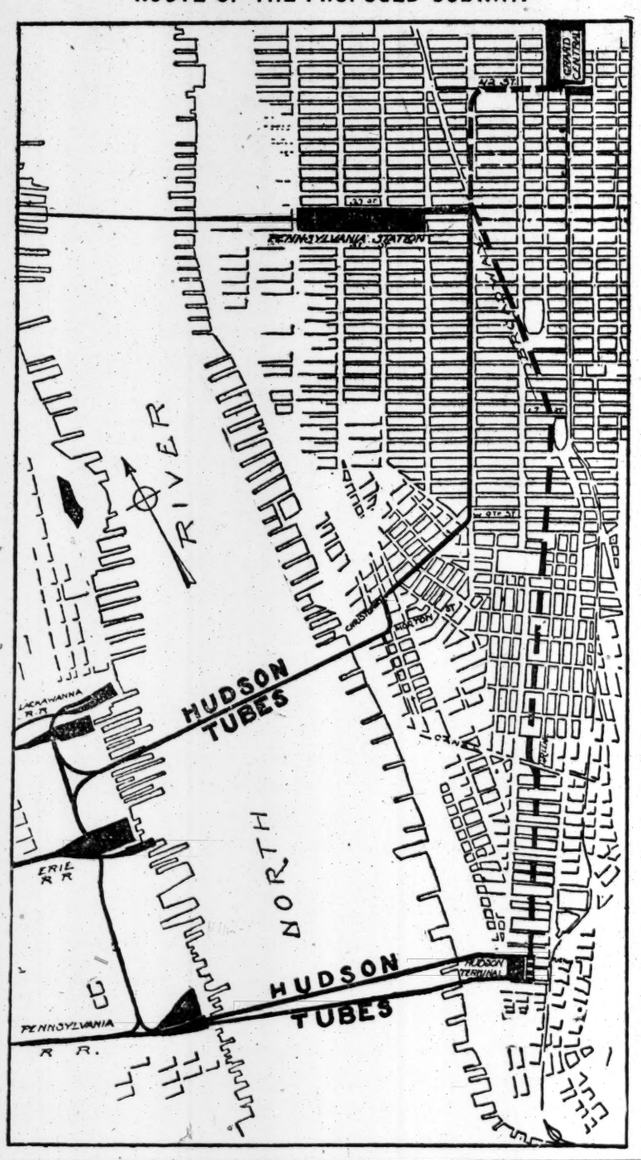
An official of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company said there was nothing to add to the letter.

When Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission was asked about the plan he said:

"I have not read it through but the general idea appeals to me."

The Chairman seemed to be greatly impressed with the intimation in Mr. McAdoo's letter that he intended bidding on the Tri-Borough subway. There has been a strong indication in the last few days that the Bradley-Gaffney-Steers syndicate is not likely to carry out its previously announced intention of building the subway. The idea of the McAdoo people bidding on the contract is new. It is known that they are fully prepared to finance the project should they see fit and that they could present a most intelligent estimate on the contract.

ROUTE OF THE PROPOSED SUBWAY.



STOCK CO. TO SAVE CLARA MORRIS'S HOME

Holding Concern Being Organized to Keep It for Her In Her Declining Years.

HER SIGHT NEARLY GONE

All Outstanding Claims to be Settled and a Sum Set Aside for Former Actress's Maintenance.

Thomas L. Feitner of 67 Wall Street, a lawyer and an old friend of Clara Morris, the once noted actress, is still hopeful of saving the home she now occupies in Yonkers from foreclosure proceedings. Her blindness is steadily growing worse. The worry she has had over the possibility of losing her home, has aggravated her condition, friends say. Frederick C. Harriott, her husband, and a nurse are attending her.

The Morris home has on it a mortgage, which with the interest and other costs now amounts to $30,000. The Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company of 160 Broadway, holds the mortgage. It has been foreclosed, but the company, upon the request of Mr. Feitner, has postponed advertising the sale of the property. The law requires that it should be advertised three weeks before the sale.

Meanwhile a committee, consisting of Mr. Feitner, Volny Streamer of 16 Gramercy Park, and George Chatillon of 85 Cliff Street, has set to work to save the home and provide the former actress with means to live for several years.

The Morris home is in Riverdale Avenue, on the dividing line between New York City and Yonkers. The lot fronts 310 feet on Riverdale Avenue, 290 feet on the rear, and has a depth of 400 feet on either side. The ground with the house on it is now worth $50,000, Mr. Feitner says, and within a few years it will have increased to $60,000 or more.

The committee is organizing the Clara Morris Holding Company. This will be capitalized at $80,000. It will obtain a loan of $20,000 by giving its bond and mortgage for that amount, secured on the property, for five years, with interest.

The committee is selling stock at $100 a share among the friends of Miss Morris, and they hope to dispose of at least $15,000 worth. If it does, and if the loan of $20,000 is obtained, the mortgage now pressing will be paid off, $5,000 will be set aside to pay interest, taxes, and assessments for four years, and Miss Morris will receive enough for her maintenance and the further protection of her property.

Mr. Feitner says he has raised $15,000 of the $20,000 loan needed, and feels fairly certain he will settle the claims of the Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company.

The old home in Riverdale Avenue has become endeared to Miss Morris in her declining years, and her friends feel that if she is put out of it now her death will be hastened.

Miss Morris is 62 years old, having been born in Toronto in 1848. She began her stage career at 13 as a ballet girl in Cleveland, Ohio. She made her first New York appearance under the management of Augustin Daly in 1870, and for a long period she was one of the most successful and admirable figures on the American stage. Camille, Lady Macbeth, Evadne, and Jane Shore were her great parts. She has written three books about the stage, "Stage Confidences," "A Pasteboard Crown," and "The Story of My Life."

STEEL FORCES LAID OFF.

Dispatches from Chicago Tell of Price Cutting—No Decline Here.

Dispatches which reached the financial district from Chicago yesterday told of substantial reductions in the working forces of the steel plants in that locality and further news of price cutting coming after the weakness in billets, sheets, bars and other semi-finished lines.

News from Pittsburg told of sales of billets at $24 a ton which is 50 cents below the lowest price mentioned in the week's trade reviews. The news of the semi-finished trade was less definite. Inquiries among the leading steel sales agencies in New York yesterday, however, failed to develop any marked down tendency in prices. A representative of a leading independent sheet steel company put it this way: "The market is scraping bottom and prices cannot go much lower. The mills would shut down first."

The reductions in forces at the Chicago plants are said to amount to between 25 and 30 per cent. at the works of the Illinois Steel Company and to nearly one-third at the Gary plant. These are both Steel Corporation subsidiaries. The laying off of men has been going on for a month.

GAMING HOUSE RAID DELIGHTS BROADWAY

Afternoon Throng Sees Police Smash Doors and Window in Forty-fifth Street.

FIVE MEN ARE ARRESTED

Three Detectives Lived at the Knickerbocker for a Week and Posed as Wealthy Visitors.

After three detectives had had the time of their lives for a week, getting evidence against the place, the police descended suddenly yesterday afternoon on an innocent looking brownstone dwelling at 209 West Forty-fifth Street, and presently four patrol wagons were trundling down to headquarters, carrying five men under arrest and an array of gambling paraphernalia. The house, stands just behind the Astor Theatre, and opposite the Forty-fifth Street entrance of the Hotel Astor, so that the raid furnished entertainment for the afternoon crowd on Broadway.

It was made at the instance of Commissioner Baker and under the supervision of Inspector Schmittberger, three of whose men did most of the work, and had all the fun. These three, Detectives Murphy, Cody and Dunn, registered at the Hotel Knickerbocker, and devoted their time to sauntering through the corridors, in faultless evening dress. Within twenty-four hours, word had gone forth over the sensitive nerves of the Tenderloin that they were "flush and easy," an excellent thing in visitors.

The bait was snapped up. A runner accosted them; there was talk of play among gentlemen, and on the second night, according to their story, two of them were introduced at the house in Forty-second Street. Off and on through the week, now winning, now losing, they were passed in, wearing tweeds in the afternoon, and correct black after six. Yesterday they figured it all up. Murphy had lost $186, Cody, $95, and Dunn, who joined the other two the second night, was out $158. Magistrate Kernochan in the West Side Court thought this was enough to issue John Doe warrants on.

The raid was fixed for 4 o'clock. The three who caused the trouble were inside, when Lieut. Geisler, and seven detectives demanded admittance at the front door. It was refused them. Then the nearest window was smashed in, a man bounded through, to grapple with the guard, the door was forced, and the policemen swarmed through. Meanwhile reserves from the West Forty-seventh Street and the East Fifty-first Street stations were herding the crowd outside, with help of some mounted police.

The two hundred and fifty guests, caught in the house, rushed for the exits at the cry of alarm the doorkeeper gave. Some, running to the roof, were chagrined to find a fat policeman making himself comfortable on the scuttle. Some, who had been in raids before, laughted at the excitement, knowing that they would get out inconspicuously.

At the top of the first stairway the invaders were confronted by a door five inches thick, with a formidable lever lock. It was smashed. Behind it, the police say, provision had been made for stuss, poker, roulette, and craps, all set among fine carpets and rich hangings. On an upper floor was a buffet, and a bewildered little negro continued to pour out refreshments amid all the excitement. An inner stairway led to rooms furnished with beds, which the police think were about to be moved out for more gaming tables. On the ground floor, they say, was all the paraphernalia of a poolroom.

The five men arrested gave their names as "Doc" Meyers of 225 West Twenty-seventh Street, David Myers of 277 Third Avenue, Louis Lewis of 1,710 Lexington Avenue, Walter Edwards of 2,496 Twenty-third Street, Brooklyn, and Walter Johnson of 127 West 126th Street. They were charged with the violation of the statute which makes aiding and abetting gambling a misdemeanor.

Among the trophies of the raid were $900 in money, three bushels of poker chips, telephones, table tops, and charts. The raid was made over the head of Capt. Palmer and Inspector Walsh of the West Forty-seventh Street Station.

ASSESSMENT RUMOR WRONG.

Brunswick Terminal Clears Up a Street Report About Its Stock.

The officers of the Brunswick Terminal and Railway Securities Company, a Georgia concern, were puzzled this week over a rumor that the shares of the company had been assessed which circulated among a number of the smaller stockholders and brought inquiries on the subject to the Stock Exchange authorities, the transfer agents, and the New York office of the company. The stock is full-paid and non-assessible, and, except that the market for the shares is so narrow and the price so low as to make the chance of profit on the bear side extremely dubious, there was some disposition on the part of stockholders to scent a deliberate attempt to depress the stock by false rumors.

Investigation traced the report directly to customers of a Consolidated Exchange house who had been warned that an assessment of "three cents a share must be paid by Oct. 5." When the brokerage firm was told that the Brunswick Terminal and Railway and Securities Company stock had not been and could not be assessed, the notification from the company on which they said they had based their statements to customers, holding that stock, could not be found. The head of the firm insisted that he had received through the mail a card telling of the assessment.

RESTORES SHOO-FLY SQUAD.

Baker Puts Ten Sergeants In Plain Clothes to Watch Policemen.

The "Shoo-Fly Squad" of the Police Department, dreaded by all patrolmen, has been brought to life again by Police Commissioner Baker.

Commissioner Bingham, who followed Commissioner McAdoo, now Chief Magistrate of Manhattan and the Bronx, abolished the squad, and Mr. Baker also frowned on it, and has repeatedly said that he would not resort to any such measure to have the patrolmen watched while on duty.

For some reason or other, however, Commissioner Baker decided to reorganize the squad, and he did not deny yesterday that he has picked the first ten Sergeants who are on the eligible list for Lieutenancies. The civil service list shows the first ten to be John C. Vissers, Rufus J. Deyo, Michael J. O'Grady, William A. J. Koenig, James Walsh, David J. Murphy, George P. Menegay, Thomas J. Tunney, Philip W. Auer, and John H. Quirk.

These men were sent out for the first time on Wednesday night, and in plain clothes they made careful inspections of the precincts in Manhattan. They reported to the Commissioner yesterday morning, and it is said they turned in many complaints.

The men were told by the Commissioner that they would be expected to do the work outlined for them carefully, and that if they did their duty their reward would be promotion to Lieutenancies. He reminded them of the fact that in the first three months of this year there had been many complaints against patrolmen, especially those who were absent from post, and that Mayor Gaynor and Acting Mayor Mitchel have both been cognizant of this laxity.

He told the men that they were to report to him only, and were to see him each morning. Their work will consist principally of cruising about by night in an effort to learn just who the patrolmen are who are deserting posts, especially in neighborhoods where house robberies or hold-ups are frequent.

The Commissioner added that complaints have been received concerning the freedom with which women accost men on the street, and he told the Sergeants that if they were approached by such women to arrest them.

Asked if the restoration of the squad was a slap at any particular Inspector or other police official, the Commissioner would not answer. He said the ten men would for the present cover Manhattan, and that very shortly he will so enlarge the force that the whole city will be constantly under the espionage of these men.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

	Loss.
A. M.	
2:55—231 W. 120th St., unknown	Trifling
5:48—1,559 3d Av.; Frederick Grubholz	$10
9:05—145 W. 108th St.; Charles Cohen	Trifling
10:40—82 Eldridge St.; Aaron Lipshitz	$50
10:50—159 E. 127th St.; Barrett & Co.	$2,000
P. M.	
12:10—60th St., 3d and 2d Avs.; Josiah Patridge	$800
12:45—31 Manhattan St.; Harry Adefus	Slight
8:30—63 Avenue B; G. E. Felson	$5
5:00—111 E. 113th St.; Max Cohn	Trifling
5:30—122d St. and Park Av.; unknown	Trifling
7:58—152 Madison St.; Aaron Freedman	Trifling
9:30—40 Grove St.; William Widdel	$10
10:00—108 West 14th St.; unknown	Trifling
10:10—831 East 81st St.; A. Hoffman	Trifling
10:25—885 2d Av.; Thomas Herety	Trifling

CLIFTON, 2½ in. high BEDFORD, 2¼ in. high

The New ARROW Notch COLLARS

Sit snugly to the neck, the tops meet in front and there is ample space for the cravat.

15c., 2 for 25c. Cluett, Peabody & Co., Makers

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.

Fashion Says "Russet"

High Russets

Short Vamp

3.98

Direct to you from the factory

Why Pay 5.00 Elsewhere?

Orthopedic Arch Support Shoe 3.98 (Elsewhere at 6.00)

For Flat Feet, Bunions, Weak Ankles

M'f'r's Samples 2.59 & 2.95

Worth $4.00, $5.00 & $6.00

All are high shoes, up to date lasts

If you have trouble with your WATCH Lester Cerf will fix it

Repairs, rebuilds and makes Watches, Clocks, and Chronometers.

49 Maiden Lane, New York.

Wallach Bros.

Third Avenue, Cor. 122nd Street. (Open Evenings)

1195 Broadway, Just Below 29th Street.

THERE are still some Hart, Schaffner & Marx Summer Suits left at

12.50

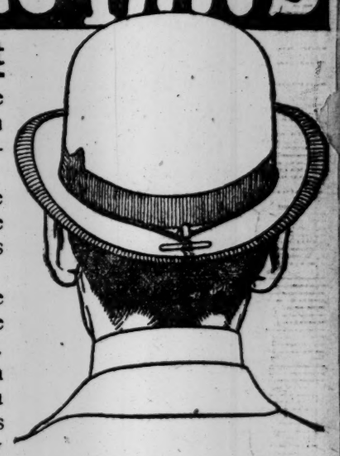
To-day and (if they last) to-morrow, finish all this season's Special Sales.

1300 kinds of Tea, and 1299 are not

To avoid the many chances of being wrong say "Salada"

WARNER HATS

Listen and Reflect



We certainly have the hat to become you best in our great assortment, including 167 newest styles.

We certainly have the smartest styles, because the smartest dressers come to us for their hats.

We certainly have the greatest values, because we offer regular $3 quality for $2.

Now, since it is certain that we have everything you are looking for in a hat, is there any possible reason why you should go elsewhere?

167 Smartest, Newest Fall Styles, all $2

Choose your Fall Hat at a Truly Warner Store and enjoy four times wider selection—get a style that is really distinctive—a value that can't be equalled anywhere. Plenty of gentlemanly salesmen to assist you.

42d St. at 5th Ave. B'way at 37th. B'way at 12th. B'way at Bleecker. B'way at Duane. B'way at Fulton. Nassau at Liberty. 38 Park Row.
BROOKLYN: 722 Broadway. 401 Fulton Street.
NEWARK: 828 Broad St.

Truly Warner

Place Your Order Now

for suit or overcoat made to your measure for $20.00 from a special line of blue, black or grey cable serges or fancy cheviots.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

Largest Tailoring Establishment in the World.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40 St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, 2:15. "JOHN DREW EXCELS HIMSELF."—Eve. Sun. JOHN DREW in his new play Smith

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. 8:10 Mat. To-m'w, 2:15. OUR MISS GIBBS By the Authors of Music of The Arcadians.

GARRICK 35th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinee TO-MORROW, 2:15. A LAUGH A MINUTE. LOVE AMONG THE LIONS NEXT THURS. HENRIETTA CROSMAN Seats on Sale. in ANTI-MATRIMONY.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee TO-MORROW, 2:15. "Better Than a Message from Mars." THE BRASS BOTTLE NEXT MONDAY. Seats Now on Sale. G. P. HUNTLEY—HATTIE WILLIAMS in DECORATING CLEMENTINE.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Eve. 8:20. Mat. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15. TORNADO OF LAUGHS. THE COMMUTERS By JAMES FORBES.

HUDSON W. 44th St. n'r B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Saturday, 2:15. NEXT TUESDAY. Seats Now on Sale. HELEN WARE in THE DESERTERS.

CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE B'way, 46 St. Ev. 8:15. Mat. TO-MORROW at 2:15. BESSIE McCOY & 100 Others in THE ECHO.

BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15. MACLYN ARBUCKLE in "WELCOME TO OUR CITY."

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42 St. Eves. 8:15. Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. LINA ABARBANELL with RALPH HERZ MADAME SHERRY!

LIBERTY West 42d St. Eve. 8:15. Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. THE COMEDY SUCCESS OF THE TOWN, THE COUNTRY BOY By Edgar Selwyn.

NEW YORK B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, 2:15. 2ND YEAR IN NEW YORK. THE ARCADIANS Engagement Extended Until Sat., Oct. 1.

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Eves 8:15 Last Matinee To-morrow, 2:15. LAST 3 TIMES. THE FORTUNE HUNTER with JOHN BARRYMORE NEXT MONDAY. Seats Now on Sale. GEO. M. COHAN'S COMEDY, GET RICH QUICK WALLINGFORD.

AMERICAN 42d St., nr. B'way. DAILY MAT. 25c. Dances Classique Russe, Beauty Ballet of 30, Venus on Wheels, Edna Aug, Alva York, others.

PLAZA 59th St., Mad. Av. SEATS ON SALE. Opens Monday Matinee VALE STOCK CO. in THE BLUE MOUSE. PRICES, 10, 20 & 30c.

CITY THEATRE, 14 ST. SUBWAY STATION. 25, 50, 75 & $1.00 NEXT WEEK—"THE THIRD DEGREE." 3 TWINS with CLIFTON CRAWFORD

Keith & Proctor's 5TH AVE. 28th St. B'way. Daily Mat., 25 & 50c. DELLA FOX, WHITE & STUART, ROSE PITTINOF, Matthews & Ashley, Stuart, Ed F. Reynard, oths.

MINER'S BURLESQUE THEATRES. DAILY MATS. 10c., 15c., 25c. IN THE BRONX—The Lady Buccaneers 8TH AVE.—Amateurs To-night BOWERY—Amateurs To-night Miner's Amateur Nights Are Famous.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 10-20-30. BLUE JEANS Sun, 2, Concert. Nxt Mon.—THE CLANSMAN.

HAMMERSTEIN'S Evs. 25-50-75-1.00. Daily Mats. 25-50. COUNTESS de SWIRSKY, ROONEY & BENT, BERNARD & HARRISON, 8 oths

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Matinee To-day. ROBIE'S KNICKERBOCKERS.

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Evs. 8:15. THE MARATHON GIRLS.

Columbia (Burlesque. Pop. Mat. To-day. 15c, 25c, 50c. B'y, 47th Evgs. & Sat. Mat. 25c to $1. Smoking.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE 25, 50, 75 & $1.00. GIRLIES Nxt. Mon., J. E. DODSON, "The House Next Door."

EDEN MUSEE World in Wax. Roosevelt Abroad. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Mayor Gaynor & World's Heroes.

WINTERGARTEN 58th St., bet. Lex. & 3d Avs. Ad. PHILIPP & CO. Every Eve., 8:15, in Therese, Sel Nicht Boese

STEEPLECHASE Coney Island's Funny Place. Money Given Away Each Day.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS.

HIPPODROME Entire Block, 6th Av., 43d-44th Sts. Evs. at 8. Daily Matinees at 2, Best seats $1.00. The International Ballet of 12 New Cup | Niagara | Earthquake, Circus Acts

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Theatre 39th St., Between B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15. THREE WEEKS ONLY. The Wm. A. Brady (Ltd.) Important Revival of SARDOU'S GREAT PLAY DIPLOMACY A Jubilee of Joyful Thanks. J. RANKEN TOWSE, EVE. POST: The best theatrical performance to be seen at this moment in New York. ADOLPH KLAUBER, TIMES: Admirable performance.

HACKETT. 42d, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:15. Matinee To-m'w 2:15. "It Captivates You."—Eve. Sun. MOTHER By Jules Eckert Goodman.

LYRIC. 42d, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:15. Matinee To-m'w 2:15. The Great Drama of Mother Love, MADAME X Original Cast.

BROADWAY 41st St. & B'way. Evenings 8:15. Matinee To-m'w 2:15. LEW FIELDS | THE SUMMER WIDOWERS | IRENE FRANKLIN

CASINO. B'way, 39th St. Last Week. Evs. 8:15. Last Mat. To-m'w 2:15. EDDIE FOY & EMMA CARUS WED. EVE., SEPT. 21 UP AND DOWN BROADWAY SAM BERNARD Seats Now. in HE CAME FROM MILWAUKEE

LEW FIELDS' HERALD SQR. B'way & 35th. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-m'w 2:15. MARIE DRESSLER in TILLIE'S NIGHTMARE.

NAZIMOVA'S 39th St. Theatre. 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Last Mat. To-m'w 2:15. LAST WEEK. Gertrude Quinlan In "MISS PATSY."

TUES. SEP. 20. Henry W. Savage Will Offer CON & CO. a new "Cheeky Comedy." Seats on Sale Now

DALY'S. B'way & 30th St. Evenings 8:20. Matinee To-m'w 2:20. "Best Farce in Ten Years."—Eve. Mail. BABY MINE By Margaret Mayo.

WEST END. 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evenings 8:15. Matinee To-m'w 2:15. DE WOLF HOPPER IN A MATINEE IDOL Next Week—Max Figman in "Mary Jane's Pa."

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE. 34th St., nr. 8th Av. OPENING POSTPONED UNTIL TUESDAY NIGHT (SEPT. 20) AT 8:15. Monday Tickets will be Good Tuesday MR. OSCAR HAMMERSTEIN presents HANS THE FLUTE PLAYER A Comic Opera in 3 Acts. SEATS NOW PRICES $2.00, $1.50, $1.00, 75c., 50c., 25c. Reservations by 'phone, 1714 Murray Hill.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. LA PIA, Mason-Keeler Co., Jack Wilson & Co., Chas. L. Fletcher & Co., others.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. CARRIE DE MAR, The Devil, Servant & Man, Macart & Bradford, oths.

BRONX 149th St & 3d Ave. Daily Mat. 25c. NORA BAYES AND JACK NORWORTH and 9 other Star Acts.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. & Sat. 2:15. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. Wed. Mat., 50c.-$1.50. Greatest Comedy Hit in 20 Years. SEVEN DAYS

WALLACK'S 2ND YEAR B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. H. B. WARNER IN Alias JIMMY VALENTINE

BELASCO 44th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. Last 3 Weeks. THE LILY

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. at 8:15. Last Mat. Sat. 2:15. LAST 3 TIMES—BOBBY BURNIT. NEXT MONDAY—2 Weeks Only. IS MATRIMONY A FAILURE?

Home seekers will do well to consult advertisements of apartments of all grades in The New York Times.